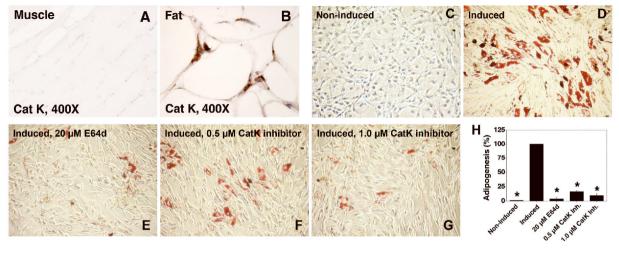
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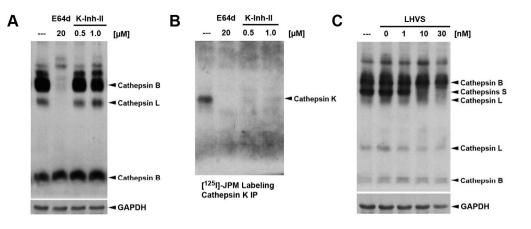


Supplemental Figure I. CatK expression in human adipose tissue and its role in human preadipocyte differentiation. Immunohistology with human CatK antibody revealed negligible CatK expression in normal human muscle (A) (n=9), but high CatK expression in human visceral fat (n=9) (B). Oil-red O staining of non-differentiated human pre-adipocytes (C), differentiated adipocytes (D), and differentiated adipocytes in the presence of non-selective cathepsin inhibitor E64d (E), 0.5 μM (F) and 1 μM (G) of a CatK-selective inhibitor. H. Quantification of oil-red O staining relative to the positive control (Induced). Data are mean±SE of four experiments. \*P<0.005.

Type of file: figure

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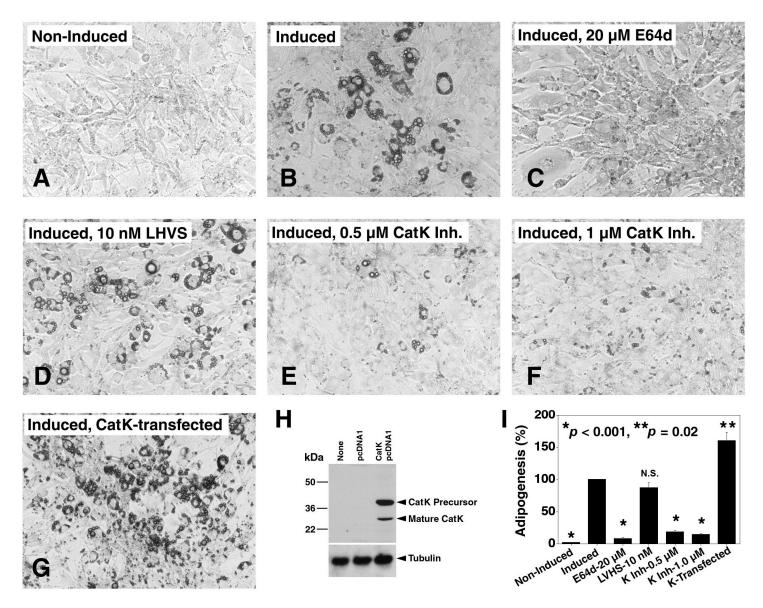


Supplemental Figure II. Cysteine protease cathepsin active site labeling. A. 3T3-L1 adipocytes were incubated with CatK-selective inhibitor (K-Inh-II, Calbiochem, La Jolla, CA) or E64d for 6 hrs. Cells were lysed and equal amount of cell lysate (50 μg/sample) were labeled with [¹²51]-JPM for 1 hr at 37°C followed by separation on a 12% SDS-PAGE (*J Biol Chem.* 1992;267:7258-7262). At 0.5~1 μM, CatK inhibitor did not inhibit cathepsins L or B. E64d (20 μM) was used as positive control for complete inhibition of all cathepsins. B. 3T3-L1 adipocytes were incubated with K-Inh-II and E64d for 6 hrs. Cell lysates were prepared and equal amount of protein (200 μg/sample) was labeled with [¹²51]-JPM. Cell lysates were then neutralized with 1 M Tris.HCl, pH10.0, boiled, and immunoprecipitated with CatK monoclonal antibody (Santa Cruz) followed by separation on a 12% SDS-PAGE. C. Mouse peritoneal macrophages were incubated with CatS-selective inhibitor LHVS (*J Exp Med.* 1997;186:549-560) under indicated concentrations overnight at 37 °C. Equal protein loading for panels A and C was viewed by immunoblot analysis for GAPDH (bottom panels).

Type of file: figure

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Filename: zhq172320\_s5.tif



**Supplemental Figure III.** Inhibition of CatK reduces 3T3-L1 cell adipogenesis. Oil-red O staining revealed negligible lipid deposition in non-induced 3T3-L1 cells ( $\bf A$ ) but increased oil-red O-positive staining in cells differentiated into adipocytes ( $\bf B$ ). 3T3-L1 cell differentiation was blocked with 20  $\mu$ M E64d ( $\bf C$ ), but much less by 10 nM of CatS-selective inhibitor LHVS ( $\bf D$ ). Strong inhibition of adipogenesis was detected when cells were incubated with 0.5  $\mu$ M ( $\bf E$ ) or 1  $\mu$ M ( $\bf F$ ) of CatK-selective inhibitor. In contrast, CatK over-expression in 3T3-L1 cells enhanced adipogenesis ( $\bf G$ ).  $\bf H$ . Human CatK immunoblot revealed mature and pro-CatK in transfected cells, but not in those non-transected or transfected with empty vector. A mouse tubulin immunoblot was used for protein loading control.  $\bf I$ . Oil-red O staining levels relative to differentiated positive control cells ( $\bf N$ .S.=no significant difference).