

**Figure S1**

TKPGYINAAFRSSKNNEAYFFINDKYVLLDYAPGSCRDV	DKVLYGPTPVRDGFKSLIQTIFG VLYGPTPVRDGFIQLIQTIFG	AsnN LysCa Nter
TKPGYINAAFRSSKNNEAYFFINDKYVLLDYAPGSSRDKVLYGPTPVRDGFKSLNQTIFG	1            10            20            30            40            50            60	
SYGIDKSNDTYSRXLFP		
SYANXK		
WSFDTENNEAFIFYCNAALFDYAPHVKRCKIILCGPKKAR		
SYGIDCSFDTENNEAFIFYENFCALIDYAPHSKKDIIILGPKKIADVFPFFEGTVFESGI	70            80            90            100            110            120	DegF
VNKEIKSISSGYPXFRNTIFESGADAASF		
EISGIYNFRNTIFESGADAASF		
DAAYRSTRGKEVYLFKGDQYARIDYGSNSMVNK	130            140            150            160            170            180	CNBr LysCb
KEIKSISSGYPXFRNTIFESGADAASF		
HKXXXNVYFFRL		
HKTNEVYFFKDDCARVVLP		
HKTNEVYFFKDDHYARVKTPGGKLAIMDGVR		
190            200            210            220            227	IVPL	

**Figure S1.** Amino acid sequence of LS-24. LS-24 sequence derived on the basis of internal sequencing and the interpretation of electron density map calculated using *ab initio* phases at 2.2 Å resolution. The N-terminal sequences of LS-24 (Nter), fragments obtained by natural proteolysis (DegF), proteolysis by endoproteinase Lys-C (LysCa and LysCb), endoproteinase Asn-N (AsnN) and chemical modification using CNBr (CNBr) have been aligned. The portions of the sequence interpreted from electron density map are highlighted in grey.