Supplementary data

Table 1 Amino acid sequences, antimicrobial effects, and hydrophobicity of peptides analysed. For determination of antimicrobial activities, *S. aureus* ATCC 29213, *E. coli* ATCC 25922 (4x10⁶ CFU), or *C. albicans* ATCC 90028 (1x10⁵ CFU) isolates were inoculated in 0.1% TSB agarose gel. Each 4 mm-diameter well was loaded with 6 μ l of peptide (at 100 μ M). The zones of clearance correspond to the inhibitory effect of each peptide after incubation at 37 °C for 18-24 h (mean values are presented, n=3). The hydrophobicity of peptides according to CCS (combined consensus hydrophobicity scale), Eisenberg and Kyte & Doolittle scales are provided.

		RDA (zone of inhibition)			Hydrophobicity		
Modification	Sequence	C. albicans ATCC 90028	E. coli ATCC 25922	S. aureus ATCC 29213	CCS	Kyte and Doolittle	Eisenberg
00111101	HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	1.4	2.2	0.8	-6.0	-3.0	-0.8
	HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN L	3.2	2.7	2.9	-5.2	-2.7	-0.7
	HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN LL	3.3	3.8	3.8	-4.4	-2.3	-0.7
	HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN LLL	4.7	4.9	5.7	-3.7	-2.0	-0.6
	HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN WWW	8.8	9.2	6.9	-3.7	-2.7	-0.6
	HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN FFF	7.6	8.1	5.1	-3.6	-2.2	-0.6
Control	GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK	3.8	5.9	3.2	-5.8	-3.0	-0.8
C-terminal	GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK L	4.4	6.1	4.4	-4.9	-2.6	-0.8
	GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK LL	5.5	10.2	4.3	-4.2	-2.3	-0.7
	GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK LLL	4.1	9.6	4.9	-3.5	-2.0	-0.6
	GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK WWW	7.8	9.4	7.2	-3.5	-2.7	-0.7
	GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK FFF	8.0	8.5	7.2	-3.4	-2.1	-0.6
	L HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	0.9	2.3	2.0	-5.2	-2.7	-0.7
	LL HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	1.9	2.8	2.9	-4.4	-2.3	-0.7
	LLL HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	4.5	5.9	3.6	-3.7	-2.0	-0.6
	AAA HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	1.5	2.2	2.1	-5.3	-2.3	-0.6
	IIIHKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	4.5	4.4	4.1	-3.8	-1.9	-0.6
	VVV HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	4.7	3.7	4.1	-4.5	-2.5	-0.6
	PPP HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	4.6	2.2	0.0	-5.2	-3.1	-0.7
	YYY HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	5.8	7.1	4.5	-4.8	-2.8	-0.7
	F HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	6.1	7.9	4.4	-5.2	-2.7	-0.7
	FF HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	3.7	2.3	3.3	-4.4	-2.4	-0.6
	FFFHKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	4.5	8.9	4.1	-3.6	-2.2	-0.6
	W HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	4.0	4.3	4.1	-5.2	-2.9	-0.7
	WW HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	5.1	3.5	3.6	-4.4	-2.8	-0.7
	WWW HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKKN	7.0	9.0	4.7	-3.7	-2.7	-0.6
	LLL NKKGKNKHKGHGHGHKH	5.9	4.9	4.0	-3.7	-2.0	-0.6
	WWWW HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKK	5.8	8.3	5.1	-2.8	-2.6	-0.6
	FFF HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKK	7.7	8.1	3.9	-2.8	-1.8	-0.5
	LLLL HKHGHGHGKHKNKGKK	8.2	8.1	3.9	-2.8	-1.6	-0.5
	IIIIHKHGHGHGKHKNKGKK	4.8	5.9	3.4	-3.0	-1.5	-0.5
	L GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK	3.5	4.0	2.6	-4.9	-2.6	-0.8
	LL GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK	4.2	7.5	3.4	-4.2	-2.3	-0.7
	LLL GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK	5.2	7.2	3.7	-3.5	-2.0	-0.6
	AAA GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK	3.4	5.4	2.8	-5.1	-2.3	-0.7
	IIIGKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK	4.8	6.6	3.3	-3.6	-1.9	-0.6
	FFF GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK	5.9	7.5	3.9	-3.4	-2.1	-0.6
	WWW GKHKNKGKKNGKHNGWK	7.1	9.8	4.1	-3.5	-2.7	-0.7

Fig. 1. (A) Antimicrobial activity and effects of various hydrophobic amino acid modifications (upper panel) and their location (lower panel). For determination of antimicrobial activities, E. coli ATCC 25922, S. aureus ATCC 29213 (4x10⁶ CFU) or C. albicans ATCC 90028 (1x10⁵) isolates were inoculated in 0.1% TSB agarose gel. Each 4 mm-diameter well was loaded with 6 µl of peptides at 100 µM. The zones of clearance correspond to the inhibitory effect of each peptide after incubation at 37 °C for 18-24 h (mean values are presented, n=3). (B) Effect of W- (left panel) and F-tag length (right panel) on GKH17 peptide activity (at 50 μM) against E. coli ATCC 25922 as assessed by RDA in the presence and absence of 0.15 M NaCl. E. coli (4x10⁶ CFU) was inoculated in 0.1% TSB agarose gel. Each 4 mm-diameter well was loaded with 6 µl (100) µM of the indicated peptides. The zones of clearance correspond to the inhibitory effect of each peptide after incubation at 37 °C for 18-24 h (mean values are presented, n=3). "*" denotes no detectable clearance zone. (C) Effects of F-modified GKH17 peptides on HaCaT cells. The MTT-assay (upper panel) was used to measure viability of HaCaT keratinocytes in the presence of GKH17 and GKH17 peptides with variable F additions. In the assay, MTT is modified into a dye, blue formazan, by enzymes associated with metabolic activity. The absorbance of the dye was measured at 550 nm. Cell-permeabilizing effects of the indicated peptides (lower panel) were measured by the LDH based TOX-7 kit (mean values are presented, n=3). Results are shown in the absence (left) and presence (right) of 20% human serum. (D) Hydrophobic modification of antimicrobial peptides from HB-EGF (GKR22) and amphiregulin (PKR21) increases their bactericidal activity. Antimicrobial activity of the indicated peptides was assessed by radial diffusion assay (RDA) against E. coli ATCC 25922 at the indicated concentration (mean values are presented, n=3).

<u>Fig. 2.</u> (A) CD spectra of GKH17 variants in Tris buffer (left panel) and the same buffer supplemented by LPS (middle panel), or negatively charged DOPE/DOPG (75/25 mol/mol) liposomes (right panel). (B) Fluorescence spectra of W residues of GKH17-WWW (1 μM) in 10 mM Tris, pH 7.4, in the absence and presence of DOPE/DOPG liposomes. (C) Dynamic light scattering data on hydrodynamic diameter of GKH17-WWW and GKH17 at a peptide concentration of 10 μM in 10 mM Tris, pH 7.4. (D) LPS- and heparin-binding abilities of GKH17 and the indicated W-modified peptides. Peptides immobilized on membranes were incubated with radioiodinated LPS (E. coli), or heparin, washed, and radioactivity visualised.

Fig. 3. (*A*) Antimicrobial activity and effects of uncharged SSS10, negatively charged DDD10, their WWW-modified variants, and the WWW tripeptide. For determination of antimicrobial activities, *E. coli* ATCC 25922 or *S. aureus* ATCC 29213 ($4x10^6$ CFU) isolates were inoculated in 0.1% TSB agarose gel. Each 4 mm-diameter well was loaded with 6 μl of peptides at 100 μM. The zones of clearance correspond to the inhibitory effect of each peptide after incubation at 37 °C for 18-24 h (mean values are presented, n=3). "*" denotes no detectable clearance zone. (*B*) Hemolysis of the same peptides. Erythrocytes were incubated with peptides at 60 μM, and 2% Triton X-100 served as positive control. The absorbance of hemoglobin release was measured at 540 nm and is expressed as % of Triton X-100 induced hemolysis (note scale of y-axis).





