

Table S1

Crystal structures of allosterically activated PDCs mentioned in this paper

Species	Mutation	Ligand	Binding at regulatory site	Dimer orientation within tetramer	Loop flexibility (always for both)	pdb id	R-free	Resol. (Å)	Reference
<i>Sc</i> PDC	D28A	Pyruvate	cov. at C221	planar, open	ordered (all su)				this paper
<i>Sc</i> PDC	E477Q	Pyruvate	cov. at C221	planar, open	ordered (all su)				this paper
<i>K/P</i> PDC	wt	Methyl acetylphosphonate	cov. at C221	planar, open	ordered (all su)				this paper
<i>Sc</i> PDC	wt	Pyruvamide	non-cov. 10 Å away from C221	tilted, half site open	ordered at closed site	1QBP	.287	2.4	Lu et al., 2000
<i>Sc</i> PDC	wt	Ketomalonate	n. d.	tilted, half site open	n. d.	no entry	no entry	3.7	Furey et al., 1998
<i>K/P</i> PDC	wt	/	/	tilted, half site open	disordered (all su)	2G1I	.214	2.3	Kutter et al., 2006
<i>Sc</i> PDC	wt	/	/	planar, open	disordered (all su)	1PVD	n. a.	2.3	Arjunan et al., 1996

Table S2

Interaction distances of atoms of the loop regions 104-113 and 288-304 within the functional dimer. Interactions between loop atoms are shown in italic, those between atoms of different loops in bold.

Subunit	Atom 1	Atom 2	Distance (Å)
A-A	I104-N	N170-OD1	3.08
	<i>I104-O</i>	<i>Q107-N</i>	3.42
		<i>A108-N</i>	2.90
	<i>S105-N</i>	<i>S103-O</i>	3.20
	<i>S105-O</i>	<i>A108-N</i>	3.16
		<i>L109-N</i>	3.13
	A106-N	S103-O	3.13
	<i>A106-O</i>	<i>Q110-N</i>	3.08
		<i>L111-N</i>	3.19
	Q107-N	S103-O	3.00
	Q107-NE2	P102-O	2.86
	<i>Q107-O</i>	<i>Q110-NE2</i>	2.50
		<i>Q110-N</i>	2.91
		<i>K109-N</i>	3.19
	<i>A108-O</i>	<i>Q110-N</i>	3.47
	<i>K109(LYS)-O</i>	<i>L111-N</i>	3.12
	Q110-NE2	G120-O	3.47
	<i>Q110-O</i>	<i>L112-N</i>	3.42
	<i>L111-O</i>	<i>L113-N</i>	2.85
	L113-O	T116-N	3.46
		T116-OG1	2.71
	H114-O	T116-N	3.34
	L288-N	D219-OD2	2.86
	L288-O	S290-N	2.92
		<i>N293-ND2</i>	2.87
	<i>S290-OG</i>	<i>N293-N</i>	3.34
	<i>S290-O</i>	T294-N	3.27
		<i>T294-OG1</i>	3.39
		<i>F292-N</i>	3.35
		<i>N293-N</i>	3.15
	<i>D291-OD2</i>	<i>F292-N</i>	2.74
	<i>D291-O</i>	T294-N	3.30
		<i>G295-N</i>	3.21
		<i>S296-N</i>	2.75
		Q552-OE1	3.41
		<i>N293-N</i>	3.41
	<i>F292-O</i>	T294-N	3.30
	N293-OD1	P246-N	3.48
		M247-N	2.88
	N293-ND2	D219-OD2	3.31
		D219-OD1	2.88
	<i>T294-O</i>	<i>S298-N</i>	3.20
		<i>S298-OG</i>	2.89
	<i>G295-O</i>	<i>S298-OG</i>	3.26
	S296-N	Q552-OE1	3.41
	S296-OG	Q552-NE2	2.78
	<i>S296-O</i>	<i>S298-N</i>	3.51
	<i>S298-O</i>	<i>S300-N</i>	3.35
	S300-N	E277-OE2	2.97
	<i>S300-OG</i>	<i>K302-NZ</i>	3.08
	<i>S300-O</i>	<i>K302-NZ</i>	2.58
		<i>K302-N</i>	3.37

		E277-OE1	3.41
	K302-N	E277-O	3.21
	K302-NZ	E277-OE1	3.43
	T303-OG1	A279-O	3.47
	K304-O	K306-N	2.87
A-B	K109-NZ	K562-NZ	2.85
	L112-O	D291-N	3.01
	H114-N	D291-OD1	3.05
		D291-OD2	3.17
	H114-ND1	D291-OD1	2.97
	H115-N	W412-O	3.45
		L411-O	2.94
	H115-ND1	W412-O	2.64
	H115-NE2	PYG602-O3	3.12
		PYG602-O1	2.86

Figure S1

Crystal structures of the loop regions 104-113 and 288-304. Orientation of the structure according to the amino acid sequence given in line 2 of the table. The C α -line is illustrated as tube (white, without pronounced secondary structure, green, β -turn, red, α -helix), amino acid side chains are presented in ball-and-stick mode (grey, carbon, red, oxygen, blue, nitrogen).

Loop 104-113	Loop 288-304
I104-S105-A106-Q107-A108- K109-Q110-L111-L112-L113	L288-L289-S290-D291-F292-N293-T294-G295-S296- F297-S298-T299-S300-T301-K302-T303-K304

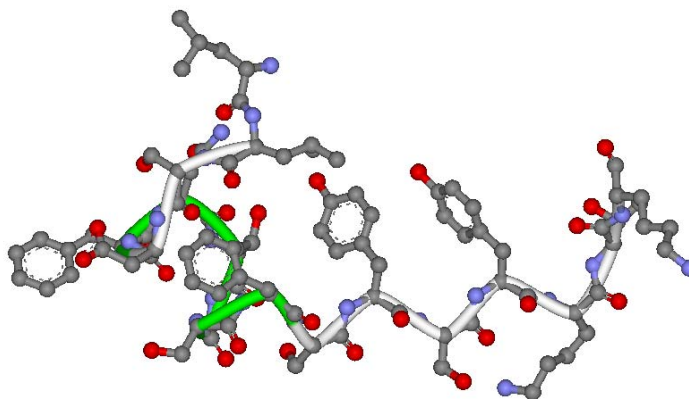
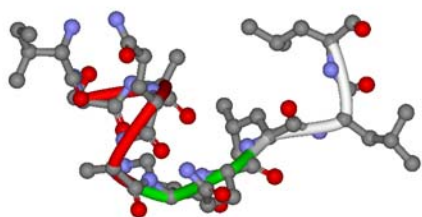


Figure S2

Distances between location of $C\alpha$ -atoms of one subunit in native *K/PDC* and MAP activated *K/PDC*. Loop regions 104-113 and 288-304 are highlighted in grey.

