Gold(I)-Catalyzed Cascade Cyclization of Allenyl Epoxides

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Supporting Information

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I. General Information: All reactions with air- and water-sensitive compounds were performed in an inert atmosphere drybox or using Schlenk techniques under N₂ with glassware flame-dried under vacuum. Tetrahydrofuran was purified by distillation from sodium benzophenone ketyl. Anhydrous dichloromethane and ether were dried using alumina-packed solvent purification columns under a positive flow of Ar gas. Most commercial organic reagents could be purified by vacuum transfer or distillation prior to use when necessary. Silica flash chromatography was performed with 60Å Silicycle silica gel. All organometallic stocks were titrated¹ prior to use. Spectra are calibrated to residual solvent protons (CDCl₃ = 7.24 ppm, C₆D₆ = 7.15 ppm) High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained from the University of Illinois Mass Spectrometry lab (Dr. Furong Sun), and are reported as sodium (M + 22.989), potassium (M + 39.098) or protonated (M + 1.008) adducts.

¹ Love, B. E.; Jones, E. G. J. Org. Chem. 1999, 64, 3755-3756.

II. Experimental Data

A) Synthesis of Substrate 1 and product 2a, 2b





Allenyl sulfone **S4**: To a suspension of sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 1.2 eq.) in THF was added slowly at room temperature (1,2-Butadienyl)bis(phenylsulfonyl)methane² **S1** (1.0 eq.) The suspension was stirred for 10 minutes, at which point it became a light yellow solution. Geranyl bromide monoepoxide³ **S2** (1.5 eq.) was added in 10 mL THF, and the resulting suspension was stirred for 12 h at rt. Water was added, and the layers separated. The aqueous residue was extracted 3x with 10 mL diethyl ether. The combined organic layers were washed with water, brine, and dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated to crude epoxide **S3**.

Crude epoxide **S3** was taken up in 10:1 THF / H_2O , treated with NaIO₄ (1.5 eq.) in one portion, followed by 5 drops of concentrated HCl. The light yellow solution becomes a white suspension formed within 10 minutes. After 1.5 h, the reaction is neutralized with Na₂S₂O₃ and NaHCO₃, partitioned, the aqueous layer extracted 3x with

² Shu, W.; Jia, G.; Ma, S. Org. Lett. 2009, 11, 117.

³ (a) Neighbors, J. D.; Mente, N. R.; Boss, K. D.; Zehnder, D. W. II, Wiemer, D. F. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2008**, *49*, 516. (b) Zhu, X.; Ganesan, A. J. Org. Chem. **2002**, *67*, 2705.

diethyl ether, and the combined organic layers washed with bicarbonate and brine. After drying over MgSO₄, filtering, and concentrating, a light yellow oil results.

The crude oil from periodate cleavage is dissolved in MeOH, and cooled to -10 °C in brine / ice bath. NaBH₄ is added in portions over 10 minutes, resulting in a bubbling suspension. After 30 minutes, the reaction is warmed slowly to RT, and stirred for an additional 20 minutes. The reaction is diluted with 20 mL Et₂O, 10 mL of NH₄Cl solution is added (slowly!) and the aqueous layer extracted 3x with diethyl ether. Washes of water (10 mL) and brine (10 mL) are followed by drying over MgSO₄ and evaporation. Column chromatography on silica gel yields alcohol **S4** as a colorless, viscous oil, 41% (3 steps).



4*E*-7,7'-bis(phenylsulfonyl)-4-epoxy-4-methyl-9,10-dien-1-ol (1): Treatment of alcohol S4 with *m*CPBA under standard conditions afforded substrate 1 as a hygroscopic white foam: ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.06 (d, 4H), 7.74 (q, 2H), 7.57 (m, 4H), 5.31 (m, 1H), 4.77 (m, 2H), 3.64 (m, 2H), 3.29 (t, 1H), 3.08 (m, 2H), 2.63 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 16$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz), 2.30 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 16$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.4$ Hz), 1.72-1.58 (m, 5H), 1.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 210.4, 136.6, 136.4, 131.5, 131.4, 128.8, 128.7, 89.7, 83.4, 76.0, 62.4, 61.6, 57.9, 34.5, 30.1, 29.8, 27.6, 16.8; HRMS (TOF MS ES+): Calculated for (C₂₄H-₂₈O₆S₂ + Na) 499.1211, found 499.1225.



(2*R*,6*S*)-2-((*S*)-2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-6-vinyl-4,4'-bis(phenylsulfonyl)tetrahydropyran (major-2a): Prepared following <u>Representative Procedure</u> for Cyclization : To a 20 mL scintillation vial preloaded with 2.3 mg AgOTf (0.05 equiv.) and 4.6 mg (PhO)₃PAuCl (0.05 equiv.) as white solids is added 1.0 mL of dichloromethane. A white-grey suspension forms within 5 min. 56 mg of **1** is added by pipette, and the pipette tip washed with 0.3 mL fresh DCM into the reaction. Conversion is monitored by TLC. After 15-30 min., the reaction is loaded directly onto a silica column and eluted with EtOAc/hexanes to obtain **2a** as a white foam. ¹H (400 MHz, C-DCl₃): 8.06 (d, 2H), 7.99 (d, 2H), 7.73 (q, 2H), 7.61 (m, 4H), 5.75 (m, 1H), 5.29 (d, 1H), 5.17 (d, 1H), 4.68 (m, 1H), 4.02 (dd, 1H), 3.85 (m, 2H), 2.29 (m, 3H), 2.15 (dd, 1H), 1.94 (m, 2H), 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.14 (s, 3H). ¹³C (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 137.9, 134.8, 134.7, 131.6, 131.5, 128.8, 128.7, 128.64, 128.56, 115.9, 83.7, 73.52, 73.48, 70.5, 68.2, 35.5, 31.1, 26.3, 25.8, 20.8; HRMS (ESI) for C₂₄H₂₈NaO₆S₂ [M +Na] calc 499.1225, found 499.1207.



(2*R*,6*R*)-2-((*S*)-2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-6-vinyl-4,4'-bis(phenylsulfonyl)tetrahydropyran (minor-2b): White foam. ¹H (400 MHz, C₆D₆): 8.30 (m, 2H), 8.09 (d,

2H), 7.12-6.94 (m, 6H), 5.70 (m, 1H), 5.26 (d, 1H), 5.10 (m, 1H), 4.99 (d, 1H), 4.45 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 11.1 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.4 Hz), 3.68 (m, 2H), 2.90-2.45 (m, 4H), 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.50 (m, 4H), 1.21 (s, 3H). DEPT135: CH₃ - 21.41. CH - 137.7, 134.8, 134.6, 131.6, 131.4, 128.7, 128.6, 76.79, 73.52. CH₂ - 116.1, 68.52, 35.56, 31.44, 26.13, 25.55.

B) Synthesis of Substrate 3 and product 4a, 4b





2*E***-epoxy-6-hydroxy-3-methylhexyl 2,3-butadienyl ether (3)**: Prepared in analogy to **1** (vide supra) by substituting 2,3-butadien-1-ol⁴ **S5** for bis-sulfone **S1** (vide supra). Clear oil. ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.19 (p, 1H), 4.76 (m, 2H), 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.59 (m, 3H), 3.52 (dd, 1H), 2.96 (t, 1H), 2.24 (bs, 1H), 1.62 (m, 4H), 1.25 (s, 3H). ¹³C (166 MHz): 209.4, 87.4, 75.8, 69.0, 68.3, 62.3, 61.2, 60.1, 34.7, 27.8, 16.6 HRMS (TOF MS ES+): Calculated for (C₁₁H₁₈O₃ + Na) 221.1157, found 221.1154.

⁴ Prepared according to the following procedure: Molander, G. A.; Cormier, E. P. *J. Org. Chem.*, **2005**, *70*, 2622. **IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTE:** 2,3-Butadien-1-ol and its 4-chloro-2-butyn-1-ol precursor were purified by flash chromatography because crude 4-chloro-2-butyn-1-ol was found to decompose uncontrollably and explode upon attempted distillation.



(2*R*,6*S*)-2-((*S*)-2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-6-vinyl-1,4-dioxane (4a): Prepared following Representative Procedure. Clear oil. ¹H (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.69 (m, 1H), 5.31 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 16.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.8$ Hz), 5.15 (dt, 1H, $J_1 = 10.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.5$ Hz), 4.11 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.69 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 11.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.7$ Hz), 3.51 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 10.2$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.4$ Hz), 3.34 (t, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 3.15 (t, 1H, J = 11.1 Hz), 2.06 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.16 (s, 3H). ¹³C (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 134.4, 116.8, 82.54, 79.83, 76.39, 70.42, 68.26, 67.02, 35.30, 25.99, 22.22. MS (ESI) for C₁₁H₁₉O₃ [M +H] calc 199.1, found 199.1.

Key NOESY interactions:



C) Synthesis of Substrate 5 and products 6a, 6c





4*E*-7,7'-bis(carbomethoxy)-4-methyl-4,9,10-trien-1-ol (S10): To a suspension of sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 1.2 eq.) in THF was added slowly at room temperature dimethyl 2-(propa-1,2-dienyl)malonate⁵ S8 (1.0 eq.) The suspension was stirred for 10 minutes, at which point it became a light yellow solution. Geranyl bromide monoepoxide S2 (1.5 eq.) was added in 10 mL THF, and the resulting suspension was stirred for 12 h at rt. Water was added, and the layers separated. The aqueous residue was extracted 3x with 10 mL diethyl ether. The combined organic layers were washed with water, brine, and dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated to crude epoxide S9 as a dark yellow oil.

Crude epoxide **S9** was taken up in 10:1 THF / H_2O , treated with NaIO₄ (1.5 eq.) in one portion, followed by 5 drops of concentrated HCl. The light yellow solution becomes a white suspension formed within 10 minutes. After 1.5 h, the reaction is neutralized with Na₂S₂O₃ and NaHCO₃, partitioned, the aqueous layer extracted 3x with diethyl ether, and the combined organic layers washed with bicarbonate and brine. After drying over MgSO₄, filtering, and concentrating, a light yellow oil results. The crude aldehyde is observed by ¹H NMR at 9.74 ppm.

The crude oil from periodate cleavage is dissolved in MeOH, and cooled to -10° C in brine / ice bath. NaBH₄ is added in portions over 10 minutes, resulting in a bubbling suspension. After 30 minutes, the reaction is warmed slowly to RT, and stirred for an

⁵ Zhang, Z.; Liu, C.; Kinder, R. E.; Han, X.; Qian, H.; Widenhoefer, R. A. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2006, 128, 9066

additional 20 minutes. The reaction is diluted with 20 mL Et₂O, 10 mL of NH₄Cl solution is added (slowly!) and the aqueous layer extracted 3x with diethyl ether. Washes of water (10 mL) and brine (10 mL) are followed by drying over MgSO₄ and evaporation. Column chromatography on silica gel (1:2 EtOAc / Hex \rightarrow 1:1) yields alcohol **S10** as a colorless, viscous oil, 41% (3 steps). ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 4.98 (m, 2H), 4.64 (m, 2H), 3.69 (s, 6H), 3.59 (t, 2H), 2.64 (d, 2H), 2.56 (d, 2H), 2.02 (t, 2H), 1.61 (m, 5H). ¹³C (166 MHz, CDCl₃): 210.0, 171.4, 139.0, 117.9, 84.35, 74.53, 62.41, 57.92, 52.31, 36.18, 32.02, 30.96, 30.69, 16.02.



4*E*-7,7'-bis(carbomethoxy)-4-epoxy-4-methyl-9,10-dien-1-ol (5): Treatment of alcohol S10 with *m*CPBA under standard conditions afforded substrate 5 as a clear oil. ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 4.91 (m, 1H), 4.59 (m, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.53 (t, 2H), 2.71 (dd, 1H), 2.65 (dt, 2H), 2.34 (bs, 1H), 2.23 (dd, 1H), 1.97 (dd, 1H), 1.61-1.48 (m, 4H), 1.18 (s, 3H). ¹³C (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 210.1, 171.1, 84.14, 74.77, 62.41, 60.35, 59.31, 56.69, 52.63, 52.51, 34.81, 32.84, 27.81, 16.47. HRMS (ESI) for C₁₆H₂₄NaO₆ [M +Na] calc 335.1471, found 335.1463.



(2R,6S)-2-((S)-2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-6-vinyl-4,4'-bis(carbomethoxy)-

tetrahydropyran (6a): Clear oil upon purification by flash column chromatography, slightly contaminated by triphenylphoshite. ¹H (500 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 5.90 (ddd, J = 5.0, 10.7, 17.3 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (m, 1H), 3.69 (m, 2H), 3.56 (dd, J = 1.8, 11.8 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 2.84 (dt, J = 2.0, 13.5 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (dt, J = 2.2, 13.5 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (dd, J = 11.8, 13.4 Hz, 1H), 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.82 (dd, J = 11.7, 13.5 Hz, 1H), 1.60-1.50 (m, 2H), 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 171.7, 171.1, 138.3, 114.8, 83.59, 78.81, 74.38, 68.30, 53.51, 52.83, 52.69, 35.92, 34.65, 30.64, 26.09, 22.26; HRMS (ESI) for C₁₆H₂₄NaO₆ [M +Na] calc 335.1471, found 335.1469.

Key NOESY interactions:



Lactone (6c): Formed under acid or AgOTf catalysis from 5. ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.05 (m, 1H), 4.73 (m, 2H), 4.39 (t, 1H), 3.87 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.69-2.51 (m, 3H), 2.31 (dd, 1H), 1.94 (m, 3H), 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.21 (s, 3H). GCMS: MW 280.3.

D) Synthesis of substrate 7 and product 8a,b





Bis(phenylsulfone) **S11:** Prepared via alkylation of (1,2-butadienyl)bis(phenylsulfonyl) methane **S1** with *(E)-(*6-bromo-5-methylhex-4-enyloxy)(*t*-butyl)dimethylsilane⁶ **S10** (NaH, DMF, 50 °C), and used immediately in the subsequent deprotection.



Alcohol **S12**: Deprotection of bis(phenylsulfone) **S11** using TBAF in THF at rt provided the alcohol **S12** as a clear, colorless oil after flash column chromatography (43%, two steps).



⁶ Zhang, L.; Kozmin, S. A. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2005, 127, 6962.

4*E*-7,7'-bis(phenylsulfonyl)-4-epoxy-5-methyl-9,10-dien-1-ol (7): Epoxidation of alcohol S12 using *m*CPBA under standard conditions provided substrate 7 as an oil: ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.99 (d, 2H), 7.86 (d, 2H), 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.53 (m, 4H), 5.17 (p, 1H), 4.72 (m, 2H), 3.61 (m, 2H), 3.30-3.21 (m, 2H), 3.10 (m, 1H), 2.74 (d, 1H), 2.25 (d, 1H), 1.99 (s, 2H), 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.46 (s, 3H). ¹³C (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 210.3, 137.6, 137.0, 134.8, 131.4, 131.35, 128.8. HRMS (TOF MS ES+): Calculated for ($C_{24}H_{28}O_6S_2$ + Na) 499.1211, found 499.1225.



[5.4.0] bis-ether (8a,b): Prepared following <u>Representative Procedure</u>. White foam. ¹H (300 MHz, C₆D₆, **8a**): 8.24-8.10 (m, 4H), 7.01 (m, 6H), 5.54 (m, 1H), 4.85 (m, 2H), 3.48 (d, 1H, J = 16.8 Hz), 3.31 (t, 2H), 2.72 (d, 1H), 2.57 (d, 1H, J = 16.2 Hz), 2.35 (t, 1H), 2.28 (t, 1H), 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.16 (s, 3H); ¹³C (125 MHz, C₆D₆, **8a**): 137.7, 136.4, 135.8, 134.1, 133.9, 132.0, 131.4, 128.5, 128.4, 117.8, 92.3, 61.6, 58.2, 49.2, 40.6, 37.2, 34.4, 26.8, 19.1; HRMS (ESI) for C₂₄H₂₈NaO₆S₂ [M +Na] calc 499.1225, found 499.1236.







N-(1,2-butadienyl)-*N*-(2*E*-epoxy-6-hydroxy-2-methyl)-toluenesulfonamide (9): Prepared in analogy to substrate 7, substituting bis(phenylsulfone) S1 with allenyl tosylamide⁷ S13 (vide supra). ¹H (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.57 (d, 2H), 7.20 (d, 2H), 4.72 (m, 1H), 4.56 (m, 2H), 3.87-3.71 (ddd, 2H), 3.57 (t, 2H), 3.15 (dd, 2H), 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.68-1.49 (m, 4H), 1.24 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 209.5, 143.5, 137.0, 129.7, 127.1, 85.09, 76.15, 62.01, 61.67, 59.70, 53.00, 47.33, 29.39, 24.94, 21.43, 14.85. HRMS (ESI) for C₁₈H₂₅NNaO₄S [M +Na] calc 374.1402, found 374.1401.



[5.4.0] sulfonamide (major-10a): Prepared following <u>Representative Procedure</u>. Light yellow oil. ¹H (500 MHz, C₆D₆): 7.57 (d, 2H), 6.69 (d, 2H), 5.48 (m, 1H), 5.10 (d, 1H), 4.90 (d, 1H), 4.19 (b, 1H), 3.98 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 11$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.5$ Hz), 3.77 (d, 1H, $J_1 = 11$ Hz), 3.55 (q, 1H), 3.51 (t, 1H, J = 7Hz), 3.40 (q, 1H), 2.18 (d, 1H), 1.95 (t, 1H), 1.85 (s, 3H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.31 (m, 2H), 1.28 (s, 3H). ¹³C (125 MHz, C₆D₆): 142.9, 135.8, 133.4, 129.5, 116.3, 83.67, 75.48, 69.65, 68.46, 53.29, 50.58, 26.01, 25.76, 20.88, 14.50. HRMS (ESI) for C₁₈H₂₆NO₄S [M +H] calc 352.1583, found 352.1572.

⁷ Ohno, H.; Mizutani, T.; Kadoh, Y.; Aso, A.; Miyamura, K.; Fujii, N.; Tanaka, T. J. Org. Chem. **2007**, *72*, 4378.



(**10b**): ¹H (300 MHz, C₆D₆): 7.58 (d, 2H), 6.73 (d, 2H), 5.48 (m, 1H), 5.12 (d, 1H), 4.90 (d, 1H), 4.56 (t, 1H), 4.20 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 11 Hz, *J*₂ = 1.5 Hz), 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.78 (dt, 1H), 3.59 (m, 2H), 2.00 (d, 1H), 1.99 (t, 1H), 1.87 (s, 3H), 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.45 (m, 3H), 0.98 (s, 3H).

Key NOESY interaction:



F) Synthesis of substrate 11 and product 12



4*E*-7,7'-bis(phenylsulfonyl)-4-epoxy-5-methyl-9,10-dien-1-ol (11): Prepared in analogy to substrate 7, substituting bis(phenylsulfone) S1 with dimethyl 2-(propa-1,2-

dienyl)malonate **S8** (vide supra). ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 4.89 (p, 1H), 4.56 (m, 2H), 3.63 (bs, 6H), 3.56 (t, 2H), 2.64 (m, 2H), 2.58-2.49 (m, 2H), 2.27 (d, 1H), 2.02 (d, 1H), 1.62-1.45 (m, 4H), 1.11 (s, 3H). ¹³C (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 209.1, 171.1, 84.47, 74.74, 63.79, 62.07, 58.37, 56.64, 52.20, 41.06, 33.06, 29.42, 24.94, 17.28. HRMS (ESI) for C₁₆H₂₄NaO₆ [M +Na] calc 335.1471, found 335.1468.



(4aS,11aR,Z)-dimethyl-11a-methyl-4,4a,6,9,11,11a-hexahydro-2H-pyrano[3,2-b] oxonine-10,10(3H)- dicarboxylate (12): Prepared following Representative Procedure. Clear oil. ¹H (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.62 (m, 2H), 3.90-3.80 (m, 7H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 1H), 3.28 (s, 3H), 2.82 (dd, 1H), 2.61 (dd, 1H), 2.42 (d, 1H), 2.25 (d, 1H), 1.93 (m, 4H), 1.38 (s, 3H); ¹³C (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 170.8, 131.7, 127.5, 85.7, 83.3, 72.6, 68.9, 57.9, 56.1, 53.2, 38.2, 36.4, 27.1, 26.1, 23.5; HRMS: Calculated for (C₁₆H₂₄O₆ + Na) = 335.1471, found 335.1462.

G) Synthesis of substrate 13 and products 14a,b





4Z-7,7'-bis(phenylsulfonyl)-4-epoxy-4-methyl-9,10-dien-1-ol (13): Prepared in analogy to substrate 1, but substituting neryl chloride monoepoxide S18 (prepared from monoepoxidation of neryl chloride⁸ with *m*CPBA under standard conditions) for geranyl bromide monoepoxide S2 (vide supra) and using NaI as a promoter in the alkylation.



(2*R*,6*S*)-2-((*R*)-2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-6-vinyl-4,4'-bis(phenylsulfonyl)tetrahydropyran (major-14a): Prepared following Representative Procedure. ¹H (300 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.23 (dd, 4H, *J*₁ = 6.3 Hz, *J*₂ = 1.8 Hz), 7.03 (m, 9H), 5.70 (m, 1H), 5.33 (d, 1H), 5.00 (d, 1H), 4.81 (m, 1H), 4.48 (dd, 1H), 3.73 (t, 2H), 3.28 (dd, 1H), 2.68 (m, 4H), 2.29 (m, 1H), 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 2H), 1.02 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.7, 134.84, 134.79, 131.7, 131.6, 131.4, 128.8, 128.84, 128.75, 128.66, 116.1, 84.3, 74.8, 73.4, 70.4, 68.9, 33.8, 31.5, 26.6, 25.5, 23.9; HRMS (ESI) for C₂₄H₂₉O₆S₂ [M +H] calc 477.1406, found 477.1392.

⁸ Nowotny, S.; Tucker, C. E.; Jubert, C.; Knochel, P. J. Org. Chem. 1995, 60, 2762.



Acid-catalyzed product (15): ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.05 (d, H), 7.68 (t, 2H), 7.56 (t, 4H), 5.29 (m, 1H), 4.68 (m, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.90-3.75 (m, 2H), 3.47 (d, 1H), 3.14 (m, 2H), 2.82 (d, 1H), 2.24 (dd, 1H), 1.92 (m, 3H), 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.14 (s, 3H).

H) Synthesis of substrate 16 and product 17





Siloxy alcohol **S22:** To a stirred solution of known alcohol⁹ **S21** (1.10 g, 4.58 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (46 mL) at 0 °C was added imidazole (470 mg, 6.87 mmol), DMAP (28 mg, 0.23 mmol), and TBSCl (742 mg, 4.92 mmol). The solution was allowed to warm to rt over about 1 h, and after an additional 30 min, water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 25 mL), and the combined organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash column chromatography (5% EtOAc in hexanes) provided the silyl ether (1.577 g, 97%) of as a clear, colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.33 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.14-1.96 (m, 9H), 1.69 (s, 3H), 1.63-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.03 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.1, 142.3, 135.2, 123.6, 118.2, 62.9, 61.4, 39.5, 35.8, 31.2, 26.2, 26.0, 21.1, 18.4, 16.5, 16.0, -5.3; HRMS (ESI) for C₂₀H₃₈NaO₃Si [M +Na] calc 377.2488, found 377.2480.

To a stirred solution of the silyl ether (1.470 g, 4.146 mmol) in MeOH (30 mL) was added K₂CO₃ (285 mg, 2.06 mmol). After 1.5 h, solid NH₄Cl (250 mg, 4.67 mmol) was added, and the resulting mixture was concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash column chromatography (40% Et₂O in hexanes) afforded alcohol **S22** (1.269 g, 98%) as a clear, colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.39 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.56 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.13-1.95 (m, 6H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.62-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.03 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.0, 134.9, 123.8, 123.6, 62.7, 59.1, 39.4, 35.7, 31.1, 26.2, 25.9, 18.2, 16.1, 15.8, -5.4; HRMS (ESI) for C₁₈H₃₆NaO₂Si [M +Na] calc 335.2382, found 335.2378.

⁹ Uyanik, M.; Ishihara, K.; Yamamoto, H. Org. Lett., 2006, 8, 5649.

Bis-epoxy alcohol S23: Sharpless epoxidation.¹⁰ To a stirred mixture of 4Å molecular sieves (150 mg) and D-(-)-diisopropyl tartrate (70 µL, 0.33 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (9.1 mL) at -20 °C was added Ti(OiPr)₄ (80 µL, 0.27 mmol) dropwise, followed by the dropwise addition of tBuOOH (5.5 M in decanes, 0.28 mL, 1.5 mmol) over 5 min. After 30 min, alcohol S22 (313 mg, 1.00 mmol) was added dropwise in CH₂Cl₂ (2.5 mL) over 20 min. The reaction was quenched after 2.5 h at -20 °C by pipet transfer into a solution of FeSO₄ (1.03 g) and citric acid (0.344 g) in 6.3 mL water at 0 °C. After warming to rt, the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O three times, and the combined extracts were poured into 30% NaOH (5 mL) at 0 °C. After 1 h, the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O twice, and the combined extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash column chromatography (35% EtOAc in hexanes) furnished the monoepoxy alcohol (293 mg, 89%) as a clear, colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.02 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (ddd, J = 4.2, 7.0, 11.8 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (ddd, J = 4.5, 6.7, 11.4 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 2.89 (dd, J = 4.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.91 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.62-1.48 (m, 3H), 1.52 (s, 3H), 1.39 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 9H), -0.04 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.22, 123.1, 63.1, 62.7, 61.1, 61.0, 38.4, 35.6, 30.9, 25.8, 23.4, 18.1, 16.6, 15.8, -5.4; $[\alpha]^{23}_{D} = +4.3$ (c 0.023, CH₂Cl₂), HRMS (ESI) for C₁₈H₃₆NaO₃Si [M + Na] calc 351.2331, found 351.2317.

*Shi epoxidation.*¹¹ To a stirred solution of the monoepoxy alcohol (292 mg, 0.889 mmol) in CH₃CN (7.2 mL) and dimethoxy methane (14.5 mL) was added Bu₄N•HSO₄ (29 mg, 0.085 mmol), Na₂B₄O₇ (aq) (9.0 mL, $[Na_2B_4O_7] = 0.05$ M, $[Na_2EDTA] = 0.4$ mM), and

¹⁰ Gao, Y.; Hanson, R. M.; Klunder, J. M.; Ko, S. Y.; Masamune, H.; Sharpless, K. B. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1987**, *109*, 5765.

¹¹ Wang, Z.-X.; Tu, Y.; Frohn, M.; Zhang, J.-R.; Shi, Y. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1997, 119, 11224.

D-fructose derived (-)-Shi catalyst¹² (228 mg, 0.883 mmol). After cooling the resulting solution to 0 °C, Oxone® (0.766 g, 1.25 mmol) in 0.4 mM Na₂EDTA solution (5 mL) and K₂CO₃ (0.766 g, 5.54 mmol) in 5 mL water were added simultaneously via separate syringes over 1.25 h. The mixture was diluted with water and 2:1 hexanes/Et₂O, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 2:1 hexanes/Et₂O twice. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified twice by flash column chromatography (50% \rightarrow 60% EtOAc in hexanes) to provide bis-epoxy alcohol **S23** (290 mg, 93%) as a clear, colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.74 (dd, *J* = 4.5, 12.1 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 12.1 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (m, 2H), 2.93 (dd, *J* = 4.6, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (s (broad), 1H), 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.39 (m, 7H), 1.27 (s, 3H), 1.20 (s, 3H), 0.82 (s, 9H), -0.03 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 62.77, 62.75, 62.4, 61.1, 61.0, 60.5, 35.0, 34.9, 28.4, 25.8, 24.2, 18.2, 16.8, 16.4, -5.4; [α]²³_D = +12 (c 0.022, CH₂Cl₂), HRMS (ESI) for C₁₈H₃₇O₄Si [M +H] calc 345.2461, found 345.2450.

Allene **24**: To a stirred solution of bis-epoxy alcohol **S23** (290 mg, 0.842 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10.5 mL) was added Et₃N (230 μ L, 1.65 mmol), DMAP (21 mg, 0.17 mmol), and TsCl (193 mg, 1.01 mmol). After 1.5 h, water was added, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 1:1 hexanes/EtOAc twice. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash column chromatography (25% EtOAc in hexanes) afforded the tosylate (394 mg, 94%) as a clear, colorless oil: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.54 (m, 2H), 2.96 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.61-1.39 (m, 7H), 1.19 (s, 6H), 0.83 (s, 9H), -0.01 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.0, 132.5, 129.8, 127.8, 68.3, 62.7, 62.5, 60.7, 60.3, 58.2,

¹² Prepared according to procedure of: Nieto, N.; Molas, P.; Benet-Buchholz, J.; Vidal-Ferran, A. J. Org. Chem. **2005**, 70, 10143.

34.8, 34.4, 28.4, 25.8, 24.0, 21.5, 18.2, 16.6, 16.4, -5.4; $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +23$ (c 0.022, CH₂Cl₂); HRMS (ESI) for C₂₅H₄₃O₆SSi [M +H] calc 499.2550, found 499.2549.

To 2,3-butadien-1-ol⁴ (3.1 mL) at 0 °C was added NaH (97 mg, 2.5 mmol) portionwise. The resulting yellow-colored alkoxide solution was added to the tosylate (393 mg, 0.788 mmol) in a separate flask, and after equipping the flask with an air-cooled reflux condenser, the mixture was stirred at 55 °C for 22 h. After cooling to rt, the mixture was diluted with 10% brine (25 mL) and 2:1 hexanes/Et₂O (25 mL), and the aqueous layer was extracted with 2:1 hexanes/Et₂O (25 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash column chromatography (25 \rightarrow 30% Et₂O in pentane) furnished allene **S24** (236 mg, 76%) as a clear, colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.22 (p, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (m, 2H), 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.49 (m, 4H), 2.97 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (t, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 1.84-1.39 (m, 8H), 1.27 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 0.85 (s, 9H), 0.01 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.4, 87.5, 75.8, 69.0, 68.3, 62.9, 62.8, 60.9, 60.7, 59.7, 35.0, 34.9, 28.5, 25.9, 24.3, 18.3, 16.9, 16.5, -5.3; [α]²³_D = +24 (c 0.022, CH₂Cl₂), HRMS (ESI) for C₂₂H₄₁O₄Si [M +H] calc 397.2774, found 397.2769.

Substrate **16:** To a stirred solution of allene **S24** (236 mg, 0.595 mmol) in THF (7.5 mL) at 0 °C was added TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 1.2 mL, 1.2 mmol). The resulting solution was allowed to warm to rt over about 1 h, and after an additional 2 h, water and EtOAc/hexanes were added. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc/hexanes three times. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash column chromatography (85% EtOAc/2% Et₃N/13% hexanes) provided substrate **16**, which was used immediately in the Au(I) cyclization: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 5.17 (p, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (m, 2H), 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.45-3.37 (m, 4H), 2.94 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.66 (s (broad), 1H), 1.62-1.33 (m, 8H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H).

Product **17**: Prepared following <u>Representative Procedure</u> using 76 mg (0.269 mmol) substrate **16**, 9.9 mg (PhO)₃PAuCl (0.018 mmol), and 3.9 mg AgOTf (0.015 mmol) to provide 42 mg (55%) of desired product **17** (dr = 11:1): ¹H (500 MHz, C₆D₆) 5.54 (ddd, J = 5.2, 10.8, 17.4 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (dt, J = 1.7, 17.4 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (dt, J = 1.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (dd, J = 2.4, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (m, 1H), 3.85 (dd, J = 7.0, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (td, J = 2.5, 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.63 (dd, J = 2.5, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (dd, J = 2.8, 11.4 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, J = 10.6, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (dd, J = 10.5, 11.2 Hz), 2.07 (ddd, J = 5.1, 7.6, 17.6 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (ddd, J = 7.8, 12.2, 15.5 Hz, 1H), 1.67-1.60 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.42 (ddd, J = 8.0, 9.0, 12.4 Hz, 1H), 1.34 (ddd, J = 6.4, 7.6, 12.2 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.15 (s, 3H); δ ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 134.9, 116.3, 84.7, 83.6, 83.1, 80.3, 76.7, 70.6, 68.2, 67.2, 36.3, 34.6, 27.3, 26.5, 23.1, 21.9; $[\alpha]^{23}{}_{D} = -35$ (c 0.008, CH₂Cl₂), HRMS (ESI) for C₁₆H₂₆O₄ [M +H] calc 283.1909, found 283.1898.

Key NOESY interactions:

III. NMR Spectra

S30

S48

S23. ¹H (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

S23. ¹³C (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

