SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

SUPPLEMENTARY EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES

TUNEL staining- TUNEL staining was performed as described previously (4,18-20).

Cell cycle assay- Determination of cell cycle stage of cells from $Tgfbr2^{fl/fl}$ and $Tgfbr2^{fl/fl}$; *Wnt1-Cre* maxilla was performed at different embryonic stages by staining the cells with 5 µg/ml propidium iodide (Sigma). Cells were analyzed by flow cytometry according to standard procedures (Beckman).

LEGENDS TO SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES

Fig. S1. Cell death in $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$ and $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$; Wnt1-Cre mice during maxillary development. A-D. BrdU staining of $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$ (A, C) and $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$; Wnt1-Cre (B, D) maxilla at E13.5 and E14.5. Asterisk indicates the reduced BrdU-positive area in the maxilla of $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$; Wnt1-Cre mice. Tg is tongue. Scale bar; 200 µm. *E*. Cell cycle analysis by flow cytometry. The percentage of $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$ (white bars) and $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$; Wnt1-Cre (black bars) maxillary cells in G1/G0, S, G2/M phases of the cell cycle at E12.5, E13.5 and E14.5. *F-K*. TUNEL staining of the maxilla at E12.5, E13.5 and E14.5 in sections from $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$ (F, H, J) and $Tgfbr2^{n/n}$; Wnt1-Cre (G, I, K) mice. Line outlines the edges of palates and tongue.

<u>Fig. S2.</u> Time course of expression of genes related to cell proliferation and osteogenic differentiation in $Tgfbr2^{fl/fl}$; Wnt1-Cre maxilla during intramembranous ossification. Quantitative RT-PCR analyses of indicated mRNA from the maxilla of $Tgfbr2^{fl/fl}$ (open columns) and $Tgfbr2^{fl/fl}$; Wnt1-Cre (closed columns) mice at E11.5, E12.5 and E13.5. *, P < 0.05.

<u>Fig. S3.</u> Gene expression of *Taf4b* during osteogenic differentiation in *Tgfbr2*^{*fl/fl*}; *Wnt1-Cre* MEMM cells. mRNA expression of *Taf4b* after no osteogenic induction (-) or induction (+) in *Tgfbr2*^{*fl/fl*} and *Tgfbr2*^{*fl/fl*}; *Wnt1-Cre* MEMM cells.

<u>Fig. S4.</u> Model for Tgf-β-mediated effect on proliferation/differentiation and gene regulation during intramembranous ossification. *A*. Schematic diagram depicting our model of the proliferation and differentiation of wild type (*Wt*) and *Tgfbr2*^{*fl/fl*}; *Wnt1-Cre* CNCC. The proliferation period of osteoprogenitor cells derived from *Tgfbr2*^{*fl/fl*}; *Wnt1-Cre* mice is shorter than that of wild-type mice. The consequence of the decreased proliferation term is the early onset of osteogenic differentiation. The decreased size of the maxilla in *Tgfbr2*^{*fl/fl*}; *Wnt1-Cre* mice results from the decreased number of osteoprogenitor cells. *B*. Schematic diagram depicting our model of the network of Tgf-β downstream targets. Tgf-β regulates the gene expressions of basal transcriptional factors *Taf4b* and, to a lesser extent, *Taf1*. Taf4b, which is expressed specifically in osteoprogenitor cells, regulates the downstream targets *FoxO4*, *Runx2*, and *Spp1*. Gene expression of Cyclin D is negatively regulated by FoxO4. *Runx2* is regulated by a combination of *Taf1* and *Taf4*b, and it in turn regulates the expression of osteogenic genes such as *osteonectin* (*On*), *collagen type I* (*ColI*), and *osteocalcin* (*Ocn*).











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