STARD checklist for the reporting of studies of diagnostic accuracy

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Section and Topic	Item #			On page #
TITLE/ABSTRACT/ KEYWORDS	1	Identify the article as a study of diagnostic accuracy (recommend MeSH heading 'sensitivity and specificity').		2,3
INTRODUCTION	2	State the research questions or study aims, such as estimating diagnostic accuracy or comparing accuracy between tests or across participant groups.		6
METHODS		Describe		
Participants	3	The study population: The inclusion and exclusion criteria, setting and locations where the data were collected.		7, 8, 9
	4	Participant recruitment: Was recruitment based on presenting symptoms, results from previous tests, or the fact that the participants had received the index tests or the reference standard?		7, 8, 9
	5	Participant sampling: Was the study population a consecutive series of participants defined by the selection criteria in item 3 and 4? If not, specify how participants were further selected.		
	6	Data collection: Was data collection planned before the index test and reference standard were performed (prospective study) or after (retrospective study)?		7, 8
Test methods	7	The reference standard and its rationale.		10, 11
	8	Technical specifications of material and methods involved including how and when measurements were taken, and/or cite references for index tests and reference standard		7, 8, 9, 10, 11
	9	Definition of and rationale for the units, cutoffs and/or categories of the results of the index tests and the reference standard.		7, 8, 9, 10
	10	The number, training and expertis and the reference standard.	e of the persons executing and reading the index tests	7, 8, 9, 10
	11	Whether or not the readers of the index tests and reference standard were blind (masked) to the results of the other test and describe any other clinical information available to the readers.		7, 8, 9, 10
Statistical methods	12	Methods for calculating or comparing measures of diagnostic accuracy, and the statistical methods used to quantify uncertainty (e.g. 95% confidence intervals).		10, 11
	13	Methods for calculating test repro-	ducibility, if done.	10, 11
RESULTS		Report		
Participants	14	When study was done, including to	peginning and ending dates of recruitment.	7, 8, 9
	15		eristics of the study population (e.g. age, sex, spectrum dity, current treatments, recruitment centers).	7, 8, 9
	16		ring the criteria for inclusion that did or did not undergo ce standard; describe why participants failed to receive igly recommended).	9
Test results	17	Time interval from the index tests administered between.	to the reference standard, and any treatment	11, 12, 13, 14
	18	Distribution of severity of disease diagnoses in participants without	(define criteria) in those with the target condition; other the target condition.	11, 12
	19		f the index tests (including indeterminate and missing ence standard; for continuous results, the distribution of the reference standard.	11, 12, 13, 14
	20	Any adverse events from perform	ing the index tests or the reference standard.	11, 12, 13
Estimates	21	Estimates of diagnostic accuracy confidence intervals).	and measures of statistical uncertainty (e.g. 95%	11, 12, 13, 14
	22	How indeterminate results, missin handled.	g responses and outliers of the index tests were	13, 14
	23	Estimates of variability of diagnos readers or centers, if done.	tic accuracy between subgroups of participants,	13, 14
	24	Estimates of test reproducibility, ty	ypically imprecision (as CV) at 2 or 3 concentrations.	12, 13, 14
DISCUSSION	25	Discuss the clinical applicability of	f the study findings.	14, 15, 16