

Table S1. Genome-wide search of potential Rex binding sites in *S. aureus* COL

Locus <sup>a</sup>	Symbol <sup>a</sup>	Description <sup>a</sup>	Position <sup>b</sup>	Putative Rex binding sites <sup>c</sup>	EMSA <sup>d</sup>	Expression under anaerobic conditions <sup>e</sup>				
						Gene	Operon	Protein		
<b>3 motives without mismatches</b>										
SACOL0135	<i>(adhE)</i>	alcohol dehydrogenase, iron-containing	-39	T T G T G A A   a t a a   T T C A C A A	shift	up	up	up/down		
SACOL0301	<i>(nirC)</i>	formate/nitrite transporter family protein	-51	T T G T G A A   a t t a   T T C A C A A	shift	up	up			
SACOL1478	<i>ald1</i>	alanine dehydrogenase	-38	T T G T G A A   a t t a   T T C A C A A	shift	up	up	up		
<b>6 motives with 1 mismatch</b>										
SACOL0166		conserved hypothetical protein	-59	T T G T G A <u>↓</u> t a t t   T T C A C A A		up	up			
SACOL0660	<i>(adh1)</i>	alcohol dehydrogenase, zinc-containing	-306	T T G T G A A   t t a a   T T C A C A <u>↓</u>	shift	up	up	up		
SACOL0744		ABC transporter, ATP-binding protein, MsbA family	-2	T T G T G A A   a a a a   T T <u>↓</u> A C A A						
SACOL0743	<i>bacA</i>	bacitracin resistance protein	-234	T T G T <u>↓</u> A A   t t t t   T T C A C A A						
SACOL1535	<i>srrA</i>	DNA-binding response regulator SrrA	-103	T T G <u>↓</u> G A A   t t t t   T T C A C A A	shift		up	up		
SACOL2535	<i>(ddh)</i>	D-isomer specific 2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenase family protein	-102	T T G T G A <u>↓</u> a t t t   T T C A C A A	shift	up	up			
SACOL2534	<i>frp</i>	NAD(P)H-flavin oxidoreductase	-185	T T G T G A A   a a a t <u>↓</u> T C A C A A	shift					
SACOL2659	<i>aur</i>	zinc metalloproteinase aureolysin	-232	T T G T <u>↓</u> A A   t a t t   T T C A C A A						
<b>9 motives with 2 mismatches</b>										
SACOL0079		staphylococcus tandem lipoprotein	-101	T T G T G A A   a t t t   T T <u>↓</u> A <u>↓</u> A A			up			
SACOL0204	<i>pflB</i>	formate acetyltransferase	-96	<u>↓</u> T G T G A A   a a a a <u>↓</u> T C A C A A	shift	up	up	up		
SACOL0222	<i>ldh1</i>	L-lactate dehydrogenase	-227	<u>↓</u> T G T G A A   a t a a <u>↓</u> T C A C A A	shift			up		
SACOL0220	<i>(hmp)</i>	flavoheomprotein, putative	-363	T T G T G A <u>↓</u> t t a t   T T C A C A <u>↓</u>	shift		up	up		
SACOL0222	<i>ldh1</i>	L-lactate dehydrogenase	-169	<u>↓</u> T G T G A A   a t a a <u>↓</u> T C A C A A	shift			up		
SACOL0747		cobalamin synthesis protein/P47K family protein	-158	T T G T <u>↓</u> <u>↓</u> A   t t a a   T T C A C A A						
SACOL0746	<i>norR</i>	transcriptional regulator, MarR family	-86	T T G T G A A   t t a a   T <u>↓</u> <u>↓</u> A C A A						
SACOL2007		unknown	-386	<u>↓</u> T G T G A A   t a a t <u>↓</u> T C A C A A						

Table 1 continued

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								Gene	Operon	Protein
SACOL2006	<i>(lukM)</i>	aerolysin/Leukocidin family protein	-66	T T G T G A <u>↓</u>	a t t a	T T C A C A <u>↓</u>	shift	up	up	
SACOL2146	<i>(mtlF)</i>	PTS system, mannitol-specific IIBC components	-208	T T G <u>↓</u> <u>↓</u> A A	t a t t	T T C A C A A		up	up	
SACOL2364		conserved hypothetical protein	-210	<u>↓</u> T G T G A <u>↓</u>	t t t t	T T C A C A A				
SACOL2363	<i>(lctP)</i>	L-lactate permease	-124	T T G T G A A	a a a a	<u>↓</u> T C A C A <u>↓</u>	shift	up	up	
SACOL2492		hypothetical protein	-323	T T G T G A <u>↓</u>	<u>↓</u> t a t	T T C A C A A				
SACOL2491		conserved hypothetical protein	-129	T T G T G A A	a t a <u>↓</u>	<u>↓</u> T C A C A A		up	up	
<b>36 motives with 3 mismatches</b>										
SACOL0001	<i>dnaA</i>	chromosomal replication initiator protein DnaA	-398	T T <u>↓</u> T <u>↓</u> A A	t t a t	T T C <u>↓</u> C A A				
SACOL2740	<i>rpmH</i>	ribosomal protein L34	-350	T T G <u>↓</u> G A A	a t a a	T T <u>↓</u> A <u>↓</u> A A				
SACOL0019	<i>yycF (vicR)</i>	DNA-binding response regulator YycF	-85	<u>↓</u> T G T G A <u>↓</u>	t t t t	T <u>↓</u> C A C A A	shift <sup>f</sup>			
SACOL0162		formate dehydrogenase, NAD-dependent	-252	T T G T <u>↓</u> A A	a t t a	T T <u>↓</u> A C A <u>↓</u>				down
SACOL0202		sensor histidine kinase family protein	-184	T <u>↓</u> G T G <u>↓</u> A	a t a t	T T <u>↓</u> A C A A				up
SACOL0235		hexitol dehydrogenase	-34	T T G T G A A	t t a a	<u>↓</u> T C A <u>↓</u> A <u>↓</u>				
SACOL0319		hypothetical protein	-137	T T G <u>↓</u> <u>↓</u> A <u>↓</u>	t t a t	T T C A C A A				
SACOL0526		DNA polymerase III, delta prime subunit, putative	-97	T T <u>↓</u> T <u>↓</u> A A	a a t a	<u>↓</u> T C A C A A				
SACOL0552		general stress protein 13	-69	T T G T G A A	a a a a	T <u>↓</u> C A <u>↓</u> A <u>↓</u>				
SACOLSa5SA	<i>5sRNA</i>	5S ribosomal RNA	-85	<u>↓</u> T G T G A <u>↓</u>	a a a <u>↓</u>	T T C A C A A	no shift			
SACOL0601		hypothetical protein	-72	T <u>↓</u> G T G A A	a t t a	<u>↓</u> T C A <u>↓</u> A A				
SACOL0602		hydrolase, haloacid dehalogenase-like family	-349	T <u>↓</u> G T G A A	a t t a	<u>↓</u> T C A <u>↓</u> A A				
SACOL0607		azoreductase	-360	T T <u>↓</u> <u>↓</u> G A A	a a a a	T T <u>↓</u> A C A A				down
SACOL0671		hydrolase, alpha/beta hydrolase fold family	-215	T <u>↓</u> G T <u>↓</u> A <u>↓</u>	a t a t	T T C A C A A		up	up	
SACOL0944		NADH dehydrogenase, putative	-242	T <u>↓</u> <u>↓</u> T <u>↓</u> A A	t t t t	T T C A C A A				

Table 1 continued

Locus <sup>a</sup>	Symbol <sup>a</sup>	Description <sup>a</sup>	Position <sup>b</sup>	Putative Rex binding sites <sup>c</sup>	EMSA <sup>d</sup>	Expression under anaerobic conditions <sup>e</sup>		
						Gene	Operon	Protein
SACOL0966	<i>pgi</i>	glucose-6-phosphate isomerase	-69	T T G T G A A t t g a <u>a</u> T C g C A A	no shift			
SACOL0964	<i>argG</i>	argininosuccinate synthase	-299	T T G <u>c</u> G A <u>t</u> t <u>c</u> a a T T C A C A A				
SACOL0965		hypothetical protein	-20	T T G <u>c</u> G A <u>t</u> t <u>c</u> a a T T C A C A A				
SACOL1172		hypothetical protein	-232	T T <u>t</u> T G A A a t t g T T C A <u>a</u> A A				
SACOL1188		hydrolase, haloacid dehalogenase-like family	-200	<u>g</u> T G T G A A a t t a <u>g</u> <u>g</u> C A C A A				
SACOL1319	<i>glpF</i>	glycerol uptake facilitator protein	-157	T T G <u>a</u> <u>c</u> A A a a t t T T <u>t</u> A C A A				
SACOL1318		hypothetical protein	-143	T T G T <u>a</u> A A a a t t T T <u>g</u> <u>t</u> C A A				
SACOL1404	<i>trpG</i>	anthranilate synthase, glutamine amidotransferase, component II	-283	T T G <u>c</u> G A A t t t a T T <u>a</u> <u>c</u> C A A				
SACOL1429	<i>asd</i>	aspartate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	-52	T T G T <u>t</u> A A a a t a T T C <u>t</u> <u>a</u> A A				
SACOL1562		2-oxoisovalerate dehydrogenase, E1 component, alpha subunit	-378	<u>a</u> <u>a</u> G T G <u>t</u> A t t t a T T C A C A A				
SACOL1610	<i>sodA2</i>	superoxide dismutase	-339	T <u>g</u> G T G <u>t</u> <u>t</u> a a t a T T C A C A A		down	down	down
SACOL1831	<i>tal</i>	transaldolase	-39	T T G T <u>t</u> A A a a t t T T <u>a</u> A <u>t</u> A A				
SACOL1848		hypothetical protein	-127	T <u>a</u> G <u>c</u> <u>c</u> A A a a t a T T C A C A A			up	
SACOL2070	<i>kdpD</i>	sensor protein	-250	T T <u>c</u> T <u>a</u> A A a t t t T T C A C <u>t</u> A				
SACOL2068	<i>kdpA</i>	Potassium-transporting ATPase A chain	-39	T <u>a</u> G T G A A a a a t T T <u>t</u> A <u>g</u> A A				
SACOL2106		UPF0340 protein SACOL2106	-2	T T <u>a</u> T G A A a <u>g</u> a t T T <u>g</u> A C A A				
SACOL2112	<i>rpmE2</i>	50S ribosomal protein L31 type B	-61	T T G <u>g</u> G <u>t</u> A a a a a <u>c</u> T C A C A A				
SACOL2171		aerobactin biosynthesis protein, IucA/IucC family	-27	T T G T <u>a</u> A A a t a t T T C A <u>t</u> A <u>g</u>				
SACOL2170		transporter, putative	-92	<u>c</u> T <u>a</u> T G A A a t a t T T <u>t</u> A C A A				
SACOL2190		putative, uncharacterised protein	-191	T <u>g</u> G T G A A t t t a <u>c</u> T C A <u>a</u> A A				
SACOL2399	<i>nirR</i>	transcriptional regulator NirR	-64	<u>a</u> T G T G A <u>t</u> t <u>c</u> t t T T C A C A A	shift	up	up	
SACOL2409	<i>fmhA</i>	FmhA protein	-51	T T <u>a</u> T <u>t</u> A A t a a a T T C A <u>a</u> A A				

Table 1 continued

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								Gene	Operon	Protein
SACOL2408		lipoprotein, putative	-212	T T <u>t</u> T G A A	t t t a	T T <u>a</u> A <u>t</u> A A				
SACOL2429		putative, uncharacterised protein	-193	<u>a</u> <u>g</u> G T G A A	a t a a	T T C A <u>a</u> A A				
SACOL2603		putative, uncharacterised protein	-109	T T <u>t</u> T G A A	t a t a	<u>a</u> T C A <u>t</u> A A				
SACOL2642		putative, uncharacterised protein	-161	<u>g</u> T <u>t</u> T G A A	a a t t	<u>g</u> T C A C A A				
SACOL2657	<i>arcA</i>	arginine deiminase	-79	<u>a</u> T G T G A A	t a t a	<u>a</u> T C A C A <u>t</u>	shift	up	up	

<sup>a</sup> A genome-wide search for potential Rex binding sites was done with the motif TTGTGAA W<sub>4</sub> TTCACAA against the *S. aureus* COL genome sequence. A total of 55 different motives with up to 3 mismatches up to 400 base pairs in front of the genes are shown. Locus, symbol and description of the corresponding gene are based on TIGR annotation (<http://www.tigr.org>). Gene symbols in brackets refer to common annotations in other *S. aureus* strains.

<sup>b</sup> The position of the potential Rex binding site is related to the translational start.

<sup>c</sup> Matches to the Rex consensus sequence are shown in capital letters. Mismatches to the Rex consensus sequence are underlined and shown in bold.

<sup>d</sup> Rex binding sites that have been verified by EMSA in the present study are indicated by “shift”. Motives showing no Rex binding affinity are indicated by “no shift”.

<sup>e</sup> Based on transcriptome and proteome data published by Fuchs *et al.* (2007).

<sup>f</sup> In EMSA, Rex bound to the regulatory region of *vicR* only in the presence of NAD<sup>+</sup> (Fig. 3).

**Tab. S2** Synthetic oligonucleotides used in this study

Name	Sequence (5'-3')
primers used for cloning of <i>rex</i> into pPR-IBA1	
Sa_rex_for	ATGGTAGGTCTCAAATGAGTGACCAAGTTAAAATTCCTCGAG
Sa_rex_rev	ATGGTAGGTCTCAGCGCTTTCACCTGTAATTTTTCATAAAGAATAATA
primers used for Rex-DNA binding studies	
SACOL0019_for	ATAAGACGGAAAATGCGCAC
SACOL0019_rev	CTTCCATACCATCACGACCA
SACOL0301_for	ACTTAATAAATGCTCACTGCC
SACOL0301_rev	CCTCACAATGACTCCTCGC
SACOL0660_for	GACACATTTTTTTGATCATAGC
SACOL0660_rev	GCTCTCATAATAATGTCCTCC
SACOL1778_for	ATACAACATAAATCAAATGGAG
SACOL1778_rev	AACTAACATTTGCAACACTCC
SACOL1535_for	AAATGTTGTCGGTTTGAATGC
SACOL1535_rev	TTCGACATACAGGTCATACC
SACOL2006_for	AAGATGCAGGATATTATTTAGC
SACOL2006_rev	GCACATGATAATGATGACGC
SACOL2035_for	CATTCGATCTTCACCTTTCG
SACOL2035_rev	GTCACTCATTGCTATTTCC
SACOL2363_for	GTACAATTCATTTTGATGAACAG
SACOL2363_rev	AAACGTATTTACTAACATAGGC
SACOL1889_for	GAAAATTGGAATAGTTGATGGG
SACOL1889_rev	GTTTTTATTATGCACCATAAAGG
SACOL2399_for	ATATACTACAAGCGACCG
SACOL2399_rev	CCATTCACATTTACCAACCC
SACOL2535_for	TATTGCTCATTGAACATAGCC
SACOL2535_rev	TTGTCATTATTA AAAACCTCGC
SACOL2563_for	ATATTGAAAATGCAATGGATCC
SACOL2563_rev	CCGTTATTCATATAACATCACC
SACOL2657_for	TATACAACGTGTTTTTTGTGGG
SACOL2657_rev	CGCTATTTACTTTAATTGGACC
SACOL_Sa5SA_for	AAAATTGTATAGAATGTGTATGG
SACOL_Sa5SA_rev	ATAGCCACCAGACAAAATAAC
Sa_ldh1_for	TAAAATGTGAAATAAATCACAATTTAAT
Sa_ldh2_for	TTATATGTGAAATAAATCACAAACTTAA
Sa_adhE_for	ATATGAAACACTTAATAAAGTGTGGTA
Sa_nirC_for	AATTTTGTGAAATTATTCACAAATAAGA
Sa_adh1_for	TATAATGTGAATTAATTCACAAAGTATA
primers used for protein-DNA interaction studies and primer extension	
SACOL0135_for	GCGATATAACAAGCTTTTTAGG
SACOL0135_rev	TCTTGTTCTTTCGATCCACG
SACOL0204_for	GTGTAACAGAATGCAATTAGC
SACOL0204_rev	TCTTCCATTTTTAAATCCTTGCC
SACOL0222_for	ATCGTATACAAATTA AAAAGGTG
SACOL0222_rev	TTTGTTCAATACAAAACTCCC
primers used for cloning the <i>adhE</i> upstream region	
SACOL0135_for2	CATTTTTGAATCATCTAGCAGG
SACOL0135_rev2	ATATGTTGATCAACAGCTGC
primers used for RNA-probe synthesis	
<i>rex</i> _for	TGAGTGACCAAGTTAAAATTCC
<i>rex</i> _rev <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGATAATAATGACTGTAATTCTATACC</u>
<i>ldh1</i> _for	CATGCCACACCATATTCTCC

<i>ldhI_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGAGCTGATACAGTCAATACGGC</u>
<i>lctP_for</i>	GCAGAATGTGCTTTTGCAGG
<i>lctP_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGAGCAGAATGTGCTTTTGCAGG</u>
<i>srrA_for</i>	CCATGAAGCAAGTAATGGCC
<i>lctP_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGATCAAATTTATACCCAACGCCC</u>
<i>adhI_for</i>	GTCTATCGCTTGGATGTTCCG
<i>adhI_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCGTCAAGCACTAATCTTGG</u>
<i>adhE_for</i>	ATGCTCTAGCTGACAAAGGG
<i>adhE_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGATGTGCACTTGGATGGAATGC</u>
<i>aldI_for</i>	TTGCACACCCGAAAATGTGC
<i>aldI_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGATGCGGTCATCGTTTAACTCG</u>
<i>pflB_for</i>	GGTGCAGCAATGAGTTTAGG
<i>pflB_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGATTTGGACCAACTTGTGCACC</u>
<i>nirR_for</i>	TTGTTGCACATGGCATGAGG
<i>nirR_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGAACCATGTCATTCAATTTGCTGC</u>
<i>narH_for</i>	TACCACGTTTATGTGAACATTGC
<i>narH_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGATCGGCATCGTTCTAAATTCAGG</u>
<i>clpL_for</i>	AAAAATAACACACAATATTC
<i>clpL_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACTCAACCGATAATTTGATGG</u>
<i>vicR_for</i>	GTGTA CTGTGCATACGATGG
<i>vicR_rev</i> <sup>1</sup>	<u>CTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGAAATATCCAACGCCTCTACGC</u>

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<sup>1</sup> underlined sequence corresponds to the T7 polymerase binding site (Jorgensen et al., 1991)

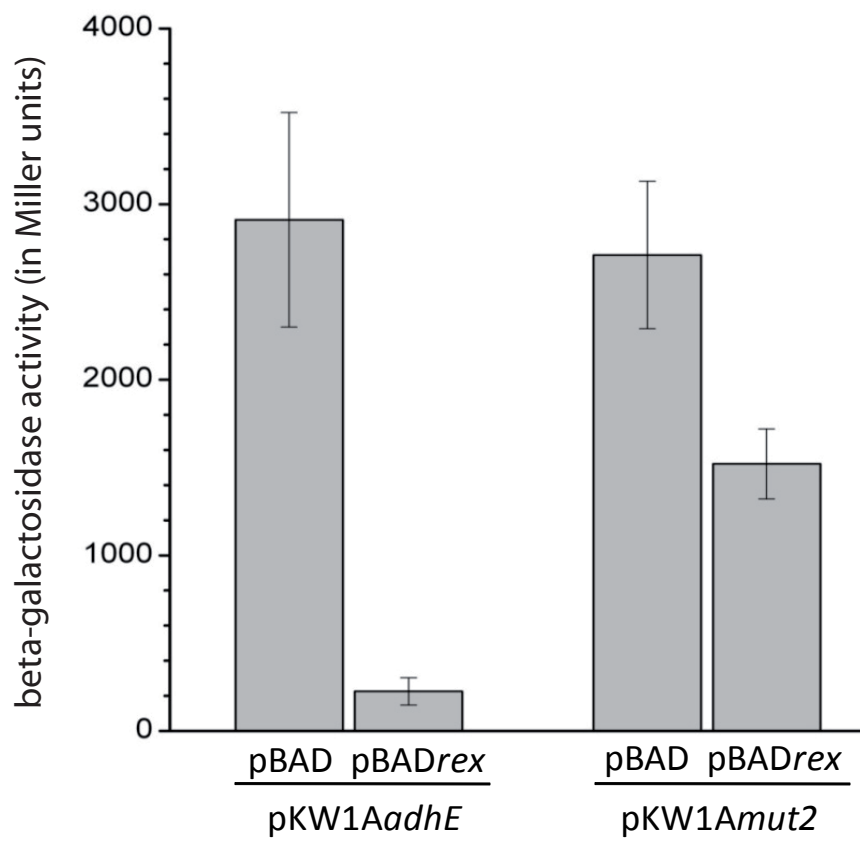


Figure S1

## Legend to Fig. 1S

### Characterisation of the *in vivo* effect of Rex binding to the *adhE* upstream region by $\beta$ -galactosidase assays

*Escherichia coli* DH5 $\alpha$  was transformed with plasmid pKW1A*adhE* (transcriptional fusion of the *adhE* upstream region of *S. aureus* to the *lacZYA* operon of *E. coli*) or pKW1A*mut2* (transcriptional fusion of the *adhE* upstream region of *S. aureus* with the mutated Rex binding site (mutant 2) to the *lacZYA* operon of *E. coli*). In a second step, verified clones were either transformed with plasmid pBAD*rex* (carrying the *rex* gene of *S. aureus* COL) or pBAD (Guzman *et al.*, 1995) as a control.  $\beta$ -galactosidase activity is shown as average value of Miller units of three biological replicates with the respective standard deviation.

Briefly, overnight cultures were grown at 37°C and 160 rpm in LB medium, 1:20 diluted in fresh medium containing 2% arabinose and incubated for 2 h under mentioned conditions. The cultures were then collected by centrifugation at 4°C and washed in cold 0.85% (w/v) NaCl before enzyme activity assays were performed.  $\beta$ -galactosidase enzyme activities are expressed in arbitrary units, which were determined according to the formula of Miller *et al.* (1972). Cultures were assayed in triplicate and reported values are averaged from at least four different experiments. Bacteria carrying the reporter plasmid containing the *adhE* promoter but empty expression plasmids served as controls.

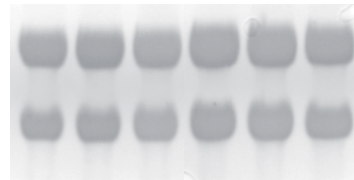
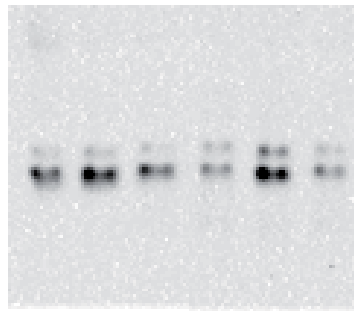
### References

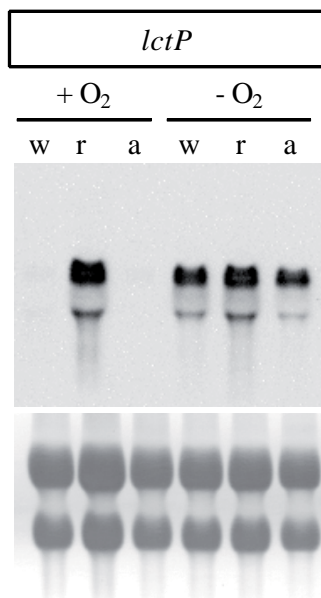
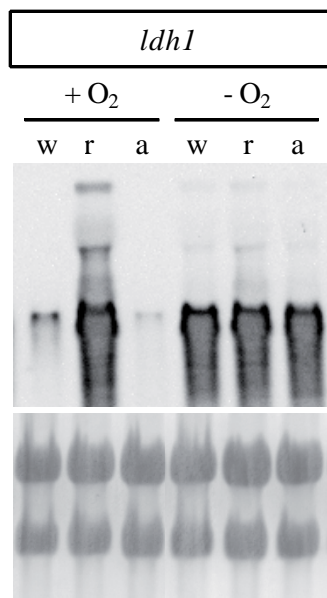
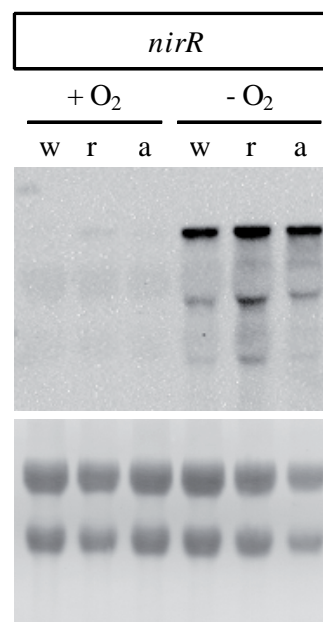
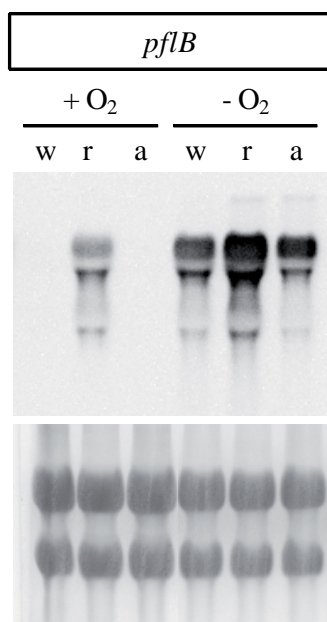
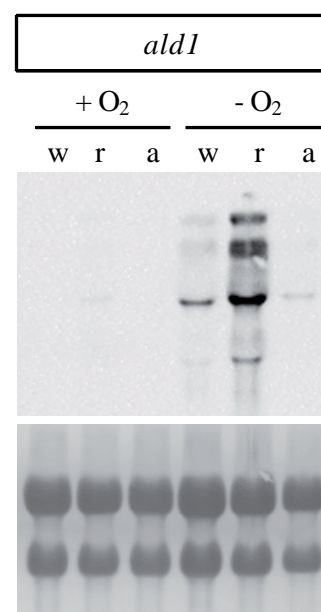
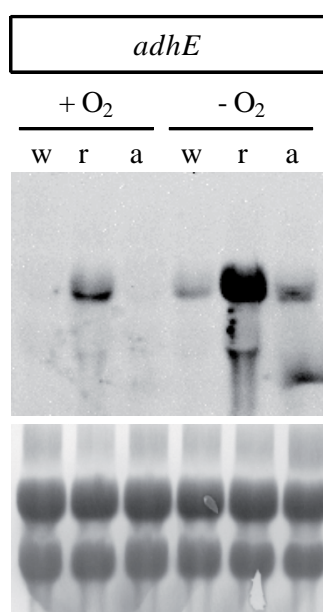
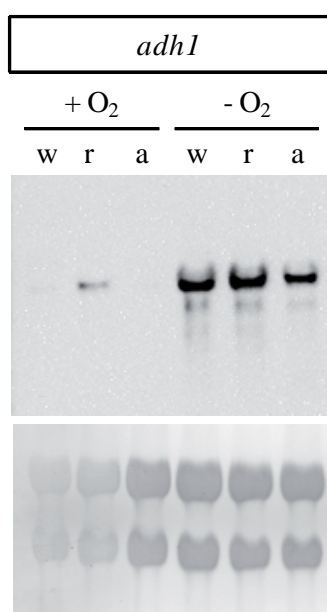
- Guzman L.M., Belin D., Carson M.J., and Beckwith J. (1995) Tight regulation, modulation, and high-level expression by vectors containing the arabinose PBAD promoter. *J Bacteriol* **177**: 4121-4130.
- Miller J.H. (1972) Experiments in molecular genetics. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY



*rex*

+ O<sub>2</sub>      - O<sub>2</sub>  
w r a      w r a



**A****B**

C

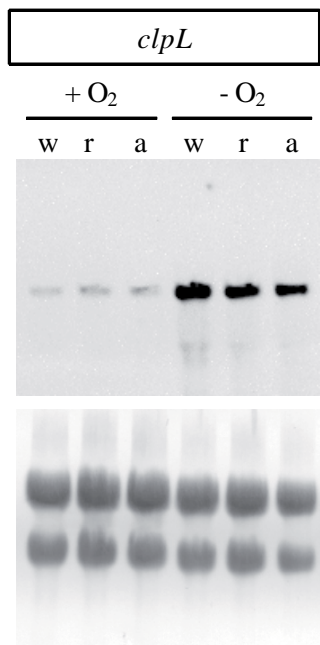


Figure S3