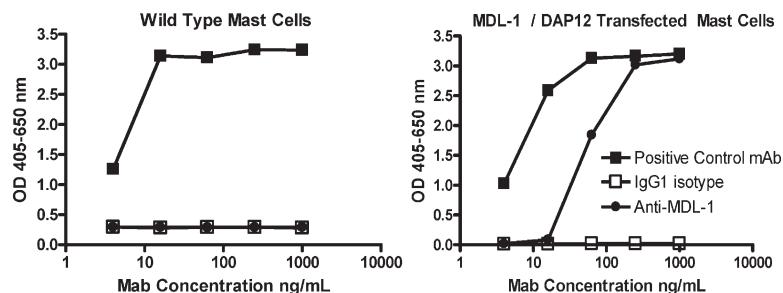
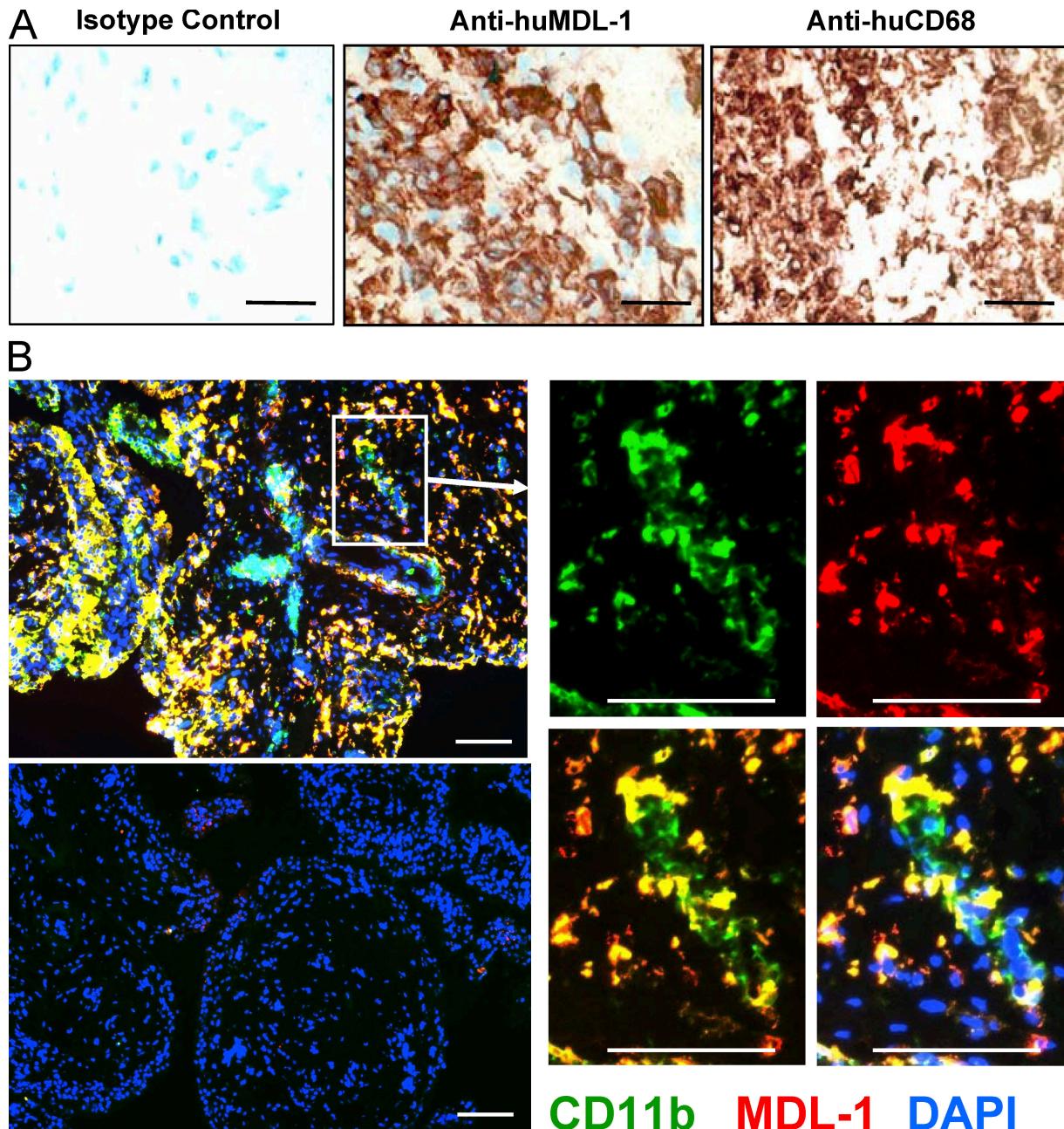


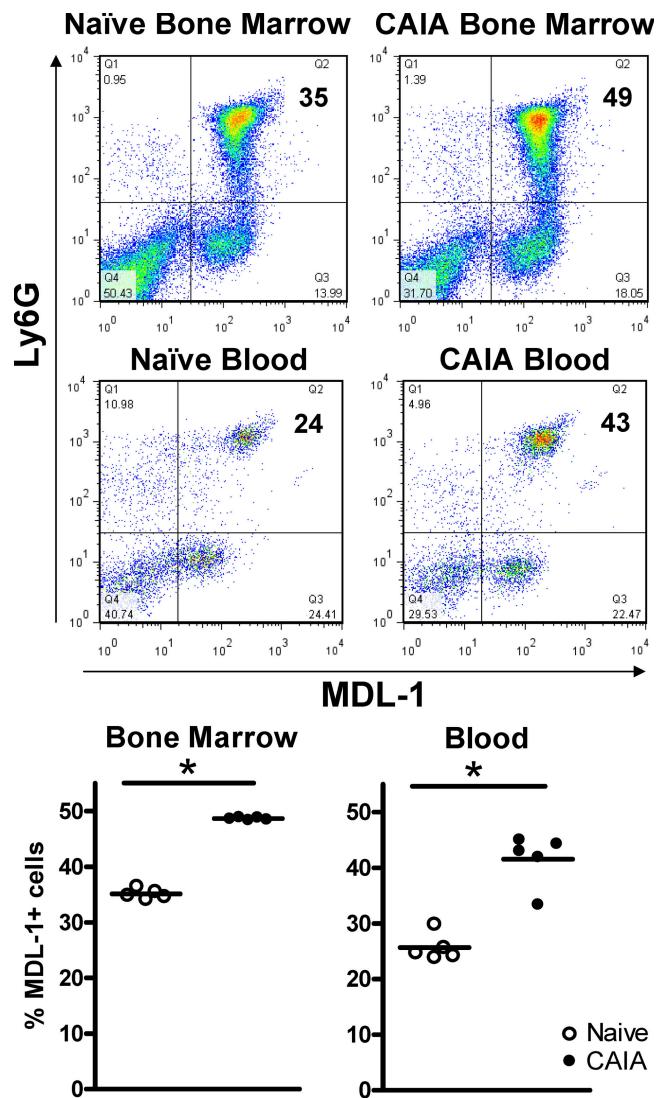
## SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Joyce-Shaikh et al., <http://www.jem.org/cgi/content/full/jem.20090516/DC1>

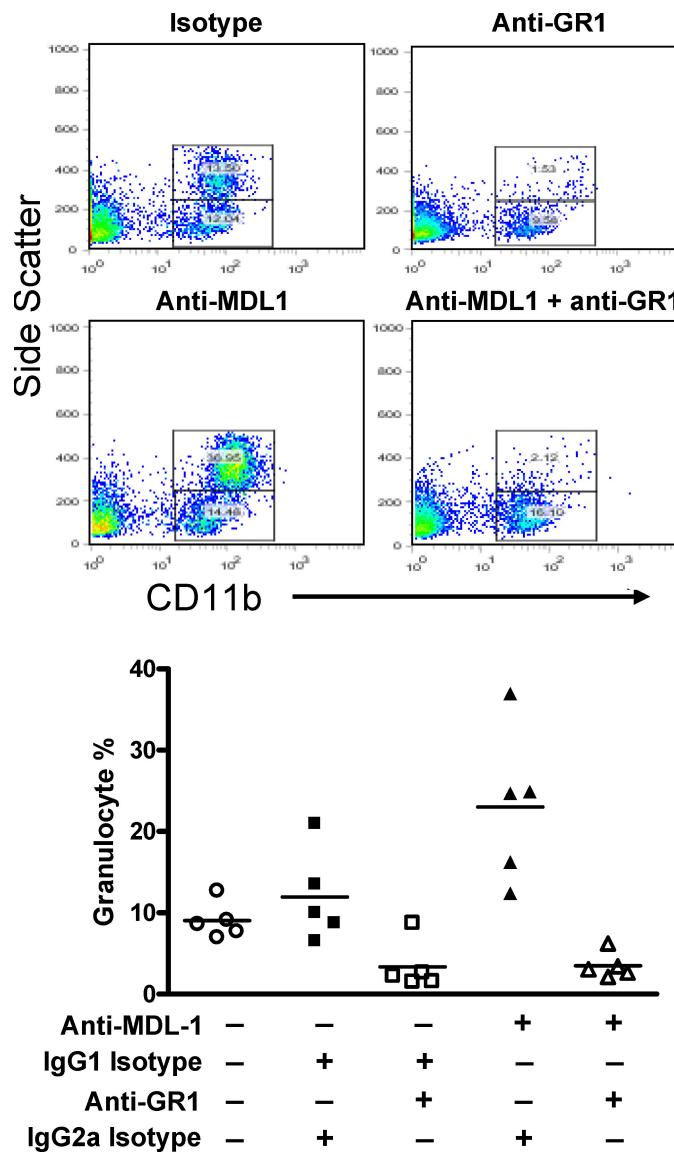
**Figure S1.** A mast cell degranulation assay was performed to demonstrate the agonistic activity of anti-MDL-1 mAb. DT830 is a mast cell line in which MDL-1 is transduced. These cells were stimulated with anti-MDL-1 (clone DX163) or isotype control antibodies. Anti-MDL-1, but not isotype control, induced mast cell degranulation in MDL-1 transfectants. Clone DX89 (anti-CD200R), a potent mast cell degranulating antibody, was utilized as a positive control.



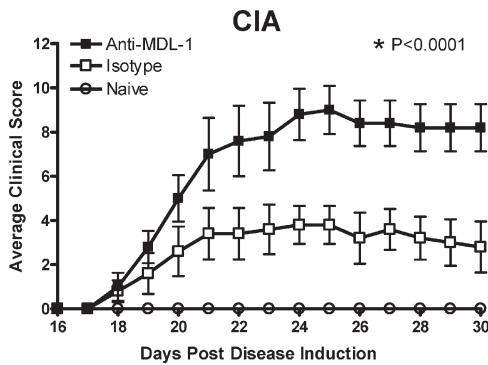
**Figure S2.** CD68<sup>+</sup> CD11b<sup>+</sup> macrophages in human RA joints express MDL-1. (A) MDL-1 expression is elevated in human arthritis tissues. Serial sections from RA synovial tissues were stained by IHC using anti-huMDL-1 (clone DX246) or anti-CD68. Staining patterns revealed extensive MDL-1 expression on a subset of CD68 positive macrophages in the area of pannus formation and tissue damage. Results are representative of four patient samples. Bar, 33  $\mu$ m. (B; top left) two-color fluorescent immunostaining of human RA inflamed synovium demonstrate colocalization of MDL-1(DX246) to a major subset of CD11b<sup>+</sup> cells. (bottom left) DAPI nuclei stain (blue) plus FITC and PE-conjugated isotype controls demonstrates virtually no background staining. (right) Higher magnification of area boxed in white rectangle. Note that most, but not all, of the CD11b<sup>+</sup> cells (green) co-express MDL-1 (red) as depicted in the merged immunofluorescent image (yellow). Results are representative of four patient samples. Bar, 400  $\mu$ m.



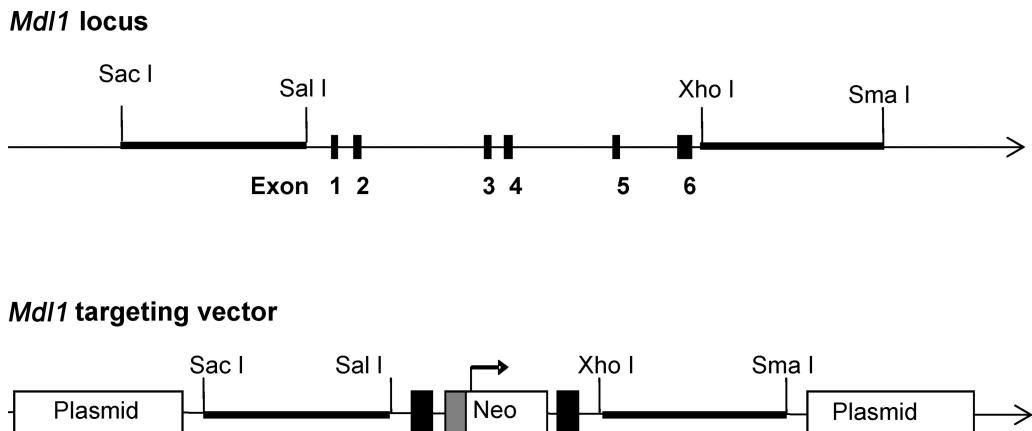
**Figure S3. Proportion of MDL-1<sup>+</sup> cells increased during CAIA in bone marrow and peripheral blood.** Cells were isolated 7 d after induction of CAIA for flow cytometric analysis. CD11b<sup>+</sup>/Ly6G<sup>+</sup> bone marrow and blood leukocytes were compared for MDL-1 expression.



**Figure S4.** Anti-GR1 depletion was initiated at day **-1** in B10.RIII mice and CAIA was induced on day **0**. Blood analysis was performed on day six after disease induction. After red cell lysis, cells were stained with CD11b and analyzed by flow cytometry. Mice that received anti-GR1 antibody showed depletion of CD11b<sup>+</sup> side scatter<sup>Hi</sup> granulocyte population.



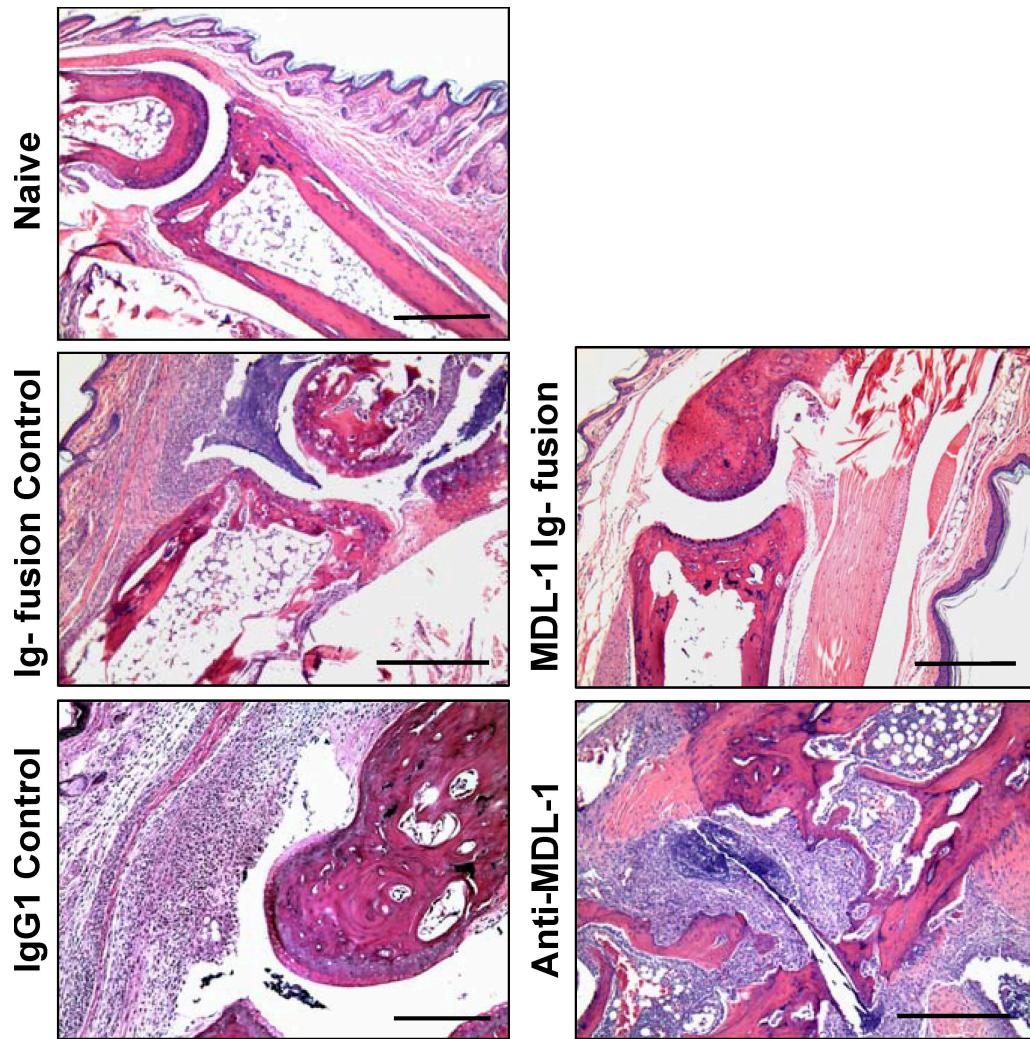
**Figure S5. MDL-1 activation enhanced T cell- and myeloid cell-dependent arthritis.** B10RIII mice were immunized with bovine type II collagen emulsified in CFA at day 0 to induce collagen-induced arthritis. Anti-MDL-1 agonist (clone DX163) was given on day 18 of immunization. Statistical significance was determined by ANOVA analysis. Results are representative of two studies.



**Figure S6.** *Mdl1*<sup>-/-</sup> mice were generated by homologous recombination using the above targeting vector in C57BL/6 ES cells.

	Naive WT	WT AIA	Naive DAP12	DAP12 AIA	Naive MDL-1	MDL-1 AIA
1	MCP-1	28	336	15	53	12.8
2	MMP9	128	762	207	221	171
3	LIX	12	34	11	6	8
4	IL-6	5	136	8	30	10
5	IL1b	26	578	55	131	55
6	RANKL	6	88	8	25	6
7	TIMP-1	1257	16925	1184	4386	1054
8	DAP12	1040	3563	0.8	0.3	1503
9	MDL-1	56	118	68	79	0.9
10	TRAP	471	3025	712	1188	610
11	OPN	5617	13925	4911	6784	3942
12	c-fos	15	603	27	139	47
13	CD14	65	207	26	125	23
14	CD11b	39	329	43	186	55
15	RANK	10	118	24	52	8
16	CTSK	86	1198	112	384	137
17	c-frms	46	109	47	43	41
18	calcitonin R	0.6	3	0.2	0.2	0.2
19	NFATc1	40	332	34	129	46
20	TNF	9	84	18	10	8

**Figure S7. Hind paws from naïve and arthritic mice were prepared for gene expression analysis.** Ubiquitin levels were used to normalize the data by the  $\Delta - \Delta$  Ct method, using the mean cycle threshold (Ct) value and the genes of interest for each sample ( $Ct$  ubiquitin -  $Ct$  gene of interest)  $\times 10^4$  was used to obtain the normalized values. This result corresponds to the heat map shown in Fig. 3B.



**Figure S8.** Representative H&E stained micrographs of metatarsal-phalange joints from the study shown in Fig. 3D. Tissue samples were taken at day 11 of the experiment. MDL-1-Ig fusion protein treatment group showed less damage as compared to controls. Bar, 400  $\mu$ m.