Plant-made vaccine antigens and biopharmaceuticals

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| Antigen | Expression | Expression level | Functional evaluation | Refs |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|-----------|
| Human vaccines Stable expression | system | | | |
| Bacterial antigens | | | | |
| Enterotoxigenic E. coli Heat-labile | Tobacco leaf | 0.001% TSP | Immunogenic and protective in mice after oral administration | [S1] |
| toxin B subunit (LTB) | Potato tuber | 0.19% TSP | Immonogenic and protective by oral delivery to mice | [S2] |
| | Potato tuber | 7.3 to 17.2 µg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in mice and human after oral administration | [S3] |
| | Maize seeds | 0.01-0.05% TSP | Immunogenic and protective in mice after oral administration | [S4] |
| | Maize seeds | 0.8% TSP | Immunogenic response in mice after oral administration | [S5] |
| | Potato tuber | 17µg g⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in mice following oral administration | [S6] |
| | Carrots | 0.3% TSP | Immunogenic and protective against CT challenge | [S7] |
| | Corn | Not Reported | Immunogenic in human following oral administration | [S8] |
| | Soybean | 1.8-2.4% TSP | Immunogenic and partial protection against LT challenge in mice | [S9] |
| | Lettuce | 1.0-2.0% TSP | Strong affinity to GM1-ganglioside | [S10] |
| Enterotoxigenic <i>E. coli</i> fimbrial subunit FanC | Soybean | 0.4-0.5% TSP | Immunogenic by intraperitoneal delivery in mice. | [S11] |
| Cholera toxin B subunit (CTB) | Potato tuber | 0.3% TSP | Immunogenic and protective immunity in mice against bacterial | [S12,S13] |
| | Tomato | 0.020/ TSD | Strong affinity to GM1 ganglioside | [914] |
| | Tomato, | | Strong animity to GMT-gangioside | [314] |
| | Fruito | 0.03-0.04% 13P | | |
| | Tomata | 0 024 0 0010/ TSD | Immunogonia by oral delivery to miss | [915] |
| | Pico | 0.034-0.001 /0 TSF | Immunogenic by oral derivery to fince | [315] |
| | Rice | 2.1% 13P | following oral administration | [510] |
| | Carrot | 0.48% TSP | Strong affinity for GM1-ganglioside | [S17] |
| | Rice | 1.5-2.1% TSP | Strong affinity for GM1-ganglioside | [S18] |
| | Lettuce | 0.16-0.24% TSP | Strong affinity for GM1-ganglioside | [S19] |
| Accessory colonization factor subunit A (ACFA) or CTB-acfA | Tomato leaves | 0.0003-0.06 and 0.006- 0.02% TSP | Not reported | [S20] |
| | | or | | |
| | Fruits | 0.006-0.25 and 0.06-0.08% TSP | | |
| Toxin co-regulated pilus subunit A | Tomato | 0.007-0.17 or | Strong affinity for GM1-ganglioside | [S21] |
| (TCPA) P4 or P6 epitope fused with CTB | | 0.019-0.096% TSP | | |
| Bacillus anthracis protective antigen (PA) | Tobacco leaf | Not Reported | Biological activity demonstrated by cytolytic assay on macrophage like cell lines with lethal factor | [S22] |
| Cholera toxin B subunit fused to rotavirus and enterotoxigenic <i>E. coli</i> heat labile toxin B subunit | Potato tuber | Not Reported | Immunogenic and protective (passive immunity) by oral delivery to mice | [S23] |
| Antigenic lipoprotein (Ag473) | Rice leaves Seeds | 0.18-0.6 or 0.05-0.75% TSP | Immunogenic in mice following intraperitoneal administration. | [S24] |
| Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP) | Tobacco Carrot cell suspension | 0.2-0.3 mg 0.5 kg ⁻¹ biomass | Induced strong antigen-specific antibody response in injected mice | [S25] |
| Tuberculosis antigen ESAT6 fused to LTB | Arabidopsis | 11-24.5 µg g⁻¹ FW | Strong affinity for GM1-ganglioside | [S26] |

Table S1. Vaccine antigens expressed via the plant nuclear genome

| Hepatitis B virus (HBV) surface antigen | Tobacco leaf | 0.0002-0.0066 % TSP | Immunogenic by intraperitoneal delivery to mice | [S27,S28] |
|---|------------------------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| | Potato Potato | 8.5 μg g ⁻¹ FW 8.35 and 1.1 μg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic response in humans following oral administration Immunogenic to mice following oral administration | [S29] [S30, S311 |
| | Lupin callus Lettuce | 11-150 and 1-5.5 ng g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic to mice by oral delivery | [S32] |
| | Potato Banana | Not reported 19.92-38 ng g ⁻¹ FW | Not reported Not reported Diant desired stude and some immunescenisity as commercial | [S33] [S34] |
| | tomatillo, Leaf Stem | 90-300 ng, 5-15 ng and | vaccine in stimulating production of HBsAg specific antibodies in animal | [535] |
| | Fruit Tomato, Fruit | 6-7 ng g ¹ FW 0.02% TSP | Not reported | [S36] |
| | Tomato | 73.2-255.6 ng g ⁻¹ DW | Not reported | [S37] |
| Hepatitis B virus (HBV) surface S and preS2 antigens | Potato | 0.03-0.09 and 0.003-0.012% TSP | Immunogenic in mice | [S38,S39] |
| Hepatitis B virus surface antigen fused with preS1 epitop | Rice | 15.8-31.5 ng g ⁻¹ DW | Immunogenic by intraperitoneal delivery to mice | [S40] |
| Norwalk virus capsid protein (NVCP) | Tobacco leave, potato tubers | 0.23% TSP | Immunogenic by oral delivery to mice | [S41] |
| | Potato tubers | 215-751 µg 150g⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic by oral delivery to human | [S42] |
| | Tomato Fruit and Potato | 8 and 0.4 % TSP | Elicit systemic and mucosal antibody responses in mice following oral administration | [S43] |
| | Tomato | 20 µg g⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in mice | [S44] |
| Rotavirus fused with cholera toxin 3 and enterotoxigenic <i>E. coli</i> heat | Potato tubers | 0.01-0.1% TSP | Immunogenic by oral delivery to mice. Reduced symptoms following rotavirus challenge in pups | [S23,S45] |
| Rotavirus capsid protein (VP6) | Potato leaves Potato tubers | 0.006% TSP 0.002% TSP | Immunogenic in mice following intraperitoneal injection | [S46] |
| Human group A rotavirus (VP6) protein | Alfalfa | 0.06-0.28% TSP | Immunogenic in mice and offspring developed less severe diarrhea after challenge with simian rotavirus SA-11, indicating that antibodies generated in the dams provided passive | [S47] |
| Rotavirus (VP7) | Potato tubers | 0.3-0.4 % TSP | neterotypic protection to the pups Immunogenic in mice following oral delivery. Neutralization activity against rotavirus | [S48,S49] |
| Measles Haemgglutinin protein | Tobacco leaf Carrot | Not Reported Not reported | Immunogenic by intraperitoneal or oral delivery to mice Immunization of mice with plant extracts induced high titres of IgG1 and IgG2a antibodies that cross-reacted strongly with the measles virus and pautralized the virus in vitro | [S50,S51] [S52] |
| SARS-CoV S protein (S1) | Tomato and tobacco leaf | 0.1% TSP | Immunogenic to mice following oral administration | [S53] |
| Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) | Tomato fruits | 1-32.5 µg g⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic to mice following oral administration | [S54] |
| Human cytomegalovirus | Tobacco | 0.007-0.014% TSP | Not reported | [S55] |
| Human cytomegalovirus glycoprotein B (gB) | Rice | Not reported | Contained several neutralizing epitopes and stable over 27 months | [S56] |
| Smallpox recombinant vaccine virus B5 antigenic domain (pB5) | Tobacco and Collard leaf | Not Reported | Antibody response in mice immunized parenterally and protects against lethal dose of vaccinia virus | [S57] |
| Human papillomavirus-like particles (HPV VLPs) L1 capsid protein | Potato | 23 ng g ⁻¹ FW | Immune response in mice following parenteral administration | [S58] |
| HPV-11 L1major capsid protein | Arabidopsis | 3-12 µg g ⁻¹ or 0.2- 2 2 µg g ⁻¹ FW | Weak immune response in rabbits and no neutralization activity | [S59] |
| HPV major capsid protein L1 | Tobacco and | 0.5 to 0.2% TSP | Plant-derived L1 was immunogenic in mice | [S60] |
| Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV-1) and hepatitis B virus (HBV) chimeric gene | Tomato | 0.3 ng mg ⁻¹ DW | Oral administration of plant-derived HIV/HBV vaccine antigen stimulates both serum and secretory HIV- and HBV-specific antibodies in mice | [S61] |
| HIV-1 subtype C p24 antigen | Arabidopsis | 0.5 mg g ⁻¹ in stem and 0.2mg g ⁻¹ in leaf FW | Immunogenic in mice | [S62] |
| HIV type 1 mucosal vaccine (CTB- MPR) membrane proximal (ectodomain) region of gp41 | Tobacco leaf | 0.01-0.2% TSP | Affinity for GM1-ganglioside and immunogenic in mice after mucosal prime-systemic boost immunization | [S63] |

| Japanese encephalitis virus (JEV) | Rice | 1.1-1.9 µg mg⁻¹ TSP | JEV-specific neutralizing antibody detected in mice following intraperitoneal or oral administration | [S64] |
|---|--|--|--|-----------|
| Canine parvovirus (CPV) 2L21 | Arabidopsis | 0.15-3.3% TSP | Immunogenic in mice following intraperitoneal or oral administration | [S65] |
| Small pox vaccine candidate (B5) | Collard | Not reported | Not reported | [S66] |
| Surface glycoprotein (G protein) of rabies virus | Tobacco | 0.001-0.38% TSP | Plant-derived G protein induced complete protective immunity in mice against intracerebral lethal challenge with live rabies virus | [S67] |
| Tumor-associated colorectal cancer antigen EpCAM | Tobacco | 10 mg kg⁻¹ FW | Induced humoral immune response in immunized mice. Sera from immunized mice efficiently inhibited the growth of SW948 colorectal carcinoma cells | [S68] |
| Protozoan antigens Plasmodium yoelii merozoite surface protein (PyMSP4/5) | Tobacco | 0.02-0.04% TSP | Induce antigen-specific antibodies in mice following parenteral delivery | [S69] |
| Human vaccines (Viral/Transient e | xpression) | | | |
| Bacterial antigens Tuberculosis antigen ESAT6 | Tobacco leaf (Potato virus X) | 0.5-1% TSP | Not reported | [S70] |
| Yersinia pestis F1 and LcrV antigens | Tobacco leaf tissue | 380 and 120 µg g⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic and protective in monkeys against Y. pestis following subcutaneous injection | [S71] |
| - | Tobacco | 17 µg g⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in mice and protection in Cynomolgus Macaques | [S72] |
| Yersinia pestis F1-V and F1 antigens | Tobacco leaf | 1 and 2mg g ⁻¹ | Immunogenic and protection in vaccinated guinea pigs against <i>y</i> pestis aerosol challenge | [S73] |
| Staphylococcus aureus D2 peptide of fibronectin-binding protein | Tobacco leaf (CPMV) or (Potato virusX) | 1.2 mg g ⁻¹ or 0.2mg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic to mice and rats following subcutaneous injection. Mice and rat sera completely inhibit the binding of fibronectin | [S74] |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa outer | Cowpea leaf | 1-1.2 mg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic and protective in mice following subcutaneous | [S75] |
| | Tobacco leaf (Tobacco | Not Reported | Immunogenic and protective in mice following intramuscular or subcutaneous injection | [S76] |
| Bacillus anthracis protective | Tobacco | Not reported | Immunogenic and were able to neutralized the effects of LeTx in | [S77] |
| <i>Bacillus anthracis</i> protective antigen (PA-D4s) | Tobacco (Alfalfa mosaic virus) | 0.3 mg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in mice | [S78] |
| Viral antigens | vii doy | | | |
| HIV type 1 peptide of gp41 protein | Cowpea leaf (Cowpea | 1.2-1.5 mg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in rabbit | [S79] |
| HIV type 1 V3 loop of gp120 protein | mosaic virus) Tobacco leaf (Alfalfa mosaic | Not Reported | Immunogenic in mice following intraperitoneal administration | [S80] |
| HIV type 1 peptide of V3 loop of gp120 protein | Tobacco leaf (Tomato bushy stunt virus) | 0.9 mg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in subcutaneously injected mice | [S81] |
| HIV type 1 peptide of transmembrane protein gp41 | Cowpea leaf (Cowpea | Not Reported | Immunogenic in mice following subcutaneous, nasal or oral delivery | [S82,S83] |
| HIV type 1 glycoprotein (gp) 41 | Tobacco leaf | Not Reported | Immunogenic in mice following intraperitoneal or nasal delivery | [S84] |
| HIV entry inhibitors red algal protein griffithsin (GRFT) | Tobacco (TMV) | 1 g kg ⁻¹ FW | Active against HIV at picomolar concentrations, directly virucidal via binding to HIV envelope glycoproteins and capable of blocking coll to coll HIV transmission | [S85] |
| Human rhinovirus type 14 peptide of VP1 protein (HRV 14) | Cowpea leaf (Cowpea mosaic virus) | 1.2-1.5 mg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in rabbits following intramuscularly or subcutaneous injection | [S79] |
| Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) peptide of G protein | Tobacco leaf (Alfalfa mosaic virus) | 0.8mg g⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic and protective in mice against viral following intraperitoneal injection | [S86] |
| Rabies virus glycoprotein and nucleoprotein (NF1-g24 & Av/A4- g24) | Tobacco and spinach leaf (Alfalfa mosaic virus) | 0.4 mg g ⁻¹ and 60 µg g ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic and protection in intraperitoneally injected mice when challenged intramuscularly with canine street rabies virus 3374L. Immunogenic in humans following oral administration | [S87] |

| Smallpox recombinant vaccine virus B5 antigenic domain (pB5) | Tobacco leaf transient | Not Reported | Antibody response in mice immunized perenterally and protection against lethal dose of vaccinia virus | [S57] |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---|-------|
| | Tobacco leaf transient | Not Reported | Immunogenic in mice following intramuscularly or intranasally administration | [S88] |
| Human papillomavirus (HPV) type 16 E7 protein | Tobacco leaf (Potato virus X, PVX) | 3-4 µg g⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in mice following subcutaneous injection and protects from tumor development after challenge with the E7- expressing C3 tumoral cell line | [S89] |
| Rotavirus major inner capsid protein (VP6) | Tobacco (PVX) | 50 µg g⁻¹ FW | Not reported. | [S90] |
| Human Papilloma Virus (HPV) E7 encoprotein or E7 fused to β1,3- 1,4-glucanase (LicKM) | Tobacco | 400 mg kg ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic and protective in mice challenged with E7- expressing tumor cells following subcutaneous injection. | [S91] |
| Non-tumourigenic E7 protein of HPV16 | Tobacco | | Inhibition of tumor growth and increased survival was observed in C57BL/6 mice | [S92] |
| Encoding domain III of the dengue 2 envelope protein (D2EIII) | Tobacco (Tobacco mosaic virus) | 0.28% TSP | Retains antigenicity and immunogenicity as well as inducing neutralizing antibodies in vaccinated animals. | [S93] |
| Pathogenic avian influenza virus (H5N1 subtype) | Tobacco | 60 mg kg ⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in mice and ferret and also protects ferrets against challenge infection with virus | [S94] |
| Pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAI) | Tobacco | 400 mg kg⁻¹ FW | Immunogenic in mice | [S95] |
| H5N1 avian influenza virus hemagglutinin (HA) | Tobacco | 1 mg kg⁻¹ FW | Induced immune response in mice but no neutralizing activities in a virus micro-neutralization or hemagglutination inhibition assay | [S96] |
| Hepatitis B virus (HBV) surface antigen | Tomato | 64.4-489 ng g ⁻¹ DW | Not reported | [S37] |

Table S2. Bio-pharmaceutical proteins expressed via the plant nuclear genome

| [S97] [S98] [S99] [S100] |
|---|
| [S97] [S98] [S99] [S100] [S101] |
| [S98] [S99] [S100] |
| [S98] [S99] [S100] |
| [S98] [S99] [S100] |
| [S99] [S100] [S101] |
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| [5109] |
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| B chain of human Insulin (CTB- InsB3) Tobacco 0.08- 0.11% TSP Strong affinity for CM1-ganglioside [5111] Human AcADES (InGADES) and murine L-4 Human Letolerm (InLF) Tobacco 0.04, 11% TSP Combine feeding of L-4 plus GAD in NOD mice delayed the onsel of diabetis [5112] Human Letolerm (InLF) Rice 0.5% TSP Not reported [5113] Human Glocecrebrooklase Carot cells Not reported [5117] Human Glocecrebrooklase Carot cells Not reported [5117] Enzyme (GCD) Tobacco acid Up of 15 µg g1 Not reported [5117] Human Glocecrebrooklase Carot cells Not reported [5117] Human tokolerm (GCD) Tobacco Up of 15 µg g1 Not reported [5117] Human tokolerm (GCD) Sign g1 PL Bios Sign g1 PL Not reported [5117] Human tokoler (GCD) Sign g1 PL Sign g1 PL Bios Sign g1 PL Bios Sign g1 PL [5117] Human tokoler (GNCS) Geld Vision, proliferated when growth media was supplemented with transperio supplication of the reput reduced fields provide media was supplemented with transperiow without the reduced field provide media was sup | Recombinant human insulin | <i>Arabidopsis</i> seeds | 0.13% TSP | Biologically active <i>in vivo</i> and <i>in vitro</i> as demonstrated by insulin tolerance test in mice and phosphorylation assay performed in a mammalian cell culture system | [S110] |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--|---|------------------|
| Human GADBE (hGADES) and murine IL-4 Human lactoferrin (h.F.)Tobacco TSP Not eportedCombine feeding of L-4 pus GAD in NOD mice delayed the more for diabetes[5112]Human alcoferrin (h.F.)Rice0.5% TSP Not eportedNot eported[5113]Human GLococerberosidaseCarot cellsNot reported[5114]Enzyme (GCD)Carot cellsNot reported[5115]Enzyme (GCD)Tobacco seedVice ported[5117]Thrombornodulin (Solulin)TobaccoUpto 115 µg g ² PWNot reported[5117]Human ChucocerberosidaseSagarcaneUpto 115 µg g ² PWNot reported[5117]Human Cyclokine granulocyte active Albase (clinical trial was approved and is currently origoing[5117][5117]Human Cyclokine granulocyte active Albase (clinical trial was approved and is currently origoing[5117][5117]Human Cyclokine granulocyte active Clinica Stati was superimented with transperic sugarcane extracts and had identified active with transperic sugarcane extracts and had identified active to political division, prolitical division, proleined and full[5117]Mouse Interletakin-12 (LI-12) factor (bCF)Tobacco0.024: 11% TSP[5117]Insulating factor (hC-CSF) collsCollicities[5117]Insulating factor (hC-CSF) collsCollicities[5117]Insulating factor (hC-CSF) collsCollicities[5117]Insulating factor (hC-CSF)Soybean2.34; gf YFW Molecon active and the filter biff strutuled Babbie CF3Insulating factor (| B chain of human Insulin (CTB- InsB3) | Tobacco | 0.08- 0.11%TSP | Strong affinity for GM1-ganglioside | [S111] |
| Human lackderini (hLF) Human actolerini (hLF)Rice0.5% TSPNot reportedPlant-derived GCase is uptaken by fibroblasts of a Guore (by Case) Type-II patient and lacks potentially immucogine (by Case) active. Phase I clinical trial have shown no clinical or laboratory evidence of any significant innational or laboratory evidence of any significant innational or laboratory evidence of any significant innational or laboratory | Human GAD65 (hGAD65) and murine IL-4 | Tobacco | 0.04, 0.1% TSP | Combine feeding of IL-4 plus GAD in NOD mice delayed the onset of diabetes | [S112] |
| Human Glucocerebrosidase Carrot cells Not reported Figure (a) carrot cells Not reported Recombinant CGD in transgenic plant cell swas biologicals [5115,5116] Enzyme (GCD) Tobacco Upto 115 µg g ¹ Not reported [5117] Thrombomodulin (Solulin) Tobacco Upto 115 µg g ¹ Not reported [5117] Human cytokine granuloopte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF) Sugarcane Undetectable- out 27,7.3 and 1- and fruit [5118] [5119] B chain of human Tobacco 0.04% TSP Biologically active in twos: The plant-produced multi-12 induced and fruit [5119] B chain of human Tobacco 0.040,11% GM-ELISA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein retaine (GM-egnitobia cereptor binding specificity ecells to critice in a dose-dependent mameri indicing similar biological activity as native bFGF [5110] Human granulocyte-colony staticut (B-CSF) Rice supersion 0.7% TSP Plant derived M-CSF supported binding specificity increased cell ALP activity build that bic GF supported binding specificity increased cell ALP activity build that bic GF supported binding specificity increased cell ALP activity build that bic GF supported binding specificity increased cell ALP activity build that bic GF supported biological activity as native bFGF [5121] Human granulocyte-colony staticu | Human lactoferrin (hLF) Human acid β-glucosidase | Rice Tobacco seeds | 0.5% TSP Not reported | Not reported Plant-derived GCase is uptaken by fibroblasts of a Gaucher | [S113] [S114] |
| Thrombornedulin (Solulin) Tobacco Up to 115 μg g ¹ Not reported [S117] Human cytokine granulocyte macrophage colory stimulating factor (GN-CSF) Sugarcane 0.02% TSP Human bone marrow cells (TF-1), which require GM-CSF for end division, profilerated when growth media was supplemented with transgenic sugarcane extracts and had identical activity levels [S118] Mouse interfeukin-12 (IL-12) Tomato leaf and fruit 2.7.7.3 and 1- Biologically active <i>in vitro</i> . The plant-produced miL-12 induced with transgenic sugarcane extracts and had identical activity the secretion of IFM ₂ by T cells [S119] B chain of human Tobacco 0.08-0.11% GMI-ELSA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein TSP [S110] Human basic floroblast growth factor (IP-GF) Soybean 2.3% TSP Mitogenic assay demonstrated that DFG F stimulated Bable 321 (S121) [S122] Bone morphogenetic protein 2 (BMP2) Rice 0.2% TSP Application of IbM-P2 to mouse C2C12 cell line significantly increased cell ALP activity but lower than commercial ftBMP2 [S123] Human peidemal growth factor (REGF) Tobacco 0.02-132% Plant-produced hEGF significantly stimulated Vero E6 cell [S124] Human granulocyte-macrophage colory stimulating factor (NGM- CSF) Rice seed-derived foRMCSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells sinilar to <i>E_aol</i> -derived hGMCSF | Human Glucocerebrosidase Enzyme (GCD) | Carrot cells | Not reported | Type-II patient and lacks potentially immunogenic glycans Recombinant GCD in transgenic plant cells was biologically active. Phase I clinical trial have shown no clinical or laboratory evidence of any significant innate or humoral immune reactions and phase III clinical trial was approved and is currently ongoing | [S115,S116] |
| Human potokine granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF)Sugarcane undetectable- 0.02% TSPHuman bone marrow cells (TF-1), which require GM-CSF for ecl division, proliferated when growth media was supplemented with transgenic sugarcane extracts and had identical activity levels[S118]Mouse interleukin-12 (IL-12) B chain of human Insue to CTBTomato leaf and fruit 3 Alg g ¹ FW 3 Alg g ¹ FW be secretion of IFN; by T cells GMT-ELSA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein the secretion of IFN; by T cells GMT-ELSA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein the secretion of IFN; by T cells GMT-ELSA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein the secretion of IFN; by T cells GMT-ELSA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein the secretion of IFN; by T cells GMT-ELSA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein the secretion of IFN; by T cells GMT-ELSA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein the secretion of IFN; by T cells GMT-ELSA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein to CGE[S119]Insuit function factor (MC-GSF)Rice suspension0.02-0178 suspension cellsPlant-derived fusion protein to commercial <i>Ecol</i> [S121]Human granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (M-CSF)1Tobacco0.02* TSP TSPPlant-derived fusion formation of the AML-193 to relass derived the color of the AML-193 suspension and proliferation similar to commercial <i>HEMP2</i> (GMP2)[S122]Human granulocyte-macrophage colory stimulating factor (MCM- SF)1Tobacco0.02* TSP TSPPlant-derived fuce SF similaritistic of MACSF similar to <i>E. Col-derived</i> hCM-CSF[S123]Human granulocyte-macrophage colory stimulating factor | Thrombomodulin (Solulin) | Tobacco | Upto 115 µg g⁻¹ FW | Not reported | [S117] |
| Mouse interleukin-12 (IL-12) Tomato leaf and fruit 2.7.7 3 an 1- 3.4µg g ² FW bescretion of IFN ₇ by T cells Biologicall yactive in viro. The plant-porduced mIL-12 induced the secretion of IFN ₇ by T cells [S111] B chain of human Insuit fused to CTB Tobacco 0.08.0.11% TSP GMT-ELISA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein (BFGF) [S112] Human basic fubroblast growth factor (bFGF) Soybean 2.3% TSP Mitogenic assay demonstrated that IFCF Similar biological activity as native bFGF Human granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (hG-CSF) Rice 0.02% TSP Plant-derived hG-CSF simulated Balbc 373 (GMP2) [S122] Bone morphogenetic protein 2 Tobacco 0.02% TSP Application of hBMP2 to mouse C2C12 cell line significantly (GMP2) [S123] Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF)1 Tobacco 0.02% TSP Plant-derived M-CSF skinhibits colony formation of Jb-1 cells [S123] Human paidermal growth factor (hEGF) Tobacco 0.09-0.3% TSP Plant-derived M-GSF sinhibits colony formation of Jb-1 cells [S126] Human granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (hG-H) Rice 57 mg 1 ¹ The biological activity of shGH accumulated in the transgenic rice cell supension active as similar to <i>E.ocil-derived</i> hGMCSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells | Human cytokine granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF) | Sugarcane | Undetectable- 0.02% TSP | Human bone marrow cells (TF-1), which require GM-CSF for cell division, proliferated when growth media was supplemented with transgenic sugarcane extracts and had identical activity levels | [S118] |
| B chain of human Tobacco 0.08-0.11% GM1-ELISA showed that be plant-derived fusion protein [S11] Insulin fused to CTB TSP retained GM1-agaiglioside receptor binding specificity [S120] Insulin fused to CTB Soybean 2.3% TSP Mitogenic assay demonstrated that bFGF stimulated Balb/c 3T3 [S120] factor (bFGF) Suspension cells to proliferate in a dose-dependent manner indicting similar to biological activity as native bFGF Human granulocyte-colony Rice 0.7% TSP Plant-derived hG-CSF supports proliferation of the AML-193 [S121] Stimulating factor (hG-CSF) suspension cells increased cell ALP activity but lower than commercial hBMP2 [S122] Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (hGM-CSF) Tobacco 0.02% TSP Plant-derived M-CSFs inhibits colony formation of J6-1 cells [S123] Human granulocyte-macrophage Tobacco 0.09-0.3% TSP Plant-produced hEGF significantly stimulated Vero E6 cell [S124] expansion and proliferation of Instruct Tobacco 0.09-0.3% TSP Plant-produced hEGF significantly stimulated Vero E6 cell [S125] Human granulocyte-macrophage Rice 57 mg 1 ⁻¹ The biological activity of shGH accumulated in the transgenic [S126] | Mouse interleukin-12 (IL-12) | Tomato leaf and fruit | 2.7-7.3 and 1- 3.4µg g ⁻¹ FW | Biologically active in vitro. The plant-produced mIL-12 induced the secretion of IFN γ by T cells | [S119] |
| Human basic fibroblast growth factor (bFGF) Soybean 2.3% TSP Mitogenic assay demonstrated that bFGF stimulated Balb/c 3T3 (S120) cells to proliferate in a dose-dependent manner indicting similar biological activity as native bFGF Human granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (hG-CSF) suspension cells 0.7% TSP Plant-derived hG-CSF upports proliferation of the AML-193 (S121) cells similar to commercial <i>L</i> : coli-derived hG-CSF [S122] Bone morphogenetic protein 2 Tobacco 0.02% TSP Application of hBMP2 to mouse C2C12 cell line significantly formation of J6-1 cells [S123] Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (hG-CSF) Tobacco 0.02-1.92% Plant-derived hG-CSF significantly stimulated Vero E6 cell expansion and proliferation similar to commercial hEGF [S124] Human granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (hGM-CSF) Rice 1.2-1.3% TSP Rice ecel-derived hGM-CSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells similar to <i>E</i> . coli-derived hGM-CSF [S125] Human granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (hGM-CSF) Rice 57 mg l ⁻¹ The biological activity of shGH accumulated in the transgenic cells similar to <i>E</i> . coli-derived hGM-CSF [S126] Human grawloid (Ab) Tomato 80 and 58 ng m ¹ Immunogenic in mice [S127] Human epidermal growth factor Tobacco 0.015% TSP Immunogenic in mice [S128] <tr< td=""><td>B chain of human Insulin fused to CTB</td><td>Tobacco</td><td>0.08-0.11% TSP</td><td>GM1–ELISA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein retained GM1–ganglioside receptor binding specificity</td><td>[S111]</td></tr<> | B chain of human Insulin fused to CTB | Tobacco | 0.08-0.11% TSP | GM1–ELISA showed that the plant-derived fusion protein retained GM1–ganglioside receptor binding specificity | [S111] |
| Human granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (hG-CSF)Rice suspension cells0.7% TSPPlant-derived hG-CSF supports proliferation of the AML-193 cells similar to commercial <i>E. coli-derived</i> hG-CSF[S121]Bone morphogenetic protein 2 (BMP2)Tobacco0.02% TSPApplication of hBMP2 to mouse C2C12 cell line significantly increased cell ALP activity but lower than commercial hBMP2 Plant-derived M-CSFS inhibits colony formation of 0.61 cells[S123]Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF)1Tobacco0.02-1.92% TSPPlant-derived M-CSFS inhibits colony formation of 0.61 cells[S124]Human epidermal growth factor (hEGF)Tobacco0.09-0.3% TSPPlant-derived M-CSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells similar to <i>E. coli-derived</i> hGMCSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells similar to <i>E. coli-derived</i> hGMCSF[S125]Human grawuth hormone (hGH)Rice57 mg l ⁻¹ mt ⁻¹ The biological activity of shGH accumulated in the transgenic rice cell suspension culture was similar to that of the <i>E. coli-</i> derived recombinant hGH as shown by proliferation of Nb2 node lymphoma cells[S127]Human β-amyloid (Ab)Tomato80 and 58 ng mt ⁻¹ Immunogenic in mice[S128]Human epidermal growth factor rype II collagen (CIII)Rice1/1 g seed ⁻¹ Feeding DBA/1 mice with transgenic rice seeds for 2 weeks showed tendencices of lowering and delaying serum specific- lg G2a response against stubsequent and repeated intrapertioneal-linjection of type II collagen[S130]Human epidermal growth factor rype II collagen (CIII)Tobacco0.015% TSPPlant-derived IA-2/1c protein is specifically recogniz | Human basic fibroblast growth factor (bFGF) | Soybean | 2.3% TSP | Mitogenic assay demonstrated that bFGF stimulated Balb/c 3T3 cells to proliferate in a dose-dependent manner indicting similar biological activity as native bFGF | [S120] |
| Bone morphogenetic protein 2 (BMP2)Tobacco0.02% TSPApplication of hBMP2 to mouse C2C12 cell line significantly increased cell ALP activity but tower than commercial rhBMP2[S122]Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF)1Tobacco0.02.1.92% TSPPlant-derived M-CSFSR inhibits colony formation of J6-1 cells responsion and proliferation similar to commercial rhBMP2[S123]Human epidermal growth factor (hEGF)Tobacco0.09-0.3% TSPPlant-derived M-CSFSR inhibits colony formation of J6-1 cells expansion and proliferation similar to commercial hEGF products[S124]Human granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (hGM- CSF)Rice1.2-1.3% TSPRice seed-derived hGMCSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells similar to <i>E. coli</i> -derived hGMCSF[S126]Human granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (hGM- CSF)Rice57 mg l ⁻¹ ml ⁻¹ The biological activity of shGH accumulated in the transgenic rice cell suspension culture was similar to that of the <i>E. coli</i> - derived recombinant hGH as shown by proliferation of Nb2 mode lymphoma cells[S127]Human a -1-antitypsinTomato80 and 58 ng ml ⁻¹ Immuogenic in mice[S128]Type II collagen (CII)Rice1 µg seed ⁻¹ Feeding DBA/1 mice with transgenic rice seeds for 2 weeks showed tendencies of lowering and delaying serum specific- liG2Ca response against subsequent and repeated intrapertonael-injection of type II collagen[S129]Human pidermal growth factor (hEGF)Tobacco0.015% TSPPlant-derived IA-2ic protein is specifically recognized by human IA-2 (iA-2ic), a (Transient)[S130] <td>Human granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (hG-CSF)</td> <td>Rice suspension</td> <td>0.7% TSP</td> <td>Plant-derived hG-CSF supports proliferation of the AML-193 cells similar to commercial <i>E. coli</i>-derived hG-CSF</td> <td>[S121]</td> | Human granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (hG-CSF) | Rice suspension | 0.7% TSP | Plant-derived hG-CSF supports proliferation of the AML-193 cells similar to commercial <i>E. coli</i> -derived hG-CSF | [S121] |
| Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF)1Tobacco0.02-1.92% TSPPlant-derived M-CSFsR inhibits colony formation of J6-1 cells[S123]Human epidermal growth factor (hEGF)Tobacco0.09-0.3% TSPPlant-produced hEGF significantly stimulated Vero E6 cell | Bone morphogenetic protein 2 (BMP2) | Tobacco | 0.02% TSP | Application of hBMP2 to mouse C2C12 cell line significantly increased cell ALP activity but lower than commercial rhBMP2 | [S122] |
| Human epidermal growth factor (hEGF)Tobacco0.09-0.3% TSP Plant-produced hEGF significantly stimulated Vero E6 cell expansion and proliferation similar to commercial hEGF products[S124]Human granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (hGM- CSF)Rice1.2-1.3% TSPRice seed-derived hGMCSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells | Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF)1 | Tobacco | 0.02-1.92% TSP | Plant-derived M-CSFsR inhibits colony formation of J6-1 cells | [S123] |
| Human granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (hGM- CSF)Rice1.2-1.3% TSPRice seed-derived hGMCSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells similar to <i>E. coli</i> -derived hGM-CSF[S125]Human growth hormone (hGH)Rice | Human epidermal growth factor (hEGF) | Tobacco | 0.09-0.3% TSP | Plant-produced hEGF significantly stimulated Vero E6 cell expansion and proliferation similar to commercial hEGF products | [S124] |
| Human growth hormone (hGH)Rice suspension cells57 mg l^1The biological activity of shGH accumulated in the transgenic rice cell suspension culture was similar to that of the <i>E. coli-</i> derived recombinant hGH as shown by proliferation of Nb2 node lymphoma cells[S127]Human β-amyloid (Ab)Tomato80 and 58 ng ml^1Immunogenic in mice[S127]Human a-1-antitrypsinTomato0.44-1.55%Biologically active, showing high specific activity and efficient inhibition of elastase activity[S128]Type II collagen (CII)Rice1µg seed^1Feeding DBA/1 mice with transgenic rice seeds for 2 weeks showed tendencies of lowering and delaying serum specific- | Human granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (hGM- CSF) | Rice | 1.2-1.3% TSP | Rice seed-derived hGMCSF induces proliferation of TF-1 cells similar to <i>E. coli</i> -derived hGM-CSF | [S125] |
| Human β-amyloid (Ab)Tomato80 and 58 ng ml ⁻¹ Immunogenic in mice[S127]Human a-1-antitrypsinTomato0.44-1.55%Biologically active, showing high specific activity and efficient inhibition of elastase activity[S128]Type II collagen (CII)Rice1µg seed ⁻¹ Feeding DBA/1 mice with transgenic rice seeds for 2 weeks showed tendencies of lowering and delaying serum specific- IgG2a response against subsequent and repeated intraperitoneal-injection of type II collagen[S129]Human epidermal growth factor | Human growth hormone (hGH) | Rice suspension cells | 57 mg l ⁻¹ | The biological activity of shGH accumulated in the transgenic rice cell suspension culture was similar to that of the <i>E. coli</i> - derived recombinant hGH as shown by proliferation of Nb2 node lymphoma cells | [S126] |
| HumanTomato0.44-1.55%Biologically active, showing high specific activity and efficient[S128]a-1-antitrypsinTSPinhibition of elastase activityinhibition of elastase activity[S129]Type II collagen (CII)Rice1µg seed ⁻¹ Feeding DBA/1 mice with transgenic rice seeds for 2 weeks showed tendencies of lowering and delaying serum specific- IgG2a response against subsequent and repeated intraperitoneal-injection of type II collagen[S129]Human epidermal growth factor (hEGF)Tobacco0.015% TSPBiologically active in cumulus cells expansion assays[S105]Human IA-2 (IA-2ic), aTobacco0.5% TSPPlant-derived IA-2ic protein is specifically recognized by human IA-2ic autoantibodies[S130]Human fibroblast growth factor 8 isoform b(FGF8b)Tobacco90-150 µg g ⁻¹ Plant-expressed FGF8b effectively increased the rate of cell proliferation of NIH3T3 as bacterially expressed mouse FGF8b[S131]Human growth hormone (hGH)Tobacco~60 mg Kg ⁻¹ FWBiologically active in hypophysectomized female Sprague[S132](TMV)FWDawley ratsDawley rats[S132] | Human β-amyloid (Ab) | Tomato | 80 and 58 ng ml ⁻¹ | Immunogenic in mice | [S127] |
| Type II collagen (CII)Rice1µg seed ⁻¹ Feeding DBA/1 mice with transgenic rice seeds for 2 weeks[S129]Human epidermal growth factorTobacco0.015% TSPBiologically active in cumulus cells expansion assays[S105]Human lA-2 (IA-2ic), aTobacco0.5% TSPPlant-derived IA-2ic protein is specifically recognized by human[S130]diabetes-associated autoantigen(Transient)IA-2ic autoantibodies[S131]Human fibroblast growthTobacco90-150 µg g ⁻¹ Plant-expressed FGF8b effectively increased the rate of cell[S131]factor 8 isoform b(FGF8b)(Transient)FWproliferation of NIH3T3 as bacterially expressed mouse FGF8b[S132]Human growth hormone (hGH)Tobacco~60 mg Kg ⁻¹ Biologically active in hypophysectomized female Sprague[S132]FWDawley ratsDawley rats[S132] | Human a-1-antitrypsin | Tomato | 0.44-1.55% TSP | Biologically active, showing high specific activity and efficient inhibition of elastase activity | [S128] |
| Human epidermal growth factor (hEGF) Tobacco 0.015% TSP Biologically active in cumulus cells expansion assays [S105] Human IA-2 (IA-2ic), a Tobacco 0.5% TSP Plant-derived IA-2ic protein is specifically recognized by human [S130] diabetes-associated autoantigen (Transient) IA-2ic autoantibodies [S131] Human fibroblast growth Tobacco 90-150 µg g ⁻¹ Plant-expressed FGF8b effectively increased the rate of cell [S131] factor 8 isoform b(FGF8b) (Transient) FW proliferation of NIH3T3 as bacterially expressed mouse FGF8b [S132] Human growth hormone (hGH) Tobacco ~60 mg Kg ⁻¹ Biologically active in hypophysectomized female Sprague [S132] (TMV) FW Dawley rats Dawley rats [S132] | Type II collagen (CII) | Rice | 1µg seed⁻ ¹ | Feeding DBA/1 mice with transgenic rice seeds for 2 weeks showed tendencies of lowering and delaying serum specific- IgG2a response against subsequent and repeated intraperitoneal-injection of type II collagen | [S129] |
| Human IA-2 (IA-2ic), a Tobacco 0.5% TSP Plant-derived IA-2ic protein is specifically recognized by human [S130] diabetes-associated autoantigen (Transient) IA-2ic autoantibodies IA-2ic autoantibodies Human fibroblast growth Tobacco 90-150 µg g ⁻¹ Plant-expressed FGF8b effectively increased the rate of cell [S131] factor 8 isoform b(FGF8b) (Transient) FW proliferation of NIH3T3 as bacterially expressed mouse FGF8b [S132] Human growth hormone (hGH) Tobacco ~60 mg Kg ⁻¹ Biologically active in hypophysectomized female Sprague [S132] (TMV) FW Dawley rats Dawley rats [S132] | Human epidermal growth factor (hEGF) | Tobacco (Transient) | 0.015% TSP | Biologically active in cumulus cells expansion assays | [S105] |
| Human fibroblast growth Tobacco 90-150 µg g ⁻¹ Plant-expressed FGF8b effectively increased the rate of cell [S131] factor 8 isoform b(FGF8b) (Transient) FW proliferation of NIH3T3 as bacterially expressed mouse FGF8b [S132] Human growth hormone (hGH) Tobacco ~60 mg Kg ⁻¹ Biologically active in hypophysectomized female Sprague [S132] FW Dawley rats Dawley rats | Human IA-2 (IA-2ic), a diabetes-associated autoantigen | Tobacco (Transient) | 0.5% TSP | Plant-derived IA-2ic protein is specifically recognized by human IA-2ic autoantibodies | [S130] |
| Human growth hormone (hGH) Tobacco ~60 mg Kg ⁻¹ Biologically active in hypophysectomized female Sprague [S132] FW Dawley rats | Human fibroblast growth factor 8 isoform b(FGF8b) | Tobacco (Transient) | 90-150 µg g⁻¹ FW | Plant-expressed FGF8b effectively increased the rate of cell proliferation of NIH3T3 as bacterially expressed mouse FGF8b | [S131] |
| | Human growth hormone (hGH) | Tobacco (TMV) | ∼60 mg Kg⁻¹ FW | Biologically active in hypophysectomized female Sprague Dawley rats | [S132] |

Table S3. Vaccine antigens and biopharmaceuticals expressed via the chloroplast genome

| Vaccines antigens | Expression system | Expression level | Functional evaluation | Refs |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Bacterial antigens | | | | |
| Cholera toxin B (<i>Ctx</i> B) | | | GM1 ganglioside-binding assay. | [S133-S135] |
| | Tobacco | 4.1, 8 and 12.3% TSP | challenge in both oral (100%) and subcutaneously (89%) immunized mice; protection correlated with CTB-specific | |
| | Lettuce | 4.8 and 9.4% TSP | IgA and IgG1 titers in oral and IgG1 in subcutaneously immunized mice; increasing numbers of IL10 ⁺ T-cell but not Foxp3 ⁺ regulatory T-cells, suppression of IFN-γ and | |
| <i>E. coli</i> enterotoxin B (<i>LTB</i>) Tetanus toxin (<i>Tet</i> C) | Tobacco Tobacco | 2.3-2.5% TSP 18-27 and 7- | GM1 ganglioside-binding assay Mice developed systemic immune response and survived | [S136] [S137,S138] |
| Mutant of E. coli toxin (LTK63) | Tobacco | 3.6-3.7% TSP | GM1 ganglioside-binding assay | [S139] |
| Anthrax protective antigen (<i>Pag</i>) | Tobacco | 4.5-14.2% TSP | Macrophage lysis assay, systemic immune response, toxin neutralization assay, mice survived (100%) challenge with lethal doses of toxin | [S140,S141] |
| Lyme disease –OspA (OspA, OspA-T) | Tobacco | 1 and 10% TSP | Systemic immune response in mice. Protected mice against <i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i> | [S142] |
| Plague F1-V (<i>CaF</i> 1- <i>Lcr</i> V) | Tobacco | 14.8% TSP | Immunogenic in mice (IgG1 titers). Oral delivery offered greater protection (88%) and immunity than | [S143] |
| E. coli enterotoxin B (LTB) | Tobacco | 2.3% TSP | fold lethal dose of aerosolized <i>Y. pestis</i> GM1 ganglioside-binding assay; oral immunization | [S144] |
| | | | partially protected mice from CT challenge | |
| Multi-epitope DPT fusion protein | Tobacco | 0.8% TSP | Immunogenic in orally immunized mice with freeze-dried chloroplast-derived DPT | [S145] |
| Viral antigens | Tabaaaa | 04.4 and | | 10440.04471 |
| (CTB-2L21,GFP-2L21) | TODACCO | 22.6% TSP | Rabbit sera neutralized CPV in an in vitro assay | [5140,5147] |
| Hepatitis E virus (<i>HEV E2</i>) | Tobacco Leaves | 0.63-1.09 ng and | Immune response in mice | [S148] |
| | Seeds | 0.015-0.018 ng µg ⁻¹ TSP | | |
| Swine fever virus (CSFV E2) | Tobacco | 1-2% TSP | Immune response in mice | [S149] |
| Human Papillomavirus (<i>L1</i>) | Tobacco | 20-26% TSP | Induced systemic immune response in mice after intraperitoneal injection, and neutralizing antibodies were detected | [S150] |
| Human Papillomavirus (L1) Foot-and-mouth | Tobacco Chlamydomonas | 0.1-1.5% TSP 3-4% TSP | Not reported Not reported | [S151] [S152] |
| (CTB-VP1) Rotavirus (VP6) Ptrc-VP6 | Tobacco Seedlings | Undetectable | Not reported | [S153] |
| Prrn-VP6 | Seedlings | 3% TSP | | |
| Hepatitis C (NS3) | Tobacco | 0.0% TSP | Not reported | [S154] |
| Partial spike (S) protein of | Tobacco | 0.2% TSP | Not reported | [S155] |
| Epstein-Barr virus (VCA) | Tobacco | 0.002-0.004% TSP | Not reported | [S156] |
| Swine fever virus (CSFV E2) | Chlamydomonas | 1.5-2% TSP | Not reported | [S157] |
| HIV (p24) | Tobacco | 2.5% TSP | Not reported | [S158] [S159] |
| | Tomato leaf Green Fruit | 2.5% TSP | Not reported | [0100] |
| Destance | Ripe Fruit | Not detected | | |
| Amoebiasis (LecA) | Tobacco | 7% TSP | Systemic immune response in mice | [S160] |
| | Tobacco | 12.3% TSP | Sera of immunized mice completely inhibited proliferation | [S134,S135] |
| Malaria (CTB-ama1 & CTB- | Lettuce | 9.4% TSP | or the malarial parasite and cross-reacted with the native | |
| ן ו קטווי | Tobacco Lettuce | 8% TSP 4.8% TSP | fluorescence studies, at the ring, trophozoite or schizont parasite stages | |

| Autoantigens | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|---|--------|
| Diabetes – Type 1 (<i>CTB-pins</i>) | Tabaaaa and | 160/ TOD | CTB-prins treated mice showed significant decrease in inflammation (insulitis) in non-obese diabetic mice; insulin-producing β -cells in the pancreatic islets of CTB- | [S161] |
| | Lettuce | ~16% TSP 2.05-2.5% TSP | Pins-treated mice were highly protected, increase in insulin production with lower blood or urine glucose levels; Increased expression of immunosuppressive cytokines (IL4, IL 10) | |
| Diabetes – Type 1 (<i>hGAD</i> 65) | Chlamydomonas | 0.25-0.3% TSP | Immunoreactivity to diabetic sera | [S162] |
| Biopharmaceutical proteins | | | | |
| Human somatotropin (<i>hST</i>) | Tobacco | 0.2-7.0% TSP | Growth response of Nb2 cell line in the presence of somatotropin. Rat lymphoma cell line Nb2 proliferated in proportion to the amount of somatotropin in the culture medium, until saturation is reached | [S163] |
| Interferon gamma (<i>uidA-IFN-γ</i>) | Tobacco | 6.0% TSP | Protection of human lung carcinoma cells against infection by encephalomyocarditis virus | [S164] |
| Interferon alpha 2b (<i>IFNα2b</i>) | Tobacco LAMD | 8.0-21.0% TSP | Immunogenic in mice. Transgenic IFN-a2b protected baby hamster kidney cells against cytopathic viral replication in vesicular stomatitis virus cytopathic effect | [S165] |
| | Petit havana | 2.0-14.0% TSP | assay, HeLa cells from HIV-1 entry and mice from a highly metastatic tumor line. Also, it increased the expression of major histocompatibility complex class I on splenocytes and the total number of natural killer cells | |
| Insulin-like growth factor (<i>IGF-</i> 1n, <i>IGF</i> -1s) | Tobacco | 32.4% TSP 32.7% TSP | Growth response in cultured HU-3 cells | [S166] |
| Human epidermal growth factor (<i>hEGF</i>) | Tobacco | Not reported (below detection levels) | Not reported | [S167] |
| Human alpha1-antitrypsin (<i>A1AT</i>) | Tobacco | 2% TSP | Fully active and binds to porcine pancreatic elastase | [S168] |
| Antimicrobial peptide (MSI-99) | Tobacco | Not reported | Antifungal or antibacterial activities in vitro and in vivo in Pseudomonas aeruginosa | [S169] |
| Antimicrobial peptide (2 lysin- type protein) | Tobacco | ~ 30% TSP | Bacteriolytic activity and kills <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> , the causative agent of pneumonia | [S170] |
| Human serum albumin (<i>hsa</i>) | Tobacco | 0.02-11.1% TSP | Not reported | [S171] |
| Human cardiotrophin-1 (hCT-1) | Tobacco | 5% TSP | Biologically active on human hepatocarcinoma cell line, HepG2 assay | [S172] |
| Monoclonal antibody (Guy's 13) | Tobacco | Not Reported | Not reported | [S173] |
| Lysozyme antibody fragment (<i>AbL</i>) | Tobacco | Not detected | Not reported | [S174] |

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