

Supplementary Data

Supplementary Figure Legends

Figure S1. Mammalian and zebrafish KLF6/Copeb protein sequences are highly homologous.

(a). Alignment of human, mouse and zebrafish KLF6/Copeb protein sequences compared to the *similar to kruppel like factor 6* (official gene name *si:dkeyp-12a9.2*). There is 75% identity between the human and zebrafish KLF6/Copeb proteins. Only 54% identity is seen between zebrafish Copeb and the related protein encoded by *si:dkeyp-12a9.2* (called “similar to klf6” in figure). * indicates identical amino acids and : indicates isoelectric amino acids. Blue boxes delineate the C2H2 zinc finger DNA binding domains. (b) Phylogram demonstrates that Copeb is closely related to mammalian KLF6.

Figure S2. *copeb* ATG morpholino injection induces early embryonic lethality in few embryos.

The percent survival of embryos injected with either 2 or 4 μM *copeb* ATG morpholino was normalized to that observed in embryos from the same clutch that were either injected with a control morpholino or were uninjected. No death was observed in any clutches after 1 dpf. Values are averaged from over 300 embryos at each time point from at least 4 clutches. The error bars indicate the standard deviation. Similar results were obtained with the exon 2 splice donor blocking morpholino.

Figure S3. *copeb*-splice blocking morpholino creates a truncated protein due to mis-splicing of zygotic Copeb.

(a) A *copeb*-splicing morpholino was designed to target the splicing donor site of *copeb* exon 2. (b) RT-PCR was performed on cDNA samples prepared from uninjected control and morphants on 1-4 dpf embryos with a pair of primers on exons 2 and 3, (*copeb-e2-f* and *copeb-e3-r*, respectively) as indicated by the arrows in (a). (c) The bands generated by the PCR from control and morphant cDNA shown in (c) were sequenced, revealing a 49 bp deletion in the morphant mRNA due to splicing to a cryptic splice donor site in exon 2 (black box). The corresponding base pair of

the *copeb* coding sequence is labeled below the sequencing traces. (d) The product of the mis-spliced mRNA is predicted to be prematurely truncated due to a frame shift, eliminating the C2H2 zinc finger that is essential for Copeb function.

Figure S4. Restoration of *copeb* rescues the liver and pancreas phenotypes in *copeb* morphants.

Embryos from *Tg(fabp10:RFP;ela3l:EGFP)* carriers were injected with 2 μ M *copeb* ATG morpholino, *copeb* mRNA, a combination of the two or uninjected as controls and were scored for viability (a) and any developmental abnormality, termed “affected” (b); n is the total number of embryos scored in all experiments, which were carried out on at least 3 clutches. (c) Live images of representative 4 dpf larvae shows normal size pancreas in control larvae, marked by GFP expression, whereas the liver and pancreas is reduced in larvae injected with either the *copeb* splice donor morpholino or ATG morpholino. The liver and pancreas size is rescued by co-injecting the ATG morpholino with *copeb* mRNA. (d) 4 dpf larvae from *Tg(fabp10:RFP;ela3l:EGFP)* fish were injected with the *copeb* ATG morpholino, *copeb* RNA or both were scored for liver size based on RFP. Total n from 4 clutches is indicated below graph.

Figure S5. *copeb* morphants have decreased expression of blood cell genes but normal hepatic vasculature .

(a) mRNA levels of marker genes for mesoderm-derived organ system such as blood and kidney were analyzed using QPCR in control embryos and *copeb* morphants at 4 dpf , and their levels in control embryos were set to be 1. Compared to control embryos, *copeb* morphants exhibited significantly lower expression of genes involved in vasculogenesis and hematopoiesis. However, expression of the kidney marker (*npsh1l*) was not significantly different between control and morphants. Errors bars show standard deviation from three independent experiments; * indicates $p < 0.05$. (b) The *copeb* morpholino was injected into embryos expressing GFP in endothelial cells *Tg(fli1a:EGFP)* were imaged live on 4 dpf. The vascular network is similar in the liver in control (b-c) and *copeb* morphants (d-e). Scale bars = 500 μ m (b,d) and 100 μ m (c,e)

Figure S6. *Klf6*^{+/+} ES cells are able to differentiated in to the hepatic lineage using the serum-free hepatic differentiation protocol. (a) A schematic drawing showing the serum-free hepatic differentiation protocol. *Klf6*^{+/+} ES cells were pushed into the hepatic lineage using the serum-free protocol. Expression of marker genes for hepatic differentiation was analyzed in these cells using QPCR from day 0-12. mRNA levels at day 0 were set to be 1. *Klf6* expression exhibited a biphasic increase at day 2 and day 8 (b). Expression of early liver marker *Afp* (c) and *Ttr* (d) could be detected at day 8, while expression of *Albumin*, a later hepatic marker, peaked at day 12 (e).

Figure S7. *p21* expression does not require *Klf6* in ES cell differentiation cultures. *Klf6*^{-/-} ES cells on days 2-6 of differentiation were analyzed for *p21* expression by qPCR. Expression was normalized to WT cells, averaged over 3 experiments and the error bars display the standard error.

Table S1. Primer sequences for qPCR**Mouse primers (3'-5')**

<i>Afp</i> F	GCCACCGAGGAGGAAGTG
<i>Afp</i> 2R	AGTCTTCTTGCGTGCCAGC
<i>Albumin</i> F	GGTGTGTTTCGCCGAGAACGAC
<i>Albumin</i> R	GGCGGCAGACTCATCGGC
<i>Cxcr4</i> F	CGGGATGAAAACGTCCATTT
<i>Cxcr4</i> R	ATGACCAGGATCACCAATCCA
<i>Gata4</i> F	GCGGACTCACGGAGATCG
<i>Gata4</i> R	CTGCTACACACCCAGGCG
<i>Gapdh</i> F	GCCAAAAGGGTCATCATCTC
<i>Gapdh</i> R	ATGGCATGGACTGTGGTCAT
<i>Hnf3β</i> F	ACTGTAACGGGGGAGGGGC
<i>Hnf3β</i> R	CAGTCGGATGGCTCGTGC
<i>Klf6</i> F	ACCCGACATGGATGTGCTCCCAAT
<i>Klf6</i> R	GCAGGGCTCACTCTGAAGATA
<i>Sox17</i> F	CAGGAAAACCTCAGCATGTCACC
<i>Sox17</i> R	CTTGGGGAAAACCTGGCTGGAG
<i>Ttr</i> F	CTCACCCACAGATGAGAAG
<i>Ttr</i> R	GGCTGAGTCTCTCAATTC
Zebrafish primers (3'-5')	
<i>amy</i> F	CATCAACCCTGATTCCACCT
<i>amy</i> R	GTCCCACCAATTGGAAAATG
<i>ces</i> F	AGCGCTCCTTTCACAGAAGA
<i>ces</i> R	TTTTCCCAGGTTTCTGTTGC
<i>copeb</i> F	CGTCCACGACACTGGC
<i>copeb</i> R	GCTCCAAAGATCCTCCTGGC
<i>zcopeb-E2-F</i>	TCTGACGGAGTCAGCACATCA
<i>zcopeb-E3-R</i>	GGTTAGCTCATCGCTCCTTG
<i>cyp2E1</i> F	TATTCCTCATGCTGCACTCTG
<i>cyp2E1</i> R	AGGAGCGTTTACCTGCAGAA
<i>cyp3c1</i> F	AAACCCTGATGAGCATGGAC
<i>cyp3c1</i> R	CAAGTCTTTGGGGATGAGGA
<i>fabp10</i> F	CATTGTGGCTGCAGGTTATG
<i>fabp10</i> R	TAATCCTCACATCCCGATCC
<i>hgae2</i> F	CTCTGCCCCAGTGAGGAAA

<i>hgae2</i> R	CGAGGATGTTGTGGGACAGA
<i>hpx</i> F	TAGATGCTGCCTTTGTGTGC
<i>hpx</i> R	TGGTTCCTTCCTTCACAAGC
<i>ifapb</i> F	CACCTCCAAAACCTCCTGGAA
<i>ifapb</i> R	TTCTGCAGACCAGCTTTCCT
<i>insulin</i> F	GCTCTGTTGGTCCTGTTGGT
<i>insulin</i> R	GGGCAGATTTAGGAGGAAGG
<i>kdr</i> F	GGTGGGACACTCACACTCATTT
<i>kdr</i> R	TCGCTGGACTTCTTGTGACTG
<i>lcp1</i> F	GATGGCAGCAGCACAGATC
<i>lcp1</i> R	CGGCAGAGGGAGATTGGCGGC
<i>mpx</i> F	TGTTGTGCTCTTTCAGTGGGGG
<i>mpx</i> R	ACTTGTAAGCAGCGTCTACTATT
<i>mtp</i> F	CTCAGCTGGTGGATGCAGTA
<i>mtp</i> R	ATCTCTGTGCTGCCGATCTT
<i>npsh11</i> F	CAGCATGACAGGAGACCAGA
<i>npsh11</i> R	GCTGTGAAGAAGGGATCTGC
<i>rppo</i> F	CTGAACATCTCGCCCTTCTC
<i>rppo</i> R	TAGCCGATCTGCAGACACAC
<i>tfa</i> F	TGCAGAAAAAGCTGGTGATG
<i>tfa</i> R	ACAGCATGAACTGGCACTTG
<i>try</i> F	CCCTCACCCGAAATACAATG
<i>try</i> R	GAAACCAAGCACTGCTCTCC