

Supporting Information

Choy et al. 10.1073/pnas.0900711106

Table S1. Total mercury values (mean \pm SD) of prey taxa from Hawaiian waters measured in this study

Taxonomic group	n	Size, mm	Depth category	Ref(s.)	Day-time depth range, m	THg, $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$
Mixed Zooplankton	5	1–2	epi	1	0–200	2.26 \pm 3.23
Invertebrates						
Phylum Ctenophora						
Ctenophores (unidentified)	3	20–30 TL	other	2	0–600	0.00 \pm 0.00
Phylum Chordata, Subphylum Tunicata						
Class Thaliacea						
Pyrosomes (unidentified)	2 (8)	14–36 TL	upmeso.dvm	2, 3	400–600+	3.49 \pm 4.94
Salps (unidentified)	3 (7)	200–400 TL	upmeso.dvm	2, 4	400–600+	0.00 \pm 0.00
Phylum Arthropoda						
Subphylum Crustacea						
Order Amphipoda						
<i>Phronima</i> sp.	2 (6)	17–23 TL	lomeso.dvm	5, 6	400–975	0.00 \pm 0.00
Order Decapoda						
Crab Megalopae (unidentified)	3 (14)	3–14 CL	epi	7, 8	0–200	0.94 \pm 1.63
<i>Janicella spinicauda</i>	7 (10)	7–16 CL	upmeso.dvm	9	500–600	30.39 \pm 23.82
Lobster Phyllosoma (unidentified)	5	42–67 CL	upmeso.dvm	10	80–400	18.54 \pm 13.61
<i>Oplophorus gracilirostris</i>	5	9–20 CL	upmeso.dvm	9, 11	500–650	90.23 \pm 103.20
<i>Sergestes</i> sp.	5	8–25 CL	upmeso.dvm	12, 13	200–600	45.61 \pm 51.29
<i>Sergia</i> sp.	5	6–10 CL	upmeso.dvm	12, 13	300–600	0.45 \pm 1.01
<i>Systellaspis</i> sp.	5	5–44 CL	lomeso.dvm	9, 12	600–1100	22.63 \pm 38.18
Order Euphausiacea						
Euphausiids (unidentified)	2 (7)	5–7 CL	upmeso.dvm	14, 15	400–600	7.72 \pm 10.92
Order Isopoda						
<i>Anuropus</i> sp.	1	16.6 TL	upmeso.perm	16, 17	200–800	52.83
Order Lophogastrida						
<i>Lophogaster</i> sp.	4	7–11 CL	epi	2	0–200	1.11 \pm 1.70
Order Stomatopoda						
Stomatopods (J) (unidentified)	5 (13)	6–26 CL	epi	18	0–150	0.00 \pm 0.00
Phylum Mollusca						
Class Cephalopoda						
<i>Abralia trigonura</i>	4	27–33 ML	upmeso.dvm	19, 20	450–650	22.82 \pm 6.17
<i>Abraiolopsis pacificus</i>	2	30–33 ML	upmeso.dvm	19, 21	500–600	12.96 \pm 4.91
<i>Abraiolopsis</i> sp. A	5	17–35 ML	upmeso.dvm	19, 21	500–700	12.39 \pm 10.54
<i>Hyaloteuthis pelagicus</i>	9	22–56 ML	epi	22, 23	0–200	1.39 \pm 2.44
<i>Onychoteuthis</i> sp.	5	20–29 ML	lomeso.dvm	20	400–1000	20.73 \pm 37.30
<i>Sthenoteuthis oualaniensis</i>	3	194–210 ML	lomeso.dvm	20, 22	500–1000	50.13 \pm 20.35
Class Gastropoda						
Thecosome pteropods (unidentified)	1 (9)	6–10 TL	upmeso.dvm	24	300+	57.45
Heteropods (unidentified)	4 (12)	10–20 TL	epi	25, 26	0–140	12.64 \pm 14.66
Fishes						
Class Actinopterygii, Infraclass Teleostei						
Family Alepisauridae - <i>Alepisaurus ferox</i>	2	375–465 SL	upmeso.perm	27, 28	0–1000+	30.45 \pm 38.09
Family Berycidae - <i>Beryx splendens</i>	5	169–225 SL	upmeso.perm	29, 30	200–800+	223.00 \pm 74.62
Family Bramidae (J)	3	18–40 SL	epi	31, 32	0–50	0.90 \pm 1.56
Family Bregamacerotidae - <i>Bregmaceros</i> sp.	3	65–70 SL	lomeso.dvm	33	600–800	32.07 \pm 13.14
Family Carangidae (J)	5	30–61 SL	epi	31, 32	0–50	0.29 \pm 0.45
Family Chaetodontidae - <i>Chaetodon</i> sp. (J)	5 (9)	15–26 SL	epi	31, 32	0–50	24.94 \pm 28.53
Family Chiasmodontidae	4	40–69 SL	lomeso.perm	2	600+	22.95 \pm 10.46
Family Congridae - <i>Leptocephalus</i> larvae	1 (5)	56–66 TL	epi	34, 35	80–200	0.00
Family Engraulidae - <i>Engrasicholina purpurea</i>	4 (12)	50–63 SL	epi	36	0–100	7.15 \pm 1.52
Family Exocoetidae - <i>Exocoetus</i> sp.	3	53–65 SL	epi	37	0–50	28.90 \pm 19.82
Family Gempylidae - <i>Gempylus serpens</i>	2	49–186 TL	epi	33, 38	0–200	1.46 \pm 2.07
<i>Nealotus triplex</i>	6	29–71 SL	epi	33, 38	50–250	0.00 \pm 0.00
Family Gonostomatidae - <i>Cyclothona</i> sp.	4 (12)	35–50 TL	upmeso.perm	15, 39	400–600	34.85 \pm 12.46
<i>Sigmops ebelingi</i>	5	107–121 TL	lomeso.dvm	39	520–700	21.15 \pm 10.16
Family Hemiramphidae - <i>Euleptorhamphus viridis</i>	3 (4)	129–230 SL	epi	37	0–50	27.56 \pm 3.64
Family Howelliidae - <i>Howella brodiei</i> brodiei	4	19–51 SL	upmeso.perm	2	400–600+	5.00 \pm 5.89
Family Molidae - <i>Ranzania laevis</i> (J)	1	122 SL	epi	34, 40	0–200	14.07
Family Myctophidae - <i>Bolinichthys distofax</i>	2	87–88 SL	lomeso.perm	41	500–700	195.85 \pm 31.08
<i>Bolinichthys longipes</i>	5	32–42 SL	lomeso.dvm	41, 42	525–725	21.27 \pm 13.85
<i>Ceratoscopelus warmingii</i>	6	53–78 SL	lomeso.dvm	41	600–1000	7.05 \pm 13.34

Taxonomic group	n	Size, mm	Depth category	Ref(s.)	Day-time depth range, m	THg, $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$
<i>Diaphus perspicillatus</i>	5	48–55 SL	lomeso.dvm	41	300–1000	80.36 \pm 34.72
<i>Lampanyctus niger</i>	5	51–77 SL	lomeso.dvm	41, 42	640–900	31.37 \pm 33.66
<i>Lampanyctus nobilis</i>	5	41–77 SL	lomeso.dvm	41, 42	590–1200	9.39 \pm 4.36
Family Opisthoproctidae - <i>Opisthoproctus</i> sp.	3	63–69 SL	upmeso.perm	33	400–725	46.00 \pm 10.21
Family Paralepididae - <i>Lestidium</i> sp.	5	60–141 SL	epi	43	0–200	3.82 \pm 4.07
Family Phosichthyidae - <i>Vinciguerria</i> sp.	5 (10)	26–31 SL	upmeso.dvm	44	400–600	4.04 \pm 2.66
Family Scombrolabracidae - <i>Scombrolabrax heterolepis</i>	1	69 SL	lomeso.dvm	33, 37	750–1000	44.22
Family Serrivomeridae - <i>Serrivomer</i> sp.	5	24–45 JL	lomeso.dvm	2, 37	500–1000	37.81 \pm 15.41
Family Sternopychidae - <i>Argyropelacus</i> sp.	5	41–59 SL	upmeso.perm	42, 45	200–600	23.37 \pm 8.74
<i>Sternopyx</i> sp.	6	19–33 SL	lomeso.perm	42, 45	500–1000	9.40 \pm 10.18
Family Stomiidae - <i>Idiacanthinae</i>	5	225–300 TL	lomeso.dvm	44	600–800	29.98 \pm 18.52
<i>Malacosteus niger</i>	5	53–83 SL	lomeso.dvm	44	500–900	34.17 \pm 9.11
Family Tetraodontidae (J)	3	5–10 SL	epi	31, 32	0–50	6.27 \pm 10.86

(J) indicates that the juvenile form of the organism was sampled. Also included are sample size (where numbers in parentheses indicate total pooled individuals), organism size (where TL is total length, CL is carapace length, ML is mantle length, SL is standard length, and JL is jaw length), and assigned ecological depth category (where epi is epipelagic, upmeso.dvm is upper mesopelagic migrant, upmeso.perm is upper mesopelagic nonmigrant, lomeso.dvm is lower mesopelagic migrant, lomeso.perm is lower mesopelagic nonmigrant—see *Results and Discussion* section of text for details) with referenced literature. Referenced day-time depths of occurrence (m) are also included.

- Hannides, C.C.S. 2007. Seasonal, interannual and decadal variation in zooplankton community structure and function in the North Pacific subtropical gyre. Ph.D. Thesis, Oceanography. University of Hawaii, Honolulu, HI. 353 pages;
- Maynard, S.D., Riggs, F.V. and C.F. Walters. 1975. Mesopelagic micronekton in Hawaiian waters: Faunal composition, standing stock, and diel vertical migration. *Fishery Bulletin* 73(4): 726–736;
- Van Soest, R.W.M. 1981. A monograph of the order pyrosomatida (Tunicata, Thaliacea). *Journal of Plankton Research* 3(4): 603–631;
- Harbison, G.R. and R.B. Campenot. 1979. Effects of temperature on the swimming of salps (Tunicata, Thaliacea): Implications for vertical migration. *Limnology and Oceanography* 24(6): 1081–1091;
- Brusca, G.J. 1973. Pelagic amphipoda from the waters near Oahu, Hawaii, excluding the family Scinidae. *Pacific Science* 27(1): 8–27;
- Shulenberger, E. 1979. Distributional pattern and niche separation among North Pacific hyperiid amphipods. *Deep Sea Research* 26(3A): 293–315;
- Forward Jr., R.B. and D. Rittschoff. 1994. Photoresponses of crab megalopae in offshore and estuarine waters: implications for transport. *Journal of Experimental Biology and Ecology* 182(2): 183–192;
- Hasek, B.E. and N.N. Rabalais. 2001. A comparison of molt states of blue crab megalopae, *Callinectes sapidus* (Rathbun), sampled with artificial collectors and plankton nets. *Journal of Experimental Biology and Ecology* 265(1): 15–27;
- Ziemann, D.A. 1975. Patterns of vertical distribution, vertical migration, and reproduction in the Hawaiian mesopelagic shrimp of the family Oplophoridae. Ph.D. Thesis, Oceanography. University of Hawaii, Honolulu, HI;
- Minami, H., Inoue, N. and H. Sekiguchi. 2001. Vertical distributions of phyllosoma larvae of palinurid and scyllarid lobsters in the Western North Pacific. *Journal of Oceanography* 57(6): 743–748;
- Grubbs, R.D., Holland, K. and D. Itano. 2002. Comparative trophic ecology of yellowfin and bigeye tuna associated with natural and man-made aggregation sites in Hawaiian waters. 15th Meeting of the Standing Committee on Tuna & Billfish (STCB 15) working paper, YFT-6;
- Omori, M. 1974. The biology of pelagic shrimps in the ocean. *Advances in Marine Biology* 12: 233–324;
- Walters, J.F. 1976. Ecology of Hawaiian sergestid shrimps (Penaeidae: Sergestidae). *Fishery Bulletin* 74(4): 799–836;
- Mauchline, J. 1980. The biology of mysids and euphausiids. *Advances in Marine Biology* 18: 1–681;
- Brodeur, R. and O. Yamamura. 2005. Micronekton of the North Pacific, p. 1–115, PICES Scientific Report No. 30;
- Childress, J.J. 1975. The respiratory rates of midwater crustaceans as a function of depth of occurrence and relation to the oxygen minimum layer off Southern California. *Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology* 50A: 787–789;
- Saito, N., Kurata, Y. and M. Moku. 2002. Note on a meso-bathypelagic isopodean genus anuropus (Crustacea: Isopoda: Anuropidae) collected in the Western North Pacific off Northern Honshu, Japan. *Bulletin of the Plankton Society of Japan* 49(2): 88–94;
- Ahyong, S.T. 2002. A new species and new records of stomatopoda from Hawaii. *Crustaceana* 75(6): 827–840;
- Roper, C.F.E. and R.E. Young. 1975. Vertical distribution of pelagic cephalopods. *Smithsonian Contributions to Zoology* 209: 1–51;
- Young, R.E. 1978. Vertical distribution and photosensitive vesicles of pelagic cephalopods from Hawaiian waters. *Fishery Bulletin* 76(3): 583–615;
- Young, R.E. 1995. Aspects of the natural history of pelagic cephalopods of the Hawaiian mesopelagic-boundary region. *Pacific Science* 49(2): 143–155;
- Clarke, M. R. 1966. Review of the systematics and ecology of oceanic squids. *Advances in Marine Biology* 4: 91–300;
- Cherel, Y., Sabatier, R., Potier, M., Marsac, F., and F. Menard. 2007. New information from fish diets on the importance of glassy flying squid (*Hyaloteuthis pelagica*) (Teuthioidea: Ommastrephidae) in the epipelagic cephalopod community of the tropical Atlantic Ocean. *Fishery Bulletin* 105(1): 147–152;
- Seapy, R.R. 1990. Patterns of vertical distribution in epipelagic heteropod molluscs off Hawaii. *Marine Ecology Progress Series* 60(3): 235–246;
- Nigro, D.T. 2002. Euthecosomatous pteropods of Hawaiian waters: Faunistic composition and diel patterns of vertical distribution. M.S. Thesis, California State University, Fullerton, CA. 98 pages;
- Cummings, F.A. and R.R. Seapy. 2003. Seasonal abundances of euthecosomatous pteropods and heteropods from waters overlying San Pedro Basin, California. *Veliger* 46(4): 305–313;
- Romanov, E.V. and V.V. Zamorov. 2002. First record of a yellowfin tuna (*Thunnus albacares*) from the stomach of a longnose lancetfish (*Alepisaurus ferox*). *Fishery Bulletin* 100(2): 386–389;
- Moore, J.A., Hartel, K.E., Craddock, J.E. and J.K. Galbraith. 2003. An annotated list of deepwater fishes from off the New England region, with new area records. *Northeastern Naturalist* 10(2): 159–248;
- Galaktionov, G.Z. 1984. Features of the schooling behaviour of the Alfonsina *Beryx splendens* (Berycidae) in the thalassobathyl depths of the Atlantic Ocean. *Journal of Ichthyology* 24(5): 148–151;
- Lehodey, P., Grandperrin, R. and P. Marchal. 1997. Reproductive biology and ecology of a deep-demersal fish, alfonsino *Beryx splendens*, over the seamounts off New Caledonia. *Marine Biology* 128(1): 17–27;
- Leis, J.M. 1982. Nearshore distributional gradients of larval fish (15 taxa) and planktonic crustaceans (6 taxa) in Hawaii. *Marine Biology* 72(1): 89–97;
- Auth, T.D., Brodeur, R.D., and K.M. Fisher. 2007. Diel variation in vertical distribution of an offshore ichthyoplankton community off the Oregon coast. *Fishery Bulletin* 105(3): 313–326;
- Clarke, T.A. and P.J. Wagner. 1976. Vertical distribution and other aspects of the ecology of certain mesopelagic fishes taken near Hawaii. *Fishery Bulletin* 74(3): 635–645;
- Castonguay, M. and J.D. McCleave. 1987. Vertical distributions, diel and ontogenetic vertical migrations and net avoidance of leptocephali of anguilla and other common species in the Sargasso Sea. *Journal of Plankton Research* 9(1): 195–214;
- Kajihara, T., Tsukamoto, K., Otake, T., Mochioka, N., Hasumoto, H. and M. Oya. 1988. Sampling leptocephalus larvae with reference to the diel vertical migration and the gears. *Nippon Suisan Gakkaishi* 54: 941–946;
- Whitehead, P.J.P., Nelson, G.J. and T. Wongratana 1988. FAO species catalogue, Vol. 7, Clupeoid fishes of the world (suborder Clupeoidei). An annotated and illustrated catalogue of the herrings, sardines, pilchards, sprats, shads, anchovies and wolf-herrings. Part 2 - Engraulidae. FAO Fisheries Synopsis, No. 125, 272 pages;
- Carpenter, K.E. and V.H. Niem. 1999. FAO species identification guide for fishery purposes - the living marine resources of the Western Central Pacific. Vol. 3–6;
- Nakamura, I. and N.V. Parin 1993. FAO species catalogue, Vol. 15, Snake mackerels and cutlassfishes of the world (families Gempylidae and Trichiuridae). FAO Fisheries Synopsis. No. 125, 136 pages;
- Clarke, T.A. 1974. Some aspects of the ecology of stomiatoid fishes in the Pacific Ocean near Hawaii. *Fishery Bulletin* 72(2): 337–351;
- Bass, A.L., Dewar, H., Thys, T., Streelman, J., and S.A. Karl. 2005. Evolutionary divergence among lineages of the ocean sunfish family, Molidae (tetraodontiformes). *Marine Biology* 148(2): 405–414;
- Clarke, T.A. 1973. Some aspects of the ecology of lanternfishes (Myctophidae) in the Pacific Ocean near Hawaii. *Fishery Bulletin* 71(2): 401–434;
- Childress, J.J., Price, M.H., Favuzzi, J. and D. Cowles. 1990. Chemical composition of midwater fishes as a function of depth of occurrence off the Hawaiian Islands: Food availability as a selective factor? *Marine Biology* 105(2): 235–246;
- Gartner, J.V., Sulak, K.J., Ross, S.W. and A.M. Neceaise. 2008. Persistent near-bottom aggregations of mesopelagic animals along the North Carolina and Virginia continental slopes. *Marine Biology* 153(5): 825–841;
- Clarke, T.A. 1974. Some aspects of the ecology of stomiatoid fishes in the Pacific Ocean near Hawaii. *Fishery Bulletin* 72(2): 337–351;
- Ridge-Cooney, V.L. 1987. Aspects of the ecology of the pelagic hatchetfishes, family Sternopychidae, in the Pacific Ocean near Hawaii. Ph.D. Thesis, Oceanography. University of Hawaii, Honolulu, HI.