

Legend to Supplemental Figure S1

Fig. S1. Cell viability (A) and cytoplasmic histone-associated DNA fragmentation (B) in p66-WT and p66-KO cells following 4 h treatment with DMSO (control) or the indicated concentrations of benzyl isothiocyanate (BITC). Results are expressed as enrichment factor relative to DMSO-treated control. Each experiment was done at least twice in triplicate and representative data from a single experiment are shown. *Columns*, mean (n=3); *bars*, SE.

*Significantly different ($P<0.05$) between the indicated groups by paired *t*-test.

Fig. S2. A, immunoblotting for Ser36 phosphorylated p66^{Shc} using lysates from PC-3 cells following 24 h of co-treatment with the indicated concentrations of PEITC and/or PKC β inhibitor (PKC β -I). The blot was stripped and re-probed with anti-actin antibody to ensure equal protein loading. The numbers on top of the immunoreactive bands represent change in P-p66^{Shc} levels relative to DMSO-treated control. B, cytoplasmic histone-associated apoptotic DNA fragmentation in PC-3 cells following 24 h of co-treatment with the indicated concentrations of PEITC and/or PKC β -I. Results are expressed as enrichment factor relative to DMSO-treated control. *Columns*, mean (n=3); *bars*, SE. Significantly different ($P<0.05$) compared with ^aDMSO-treated control, and ^bPEITC alone treatment group by one-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's multiple comparison test.