Biophysical Journal, Volume 97

Supporting Material

New insights into BAR domain induced membrane remodeling

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EM2 System setup and geometry

Figure S1 shows the initial conditions for the 250 nm diameter liposome EM2/SPAM simulations. The upper panel shows the relative length scales of a single N-BAR domain relative to the starting configuration for the liposome; the small yellow square on the liposome surface gives the rough size of a single N-BAR. The bottom panel shows the initial configuration of the EM2 liposome in the SPAM mesoscopic solvent. Initially, both the N-BAR density and membrane compositions, $\phi_{B,i}$ and $\phi_{M,i}$, were assigned random values ranging from -1 to 1. The 250 nm liposome employs 4000 EM2 quasiparticles while the 500 nm liposome contains 15436.

Figure S2 sketches two interacting EM2 quasiparticles. The entire EM2 membrane consists of a single sheet of pair wise interacting EM2 quasi-particles each separated by $r_{ij} = \left| \mathbf{r}_{ij} \right| = \left| \mathbf{r}_i - \mathbf{r}_j \right| \text{ as given in Fig. S2 (a). For each quasi-particle, two additional unit vectors, } \\ \text{designate the membrane normal vector, } \boldsymbol{\Omega}_{\alpha} \text{ and the orthogonal in-plane vector } \boldsymbol{n}_{\alpha}^T, \ \alpha = i, j. \text{ The resulting small angle between the two normal vectors is } \boldsymbol{\Omega}_i \bullet \boldsymbol{\Omega}_j = \cos \left(\delta \theta_{ij}\right). \text{ The curvature between the two EM2 quasiparticles, } c_{ij}, \text{ is found from the membrane normal vectors as shown in Fig. S2 (a), } \delta \theta_{ij} / r_{ij} = 1 / R_{ij} = c_{ij}, \text{ is the local curvature between the pair. Fig S2 (b) depicts the geometry the EM2 model adopts in a tube configuration.}$

Supplemental Tables

Table S1: Parameter ranges of the different terms in the mesoscopic model, Eq. 1, in the main manuscript

Term	Parameter	Tested values
H_{S}	a_{B}	$0.001 \text{ amu (nm/ps)}^2$
H_{EM2}	k_c	$10 \text{ k}_{\text{B}}\text{T}$
H_{M}	a_{M}	$0.001 \text{ amu (nm/ps)}^2$
$H_{S,M}$	$\Lambda_{_{ m M}}^{ m H}$, $\Lambda_{_{ m k}}^{ m H}$	$0.05 \text{ to } 0.1 \text{ k}_{\text{B}}\text{T}, 2.5 \text{ to } 5 \text{ amu}$
	IVI · K	nm ⁴ ps ⁻²
H_{O}	$\Lambda_{ m O}$	$5-15 \text{ amu } (\text{nm/ps})^2$

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Supplemental Figures

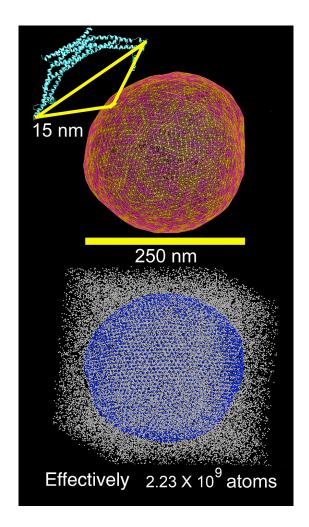


Figure S1: Snapshots of the EM2 liposome with surrounding mesoscopic solvent.

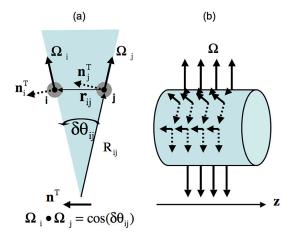


Figure S2: Panel (a) a schematic of the EM2 membrane quasi-particle geometry. Panel (b) the stabilization of tubules with the discrete EM2 membrane model.