Supporting Information

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CA IX	SIGNAL SEQUENCE HIS-TAG & PROTEASE SITE PG DOMAIN	DOSHWR
P1		DOSHWR
P2	APLCPSPWLPLLIPAPAPGUTVQLLISLLIMPVHPQRLHHHHHHHHVPRCS	DQSHWR
Р3	APLCPS PWLPLLI PAPAPGLTVQLLLSLLLIMPVHPQRLHHHHHHHLEVLFQGP	DQSHWR
P4	APICPSPWLPLLIPAPAPGLTVQLLLSLLLIMPVHPQRLHHHHHHHEVLFQGP	DQSHWR
CA DOMAIN		
CA IX		EIAEEG
P1	GGDP#WPRVSPACAGRFQSFVDIRPQLAAFCPALRPLELLGFQLPPLPELRLRWNSHSVQLTLPPGLEMALGPGREYRALQLFLF.WGAAGRPGSEHTVEGHRFPAELFWHLSTAFARVDEALGRPGELAVLAAFLEEGPEENSAYEQLLSRLE	EIAEEG
P2	GGDP#VPRVSPACAGRFQSPVDIRPQLAAFCPALRPLELLGFQLPPLPELRLRNNGHSVQLTLPPGLEMALGPGREYRALQLFL#WGAAGRPGSEHTVEGHRFPAET#WHLSTAFARVDEALGRPGGLAVLAAFLEEGPEENSAYEQLLSRLE	EIAEEG
P3	GGDP#WPRVSPACAGRFQSPVDIRPQLAAFCPALRPLELLGFQLPPLPELRLRWNGHSVQLTLPPGLEMALGPGREYRALQI HL MGAAGRPGSEHIVEGHRFPAEI HWHLSTAFARVDEALGRPGELAVLAAFLEEGPEENSAYEQLLSRLE	EIAEEG
P4		EIAEEG
TRANSMEMBRANE AND INTRACYTOSOLIC REGIONS		
CA IX	ETQVPGLDISALLPSDFSRYFQYEGSLTTPPCAQ3VIWIVFNQTVMLSAKQLHTLSDTIWGPGDSRLQINFRATQPLNGRVIEASFPAGVDSSPRAAEPVQLNSCLAAGDILALVFGLLFAVTSVAFLvQMRRQHRRGTKG3VSYRPAEVAETG	A
P1	ETQVPGLDISALLPSDFSRYFQYEGSLTTPPCAQ3VIWIVFNQTVMLSAKQLHTISDTIWGPGDSRLQINFRATQPINGRVIEASFPAGVDSSPRAAEPVQINSCLAAGD	
P2	ETQVPGLDISALLPSDFSRYFQYEGSLTTPPCAQ3VIWIVFNQTVMLSAKQLHTISDTIWGPGDSRLQINFRATQPLNGRVIEASF	
P3	ETQVPGLDISALLPSDFSRYFQYEGSLTTPPCAQGVIWIVFNQTVMLSAKQLHTLSDTIWGPGDSRLQINFRATQPINCRVIEASFPAGVDSSPRAAEPVQLNSCLAAGD	

PS SELQVEDEDSHLEPSVERVEQUESSLTPPCAQSVWIVENQVIVESAQLITESDTWAPGUSKUQUERATOPTINGSVTEAPFASVDSSFNARE/VQLASCLARAD
P4 SETQVPGLDISALLPSDFSRYFQYBGSLTTPPCAQGVUWIVENQTVMLSAKQLHTLSDTUWGPGDSRLQUNERATOPTINGSVTEAPFASVDSSFNARE/VQLASCLARAD

Fig. S1. Sequence alignment showing hCA IX and the different recombinant products P1, P2, P3, and P4. After protease treatment, the signal sequence and the His-tag (both shown in light gray) were removed from the proteins. The Cys/Ser mutation of P4 is shown in black. The catalytic His residues are highlighted in dark gray.



Fig. S2. Variation of k_{cat}/K_M for hCA IX recombinant forms (P1, indicated with filled circles, and P4, indicated with filled triangles) versus pH, for the CO₂ hydration reaction at 25 °C. The titration curve of the P1 form has a pK_a of 6.49; that of the P4 form has a pK_a of 7.01.

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Fig. S3. Variation of k_{cat}/K_M for hCA I (inverted triangles) and hCA II (filled circles) versus pH, for the CO₂ hydration reaction at 25 °C. A pK_a of 6.90 was obtained for the hCA I curve and of 7.10 for hCA II.

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