for

Studies for the Synthesis of Xenicane Diterpenes. A Stereocontrolled Total Synthesis of 4-Hydroxydictyolactone

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Supporting Information

General Information

Optical rotations were obtained on a Perkin Elmer 241 polarimeter at 589 nm (sodium D line) using a 10 cm path length and a 1.0 mL volume. Concentrations (c) are given in g/100 mL. Infrared spectra were recorded on a Nicolet Avatar 360 spectrometer and are reported in wavenumbers (cm⁻¹). Proton nuclear magnetic resonance (¹H NMR) spectra were measured on a Varian VXR-400 (400 MHz) or a Varian INOVA-400 (400 MHz). Carbon nuclear magnetic resonance (¹³C NMR) spectra were measured on a VXR-400 (101 MHz) or an INOVA-400 (101 MHz). ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were acquired as solutions in CDCl₃ and are reported in parts per million (ppm) downfield (δ) from tetramethylsilane using residual chloroform (CHCl₃) as an internal standard set to δ 7.26 and δ 77.00, respectively. Proton NMR data are reported in the form: δ (multiplicity, coupling constants, number of protons). Mass spectral data (MS and HRMS) were recorded on a Kratos MS-80 RFA mass spectrometer by use of chemical ionization (CI) with methane or electron impact (EI).

Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using glass-backed 0.25 mm thickness silica gel 60 (F_{254}) plates (EM Science) which were visualized under UV light and/or staining with ethanolic *p*-anisaldehyde. Flash chromatography was performed using Merck silica gel 60 (Kiesegel 60) (E. M. Science; 230–400 mesh ASTM) or similar products from Whatman Scientific or Sorbent Technologies and pressure was obtained using an airline bleed.

All reagents and solvents were reagent grade and used as received unless noted otherwise. Bulk grade hexanes and ethyl acetate (EtOAc) for chromatography were distilled before use. Diethyl ether (Et₂O) and tetrahydrofuran (THF) were distilled under nitrogen from sodium/benzophenone ketyl immediately before use. Methylene chloride (CH_2Cl_2),

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diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA) and triethylamine (Et₃N) were distilled from CaH₂ under dry air immediately before use.

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were conducted in flame or oven-dried glassware under an atmosphere of argon. All non-volatile samples were pumped to a constant weight under high vacuum (0.1–0.2 mmHg) at ambient temperature following removal of solvents by rotary evaporation.

Experimental Procedures



(S,Z)-3-(2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)prop-2-en-1-ol (S1) Allylic alcohol S1 was prepared according to the procedure described by Marshall and coworkers.¹ To a solution of **12** (26.43 g, 142.03 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (710 mL) at -78 °C, DIBAL (1.0 M in hexanes, 327 mL, 327 mmol) was slowly added. The reaction stirred for 1.5 h and was quenched at -78 °C with the addition of a saturated aqueous solution of sodium potassium tartrate (700 mL). The resulting mixture warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to give a colorless oil. Crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (5:2)) providing S1 (22.13 g, 98%) as a clear oil: Rf 0.23 (Hexanes/EtOAc (1:1)); $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +14.1° (c 1.18, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3404, 2987, 2358, 1372, 1215, 1156, 1059 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.78–5.69 (m, 1H), 5.47 (dt, J = 9.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (m, 1H), 4.24–4.15 (m, 1H), 4.12–4.04 (m, 1H), 4.02 (dd, J = 7.8, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.48 CDCl₃) δ 135.1, 129.0, 109.2, 71.7, 69.3, 58.1, 26.5, 25.7; HRMS-CI (calcd. for C₈H₁₅O₃) $[M+H]^+$) 159.1016, found 159.1016.



(S,Z)-4-(3-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)prop-1-enyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane (S2) To a solution of S1 (19.50 g, 123.27 mmol) in DMF (615 mL) at 0 °C was added NaH (60% suspension in mineral oil, 5.92 g, 147.92 mmol). The mixture was stirred vigorously for 30 minutes and PMBCl (18.50 mL, 135.60 mmol) was then added dropwise. The solution was allowed to warm to ambient temperature with stirring overnight. The reaction was quenched with H₂O and was diluted in Et₂O. Aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 750 mL) and combined organic extracts were washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and brine. Organic extracts were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give a yellow oil. Crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)), providing S2 (33.26 g, 97%) as a clear oil: R_f 0.52 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ -9.8° (c 1.04, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2985, 2360, 2340, 1513, 1248, 1059 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31–7.24 (m, 2H), 6.92-6.86 (m, 2H), 5.89-5.74 (m, 1H), 5.71-5.55 (m, 1H), 4.81 (dd, J = 15.1, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.46(d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dd, J = 6.4, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (dd, J = 8.1), 4.06.2 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.55 (app. t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.43 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.2, 130.6, 130.5, 130.0, 129.3 (2 C), 113.7 (2 C), 109.2, 71.9, 71.8, 69.3, 65.1, 55.1, 26.6, 25.8; HRMS-CI (calcd. for C₁₆H₂₁O₄ [M–H]) 277.1434, found 277.1433.



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(S,Z)-5-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)pent-3-ene-1,2-diol (S3) To a solution of S2 (33.26 g, 119.49 mmol) in MeOH (400 mL) was added HCl (1.0 M in H₂O, 200 mL, 200 mmol). The reaction was allowed to stir for 3 h and was then neutralized with the slow addition of NaOH (1.0 M in H₂O, 200 mL, 200 mmol). The solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (4 x 500 mL) and combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give an opaque oil. Crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Et₂O/MeOH (40:1)), providing S3 (28.46 g, 100%) as a white solid: R_f 0.11 (Hexanes/EtOAc (1:3)); $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ +4.5° (c 0.91, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3386 (br), 2932, 2862, 1612, 1514, 1249, 1073, 1033 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30–7.24 (m, 2H), 6.92–6.86 (m, 2H), 5.84–5.76 (m, 1H), 5.67–5.58 (m, 1H), 4.53–4.44 (m, 3H), 4.14 (ddd, *J* = 12.4, 6.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (ddd, 12.4, 5.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.64–3.55 (m, 1H), 3.55–3.47 (m, 1H), 2.59 (br. s, 1H), 2.03 (br. s, 1H)); ¹³C (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.2, 131.9, 129.6, 129.4 (2 C), 129.2, 113.7 (2 C), 72.1, 68.6, 65.9, 65.4, 55.1; HRMS-CI (calcd. for C₁-H₁₉O₄[M+H]⁺) 239.1273, found 239.1278



(S,Z)-1-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pent-3-en-2-ol (13) To a solution of S3 (25.73 g, 107.98 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (540 mL) at 0 °C was added imidazole (9.56 g, 140.48 mmol), followed by TBSCl (16.27 g, 107.98 mmol). The mixture was allowed to slowly warm to room temperature and was stirred for an additional 8 h. The reaction was quenched with the addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 500 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and

concentrated *in vacuo* to give a clear oil. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)), providing **13** (35.48 g, 93%) as a clear oil: R_f 0.26 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +22.8° (c. 0.98, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3430 (br), 2928, 2856, 1613, 1513, 1464, 1249, 1073 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29–7.24 (m, 2H), 6.91–6.85 (m, 2H), 5.81–5.72 (m, 1H), 5.60–5.52 (m, 1H), 4.45–4.38 (m, 3H), 4.16–4.04 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.56 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃), δ 159.2, 131.4, 130.1, 129.9, 129.4 (2 C), 113.8 (2 C), 72.0, 68.5, 66.8, 65.6, 55.2, 25.8 (3 C), 18.3, –5.3, –5.4; HRMS-CI (calcd. for C₁₉H₃₃O₄Si [M+H]⁺) 353.2143, found 353.2154.



(R)-((S,Z)-1-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pent-3-en-2-yl) 3,7-

dimethyloct-6-enoate (15) To a solution of **13** (28.24 g, 80.10 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (400 mL) was added (*R*)-citronellic acid (**14**) (15.00 g, 88.11 mmol). The solution was chilled to 0 °C and EDCI (46.07 g, 240.3 mmol) was added, followed by DMAP (11.74 g, 96.12 mmol). The reaction was allowed to slowly warm to ambient temperature with stirring overnight. Saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (400 mL) was added and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O and combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a slightly yellow oil. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography, (Hexanes/EtOAc (19:1)), providing **15** (39.15 g, 97%) as a clear oil: R_f 0.68 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –22.4° (c 0.91, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2928, 2856, 1736, 1513,

1249 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30–7.24 (m, 2H), 6.91–6.84 (m, 2H), 5.80 (dt, J = 11.7, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.60–5.53 (m, 1H), 5.52–5.46 (m, 1H), 5.13–5.05 (m, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.25–4.14 (m, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.69 (dd, J = 10.9 Hz, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (dd, J = 10.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (dd, J = 14.9, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (dd, J = 14.9, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.06–1.90 (m, 3H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.41–1.30 (m, 1H), 1.29–1.15 (m, 1H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.05 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.2, 159.1, 131.7, 131.3, 130.2, 129.3 (2 C), 127.5, 124.2, 113.7 (2 C), 72.0, 70.7, 66.0, 64.6, 55.1, 41.9, 36.7, 30.0, 25.7 (3 C), 25.6, 25.3, 19.5, 18.2, 17.5, –5.5 (2 C); HRMS-CI (calcd. for C₂₉H₄₇O₅Si [M-H]⁺) 503.3187, found 503.3208.



(2S,3R)-2-((R,E)-6-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)hex-4-en-2-yl)-3,7dimethyloct-6-enoic acid (16) To a solution of 15 (1.02 g, 2.02 mmol) in THF (40 mL) at -78 °C was added a premixed solution of Et₃N (1.30 mL, 9.09 mmol) and TMSCl (1.30 mL, 10.10 mmol). The solution was allowed to stir for 5 min and then a solution of LDA (1.0 M in THF, 3.03 mL, 3.03 mmol) was pre-cooled to -78 °C and was added dropwise via cannula. The reaction was allowed to stir for 90 min and then at ambient temperature for 2 h. Additional THF (20 mL) was added, and the reaction was heated to reflux for 2 h. The solution was cooled to ambient temperature and diluted in EtOAc (50 mL) and brine (50 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude

product was purified via flash chromatography, (Hexanes/EtOAc (9:1 to 4:1)), providing **16** (871 mg, 85%) as a clear oil: R_f 0.09 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +11.6° (c 1.01, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2956, 2929, 2856, 1703, 1514, 1249 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27–7.22 (m, 2H), 6.89–6.84 (m, 2H), 5.73 (dd, J = 15.5, 8.9 Hz, 1H), 5.65 (dt, J = 15.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 5.11–5.03 (m, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19–4.07 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.49–3.38 (m, 2H), 2.79–2.71 (m, 1H), 2.59 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.08–1.88 (m, 2H), 1.87–1.73 (m, 1H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.54–1.42 (m, 1H), 1.22–1.10 (m, 1H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.05 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.3, 159.1, 132.4, 131.5, 130.3, 129.2 (2 C), 128.3, 124.3, 113.7 (2 C), 72.8, 71.5, 63.7, 55.2, 51.0, 41.8, 34.3, 31.6, 25.9 (3 C), 25.7, 25.2, 18.4, 17.6, 16.4, -5.1, -5.2; HRMS-CI (calcd. for C₂₉H₄₉O₅Si [M+H]⁺) 505.3344, found 505.3349.



(3S,4R)-4-((E)-3-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)prop-1-enyl)-3-((R)-6-methylhept-5-en-2yl)dihydrofuran-2(3H)-one (18) To a solution of acid 16 (15 mg, 0.030 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2/H_2O (300 µL, 18:1) at 0 °C was added DDQ (17.6 mg, 0.078 mmol) in a single portion. The reaction was stirred for 3 h and was then quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (1 mL). The mixture was diluted in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) and the layers were separated. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give a yellow residue. The residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) and excess EDCI and DMAP were added. After 1 h, TLC analysis

revealed complete consumption of the starting material and the reaction was diluted in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) and washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (2 x 5 mL) and brine (2 x 5 mL). The organic layer was then dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give a yellow film. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography, (Hexanes/EtOAc (9:1)), providing **18** (8.1 mg, 73%) as a clear oil: $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +55.2° (c 0.21, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2956, 2928, 2856, 1776, 1128 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.78–5.68 (m, 2H), 5.12–5.06 (m, 1H), 4.31 (A of ABX, J_{AB} = 9.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.20–4.17 (m, 2H), 4.08 (B of ABX, J_{BA} = 9.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.32–3.26 (m, 1H), 2.51 (dd, J = 8.1, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.10–2.01 (m, 1H), 2.01–1.99 (m, 1H), 1.99–1.78 (m, 1H), 1.70 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 3H), 1.35–1.26 (m, 2H), 1.13 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.09 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.7, 133.8, 131.9, 125.1, 124.2, 71.5, 63.2, 48.5, 42.6, 35.2, 30.9, 26.1, 25.9, 25.4, 18.6, 17.9, 16.9, –5.1; HRMS-CI (calcd. for C₂₁H₃₈O₃Si [M+H]⁺) 367.2668, found 367.2672.



(2S,3R)-Methyl 2-((R,E)-6-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)hex-4-en-2yl)-3,7-dimethyloct-6-enoate (S4) To a solution of 16 (319 mg, 0.63 mmol) in DMF (3.15 mmol) at 0 °C was added anhydrous K_2CO_3 (157 mg, 1.14 mmol), followed by CH_3I (0.18 mL, 2.84 mmol). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature with stirring for 2 h and was then diluted in CH_2Cl_2 and washed with saturated aqueous NH_4Cl . The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 10 mL) and the combined organic extracts were washed

with H₂O, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give a yellow oil. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (19:1)) providing **S4** (320 mg, 97%) as a clear oil: R_f 0.41 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)) $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +11.0° (c 1.10, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2953, 2929, 2855, 1733, 1514, 1249 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27–7.20 (m, 2H), 6.89–6.83 (m, 2H), 5.72 (dd, J = 15.5, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.61 (dt, J = 15.5, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 5.12–5.02 (m, 1H), 4.45–4.35 (m, 2H), 4.12 (br. d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 3.44–3.33 (m, 2H), 2.78–2.66 (m, 1H), 2.58 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.06–1.86 (m, 2H), 1.83–1.71 (m, 1H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.49–1.35(m, 1H), 1.19–1.02 (m, 1H), 0.93–0.86 (m, 12H), 0.05 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.4, 159.1, 132.1, 131.5, 130.5, 129.1 (2 C), 128.9, 124.4, 113.7 (2 C), 72.8, 71.5, 63.8, 55.3, 51.1, 50.8, 42.1, 34.5, 31.9, 25.9 (3 C), 25.7, 25.2, 18.4, 17.6, 16.2, -5.2 (2 C); HRMS-CI (calcd. for C₃₀H₅₁O₅Si [M+H]⁺) 519.3500, found 519.3507.



(2S,3R)-2-((R,E)-6-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)hex-4-en-2-yl)-3,7dimethyloct-6-en-1-ol (S5) To a solution of S4 (862 mg, 1.66 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (33.2 mL) at – 78 °C was added DIBAL (1.0 M in Hexanes, 4.98 mL, 4.98 mmol) slowly. The reaction was stirred for 1.5 h and then was quenched at –78 °C with the addition of a saturated aqueous solution of sodium potassium tartrate (30 mL). The resulting mixture was allowed to stir overnight, after which time, the layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 50 mL). Organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to give a colorless oil. Crude product was purified via flash chromatography

(Hexanes/EtOAc (9:1)) providing **S5** (813 mg, 100%) as a clear oil: R_f 0.19 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +27.9° (0.88, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3448 (br), 2928, 2855, 1513, 1249 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26–7.21 (m, 2H), 6.90–6.86 (m, 2H), 5.79 (dd, J = 15.5, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (dt, J = 15.5, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 5.11–5.04 (m, 1H), 4.48–4.39 (m, 2H), 4.14 (br. d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.66–3.55 (m, 2H), 3.51 (dd, J = 9.1, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (dd, J = 9.1, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.59–2.48 (m, 2H), 2.07–1.84 (m, 2H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.65–1.55 (m, 2H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.48–1.36 (m, 1H), 1.28–1.16 (m, 1H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.88 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.06 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.2, 131.3 (2 C), 130.9, 130.0, 129.3 (2 C), 124.6, 113.8 (2 C), 73.2, 72.9, 63.7, 61.7, 55.2, 47.1, 44.0, 35.3, 33.6, 25.9 (3 C), 25.8, 25.7, 18.3, 17.7, 16.4, –5.2 (2 C); HRMS-ESI (calcd. for C₂₉H₅₀O₄SiNa [M+Na]⁺) 513.3376, found 513.3352.



(2S,3R)-2-((R,E)-5-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pent-3-en-2-yl)-3,7dimethyloct-6-enyl pivalate (S6) To a solution of S5 (994 mg, 2.03 mmol), pyridine (0.82 mL, 10.14 mmol), and DMAP (50 mg, 0.41 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) at 0 °C was added pivaloyl chloride (1.25 mL, 10.14 mmol). The mixture was allowed to slowly warm to ambient temperature and was stirred for 5 h. The reaction was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) and saturated, aqueous NH₄Cl (30 mL) was added. The aqueous layer was then separated and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (9:1)), providing S6 (1.11g, 95%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.42

(Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +17.0° (c 1.01, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2957, 2929, 2856, 1727, 1514, 1249 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.25–7.20 (m, 2H), 6.89–6.83 (m, 2H), 5.61–5.56 (m, 2H), 5.12–5.06 (m, 1H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.18–4.10 (m, 2H), 4.09–3.99 (m, , 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.46 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.63–2.53 (m, 1H), 2.07–1.85 (m, 2H), 1.84–1.77 (m, 1H), 1.72–1.65 (m, 1H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.49-1.36 (m, 1H), 1.35-1.22 (m, 1H), 1.17 (s, 9H), 0.92–0.86 (m, 12 H), 0.05 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.3, 159.0, 131.6, 131.2, 130.5, 130.1, 129.0 (2 C), 124.5, 113.6 (2 C), 72.6, 72.1, 63.7, 63.4, 55.1, 42.8, 41.8, 38.5, 35.4, 32.6, 27.1 (3 C), 25.9 (3 C), 25.7, 25.6, 18.3, 17.6, 16.2, –5.2 (2 C); HRMS-CI (calcd for C₃₄H₅₇O₅Si [M-H]⁺) 573.3970, found 573.3979.



(2S,3R)-2-((R,E)-5-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-hydroxypent-3-en-2-yl)-3,7-dimethyloct-6-enyl pivalate (19) To a solution of S6 (1.42 g, 2.47 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) and pH 7.0 buffer (2.5 mL) at 0 °C was added DDQ (841 mg, 3.71 mmol) in one portion to give a green suspension. The reaction was stirred for 10 min and then warmed to ambient temperature. After 2 h, the orange reaction mixture was diluted by the addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was then extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (9:1)), providing **19** (853 mg, 76%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.19 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +7.9° (c 0.82, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3479 (br), 2958, 2929, 2857, 1729, 1159 cm⁻¹;

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.67 (td, J = 15.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (dd, J = 15.4, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.09–5.02 (m, 1H), 4.16–4.12 (m, 2H), 4.10 (dd, J = 11.7, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (dd, J = 11.61, 5.18 Hz, 1H), 3.72–3.63 (m, 1H), 3.54–3.42 (m, 1H), 2.48 (ddd, J = 14.6, 8.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.10–1.85 (m, 2H), 1.85–1.72 (m, 1H), 1.72–1.60 (m, 2 H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.49–1.35 (m, 1H), 1.32–1.23 (m, 1H), 1.21–1.13 (m, 9H), 0.91 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.05 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.5, 133.9, 131.5, 129.0, 124.4, 64.3, 63.5, 63.4, 45.8, 42.1, 38.6, 35.2, 33.0, 27.2 (3 C), 25.9 (3 C), 25.7, 25.6, 18.3, 17.7, 16.2, –5.2 (2 C); HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₆H₅₁O₄Si [M+H]⁺) 455.3551, found 455.3560.



(2S,3R)-2-((R,E)-5-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-(formyloxy)pent-3-en-2-yl)-3,7-

dimethyloct-6-enyl pivalate (S7) Formic acid (90 μ L, 1.93 mmol), EDCI (1.00 g, 5.24 mmol), and DMAP (257 mg, 2.10 mmol) were sequentially added to a solution of alcohol **19** (795 mg, 1.75 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was allowed to warm to ambient temperature and was then stirred for 3 h. The reaction mixture was diluted in saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (10 mL). The layers were immediately separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (30 mL) and brine (30 mL) and then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (97:3)), providing **S7** (814 mg, 96%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.44 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); [α]_D²² +7.9° (c 0.95, CHCl₃);

IR (film) 2958, 2929, 2857, 1729, 1156 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (s, 1H), 5.63 (dt, J = 15.4, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (dd, J = 15.4, 8.9 Hz, 1H), 5.13-5.01 (m, 1H), 4.28–4.15 (m, 2H), 4.10 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 4.08–3.99 (m, 2H), 2.74–2.55 (m, 1H), 2.10–1.85 (m, 2H), 1.76–1.68 (m, 1H), 1.68–1.58 (m, 1H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.46–1.33 (m, 1H), 1.33–1.21 (m, 1H), 1.17 (m, 9H), 0.92 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.91–0.87 (s, 9H), 0.19–0.08 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.2, 160.7, 133.1, 131.5, 127.9, 124.2, 65.7, 63.3, 63.1, 41.9, 41.8, 38.5, 35.2, 32.6, 27.1 (3 C), 25.8 (3 C), 25.6, 25.6, 18.3, 17.6, 16.1, -5.3, -5.3; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₇H₅₁O₅Si [M+H]⁺) 483.3500, found 483.3517.



(2S,3R)-2-((R,E)-1-(Formyloxy)-5-hydroxypent-3-en-2-yl)-3,7-dimethyloct-6-enyl pivalate (S8) Acetic acid (1.52 mL, 26.58 mmol) and tetrabutylammonium triphenyldifluorosilicate (TBAT, 9.37 g, 17.36 mmol) were sequentially added to a solution of S7 (4.19 g, 8.68 mmol) in THF (90 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was then allowed to warm to ambient temperature and was stirred for 12 h. The reaction was quenched with the addition of water (40 mL) and was diluted in Et₂O (100 mL). The aqueous layer was then separated and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (2 x 50 mL) and brine (2 x 50 mL) and then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (4:1)), providing S8 (3.17 g, 99%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.16 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +2.9° (c 0.90, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3431,

2964, 2917, 1723, 1715, 1157 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 5.68 (td, J = 15.4, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (dd, J = 15.4, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.08-4.99 (m, 1H), 4.22-4.13 (m, 3H), 4.12-3.99 (m, 4H), 2.67–2.56 (m, 1H), 2.07-1.84 (m, 3H), 1.76–1.68 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.45–1.33 (m, 1H), 1.32-1.23 (m, 1H), 1.15 (s, 9H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H);¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.5, 160.9, 132.7, 131.6, 130.2, 124.1, 65.5, 63.1, 62.9, 41.9, 41.9, 38.6, 35.3, 32.4, 27.1 (3 C), 25.6, 25.6, 17.6, 16.0; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₁H₃₅O₄ [M-OH]⁺) 351.2530, found 351.2526.



(2S,3R)-2-((3S,4S)-5-Hydroxy-4-vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-3,7-dimethyloct-6-enyl pivalate (22) To a solution of CBr₄ (2.34 g, 7.05 mmol) and PPh₃ (2.44 g, 9.31 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at 0 °C was added a solution of **S8** (980 mg, 2.66 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (17 mL). The reaction was allowed to stir for 20 min and was then diluted in hexanes (50 mL) and passed through a plug of silica gel followed by a wash with 15% EtOAc in hexanes (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* and then dissolved in THF (175 mL). To the solution was added CrCl₂ (689 mg, 5.61 mmol), resulting in a green-gray suspension. After 10 h, the purple homogeneous solution was quenched with water (150 mL) and then diluted in EtOAc (200 mL). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic extracts were then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)), providing **22** (863 mg, 92%) as a 2:1 mixture of inseparable C-19 diastereomers: $R_f 0.26$ (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); IR (film) 3424 (br), 2965, 2930, 1727, 1480, 1284, 1157 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.86–5.64 (m,

1H), 5.29 (dd, J = 4.2, 3.4 Hz, 0.3H), 5.23–4.98 (m, 3.7H), 4.25 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 0.3H), 4.15–3.99 (m, 2.7H), 3.77 (dd, J = 9.8, 8.6 Hz, 0.7H), 3.64 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 0.3H), 2.71–2.49 (m, 1.3H), 2.33–2.21 (m, 0.7H), 2.02–1.86 (m, 2H), 1.83–1.74 (m, 0.7H), 1.71–1.61 (m, 0.3H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.52–1.24 (m, 3H), 1.19–1.14 (m, 9H), 0.91–0.84 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.3, 138.7, 136.6, 131.6, 124.1, 117.4, 116.4, 103.8, 100.5, 72.0, 71.0, 63.0, 62.8, 56.2, 53.6, 44.9, 44.8, 44.3, 40.7, 38.5, 35.9, 35.7, 33.7, 33.6, 27.2, 25.9, 25.8, 25.6, 17.7, 25.9, 15.6; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₁H₃₅O₃ [M-OH]⁺) 335.2581, found 335.2572.



(2S,3R)-2-((3S,4S)-5-methoxy-4-vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-3,7-dimethyloct-6-enyl pivalate (23) To a solution of lactol 22 (440 mg, 1.25 mmol) in MeOH (13 mL) at ambient temperature was added PPTs (32 mg, 0.125 mmol). After stirring for 12 h, the reaction solution was diluted in Et₂O (25 mL) and washed with H₂O (3 x 15 mL) and brine (15 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (19:1)), providing 23 (456 mg, 100%) as a 58:42 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: R_f 0.87 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); IR (film) 2966, 2927, 1729, 1283, 1159, 1033 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.83–5.66 (m, 1H), 5.17–4.98 (m, 3H), 4.79 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 0.4H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 0.6H), 4.19–3.98 (m, 3H), 3.70–3.65 (m, 0.4H), 3.61 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 8.5 Hz, 0.6H), 3.34 (s, 0.6H), 3.32 (s, 0.4H), 2.61–2.54 (m, 1.4H), 2.25 (tt, *J* = 10.2, 7.4 Hz, 0.6H), 2.04–1.86 (m, 2.4H), 1.81–1.72 (m, 0.6H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.54–1.44 (m, 1H), 1.42–1.27 (m, 2H), 1.20–1.17 (m, 9H), 0.90 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1.2H), 0.89 (d, *J*

= 6.9 Hz, 1.8H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.2, 139.1, 136.8, 131.6, 124.2, 124.1, 116.8, 115.9, 110.5, 107.3, 71.8, 70.8, 63.0, 62.8, 55.5, 54.9, 54.6, 53.6, 45.1, 44.9, 44.3, 41.1, 38.5, 35.9, 35.7, 33.7, 33.6, 27.2 (3 C), 25.9, 25.8, 25.6, 17.6, 15.9, 15.6; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₂H₃₇O₄ [M–H]⁺) 365.2686, found 365.2670.



(2S,3R)-3,7-Dimethyl-2-((3S,4S,5S)-5-(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4-vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-

yl)oct-6-enyl pivalate (24) To a solution of lactol 22 (2.43 g, 6.89 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (70 mL) at 0 °C were added 2,6-lutidine (3.20 mL, 27.57 mmol) and TIPSOTf (3.72 mL, 13.79 mmol). The reaction was allowed to stir at 0 °C for 90 minutes and was then diluted in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) and brine (50 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (50:1)), providing 24 (3.16 g, 90%) as a 91:9 mixture of inseparable C-19 diastereomers. The major diastereomer was characterized as follows: R_f 0.82 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); IR (film) 2963, 2941, 2867, 1730, 1157 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.72 (dt, *J* = 17.1, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.14–5.03 (m, 2H), 5.02–4.96 (m, 1H), 4.10 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (t, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 2.69–2.57 (m, 1H), 2.27–2.16 (m, 1H), 2.05–1.89 (m, 2H), 1.87–1.79 (m, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.55–1.45 (m, 1H), 1.42–1.24 (m, 2H), 1.22–1.15 (m, 9H), 1.12–1.01 (m, 21H), 0.88 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.3, 139.7, 131.6, 124.2, 115.7, 103.8, 70.8, 63.2, 58.0, 44.8, 44.5, 38.6, 35.8,

33.6, 27.2 (3 C), 25.9, 25.7, 17.8 (4 C), 17.7 (3 C), 15.6, 12.0 (3 C); HRMS-ESI (calcd for C₃₀H₅₆O₄SiNa [M+Na]⁺) 531.3846, found 531.3843.



(2S,3R)-3,7-Dimethyl-2-((3S,4S,5S)-5-(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4-vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-

yl)oct-6-en-1-ol (S9) To a solution of alcohol 24 (3.36 g, 6.60 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (140 mL) at -78 °C was added DIBAL (1.0 M in hexanes, 16.51 mL, 16.51 mmol). The reaction was allowed to stir for 1 h and was then guenched at -78 °C with the addition of a saturated aqueous solution of potassium sodium tatrate (200 mL). Mixture was warmed to ambient temperature and stirred vigorously overnight. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 200 mL). Combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered The crude product was purified via flash chromatography and concentrated in vacuo. (Hexanes/EtOAc (19:1)), providing S9 (2.70g, 96%) as a 91:9 mixture of inseparable C-19 diastereomers. The major diastereomer was characterized as follows: R_f 0.64 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); IR (film) 3438 (br), 2940, 2866, 2360, 2342, 1457, 1027 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 5.81 (dt, J = 17.2, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.26–5.21 (m, 1H), 5.21–5.03 (m, 3H), 4.05 (t, J = 8.1Hz, 1H), 3.88–3.77 (m, 1H), 3.77–3.63 (m, 2H), 2.77–2.67 (m, 1H), 2.24–2.13 (m, 1H), 2.10– 1.81 (m, 3H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.63–1.55 (m, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.54–1.35 (m, 2H), 1.34–1.23 (m, 1H), 1.14–1.01 (m, 21H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.3, 131.5, 124.4, 115.9, 104.0, 71.5, 61.5, 57.1, 47.5, 45.4, 35.7, 34.0, 26.0, 25.7, 17.9, 17.8 (3 C), 17.7, (3 C), 15.7, 12.0 (3 C); HRMS-ESI (calcd for C₂₅H₄₈O₃SiNa [M+Na]⁺) 447.3270, found 447.3256.



(2S,3R)-3,7-Dimethyl-2-((3S,4S,5S)-5-(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4-vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-

yl)oct-6-enal (25) To a solution of alcohol **S9** (381 mg, 0.90 mmol, 10:1 mixture of C-19 diastereomers) in CH₂Cl₂ (9.0 mL) were added powdered, activated 4Å MS (500 mg) and NMO (157 mg, 1.34 mmol). The suspension was allowed to stir for 10 min and then TPAP (31 mg, 0.09 mmol) was added in one portion. The reaction was allowed to stir for 45 minutes and was then filtered through a plug of silica gel. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give a dark oil that was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (49:1)), providing **25** (375 mg, 99%) as a 91:9 inseparable mixture of diastereomers. The major diastereomer was characterized as follows: R_f 0.62 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); IR (film) 2924, 2866, 1723, 1463, 1027 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.70 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 5.80–5.64 (m, 1H), 5.23 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.13–4.97 (m, 3H), 4.14–4.03 (m, 1H), 3.82–3.71 (m, 1H), 2.59-2.42 (m, 3H), 2.08–1.96 (m, 2H), 1.74–1.65 (m, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.51–1.37 (m, 1H), 1.35–1.18 (m, 1H), 1.12–1.01 (m, 21H), 1.01–0.95 (m, 3H) ; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.2, 138.2, 132.1, 123.7, 116.7, 103.4, 69.7, 59.0, 58.1, 42.4, 35.7, 33.6, 25.7, 25.6, 17.8 (3 C), 17.7 (3 C), 17.7 15.4, 11.9 (3 C); HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₅H₄₇O₃Si [M+H]⁺) 423.3289, found 423.3286.



(4R,5S,6R)-6,10-Dimethyl-5-((3S,4S,5S)-5-(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4-vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-

yl)undec-9-en-1-yn-4-ol (27) Allenylmagnesium bromide was prepared according to the procedure described by Kleinschroth and coworkers.² To a 2-neck round-bottom flask was added a stir bar, freshly polished magnesium turnings (750 mg, 30.73 mmol), and HgCl₂ (17 mg, 0.06 mmol). The flask was fitted with a condenser and placed under high-vacuum. The system was then flame-dried, cooled and back-filled with argon. To the flask were added Et₂O (50 mL) and propargyl bromide (80% in toluene, 1.20 mL, 10.80 mmol). The reaction was heated to reflux to initiate Grignard formation and then cooled to -20 °C. Additional propargyl bromide (80% in toluene, 1.70 mL, 15.30 mmol) was added and reaction was stirred for 1 h. Next, a solution of aldehyde 25 (2.57 g, 6.09 mmol, 10:1 mixture of C-19 diastereomers) in Et₂O (120 mL) was added over 30 minutes (syringe pump). The reaction was allowed to stir an additional 2 h and was the quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride (100 mL). Mixture was warmed to ambient temperature and stirred vigorously until complete consumption of magnesium was observed. The aqueous layer was then extracted with Et₂O (3 x 100 mL) and the combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (50:1)), providing 27 as a single diastereomer and the other C-4 and C-19 diastereomers as an inseparable mixture (combined yield: 2.70g, 96%): $R_f 0.33$ (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); $[\alpha]_D^{24} + 24.2^\circ$ (c 0.95, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3460 (br), 3312, 2942, 2926, 2866, 1463, 1025 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.72 (td, J = 17.7, 9.4 Hz,1H), 5.23 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.13–5.06 (m, 3H), 4.06 (t, J = 8.0 Hz,

1H), 3.99-3.92 (m, 1H), 3.90 (dd, J = 9.6, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (ddd, J = 9.2, 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (ddd, J = 16.6, 7.9, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (ddd, J = 16.6, 5.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.28-2.17 (m, 1H), 2.24 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (t, J = 2.55 Hz, 1H), 2.00-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.16 (m, 2H), 1.16-0.99 (m, 21H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); 13 C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.4, 131.7, 124.3, 116.6, 103.0, 81.3, 70.7, 70.6, 69.0, 57.5, 46.5, 43.8, 36.0, 32.1, 27.0, 26.1, 25.7, 17.9 (3 C), 17.8 (3 C), 17.7, 17.4, 12.0 (3 C); HRMS-ESI (calcd for $C_{28}H_{50}O_3SiNa$ [M+Na]⁺) 485.3427, found 485.3438.



General Procedure for the Formation of C-4 Mosher Esters (S10): To a solution of (*S*)-(–)- α -methoxy- α -trifluoromethylphenylacetic acid (19 mg, 0.081 mmol) and DMF (10 μ L, 0.081 mmol) in hexanes (4 mL) was added oxalyl chloride (70 μ L, 0.081 mmol) at ambient temperature. The reaction was allowed to stir for 2 h and was then filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The acid chloride was then placed under argon and a solution of alcohol **27** (15 mg, 0.032 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) was added via syringe, followed by DMAP (20 mg, 0.162 mmol). The reaction was allowed to stir for 12 h and was then diluted in H₂O (3 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic extracts were then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the crude (*S*)-Mosher ester (*S*)-S10. In a separate flask, (*R*)-(+)- α -

methoxy- α -trifluoromethylphenylacetic acid was employed in an identical procedure to give (*R*)-**S10**. Both esters were then used in crude form for 1H-NMR analysis :

Selected Proton Shifts:

(*S*)-S10: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.62 (ddd, *J* = 17.1, 9.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H, H(e)), 5.30–5.23 (m, 1H, H(a)), 5.15 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H H(f)), 3.76 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 7.8 Hz, 1H, H(c)), 3.53 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 8.4 Hz, 1H, H(d)), 2.55 (ddd, *J* = 16.5, 6.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H(g)), 1.98 (dd, *J* = 2.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H(h)), 0.44 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, H(b))

(*R*)-S10: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.63 (ddd, J = 17.1, 9.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H, H(e)), 5.35–5.28 (m, 1H, H(a)), 5.16 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H, H(f)), 3.79 (dd, J = 7.7, 7.7 Hz, 1H, H(c)), 3.69–3.63 (m, 1H, H(d)), 2.37 (ddd, J = 16.5, 8.0, 2.6 Hz, 1H, H(g)), 1.93 (dd, J = 2.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H(h)), 0.73 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H, H(b))



Model proposed by Kakisawa³

Proton	δ_S (Hz)	δ _{<i>R</i>} (Hz)	$\Delta \delta (\delta_S - \delta_R)$
а	2105	2126	-21
b	176	293	-117
c	1505	1517	-12
d	1412	1464	-52
e	2248	2251	-3
f	2058	2065	—7
g	1025	944	+81
h	793	770	+23



(1R,3R,4S,5S,8S)-4-((R)-6-methylhept-5-en-2-yl)-3-(prop-2-ynyl)-8-vinyl-2,7-

dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane (29) To a solution of Cp₂ZrCl₂ (100 mg, 0.34 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.85 mL) was added neat AlMe₃ (100 µL, 1.03 mmol). The resulting yellow solution was allowed to stir for 20 min at ambient temperature and was then cooled to -25 °C. Next, H₂O (6 µL, 0.34 mmol) and a solution of homopropargylic alcohol 27 (80 mg, 0.17 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.75 mL) were added sequentially and the reaction was left to stir at -25 °C for 18 h and then -5 °C for 6 h. The reaction was then cooled to -20 °C and a solution of I₂ (431 mg, 1.7 mmol) in THF (1.7 mL) was added dropwise. The resulting mixture was warmed to 0 °C over 1 h and then quenched with the addition of ice. The mixture was diluted in saturated, aqueous K_2CO_3 and then stirred for 30 min. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH2Cl2 (3 x 3 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to give an orange oil. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (49:1)), providing 29 (31 mg, 62%) as a colorless oil: $R_f 0.35$ (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +59.8° (c 0.67, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3310, 2964, 2925, 1085 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.66 (ddd, J = 17.5, 10.4, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (s, 1H), 5.19 (dt, J =17.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (dt, J = 10.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 5.10–5.04 (m, 1H), 3.99 (dd, J = 8.2, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.68–3.61 (m, 1H), 2.77 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (ddd, J = 17.0, 5.1, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (ddd, J = 17.0, 6.1, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (br. d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 2.16–2.04 (m, 1H), 2.03 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.98–1.86 (m, 1H), 1.76–1.70 (m, 1H), 1.70 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 3 3H), 1.62–1.50 (m, 2H), 1.23–1.11 (m, 1H), 1.00 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.8, 132.0, 124.1, 116.9, 101.5, 81.3, 73.0, 70.0, 68.7, 52.5, 45.9, 38.1, 34.2, 31.9, 26.1, 25.7 (2 C), 18.1, 17.7; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₁₉H₂₉O₂ [M+H]⁺) 289.2162, found 289.2162.



tert-Butyl((4R,5S,6R)-6,10-dimethyl-5-((3S,4S,5S)-5-(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4-

vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)undec-9-en-1-yn-4-yloxy)dimethylsilane (S11) To a solution of alcohol **27** (169 g, 0.37 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (8.0 mL) at 0 °C were added 2,6-lutidine (0.51 mL, 4.38 mmol) and TBSOTf (0.49 mL, 1.83 mmol), sequentially. The reaction was then warmed to ambient temperature and stirred for an additional 3 h. The reaction was quenched with the addition of H₂O (10 mL), the layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with a saturated aqueous solution of CuSO₄ (3 x 15 mL), H₂O (20 mL) and brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{20}$ +22.0° (c 0.96, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3314, 2929, 2866, 2360, 2340, 1464, 1095 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.72 (td, *J* = 17.0, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.14–5.05 (m, 3H), 4.06–3.99 (m, 2H), 3.84 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (dt, *J* = 9.1, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (ddd, *J* = 16.5, 7.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (ddd, *J* = 16.5, 6.0, 2.6 Hz, 1H),

2.21-2.09 (m, 1H), 2.04–1.95 (m, 2H), 1.92 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.89-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.84-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.48-1.33 (m, 1H), 1.29-1.14 (m, 1H), 1.14-0.97 (m, 21H), 0.93 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 3H), 0.06 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.2, 131.4, 124.5, 116.5, 102.7, 81.9, 71.3, 70.1, 59.0, 46.6, 44.6, 35.8, 30.7, 26.1, 26.0 (3 C), 25.7, 25.6, 19.1, 18.1, 17.9 (3 C), 17.8 (3 C), 17.7, 12.0 (3 C), -3.9, -4.3; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₃₄H₆₃O₃Si₂ [M-H]⁺) 575.4310, found 575.4318.



tert-Butyl((4R,5S,6R,Z)-6,10-dimethyl-2-(tributylstannyl)-5-((3S,4S,5S)-5-

(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4-vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-1-(trimethylsilyl)undeca-1,9-dien-4-

yloxy)dimethylsilane (30) To a solution of alkyne S11 (195 g, 0.34 mmol) in THF (3.5 mL) were added Me₃SiSnBu₃ (0.59 mL, 1.69 mmol) and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (78 mg, 0.07 mmol), sequentially. The reaction was heated to reflux for 12 h and then cooled to ambient temperature, diluted in hexanes (10 mL) and filtered through a plug of silica. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **30** as a orange oil. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (99:1)), providing **30** (271 mg, 85%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.41 (Hexanes/EtOAc (19:1)); [α]_D²³ +24.9° (c 1.24, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2956, 2971, 2867, 1463, 1247, 1047 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.46 (s, 1H), 5.67 (dt, *J* = 17.1, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.15–4.96 (m, 3H), 4.24–4.17 (m, 1H), 4.07 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (ddd, *J* = 18.4, 9.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.48-2.34 (m, 2H), 2.22-2.11 (m, 1H),

2.10–1.98 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.71-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.56-1.39 (m, 7H), 1.39-1.25 (m, 7H), 1.11–1.03 (m, 21H), 0.99-0.85 (m, 27H), 0.13-0.06 (m, 15H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.2, 145.0, 139.6, 131.2, 124.7, 116.6, 102.7, 71.1, 70.2, 59.2, 44.9, 36.5, 30.9, 29.3, 29.2 (3 C), 29.1, 27.5 (3 C), 26.3, 26.2 (3 C), 25.6, 19.5, 18.2, 17.9 (3 C), 17.8 (3 C), 17.7, 13.6 (3 C), 12.1 (3 C), 11.4 (3 C), 0.4 (3 C), -3.4, -3.6; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₄₉H₉₉O₃Si₃Sn [M-H]⁺) 939.5918, found 939.5945.



tert-Butyl((4R,5S,6R,Z)-2-iodo-6,10-dimethyl-5-((3S,4S,5S)-5-(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4-

vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-1-(trimethylsilyl)undeca-1,9-dien-4-yloxy)dimethylsilane (S12) Di-*t*-butyl-4-methylpyridine (187 mg, 0.91 mmol) and I₂ (77 mg, 0.30 mmol) were sequentially added to a solution of vinylstannane **30** (286 mg, 0.30 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (6.0 mL) at -40 °C. The reaction was allowed to stir for 3 h and was then quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃ (10 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (199:1)), providing **S12** (220 mg, 93%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.55 (Hexanes/EtOAc (19:5)); $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +23.8° (c, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2927, 2865, 2360, 1463, 1249, 1028 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.40 (s, 1H), 5.73 (td, *J* = 17.0, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.15–5.03 (m, 3H), 4.17 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (dd, *J*

= 10.4, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (dt, J = 9.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.22–2.11 (m, 1H), 2.03–1.89 (m, 2H), 1.87–1.77 (m, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.66–1.63 (m, 1H), 1.61 (s, 3H), 1.47–1.35 (m, 1H), 1.31–1.19 (m, 1H), 1.11–1.04 (m, 21H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.90-0.85 (s, 9H), 0.16 (s, 9H), 0.15 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.6, 139.8, 131.7, 124.7, 118.6, 117.3, 102.5, 70.7, 69.9, 59.4, 56.1, 45.3, 37.1, 30.4, 30.2, 26.4 (3 C), 26.2, 25.9, 19.4, 18.3, 18.1 (3 C), 18.0 (3 C), 18.0, 12.3 (3 C), -1.1 (3 C), -3.3, -3.5; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₃₇H₇₂O₃Si₃I [M-H]⁺) 775.3828, found 775.3812.



tert-Butyldimethyl((4R,5S,6R,E)-2,6,10-trimethyl-5-((3S,4S,5S)-5-(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-1-(trimethylsilyl)undeca-1,9-dien-4-yloxy)silane (S13) To a flame-dried flask under argon was added CuI (2.61 g, 13.72 mmol) and Et₂O (13.5 mL). The suspension was then cooled to -20 °C and MeLi (1.6 M in Et₂O, 17.3 mL, 27.70 mmol) was added dropwise. Next, a solution of vinyl iodide S12 (2.09 g, 2.69 mmol) in Et₂O (13.5 mL) was added dropwise via syringe. The reaction was allowed to warm slowly to 0 °C and then stirred an additional 1 h at this temperature. Filtration through a plug of silica gel and concentration of the filtrate provided crude S13 as a yellow oil. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (99:1)), providing S13 (1.73g, 98%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.55 (Hexanes/EtOAc (19:1)); $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +32.4° (c 1.13, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2956, 2866, 1463, 1248, 836 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.72 (td, J = 17.0, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.13–5.02 (m, 3H), 4.06 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.03–3.97 (m, 1H), 3.85 (dd, J = 10.4, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (dt, J = 9.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.29–2.10 (m, 3H), 2.05–1.88 (m, 2H), 1.87–1.79 (m, 1H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.66–1.62 (m, 1H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.37-1.24 (m, 1H), 1.19–0.99 (m, 22H), 0.94 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.09–0.04 (m, 15H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.8, 139.7, 131.5, 127.7, 124.6, 116.8, 102.6, 70.9, 70.1, 59.4, 48.5, 44.9, 36.4, 30.2, 30.0, 26.2 (3 C), 26.1, 25.7, 22.2, 19.6, 18.1, 17.9 (3 C), 17.8 (3 C), 17.7, 12.1 (3 C), 0.0 (3 C), – 3.8, –3.9; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₃₇H₇₃O₃Si₃ [M-CH₃]⁺) 649.4862, found 649.4842.



tert-butyl((4R,5S,6R,E)-1-iodo-2,6,10-trimethyl-5-((3S,4S,5S)-5-(triisopropylsilyloxy)-4vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)undeca-1,9-dien-4-yloxy)dimethylsilane (31) To a solution of vinylsilane S13 (1.73 g, 2.60 mmol) in CH₃CN (52 mL) was added NIS (878 mg, 3.90 mmol). The reaction flask was capped, covered in tin foil, and stirred for 12 h. A saturated aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃ (40 mL) was then added and the mixture was diluted in EtOAc (50 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (199:1)), providing **31** (1.54g, 82%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.66 (Hexanes/EtOAc (9:1)); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +36.4° (c 0.99, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2928, 2865, 1638, 1463, 1255, 1047 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.9, 140.1, 131.9, 124.6, 117.0, 102.9, 78.8, 70.6, 70.5, 59.8, 45.0, 35.8,

30.1, 26.4, 26.2 (3 C), 25.9, 24.5, 20.5, 18.2, 18.1 (3 C), 18.0 (6 C), 12.2 (3 C), −3.8, −3.9; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₃₅H₆₆O₃Si₂I [M-H]⁺) 717.3590, found 717.3619.



(2S,3R)-2-((3S,4S)-5-methoxy-4-((E)-4-methyl-5-tosylpent-3-enyl)tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-

3,7-dimethyloct-6-enyl pivalate (S15) To a solution of 9-BBN dimer (91 mg, 0.37 mmol) in THF (0.9 mL), was added a solution of alkene **23** (137 mg, 0.37 mmol) in THF (0.6 mL). After stirring for 3 h at ambient temperature, TLC analysis revealed complete consumption of **23** and H₂O (0.1 mL) was added. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir vigorously for 15 min and was then transferred via cannula to a flask containing vinyl iodide **32**⁴ (175 mg, 0.56 mmol), PdCl₂(dppf) (61 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (244 mg, 0.75 mmol), and AsPh₃ (23 mg, 0.075 mmol) in H₂O (0.2 mL) and DMF (2.5 mL). The reaction was allowed to stir for 2 h and was then diluted in Et₂O (10 mL) and washed with H₂O (3 x 5 mL) and brine (5 mL). The organic layer was then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give an orange oil which was taken up in THF (2.2 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. To the solution were added AcOH (40 μ L, 0.72 mmol) and TBAT (287 mg, 0.53 mmol). The reaction was allowed to warm slowly and was stirred overnight at ambient temperature. Dilution with H₂O (3 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was followed by separation of the layers and extraction of the aqueous layer with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 5 mL).

The combined organic extracts were then dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford crude S14 as an orange oil. Filtration through a plug of silica gel then gave S14 (92 mg, 56% from 23) as an oil of moderate purity that could be utilized without further purification in the next reaction.

S14: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.44–5.35 (m, 1H), 5.10–5.02 (m, 1H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 0.4H), 4.69 (br. s, 0.6H), 4.21–4.13 (m, 1H), 4.06–3.95 (m, 4H), 3.64 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 6.5 Hz, 0.4H), 3.56 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 8.6 Hz, 0.6H), 3.35 (s, 1.2H), 3.32 (s, 1.8H), 2.20–1.85 (m, 7H), 1.78–1.55 (m, 3H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.53–1.30 (m, 2H), 1.21–1.17 (m, 9H), 0.94–0.84 (m, 3H).

Imidazole (23 mg, 0.33 mmol), PPh3 (67 mg, 0.26 mmol) and I2 (84 mg, 0.33 mmol) were sequentially added to a solution of alcohol S14 (56 mg, 0.128 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.6 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was allowed to stir for 10 min in the dark and was then diluted in hexanes and passed through a plug of silica gel. The filtrate was washed with saturated, aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting oil was then taken up in DMF (2.6 mL) and sodium tolylsulfinate was added. The reaction was covered in aluminum foil, stirred overnight, diluted in Et₂O (15 mL), and washed with H₂O (3 x 10 mL) and The organic layer was then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and brine (15 mL). concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)), providing S15 (63 mg, 86% from S14) as a 58:42 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: Rf 0.58 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); IR (film) 2921, 1725, 1480, 1456, 1316, 1285, 1157, 1033 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74–7.69 (m, 2H), 7.34–7.30 (m, 2H), 5.12-5.01 (m, 2H), 4.78 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 0.4H), 4.63 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 0.6H), 4.09-3.96 (m, 3H), 3.71-3.67 (m, 2H), 3.63 (dd, J = 8.5, 6.6 Hz, 0.4H), 3.55 (dd, J = 8.9, 8.9 Hz, 0.6H), 3.32 (s,

1.2H), 3.30 (s, 1.8H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.20–2.09 (m, 0.6H), 2.08–1.77 (m, 6.4H), 1.74 (s, 1.2H), 1.73 (s, 1.8H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.64–1.55 (m, 1H), 1.44–1.20 (m, 4H), 1.78–1.64 (m, 9H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1.2H), 8.86 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1.8H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.4, 144.4, 135.8, 135.1, 131.8, 131.7, 129.6, 128.5, 124.2, 123.8, 109.8, 105.4, 70.8, 70.4, 66.2, 63.8, 63.7, 54.6, 45.4, 49.6, 47.1, 44.9, 44.5, 44.4, 42.6, 38.7, 36.3, 35.9, 33.4, 33.3, 29.7, 28.2, 27.2, 27.0, 26.0, 25.8, 25.7, 21.6, 17.7, 16.8, 16.6, 15.8, 15.4; HRMS-CI (calcd for $C_{32}H_{49}O_5S$ [M–OCH₃]⁺) 545.3295, found 545.3275.



(2S,3R)-2-((3S,4S)-5-methoxy-4-((E)-4-methyl-5-tosylpent-3-enyl)tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-

3,7-dimethyloct-6-en-1-ol (S16) To a solution of **S15** (73 mg, 0.126 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.5 mL) at -78 °C was added DIBAL (1.0M in Hexanes, 316 µL, 0.316 mmol). The reaction was allowed to stir for 30 min and was then quenched at -78 °C with a saturated aqueous solution of sodium potassium tartrate (3 mL). The mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature and was then allowed to stir vigorously for 3 h. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)), providing **S16** (61 mg, 98%) as a 58:42 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: R_f 0.63 (Hexanes/EtOAc (1:1)); IR (film) 3504 (br), 2923, 1457, 1314, 1133, 1086 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75–7.71 (m, 2H), 7.35–7.31 (m,

2H), 5.26–5.19 (m, 1H), 5.11–5.04 (m, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 0.4H), 4.65 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 0.6H), 4.05–3.97 (m, 1H), 3.73–3.57 (m, 5H), 3.33 (s, 1.2H), 3.32 (s, 1.8H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.19–1.84 (m, 7H), 1.73 (s, 1.2H), 1.71 (s, 1.8H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.61–1.24 (m, 6H), 0.89–0.83 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.5, 136.3, 136.0, 135.9, 135.5, 131.6, 131.6, 129.6, 128.5, 124.4, 124.3, 123.9, 123.4, 109.9, 105.6, 76.3, 71.4, 71.2, 66.3, 62.0, 61.9, 54.6, 54.4, 48.4, 47.9, 47.8, 46.4, 45.3, 42.6, 36.4, 35.8, 34.0, 33.3, 27.9, 27.1, 27.0, 26.0, 25.9, 25.7, 21.6, 17.7, 16.8, 16.7, 15.8, 15.4; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₇H₄₁O₄S [M–OCH₃]⁺) 461.2720, found 461.2702.



(2S,3R)-2-((3R,4S)-5-methoxy-4-((E)-4-methyl-5-tosylpent-3-enyl)tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-

3,7-dimethyloct-6-enal (34) Pyridine (25 μ L, 0.31 mmol) and Dess-Martin periodinane (20 mg, 0.05 mmol) were sequentially added to a solution of alcohol **S16** (15 mg, 0.03 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.7 mL) at 0 °C and the reaction was allowed to stir 1 h. The reaction was diluted in Et₂O (3 mL) and washed with a saturated, aqueous solutions of NaHCO₃ (2 x 2 mL), Na₂S₂O₃ (2 x 2 mL), CuSO₄ (3 mL), H₂O (3 mL), and brine (3 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)), providing **34** (14.3 mg, 96%) as a 58:42 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: R_f 0.50 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); IR (film) 2959, 2922, 2854, 1717, 1315, 1133, 1087 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.74 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 0.6H), 9.69 (d,

J = 5.0 Hz, 0.4H), 7.74–7.69 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.31 (m, 2H), 5.09–4.99 (m, 2H), 4.75 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 0.4H), 4.62 (br. s, 0.6H), 4.08 (dd, J = 8.4, 8.4 Hz, 0.4H), 4.01 (dd, J = 8.3, 8.3 Hz, 0.6H), 3.69 (s, 1.2H), 3.68 (s, 1.8H), 3.56 (dd, J = 8.5, 7.3 Hz, 0.4H), 3.53 (dd, J = 8.5, 8.5 Hz, 0.6H), 3.33 (s, 1.2H), 3.29 (s, 1.8H), 2.62–2.50 (m, 1H), 2.47–2.42 (m, 3H), 2.30–1.76 (m, 6H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.69 (s, 1.8H), 1.68 (s, 1.2H), 1.66–1.43 (m, 5H), 1.42–1.10 (m, 2H), 1.02 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1.2H), 0.94 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1.8H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.4, 205.0, 144.4, 135.7, 135.5, 135.2, 132.2, 129.6, 128.5, 124.1, 124.0, 123.6, 109.3, 105.2, 69.9, 69.3, 66.3, 66.2, 59.7, 59.4, 54.7, 54.4, 50.3, 48.2, 41.7, 40.0, 35.8, 35.7, 33.8, 33.5, 32.7, 29.7, 27.3, 26.9, 26.8, 25.7, 25.6, 25.4, 21.6, 17.7, 16.7, 16.6, 15.5, 15.3; HRMS-ESI (calcd for C₂₈H₄₂O₅NaS [M+Na]⁺) 513.2651, found 513.2628.



(2S,3R)-2-((3S,4S)-4-((E)-5-hydroxy-4-methylpent-3-enyl)-5-methoxytetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-3,7-dimethyloct-6-en-1-ol (S17) To a solution of S14 (44 mg, 0.10 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL) at -78 °C was added DIBAL (1.0M in Hexanes, 0.25 mL, 0.25 mmol). The reaction was allowed to stir for 45 min and was then quenched at -78 °C with a saturated aqueous solution of sodium potassium tartrate (3 mL). The mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature and was then allowed to stir vigorously for 12 h. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash

chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)), providing **S17** (34 mg, 97%) as a 58:42 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: $R_f 0.34$ (Hexanes/EtOAc (1:1)); IR (film) 3393 (br), 2920, 2359, 2342, 1449, 1375, 1021 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.47–5.38 (m, 1H), 5.11–5.04 (m, 1H), 4.87 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 0.4H), 4.72 (br. s, 0.6H), 4.07–3.96 (m, 3H), 3.75–3.57 (m, 3H), 3.35 (s, 1.2H), 3.34 (s, 1.8H), 2.24–1.80 (m, 7H), 1.68 (br. s, 3H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 3H), 1.59–1.20 (m, 6H), 0.93–0.80 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.6, 135.1, 131.6, 126.2, 125.4, 124.4, 110.0, 110.0, 105.7, 71.5, 71.0, 69.0, 68.9, 62.1, 62.0, 54.7, 54.4, 48.0, 47.9, 47.7, 46.6, 45.3, 42.6, 39.2, 36.5, 35.7, 34.1, 33.9, 33.2, 28.5, 26.4, 26.1, 26.0, 25.9, 25.7, 17.7, 15.9, 15.4, 13.7, 13.6; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₁H₃₇O₃ [M–OH]⁺) 337.2737, found 337.2731.



(2S,3R)-2-((3R,4S)-5-methoxy-4-((E)-4-methyl-5-oxopent-3-enyl)tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-3,7dimethyloct-6-enal (36) Pyridine (103 μ L, 1.29 mmol) and Dess-Martin periodinane (90 mg, 0.212 mmol) were sequentially added to a solution of diol S17 (12.0 mg, 0.043 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.86 mL) at 0 °C and the reaction was allowed to stir 1 h. The reaction was diluted in Et₂O (3 mL) and washed with saturated, aqueous solutions of Na₂S₂O₃ (2 x 2 mL), CuSO₄ (3 mL), H₂O (3 mL), and brine (3 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (22:3)), providing **36** (11.0 mg, 92%) as a 58:42 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: R_f 0.55 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); IR (film) 2925, 2359, 2342, 1720, 1687, 1450,

1378, 1103, 1024 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.80 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 0.6H), 9.75 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 0.4H), 9.40 (s, 0.6H), 9.39 (s, 0.4H), 6.47–6.40 (m, 1H), 5.11–5.01 (m, 1H), 4.84 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 0.4H), 4.70 (br. s, 0.6H), 4.11 (dd, J = 8.5, 8.4 Hz, 0.4H), 4.04 (dd, J = 8.4, 8.4 Hz, 0.6H), 3.60 (dd, J = 8.6, 6.9 Hz, 0.4H), 3.56 (dd, J = 8.7, 8.5 Hz, 0.6H), 3.35 (s, 1.2H), 3.30 (s, 1.8H), 2.65–2.58 (m, 1H), 2.43–2.17 (m, 3H), 2.15–1.95 (m, 3H), 1.88–1.46 (m, 3H), 1.74 (s, 1.8H), 1.73 (s, 1.2H), 1.69 (s, 1.8H), 1.68 (s, 1.2H), 1.62 (s, 1.8H), 1.60 (s, 1.2H), 1.45–1.20 (m, 2H), 1.04 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1.2H), 0.94 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1.8H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.1, 195.2, 153.3, 139.8, 132.3, 123.5, 109.2, 104.9, 69.3, 59.5, 54.5, 50.5, 41.6, 35.8, 33.5, 32.0, 27.5, 25.8, 25.7, 25.4, 22.6, 17.7, 15.3, 9.2; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₀H₃₁O₃ [M–OCH₃]⁺) 319.2268, found 319.2263.



(3S,4S)-4-((4R,5S,6R,E)-4-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-iodo-2,6,10-trimethylundeca-1,9dien-5-yl)-3-vinyltetrahydrofuran-2-ol (S18) To a solution of acetal 31 (1.21 g, 1.68 mmol) in THF (35 mL) at -40 °C was added TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 1.68 mL, 1.68 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was allowed to warm to -15 °C over 3 h and then quenched with H₂O (30 mL). The mixture was diluted with Et₂O (30 mL) and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 25 mL) and the combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography
(Hexanes/EtOAc (9:1)), providing **S18** (900 mg, 95%) as a 1:1 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: R_f 0.20 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); IR (film) 3387, 2957, 2928, 2857, 2360, 1462, 1255, 1071, 1045 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.90 (s, 0.5H), 5.88 (s, 0.5 H), 5.83–5.64 (m, 1H), 5.31–5.27 (m, 0.5H), 5.25–5.03 (m, 3.5H), 4.22 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 0.5H), 4.08 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 0.5H), 4.05–3.95 (m, 1H), 3.86 (dd, J = 10.3, 8.5 Hz, 0.5H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 0.5H), 3.51 (br. s, 0.5H), 3.22 (br. s, 0.5H), 2.62–2.32 (m, 2.5H), 2.31–2.23 (m, 1H), 2.23–2.12 (m, 0.5H), 2.03–1.86 (m, 2H), 1.86–1.75 (m, 0.5H), 1.77 (s, 3H), 1.74–1.65 (m, 0.5H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.63–1.56 (m, 0.5H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.49–1.44 (m, 0.5H), 1.34–1.19 (m, 1H), 1.19–1.06 (m, 1H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1.5H), 0.90 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1.5H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.08–0.02 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.6, 144.3, 138.7, 136.8, 132.0, 124.5, 124.5, 118.8, 118.2, 102.7, 99.0, 79.3, 79.1, 70.7, 70.6, 70.0, 69.9, 57.1, 54.2, 45.7, 45.1, 40.1, 36.9, 36.2, 30.3, 30.2, 26.4, 26.3, 26.2, 26.0, 24.4, 24.3, 20.1, 19.6, 18.3, 18.1, 17.9, –3.6, –3.7, –3.8; HRMS-ESI (calcd for C₂₆H₄₇O₃SiINa [M+Na]⁺) 585.2237, found 585.2261.



tert-butyl((4R,5S,6R,E)-1-iodo-5-((3S,4S)-5-methoxy-4-vinyltetrahydrofuran-3-yl)-2,6,10trimethylundeca-1,9-dien-4-yloxy)dimethylsilane (39) To a solution of lactol S18 (900 mg, 1.60 mmol) in MeOH (80 mL) at ambient temperature was added PPTs (40 mg, 0.16 mmol). The reaction flask was capped, covered in aluminum foil, and stirred for 18 h. Next, the reaction solution was diluted in Et_2O (100 mL) and washed with H_2O (3 x 50 mL) and brine (50 mL).

Supporting Information

The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (99:1)), providing **39** (912 mg, 99%) as a 1:1 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: R_f 0.58 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); IR (film) 2956, 2928, 2856, 1462, 1254, 1049 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.87 (br. s, 1H), 5.80–5.67 (m, 1H), 5.21–5.04 (m, 3H), 4.77 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 0.5H), 4.69 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 0.5H), 4.11–3.94 (m, 2H), 3.86–3.79 (m, 0.5H), 3.70 (dd, J = 10.5, 8.4 Hz, 0.5H), 3.36 (s, 1.5H), 3.34 (s, 1.5H), 2.55–2.33 (m, 2.5H), 2.31–2.22 (m, 1H), 2.19–2.08 (m, 0.5H), 2.04–1.86 (m, 2H), 1.85–1.75 (m, 0.5H), 1.78 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 3H), 1.74–1.66 (m, 0.5H), 1.69 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.59–1.56 (m, 0.5H), 1.46–1.41 (m, 0.5H), 1.36–1.02 (m, 2H), 0.96 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1.5H), 0.90 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1.5H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.07–0.03 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.4, 144.1, 138.8, 136.7, 131.7, 124.3, 124.2, 118.1, 117.6, 109.4, 105.5, 79.0, 78.8, 70.4, 69.9, 69.8, 56.1, 55.4, 54.6, 54.1, 45.4, 44.9, 40.3, 36.5, 36.0, 30.1, 30.0, 29.7, 26.2, 26.0, 25.7, 24.2, 24.1, 19.9, 19.4, 18.0, 17.8, –3.8, –4.0, –4.1; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₇H₄₈O₃SiI [M-H]⁺) 575.2412, found 575.2406.



(3aS,4S,5R,10aS,E)-5-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-7-methyl-4-((R)-6-methylhept-5-en-2-yl)-3,3a,4,5,6,9,10,10a-octahydro-1H-cyclonona[c]furan-1-ol (38) To neat 39 (78 mg, 0.135 mmol) was added 9-BBN (0.5 M in THF, 405 μ L, 0.203 mmol). The reaction was allowed to stir overnight and was then quenched with degassed H₂O (750 μ L) and stirred vigorously for 15

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Supporting Information

min. The mixture was diluted in degassed THF (2.25 mL) and then added via syringe to a solution of Pd(PPh₃)₄ (78 mg, 0.068 mmol) and NaOH (27 mg, 0.676 mmol) in degassed CH₃CN (25.3 mL) and degassed H₂O (1.70 mL) at ambient temperature. The reaction was then heated to 85 °C and was stirred for 18 h. The reaction was cooled to ambient temperature and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was washed with H₂O (3 x 10 mL) and brine (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture was taken up in hexanes (30 mL), filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give an orange oil. This crude material was dissolved in THF (3.8 mL) and to the resulting solution was added H₂O (5.7 mL) and glacial acetic acid (1.9 mL). The mixture was heated to 85 °C, stirred for 4 h, cooled to 0 °C and slowly quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (5 mL). The mixture was diluted in Et₂O (10 mL), the layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were then washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (2 x 20 mL), H₂O (20 mL) and brine (20 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (50:1 to 93:7)), providing **38** (39 mg, 66%) as a 80:20 inseparable mixture of C-19 diastereomers: R_f 0.32 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); IR (film) 3389, 2928, 2856, 2359, 2342, 1462, 1253, 1050 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.35-5.27 (m, 1H), 5.24 (dd, J = 9.0, 6.3 Hz, 0.2H), 5.17-5.09 (m, 0.8H), 5.09-5.05 (m, 0.2H), 5.01 (br. s, 0.8H), 4.20–4.06 (m, 1H), 4.02 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 0.2H), 3.94 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 0.8H), 3.87 (dd, J = 9.2, 8.7 Hz, 0.8H), 3.68 (dd, J = 8.3, 6.3 Hz, 0.2H), 2.68-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.51-2.30 (m, 2H), 2.51-2H), 2.26–2.12 (m, 1.6H), 2.11–1.86 (m, 4.4H), 1.83–1.65 (m, 4H), 1.79 (s, 3H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.47-1.31 (m, 1H), 1.29-1.09 (m, 1H), 0.93-0.87 (m, 9H), 0.85 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.19-0.14 (m, 3H), 0.09-0.04 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) & 134.8, 134.0, 131.4,

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131.3, 128.1, 126.3, 124.6, 124.5, 104.6, 100.1, 71.6, 71.4, 69.6, 68.7, 54.4, 49.9, 48.4, 48.3, 47.4, 46.9, 43.8, 39.4, 37.1, 36.9, 31.7, 31.5, 31.4, 29.7, 26.5, 26.2, 26.1, 26.0, 25.7, 24.8, 20.2, 18.6, 18.3, 18.0, 17.7, -2.3, -2.6, -5.0, ; HRMS-ESI (calcd for C₂₆H₄₈O₃SiNa [M+Na]⁺) 459.3270, found 459.3274.



(3aS,4S,5R,10aS,E)-5-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-7-methyl-4-((R)-6-methylhept-5-en-2-yl)-3,3a,4,5,6,9,10,10a-octahydro-1H-cyclonona[c]furan-1-one (43) To a solution of lactol 38 (47 mg, 0.108 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (11 mL) were added powdered, activated 4Å MS (60 mg) and NMO (19 mg, 0.162 mmol). The suspension was allowed to stir for 10 min and then TPAP (3.8 mg, 0.011 mmol) was added in one portion. The reaction was allowed to stir for 45 minutes and was then filtered through a plug of silica gel. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give a dark oil. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (50:1)), providing 43 (37 mg, 79%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.46 (Hexanes/EtOAc (17:3)); [α]_D²² -24.0° (c 0.59, CHCl₃); IR (film) 2956, 2927, 2856, 2359, 1770, 1039 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.30–5.19 (m, 1H), 5.13–5.02 (m, 1H), 4.26 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.23-4.19 (m, 1H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.72–2.60 (m, 1H), 2.54-2.42 (m, 1H), 2.40–2.23 (m, 2H), 2.28-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.23–2.10 (m, 1H), 2.09–1.97 (m, 3H), 1.97–1.84 (m, 2H), 1.79 (s, 3H), 1.69–1.63 (m, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.28-1.14 (m, 1H), 1.12-1.01 (m, 1H), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.14 (s, 3H), 0.05 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 180.7, 135.1, 132.3, 126.2,

123.7, 71.8, 69.6, 50.1, 48.0, 47.7, 39.3, 35.4, 31.0, 29.8, 26.0 (3 C), 25.6, 25.6, 25.0, 20.3, 18.3, 17.9, 17.7, -3.3, -4.5; HRMS-ESI (calcd for C₂₆H₄₆O₃SiNa [M+Na]⁺) 457.3114, found 457.3135.



(3aS,4S,5R,10aS,E)-5-hydroxy-7-methyl-4-((R)-6-methylhept-5-en-2-yl)-3,3a,4,5,6,9,10,10a-octahydro-1H-cyclonona[c]furan-1-one (S19) To a solution of 43 (11.8 mg, 0.027 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) at ambient temperature was added TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 0.20 mL, 0.200 mmol). The reaction was then warmed to 40 °C and stirred for 10 h. The reaction was cooled to ambient temperature and quenched with H₂O (1 mL) and diluted in Et₂O (2 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 2 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (Hexanes/EtOAc (50:1 to 93:7)), providing S19 (7.2 mg, 83%) as a colorless oil: R_f 0.30 (Hexanes/EtOAc (3:1)); $[α]_D^{25}$ +14.0° (c 0.72, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3477 (br), 2916, 2854, 1756, 1445, 1003 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.18–5.03 (m, 2H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.20–4.13 (m, 1H), 3.96 (dd, *J* = 9.7, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.74–2.61 (m, 1H), 2.42–2.04 (m, 8H), 2.03–1.95 (m, 2H), 1.82 (s, 3H), 1.80–1.74 (m, 1H), 1.69 (s, 3H), 1.68-1.64 (m, 1H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.35-1.17 (m, 2H), 0.90 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.3, 133.7, 132.1, 128.9, 123.9, 70.2 (2 C), 49.1, 44.8, 44.1, 39.1, 36.9, 31.2,

27.1, 26.1, 25.7, 25.4, 20.2, 17.8, 17.6; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₀H₃₃O₃ [M+H]⁺) 321.2424, found 321.2411.



4-Hydroxydictyolactone (4) To a solution of **S19** (7.2 mg, 0.022 mmol) in THF (440 μ L) at – 78 °C was added freshly prepared lithium diisopropylamide (1.0M in THF, 135 μ L, 0.135 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was allowed to stir for 30 min and then a solution of PhSeBr (13 mg, 0.055 mmol) in THF (50 μ L) was added slowly. After 45 minutes at –78 °C, the reaction was diluted with a saturated aqueous solution of NH₄Cl (500 μ L) and Et₂O (1 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 2 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude α -selenylester that was used without purification in the next reaction.

To a solution of the α -selenylester in CH₂Cl₂ (1.3 mL) at -78 °C was added a solution of *m*CPBA (3.4 mg, 0.020 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (100 µL). The reaction was allowed to stir for 1 h and then Et₃N (50 µL) was added. The reaction was allowed to warm to ambient temperature and was stirred for 24 h. The reaction was partitioned between H₂O (1 mL) and Et₂O (2 mL) and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 2 mL) and the combined organic extracts were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was then purified by preparative TLC (Hexanes/EtOAc (13:7)) to give synthetic 4-hydroxydictyolactone (4) (3.4 mg, 55% from **S19**) as a white foam: R_f 0.21 (Hexanes/EtOAc

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(3:1)); $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ –175.2 (c 0.13, CCl₄); IR (film) 3448 (br), 2917, 1735, 1637, 1183 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.92 (dt, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (br. dd, J = 11.7, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (appt. t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (dd, J = 9.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.31–4.27 (m, 1H), 4.08 (dd, J = 9.7, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (br. d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.18 (ddt, J = 17.5, 11.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (ddd, J = 17.4, 7.3, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (br. d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (dd, J = 13.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (br. s, 1H), 1.95–1.84 (m, 2H), 1.88 (br. s, 3H), 1.71–1.63 (m, 1H), 1.65 (br. s, 3H), 1.55 (br. s, 3H), 1.22–1.10 (m, 2H), 1.06 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.4, 139.4, 136.1, 135.4, 131.9, 125.3, 123.9, 72.7, 68.7, 51.0, 49.1, 37.9, 35.7, 32.3, 29.4, 25.9, 25.6, 20.0, 18.1, 17.7; HRMS-CI (calcd for C₂₀H₃₁O₃ [M+H]⁺) 319.2268, found 319.2255.

Comparison of ¹H and ¹³C NMR Spectra of Natural and Synthetic 4-Hydroxydictyolactone (4) (Major Conformer)



4 (4-hydroxydictyolactone)

Η	Natural ⁵	Synthetic
2	3.39 (br. d, $J = 7.8$ Hz)	3.39 (br. d, $J = 7.3$ Hz)
3	2.02 (br. s)	2.02 (br. s)
4	4.28 (m)	4.31–4.27 (m)
5α	2.17 (dd, <i>J</i> = 12.8, 2.0 Hz)	2.17 (dd, <i>J</i> = 13.0, 4.0 Hz)
5β	2.32 (dd, <i>J</i> = 12.8, 4.3 Hz)	2.31 (br. d, $J = 12.8$ Hz)
7	5.30 (br. dd, $J = 11.4$, 4.2 Hz)	5.30 (br. dd, <i>J</i> = 11.7, 4.1 Hz)
8α	3.19 (ddt, <i>J</i> = 17.6, 11.4, 2.3 Hz)	3.18 (ddt, <i>J</i> = 17.5, 11.6, 1.8 Hz)
8β	2.94 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 17.6, 7.5, 4.2 Hz)	2.95 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 17.4, 7.3, 4.3 Hz)
9	6.92 (dt, <i>J</i> = 7.5, 2.3 Hz)	6.92 (dt, <i>J</i> = 7.6, 2.0 Hz)
10	1.61 (m)	1.71–1.63 (m)
11	1.22–1.17 (m)	1.22–1.10 (m)
12	1.92 (m)	1.95–1.84 (m)
13	5.02 (sept. t, $J = 7.2$, 1.5 Hz)	5.01 (appt. t, $J = 7.0$ Hz)
15	1.66 (br. s)	1.65 (br. s)
16	1.56 (br. s)	1.55 (br. s)
17	1.06 (d, J = 6.7 Hz)	1.06 (d, J = 6.7 Hz)
18α	4.09 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.5, 7.8 Hz)	4.08 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.7, 7.9 Hz)
18β	4.44 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.5, 1.2 Hz)	4.43 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.5, 1.0 Hz)
20	1.89 (d, J = 1.3 Hz)	1.88 (br. s)



4 (4-hydroxydictyolactone)

С	Natural ⁵	Synthetic	Δ (δ ppm)
1	136.08	136.07	0.01
2	35.74	35.75	0.01
3	50.97	50.99	0.02
4	72.71	72.74	0.03
5	49.05	49.06	0.01
6	135.36	135.38	0.02
7	125.28	125.30	0.02
8	29.42	29.43	0.01
9	139.39	139.36	0.03
10	32.25	32.26	0.01
11	37.86	37.88	0.02
12	25.87	25.89	0.02
13	123.90	123.91	0.01
14	131.87	131.87	0.00
15	25.64	25.64	0.00
16	17.69	17.69	0.00
17	18.13	18.14	0.01
18	68.73	68.72	0.01
19	173.39	173.36	0.03
20	20.00	19.99	0.01

References

- (1) Marshall, J. M.; Trometer, J. D.; Cleary, D. G. Tetrahedron 1989, 45, 391-402.
- (2) Hopf, H.; Böhm, I.; Kleinschroth, J. Org. Synth. 1981, 60, 41.
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- (5) Guella, G.; Chiasera, G.; N'Diaye, I.; Pietra, F. Helv. Chim. Acta 1994, 77, 1203–1221.



Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K User: 1-12-87 File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1180371 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 48 sec



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Pulse Sequence: s2pu	Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 l

File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"	^o
Relax. delay 1.500 sec	
Pulse 29.8 degrees	
Acq. time 0.651 sec	
Width 25157.2 Hz	
130 repetitions	
OBSERVE C13, 100.6097722 MHz	



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Pulse 29.8 degrees
Acq. time 0.651 sec
Width 25157.2 Hz
130 repetitions
DBSERVE C13, 100.6097722 MHz
DECOUPLE H1, 400.1200527 MHz
Power 41 dB
continuously on
WALTZ-16 modulated
DATA PROCESSING
Line broadening 2.0 Hz
FT size 65536



OPMB







Archive directory: /vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

5-299-1H





File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3

Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1083663 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 59 sec





Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3 File:

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INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec

OBSERVE C13, 100.6073327 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1103789 MHz 610 repetitions

S3

Width 25157.2 Hz

continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Power 43 dB

Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536

Total time 1 hr, 32 min, 9 sec

Supporting Information

Archive directory: /vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

lvent: cdcl3	:mp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K	perator: maw	äi	DVA-400 "nmrsun3"	
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13

Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1083661 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 59 sec





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Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees
Acq. time 0.651 sec
Width 25157.2 Hz
156 repetitions
OBSERVE C13, 100.6073335 MHz
DECOUPLE H1, 400.1103789 MHz
Power 43 dB
continuously on
WALTZ-16 modulated
DATA PROCESSING
Line broadening 2.0 Hz
FT size 65536
Total time 1 hr, 32 min, 9 sec







mdd



Archive directory:/vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1083682 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz Total time 0 min, 59 sec FT size 65536



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Solvent: CDCl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz 87 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6073373 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1103789 MHz Power 43 dB continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING DATA PROCESSING Time broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536





bpm

20

40

60

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120

140

160

Archive directory: /vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137399 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 59 sec









Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: CDCl3 Operator: maw File:

OBSERVE C13, 100.6073297 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1103789 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz 2560 repetitions continuously on FT size 65536 Power 43 dB







Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" File:

Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 1.998 sec Width 4500.5 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 300.0574170 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 48 sec









Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3 File:

OBSERVE C13, 100.6073312 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1103789 MHz Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated Width 25157.2 Hz 159 repetitions Power 43 dB



S4











Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K User: 1-12-87 File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1180423 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz Total time 0 min, 48 sec FT size 65536







Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.8 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz 2624 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6097614 MHz OBSERVE C13, 100.6097614 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1200527 MHz Power 41 dB continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 6 hr, 1 sec





Supporting Information

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.000 sec Width 5999.7 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 399.7206759 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 48 sec







Archive directory:/i400/dob/vnmrsys/data File: mjw6_22_13C_p

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

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Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K File: mjw6_22_13C_p INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3

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S6

OBSERVE C13, 100.6073320 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1103789 MHz WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec DATA PROCESSING Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz continuously on 75 repetitions Power 43 dB

S-61





Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K User: 1-12-87 File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137398 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz Total time 0 min, 48 sec















Supporting Information





Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: cdcl3 File:

1209 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6086810 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz FT size 65536 Total time 55 min, 17 sec Line broadening 2.0 Hz continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz DATA PROCESSING Power 42 dB





Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K User: 1-12-87 File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137398 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz Total time 0 min, 48 sec



S7



3-252-13C

Archive directory: /i400/dob/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax, delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz 87 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6086841 MHz OBSERVE C13, 100.6086841 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz Power 42 dB continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 18 min, 25 sec



S7



Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K User: 1-12-87 File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137398 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 48 sec



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bpm

3-227-13C

Archive directory: /i400/dob/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax, delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz 104 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6086841 MHz OBSERVE C13, 100.6086841 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz Power 42 dB continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 1 hr, 32 min, 9 sec



S8



Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K User: 1-12-87 File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137398 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 48 sec







3-261-13C

Archive directory: /i400/dob/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: cdcl3 File:

234 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6086833 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 9 min, 12 sec continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz Power 42 dB







Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.000 sec Width 5999.7 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 399.7076472 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 48 sec







File:

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: cdcl3 File:

FT size 131072 Total time 2 hr, 27 min, 5 sec DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.5 Hz continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated Acq. time 1.300 sec Width 30165.9 Hz Pulse 30.0 degrees Power 45 dB



bpm

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160

Archive directory: /vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137399 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 59 sec






Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz 256 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6086574 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz Power 42 dB continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 9 min, 12 sec



S9



Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K User: 1-12-87 File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137400 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 48 sec







Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3 File:

1988 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6086795 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz Total time 1 hr, 13 min, 43 sec DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz Power 42 dB FT size 65536







Supporting Information

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137400 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz



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Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3 File:

OBSERVE C13, 100.6086802 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz Total time 9 min, 12 sec continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz 256 repetitions Power 42 dB FT size 65536















Archive directory:/i400/dob/vnmrsys/data File: mjw4_184_1H_B

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K File: mjw4_184_1H_B INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137400 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz Total time 0 min, 48 sec FT size 65536



Williams, Walsh, Miller





Archive directory: /i400/dob/vnmrsys/data File: mjw4_184_B_13C

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

File: mjw4_184_B_13C INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3

OBSERVE C13, 100.6086795 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz Total time 3 hr, 4 min, 19 sec DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz 5120 repetitions continuously on FT size 65536 Power 42 dB















Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw

File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137400 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 65536 Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz



S11

Total time 0 min, 48 sec





Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz 512 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6086795 MHz OBSERVE C13, 100.6086795 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz Power 42 dB continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 18 min, 25 sec



S11



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160

Archive directory: /vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 399.7076397 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 59 sec Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz









Archive directory: /vxr400/maw/vnmrsys/data File:

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Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: cdcl3 File:

Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.6 degrees

Acq. time 0.655 sec Width 25000.0 Hz

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469 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.5065640 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 399.7096465 MHz FT size 65536 Total time 18 min, 28 sec Line broadening 1.0 Hz continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Power 43 dB



File: mjw4_239_1H_p

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: mjw4_239_1H_p INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"



Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.049 sec Width 7996.8 Hz





16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 499.8045942 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.2 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 55 sec









Archive directory: /i400/dob/vnmrsys/data File: mjw4_285_13C_p

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

File: mjw4_285_13C_p INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3

OBSERVE C13, 100.6086795 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz Total time 9 min, 12 sec WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz continuously on 256 repetitions FT size 65536







S-87

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3

OTBS

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File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1137400 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.003 sec Width 6402.0 Hz Total time 0 min, 48 sec FT size 65536

S13

CH₃

TMS

S-88







Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Williams, Walsh, Miller

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3 File:

1024 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6082852 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1157467 MHz continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 36 min, 51 sec Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz Power 42 dB







Supporting Information bpm 0

20

40

60

80

100

120

140

160

Archive directory:/vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 399.7076397 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 0 min, 59 sec









Archive directory: /vxr400/maw/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: cdcl3 File:

OBSERVE C13, 100.5065655 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 399.7096465 MHz FT size 65536 Total time 36 min, 56 sec Line broadening 1.0 Hz continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.6 degrees Acq. time 0.655 sec Width 25000.0 Hz DATA PROCESSING 393 repetitions Power 43 dB







Archive directory:/vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3

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File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1085059 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz Total time 0 min, 59 sec FT size 65536



S18







Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3

INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" File:

Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec

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Supporting Information



Archive directory: /vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: cdcl3

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1084593 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz Total time 0 min, 59 sec FT size 65536









Pulse Sequence: s2pul

File: mjw5_162_13C_p INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Solvent: cdcl3

OBSERVE C13, 75.4519967 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 300.0688577 MHz Total time 16 hr, 54 min, 19 sec Line broadening 2.0 Hz WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.868 sec Pulse 29.6 degrees 16287 repetitions Width 18864.9 Hz continuously on FT size 65536 Power 38 dB









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Archive directory:/vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw Solvent: cdcl3

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File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1083663 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz Total time 0 min, 59 sec FT size 65536

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Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: CDCI3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Relax. delay 1.500 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Acq. time 0.651 sec Width 25157.2 Hz 1334 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 100.6073289 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1103789 MHz Power 43 dB continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 65536 Total time 1 hr, 32 min, 9 sec





Archive directory:/vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File:

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: maw

File: INOVA-400 "nmrsun3"

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1083663 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz Total time 0 min, 59 sec FT size 65536







Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Solvent: CDCl3 Operator: maw File:

OBSERVE C13, 100.6073289 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 400.1103789 MHz Total time 1 hr, 32 min, 9 sec DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz 2161 repetitions continuously on Power 43 dB FT size 65536









Archive directory:/vxr400/vnmr1/vnmrsys/data File: mjw6_34_1H_p2

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Operator: maw File: mjw6_34_1H_p2 INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Solvent: cdcl3

16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 400.1083663 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.3 Hz Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 2.730 sec Width 6000.6 Hz Total time 0 min, 59 sec FT size 65536

S-100









Archive directory: /i400/dob/vnmrsys/data File: mjw6_34_13C_p

Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K INOVA-400 "nmrsun3" File: mjw6_34_13C_p Solvent: CDCl3 Operator: maw

DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 2.0 Hz WALTZ-16 modulated Relax. delay 1.500 sec Acq. time 0.651 sec Pulse 29.7 degrees Width 25157.2 Hz 25600 repetitions continuously on Power 43 dB FT size 65536



S19







Supporting Information



