

Fig. S1. The male mating success trial design includes three rounds of competition during which successful males (right) or unsuccessful males (left) are retained for breeding experiments.

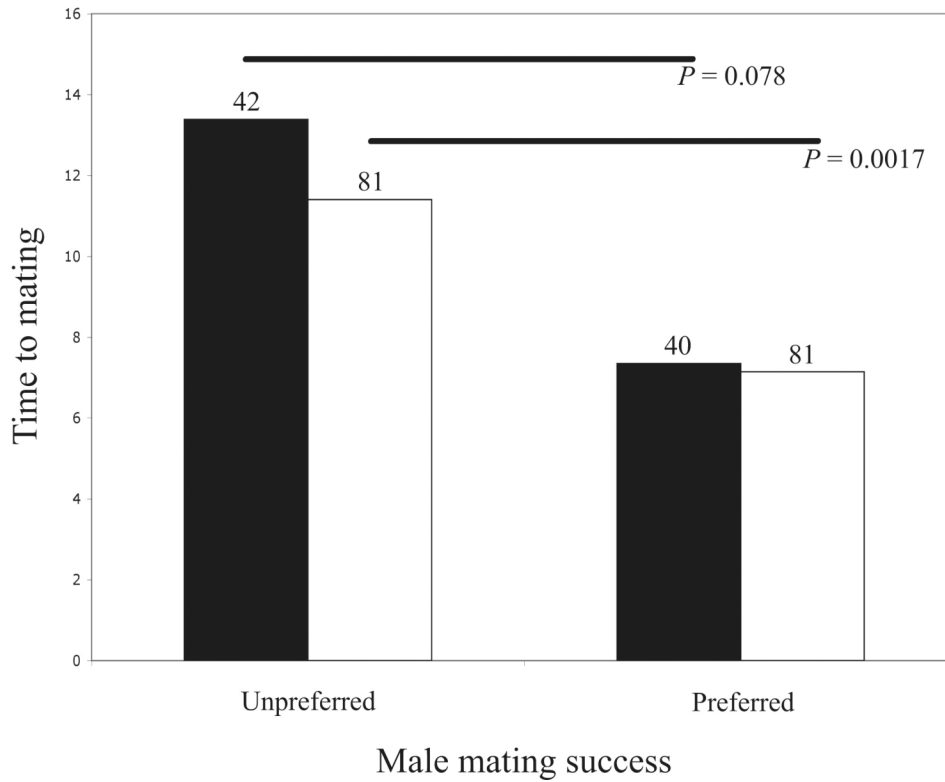


Fig. S2. Relationship between different female preference assays. Black bars represent males that won or lost all three tournament trials. Open bars represent males that won or lost the first two trials. Means (time to mating in minutes) and sample sizes are shown. P values were calculated from two-tailed Mann-Whitney U tests.