

## Online Supplementary Methods

**Online Supplementary Methods 1:** P446L-variant site-directed mutagenesis primers (mismatches underlined)

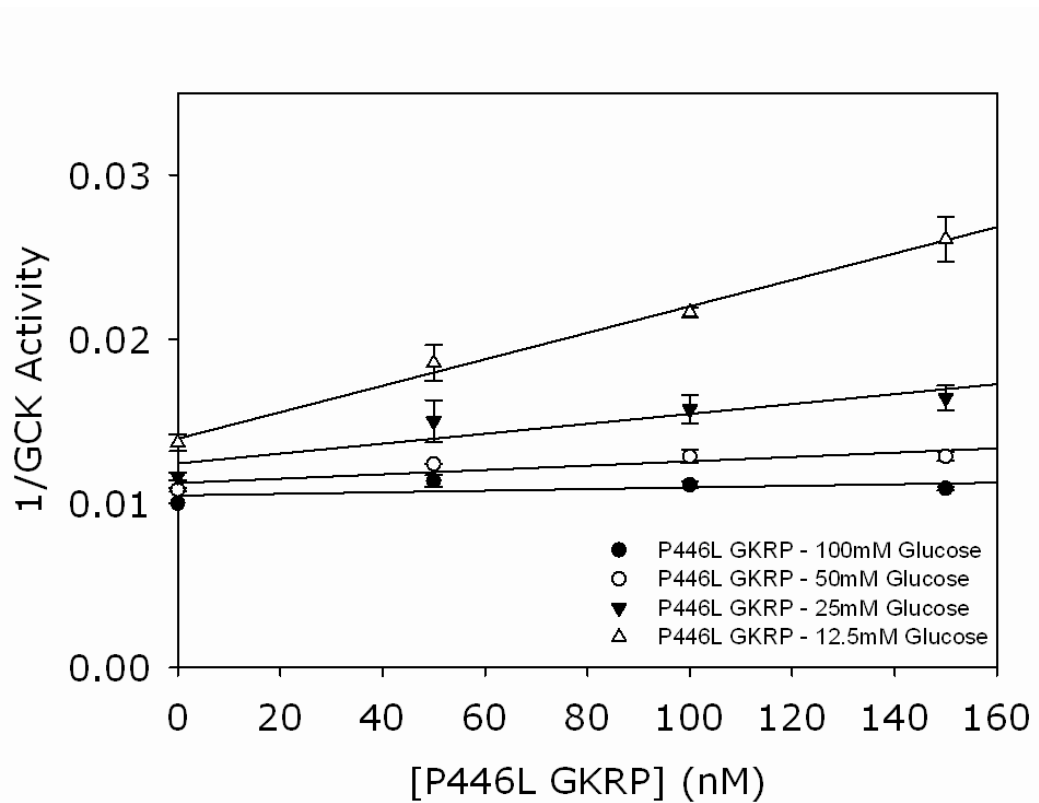
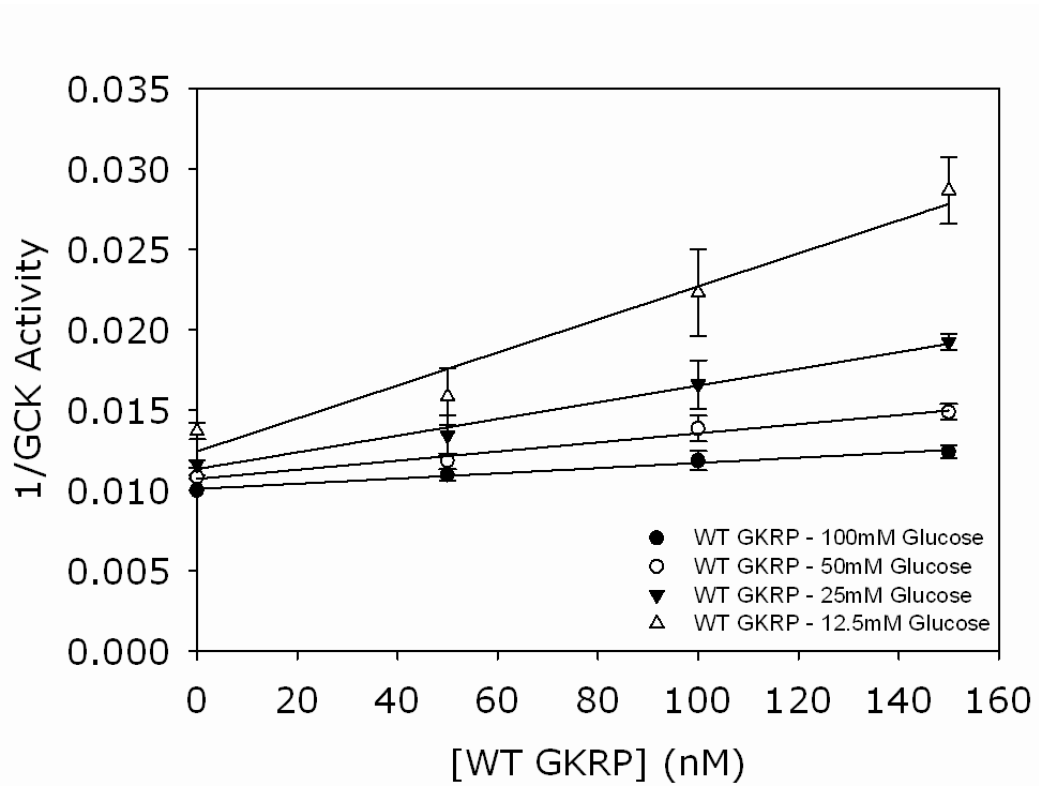
Forward:	5' CAG ACC TTG <u>C</u> IG ATC CCT CTG AAG AAG CTC TTT CCC TCC 3'
Reverse:	5' GGA GGG AAA GAG CTT CTT CAG AGG GAT <u>C</u> AG CAA GGT CTG 3'

## Online Supplementary Methods 2:

Primer ID	Sequence (5'- 3')
Vector <sup>†</sup> 5'_F	GGA AGC TGT GGT ATG GCT GT
Vector <sup>†</sup> 5'_R	GGT CAG AAT GGA TTC GCT GT
A_F	GAT GCT GAG ATC TTC CAG GAG
A2_F	GTG CCA ATC ACG GAG AAG TC
A/A2_R	TGT CGG AAT GTT GAA CTC CA
B_F	AGG TGG TGA CAG GTC TGT GG
B_R	AAT GTC CGC AAG ATT TCC AG
C_F	ATT CCG ACA AGT AGC AGA GC
C_R	ATG AGA AAG CCA CGG ACA TC
D_F	ATT TGA GCG AGC TCA TCA GG
D_R	TCT TCT CTT TCA CCT GCT CCA
E_F	TGC TGA TTT CCG AGA TGT CC
E_R	TGC TAA TCC GAA GGT CCA AC
F_F	TGG AGC AGG TGA AAG AGA AGA
F_R	CCT GTT CCT TCT CAT GTG CA
Vector <sup>†</sup> 3'_F	ACC ACA TGT TGG ACC TTC G
Vector <sup>†</sup> 3' B_F	TCC AGG TTG CAC ATG AGA AG
Vector <sup>†</sup> 3'/B_R	CGC TTC TGC GTT CTG ATT TA

<sup>†</sup> Vector containing human GKRP coding sequence was p-FLAG CTC (Sigma Aldrich Ltd). All primers contained M13-tail attachments at start (Forward: 5'-TGT AAA ACG ACG GCC AGT-3'; Reverse: 5'-CAG GAA ACA GCT ATG ACC-3'; '\_F' denotes forward primer, '\_R' denotes reverse).

### Online Supplementary Results



**Online Figures 1a and 1b: Dixon plots using equimolar concentrations of WT and P446L-GKRP (n=3)**

GCK activity was assayed at varying glucose concentrations (black circles=100mM, white circles = 50mM, black triangle=25mM, white triangles=12.5mM) in the presence of 0nM, 50nM, 100nM and 150nM WT and P446L-GKRP. Dixon plots of 1/GCK activity vs. [GKRP] were used to determine the inhibitor dissociation constant (' $K_i$ '), and these were found to be  $24.0 \pm 40.7$ nM for WT vs.  $23.1 \pm 40.8$ nM for P446L-GKRP, and thus was not significantly different between the two (means  $\pm$  SEM; P=1).