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Figure S1 CENP-H depletion impairs the localization of the whole CENP-A NAC/CAD complex. (a) Representative images of cells treated with *siControl* or *siCENP-H* RNAs stained with CENP-A (green) or CREST antisera (red)

and CENP-H, CENP-I, CENP-P, CENP-O, CENP-N, CENP-K or CENP-L antisera (red) or CENP-C (green). Insets show higher magnification views of a single kinetochore. Scale bar = 10 μm















Figure S2 CENP-H depletion does not have affect the binding of other key kinetochore proteins. (**a-g**) Representative images of *siControl* or *siCENP-H* RNA-treated cells stained with CREST (red) and p150Glued

(a), CENP-F (b), Kif18a (c), Bub1 (d), BubR1 (e), Sgo1 (f) or Ska1 (g) antisera (green). Insets show higher magnification views of a single kinetochore. Scale bars = $10 \ \mu m$





C EB1 intensity at the metaphase plate relative to the spindle $I_{PLATE} = (a - b) / (c - b)$



b EGFP-CLASP1 intensity at the KTs relative to the spindle poles $I_{KTs} = (\bar{c} - b) / (\bar{a} - b)$



d Acetylated tubulin intensity relative to α -tubulin (based on mean intensity projections; mean intensity) I = a / b



Figure S3 Immunofluorescence quantifications. (a) Scheme for the quantification of the intensity of CENP-H, CENP-I, CENP-P, CENP-O, CENP-L, MCAK and Nnf1R levels at kinetochores. (b) Scheme for the quantification of the intensity of EGFP-CLASP1 at the kinetochores. Intensities were normalized

with the poles for each cell. (c) Scheme for the quantification of the intensity of EB1 at kinetochores. Intensities were normalized with the spindle intensity. (d) Scheme for the quantification of the intensity of acetylated α -tubulin. The intensities were normalized with the total α -tubulin intensity. Scale bar = 10 μ m



Figure S4 Key experiments with an alternative CENP-H siRNA oligonucleotide (*siCENP-H-2*) confirm the results of this study (*siCENP-H*). (a) Autocorrelation function of translational sister-kinetochore movements along the spindle axis (kinetochore oscillation) of *siControl* (black line; same as in Figure 1b) and *siCENP-H-2* (red line). The autocorrelation function was calculated by combining all aligned sister-kinetochore pairs for each condition (see Supplementary Table 2). (b-c) Histograms of the mean interval time between directional switches of the sister-kinetochore pairs along the spindle axis of *siControl* (black bars, same as in Figure 1b) and *siCENP-H-2* (red bars). For each condition, the mean values and SDs are indicated. (d) Average sister-kinetochore pairs signer 1b) and *siCENP-H-2* (red bar). Error bars represent SD based on n =

independent experiments. (e) Width of the metaphase plate of *siControl* (black bar; same as in Figure 1b) and *siCENP-H-2* (red bar). Error bars represent SD based on n = independent experiments. (f) Representative images of *siControl* and *siCENP-H-2* cold-treated cells for 10 or 30 min stained with CREST antisera (kinetochores; red) and α -tubulin antibodies (MTs; green). (g) Fluorescence intensity decay of the photoactivated regions over time in *siControl* (black; same as in Figure 2) and *siCENP-H-2* (red) treated PAGFP- α -tubulin/H2B-mRFP cells. Curve fitting indicated that the decay in CENP-H-2 depleted cells fitted to a curve with single exponential with the indicated half-life. Error bars represent SD (h) Representative images of HeLa cells stably expressing EGFP-CLASP1 treated with *siControl* or *siCENP-H-2* RNAs and stained with CREST antisera (kinetochores; red). Scale bars = 10 µm



Figure S5 siRNA depletions and antibody validations (a, b, d, e, g, h, j, k) Representative images of *siControl* and *siCENP-H* (a), *siCENP-P* (b), *siCENP-O* (d), *siCENP-L* (e), *siNuf2R* (g), *siMCAK* (h), *siNnf1R* (j) or *siEB1* (k) RNA-treated cells stained with CREST or CENP-A (red) and CENP-H (a), CENP-P (b), CENP-O (d), CENP-L (e), Nuf2R (g), MCAK (h), Nnf1R (j) or EB1 (k) antisera (green). Insets show higher magnification views

of a single kinetochore. (**c**, **f**, **i**) Immunofluorescence quantification of CENP-P (**c**), CENP-L (**f**) and MCAK (**i**) levels on aligned kinetochores after treatment with *siControl* and *siCENP-P*, *siCENP-L* or *siMCAK* RNAs from images such as shown in (b, e, h). Error bars indicate SEM (**I**) Validation of CLASP1 depletion. Immunoblots of whole cell lysates treated with siRNAs as indicated and probed with CLASP1 or α -tubulin antibodies are shown.



Figure S6 Top-bottom gels of cropped immunoblots (**a**) Immunoblot of 5-40% glycerol gradient shown in Figure 7d probed with anti-CENP-Q antibodies. (**b**) Validation of CLASP1 depletion. Immunoblots of whole

cell lysates treated with siRNAs as indicated and probed with CLASP1 or α -tubulin antibodies are shown. The cropped version is shown in Supplementary Figure S51.

Supplementrary movie legends

Supplementary Video S1: Poleward MT flux and tubulin turnover following photoactivation of PA-GFP- α -tubulin in a Control-depleted cell. Supplementary Video S2: Poleward MT flux and tubulin turnover following photoactivation of PA-GFP- α -tubulin in a CENP-H-depleted cell. Supplementary Video S3: Oscillating sister-kinetochore pair in an EGFP-CENP-I stable cell line.

Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1. Qualitative levels of EB1 and CLASP1 at the kinetochores ^a						
Protein/Condition	siControl	siNuf2R	siNnf1R	siCENP-H		
EB1	+++ ^e	+++	$++^{d}$	++		
CLASP1	+++	+++	++	_b		
^a as determined by immunofluorescence						
^b no signal						
^c weak signal						
^d reduced signal compared to control cells						
^e normal signal						

Supplementary Table 2. Number of imaged cells and sister kinetochore pairs used for the kinetochore tracking analysis

Condition	N° of cells	Nº sister KT pairs	
siControl	95	2636	
siCENP-H	112	3573	
siCENP-H-2	41	1213	
Fixed Cells	48	1533	