

## **Supporting information**

### **Superarming Common Glycosyl Donors by Simple 2-O-Benzoyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl Protection.**

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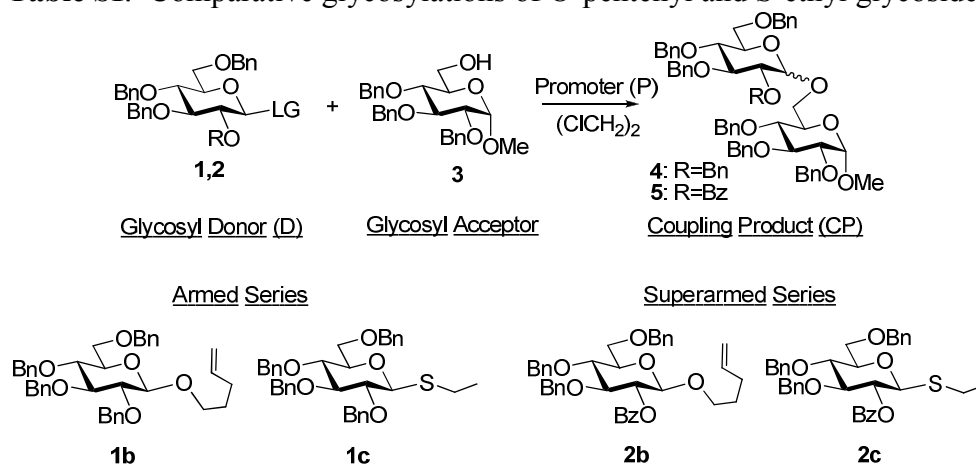
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## Additional experimental data

**Table SI:** Comparative glycosylations of O-pentenyl and S-ethyl glycosides



<i>Entry</i>	<i>Donor</i>	<i>promoter</i>	<i>Temp</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Product</i>	<i>Yield</i>	<i>Ratio</i>
1	<b>1b</b>	NBS	45 °C	2 days	<b>4</b>	62 %	3:1
2	<b>2b</b>	NBS	45 °C	24 h	<b>5</b>	50 %	β only
3	<b>1b</b>	NIS	rt	3 days	<b>4</b>	62 %	1:1
4	<b>2b</b>	NIS	rt	2 days	<b>5</b>	81 %	β only
5	<b>1b</b>	NIS/TfOH	-20 °C	5 min	<b>4</b>	50 %	2:1
6	<b>2b</b>	NIS/TfOH	-20 °C	5 min	<b>5</b>	68 %	β only
7	<b>1b</b>	IDCP	rt	10 min	<b>4</b>	62%	3:1
8	<b>2b</b>	IDCP	rt	10 min	<b>5</b>	50%	β only
9	<b>1c</b>	DMTST	0 °C	5 min	<b>4</b>	96 %	1.25:1
10	<b>2c</b>	DMTST	0 °C	5 min	<b>5</b>	96 %	β only
11	<b>1c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	50 °C	10 min	<b>4</b>	98 %	1:1
12	<b>2c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	50 °C	10 min	<b>5</b>	98 %	β only
13	<b>1c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	rt	15 min	<b>4</b>	97 %	1:1
14	<b>2c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	rt	15 min	<b>5</b>	97 %	β only
15	<b>1c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	0 °C	45 min	<b>4</b>	97 %	1:2
16	<b>2c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	0 °C	25 min	<b>5</b>	98 %	β only
17	<b>1c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	-10 °C	90 min	<b>4</b>	92 %	1:3
18	<b>2c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	-10 °C	90 min	<b>5</b>	89 %	β only
19	<b>1c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	-35 °C	10 h	<b>4</b>	92 %	1:4
20	<b>2c</b>	I <sub>2</sub>	-35 °C	7 h	<b>5</b>	97 %	β only

## General Experimental Procedures

Column chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 (70-230 mesh), reactions were monitored by TLC on Kieselgel 60 F<sub>254</sub>. The compounds were detected by examination under UV light and by charring with 10% sulfuric acid in methanol. Solvents were removed under reduced pressure at < 40 °C. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, ClCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl, CH<sub>3</sub>CN were distilled from CaH<sub>2</sub> directly prior to application. Molecular sieves (3 Å or 4 Å), used for reactions, were crushed and activated *in vacuo* at 390 °C during 8 h in the first instance and then for 2-3 h at 390 °C directly prior to application. Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> was dried *in vacuo* during 2-3 h prior to application. <sup>1</sup>H-n.m.r. spectra were recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 300 MHz, <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 75 MHz.

## Copies of NMR spectra

