

**Allele frequency (f) determination for LOI – f/(1-f)** (Chen et al. 2002 – manuscript)

Allele frequencies were normalized against heterozygous controls. Specifically, we let  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  be the PCR Ct values [average of 3 replicate runs] with allele-specific primers 1 and 2, and  $C_1'$  and  $C_2'$  [average of 3 replicate runs] be those for a heteroduplex sample used for calibration of allele specificity. Then, the cycle difference is  $\Delta Ct = [C_1 - C_2] - [C_1' - C_2']$ , and the allele frequency is given by:

$$f = 1 / [2^{\Delta Ct} + 1]$$

The standard deviation in  $\Delta Ct$ ,  $\sigma_{\Delta Ct}$ , is calculated from the weighted root mean square of the standard deviations of the contributions from the replicate sample and heterozygote measurements.

**Calibration curve for RNA stability determination**

Total cDNA concentration from 3 placentas was determined using a Nanodrop ND-1000 (NanoDrop Technologies). We constructed a duplicate RT-PCR calibration curve for 18S rRNA with concentrations of 5, 10, 15, 20 and 30 ng, bracketing the typical cDNA concentrations used for qASPCR. The non-parametric Wilcoxon signed rank test for two related samples confirmed that the duplicate assays were not significantly different, and the Wilcoxon rank-sum test on the averaged duplicate samples confirmed that the three placental samples were not different. Final averaged values were then plotted in a regression model using the SPSS software (Release 15.0.0 for Windows™, September 6, 2006, Chicago, IL, USA). Given the experimental condition of 40 amplification cycles, an arbitrary value of 0.001 ng for starting cDNA corresponding to a Ct value of 40 cycles was introduced, leading to a regression curve of:

$$\ln(Ct) = \ln(13.048) - 0.162 * \ln(\text{ng}) \quad (R^2 = 1.000, p < 0.001).$$

The RNA stability time course data in Table 2A were derived from analysis of Ct values for 6 genes at each time point plotted in a regression model consistent with the 18S rRNA calibration curve:

$$\ln(\text{Ct}) = \ln(b_0) - b_1 * \ln(\text{ng})$$

in order to obtain a weighted Ct value average over the three samples for each gene at each time point.

Supplementary Table 1. Primer set designed for PCR amplicon synthesis

Gene	Primers	
	Forward	Reverse
<b>Paternally Expressed</b>		
<i>IGF2</i>	5'-CGAAGAGTCACCACCGAGC-3'	5'-CTCAGGACTGGGCTCTCTGG-3'
<i>PEG1/MEST</i>	5'-TGACCACATTAGCCACTATCCA-3'	5'-CCTGCTGGCTTCTTCCTATAACA-3'
<i>PEG3/PW1</i>	5'-ACATTTCTGGTGTGGAGGAGTT-3'	5'-AGACCAGGTTCCGGTAATTCT-3'
<i>PEG10</i>	5'-AAATTGCCTGACATGAAGAGGAGTCTA-3'	5'-AAGCCTAGTCACCACTTCAAAAACACTAAA-3'
<i>ZAC/PLAGL1</i>	5'-CATATTTGCATGTTAGAAGAATCAGC-3'	5'-TGAGTCAGTTAGGTCAGTGTAGAGAGA-3'
<i>DLK1</i>	5'-AGCTGCACCCCAACC-3'	5'-CTGCTGGCGCAGTTGGTC-3'
<b>Maternally Expressed</b>		
<i>GTL2/MEG3</i>	5'-GTTTCTGGACTGTGGGCTGT-3'	5'-CAACAGCAACAAAACACTCAGAACATTCA-3'
<i>H19</i>	5'-ATTTGCACTAAGTCATTTGCACTG-3'	5'-CAGTCACCCGGCCAGAT-3'
<i>TP73</i>	5'-AGGCAGGTGGGCCAATG-3'	5'-TGGGAGATGTTAGTAGGGGAAGC-3'
<b>Not-Imprinted</b>		
<i>GNAS1</i>	5'-GCCATGAGCAACCTGGTG-3'	5'-GAAGTCAAAGTCAGGCACGTT-3'
<i>ATP10A</i>	5'-GCAAAGACAGTGTGTCCAGTTACC-3'	5'-GCTTTGGTATGTGCCATGCAG-3'
<i>OSBPL5</i>	5'-CTGGGCACCTGCAAGC-3'	5'-GGGAACAGGTCTTGGTCTGG-3'
<i>KCNQ1</i>	5'-CGCAGAGAAGTGACGGTTC-3'	5'-CTCATTAAAACACAGATCCAAATCACCAC-3'
<i>PPP1R9</i>	5'-TGTTGACCTTGCTACTGCTGTGT-3'	5'-AGGAGAGGAAACCTGAAAATGGTG-3'
<b>Other Genes</b>		
<i>TXK</i>	5'-GGCCGCCCTACATTTGC-3'	5'-TGGGTTGGCATTCTGTTTCC-3'
<b>Reference Genes</b>		
<i>ACTB</i>	5'-ACTGGAACGGTGAAGGTGAC-3'	5'-GTGGACTTGGGAGAGGACTG-3'
<i>18S rRNA</i>	5'-TCAACACGGGAAACCTCACC-3'	5'-CAGACAAATCGCTCCACCAA-3'

Supplementary Table 2. Primer set designed for qASPCR

Gene	Primers <sup>(a)</sup>	
	Forward	Reverse
<b>Paternally Expressed</b>		
<i>IGF2</i>	5'-CGAAGAGTCACCACCGAGC(C/T)-3'	5'-CTCAGGACTGGGCTCTCTGG-3'
<i>PEG1/MEST</i>	5'-TGTATTACCTCCCCTACTCCCTTAT(G/C)-3'	5'-CCTGCTGGCTTCTTCCTATAACA-3'
<i>PEG3/PW1</i>	5'-TTCAGCCCAGAGGAACTTAG(T/C)-3'	5'-AGACCAGGTTCCGGTAATTCT-3'
<i>PEG10</i>	5'-AAATTGCCTGACATGAAGAGGAGTCTA-3'	5'-TTTAAACATGCAAGAATAAGAGC(A/G)-3'
<i>ZAC/PLAGL1</i>	5'-TGCATGTTAGAAGAATCAGCCT-3'	5'-GTTCCCCAGTCTGTTTTTGGGA(C/T)-3'
<i>DLK1</i>	5'-GGCGTCTGCACTGACAT(T/C)-3'	5'-CTGCTGGCGCAGTTGGTC-3'
<b>Maternally Expressed</b>		
<i>GTL2/MEG3</i>	5'-TGTGTACCTTGGTTGGTGA CTGAGAA-3'	5'-CAACAGCAACAAA ACTCAGAACATTCA(C/T)-3'
<i>H19</i>	5'-ATTTGCACTAAGTCATTTGCACTG-3'	5'-CACTCACGCACACTCG(T/C)-3'
<i>TP73</i>	5'-AGGCAGGTGGGCCAATG-3'	5'-ACCACACATACCCTAGGCAG(G/A)-3'
<b>Not-Imprinted Genes</b>		
<i>GNAS1</i>	5'-GCCATGAGCAACCTGGTG-3'	5'-GCACGTT CATCACACTCAG(G/A)-3'
<i>ATP10A</i>	5'-AAGACAGTGTGTCCAGTTACC-3'	5'-TTACGGAAGTGCCCT(G/C)-3'
<i>OSBPL5</i>	5'-CTGGGCACCTGCAAGC-3'	5'-GTCTTGGTCTGGGTGGAC(G/A)-3'
<i>KCNQ1</i>	5'-GGGTTCTTCTGGGCATTACA-3'	5'-CTCATTA AAAACACAGATCCAAATCACCAC-3'
<i>PPP1R9</i>	5'-CAACACAGTTCCTCTTCCCCC(T/C)-3'	5'-AAATGGTGGTTTCCTTAAAATCAATTTC-3'
<b>Other Genes</b>		
<i>TXK</i>	5'-GGCCGCCCTACATTTGC(C/G)-3'	5'-TGGGTGGCATTCTGTTTCC-3'

<sup>(a)</sup>: Allele-specific primers appear with the alternative allele-specific nucleotide at the 3' end in parentheses

Supplementary Table 3. Genes tested from the Otago/Geneimprint Databases

Not-Expressed in Placenta			Readout SNP with MAF < 20% <sup>(a)</sup>			Not-Imprinted in Placenta			Enrolled		
Gene	NCBI ID	Expressed Allele	Gene	NCBI ID	Expressed Allele	Gene	NCBI ID	Expressed Allele	Gene	NCBI ID	Expressed Allele
<i>CPA4</i>	51200	M	<i>INS</i>	3630	P	<i>OSBPL5</i>	114879	M	<i>IGF2</i>	3481	P
<i>IGF2AS</i>	51214	P	<i>ASCL2</i>	430	P	<i>ATP10A</i>	57194	M	<i>PEG1</i>	4232	P
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i>	10984	P	<i>PHLDA2</i>	7262	M	<i>GNAS1</i>	2778	M	<i>PEG3</i>	5178	P
<i>KCNQ1DN</i>	55539	M	<i>CDKN1C</i>	1028	M	<i>PPP1R9A</i>	55607	M	<i>PEG10</i>	23089	P
<i>SLC22A18</i>	5002	M				<i>KCNQ1</i>	3784	M	<i>ZAC</i>	5325	P
<i>UBE3A</i>	7337	M							<i>DLK1</i>	8788	P
<i>ZNF264</i>	9422	M							<i>GTL2</i>	55384	M
<i>L3MBTL</i>	26013	P							<i>H19</i>	283120	M
									<i>TP73</i>	7161	M

<sup>(a)</sup>: MAF = Minimum Allele Frequency