

Table 1. Comparison between $\beta(1,3)$ -glucan binding residues in GNBPs.

	$\beta(1,3)$ -glucan binding residue					
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI
<i>N. graveolus</i> GNBP-2	E	R	E	W	F	Y
<i>D. rubriceps</i> GNBP-2	E	R	E	W	F	Y
<i>M. darwiniensis</i> GNBP-2	E	R	E	W	Y	Y
<i>N. graveolus</i> GNBP-1	E	R	D	W	E	Y
<i>D. rubriceps</i> GNBP-1	E	R	D	W	E	Y
<i>M. darwiniensis</i> GNBP-1	E	R	D	W	E	Y
<i>T. castaneum</i> GNBP	E	V	Δ	Y	P	Q
<i>D. melanogaster</i> GNBP-2	D	H	N	M	Y	F
<i>D. melanogaster</i> GNBP-1	D	S	E	L	W	Y
<i>B. mori</i> GNBP	E	T	I	L	K	Y
<i>H. cunea</i> GNBP	E	T	K	L	K	Y
<i>A. gambiae</i> GNBP-A	E	T	T	Y	F	Y
<i>A. gambiae</i> GNBP-B	E	R	S	W	A	H
<i>B. circulans</i> $\beta(1,3)$ -glucanase	D	N	D	W	V	Y

SUPPORTING TABLE LEGEND**Table 1**

Comparison between $\beta(1,3)$ -glucan binding residues in GNBPs. Protein sequences were aligned with ClustalW and positions I-VI were extrapolated from computational model. Residue positions (in *N. graveolus* sequence) are: I 56, II 143, III 146, IV 172, V 179, VI 308. Color coding: red=acidic, ochre=hydrophobic, blue=basic, light blue=N/Q, purple=Y, peach=W. Δ represents a deletion in the specified residue.