Supplemental Figure 1. Single molecule force-SL simulations. We calculated the force of a single N2B and a single N2BA titin molecule in WT and N2B KO mice (solid lines) and the average force of a single molecule in WT and KO sarcomere taking into account the N2BA: N2B expression ratio (inset), see broken lines. Expression of N2BA titin in a N2B dominant background reduces force, but the effect is small. The main effect of the N2B deletion is the large increase in force of the N2B titin isoform.

Details: We calculated the force—SL relations of single titin molecules using the wormlike chain WLC equation:

$$\frac{Fx(PL)}{k_BT} = \frac{z}{L} + \frac{1}{4(1 - z/L)^2} - \frac{1}{4}$$
(1)

where F is force (in pN), k_B is Boltzmann's constant, T is absolute temperature, PL and L are the persistence and contour lengths. We serially-linked three WLCs, representing the combined tandem Ig segments, the PEVK, and N2B-Us spring elements. We assumed a PEVK contour length (CL) of 70 nm in N2B titin and 300 nm in N2BA titin; CL of tandem Ig segments were set at 200 nm in N2B titin and 300 nm in N2BA titin; CL of N2B Us was 200 nm for both isoforms. The assumed persistence lengths (PL) were 1.3 nm, 12 nm and 0.65 nm, respectively. We then calculated the force-SL relation of a single titin molecule and compared results for WT N2B titin, WT N2BA titin, KO N2B and KO N2BA titins. For additional details on the assumed contour length, see (Trombitas et al. *Biophys J* 2000;79(6):3226-34) . For details on the assumed PL values, see Watanabe et al., *JCB*, 2002, 29;277(13):11549-58.

Supplemental Figure 2. Assessment of extracellular matrix proteins in myocardium

of WT and N2B KO mice. A) Mean (±SEM) of collagen (type I, III, V) and fibronectin

(FN) expression levels using qPCR (TaqMan) for N2B WT and KO mice (n=6 per

genotype). Data was normalized first to 18S, and then to WT. No significant differences

were found between genotypes. **B)** Example of Trichrom staining of left ventricular myocardium from N2B WT and KO mice. N2B KO myocadium shows comparable staining of collagen (blue) with no signs of fibrosis.



Supplemental Fig. 1





Supplemental Fig. 2