

**CRYSTAL STRUCTURES OF ETHANOLAMINE AMMONIA-LYASE COMPLEXED WITH  
COENZYME B<sub>12</sub> ANALOGS AND SUBSTRATES\***

**Naoki Shibata<sup>‡§1</sup>, Hiroko Tamagaki<sup>‡</sup>, Naoki Hieda<sup>¶</sup>, Keita Akita<sup>¶</sup>, Hirofumi Komori<sup>‡</sup>, Yasuhito  
Shomura<sup>‡</sup>, Shin-ichi Terawaki<sup>‡</sup>, Koichi Mori<sup>¶</sup>, Noritake Yasuoka<sup>‡</sup>, Yoshiaki Higuchi<sup>‡§</sup>, and Tetsuo  
Toraya<sup>¶2</sup>**

From <sup>‡</sup>Department of Life Science, Graduate School of Life Science, University of Hyogo, 3-2-1 Koto,  
Kamigori-cho, Ako-gun, Hyogo 678-1297, Japan, <sup>§</sup>RIKEN Harima Institute, SPring-8 Center, Hyogo  
679-5148, and <sup>¶</sup>Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Graduate School of Natural Science and  
Technology, Okayama University, Tsushima-naka, Okayama 700-8530, Japan

Supplemental Table S1. Summary of x-ray data collection, phasing and refinement statistics.

	CN-Cbl/EA		AdePeCbl/EA	CN-Cbl/PA	CN-Cbl (sub.-free)
	Native	Co-SAD	Native	Native	Native
<b>Data collection</b>					
Beamline	BL38B1, SPring-8	BL38B1, SPring-8	BL-17A, Photon Factory	BL38B1, SPring-8	BL41XU, SPring-8
Space group	$P6_3$	$P6_3$	$P6_3$	$P6_3$	$P6_3$
Unit-cell parameters (Å)	$a = b = 242.76,$ $c = 76.46$	$a = b = 242.7,$ $c = 76.6$	$a = b = 242.73,$ $c = 76.66$	$a = b = 241.87,$ $c = 76.29$	$a = b = 244.12,$ $c = 77.15$
Wavelength (Å)	1.0000	1.6000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Resolution range (Å)	50–2.10 (2.15–2.10)	50–2.80 (2.90–2.80)	50–2.25 (2.30–2.25)	50–2.05 (2.10–2.05)	50–2.10 (2.15–2.10)
Measured reflections	988,418	236,885	1,150,997	818,215	455,868
Unique reflections	145,836 (9,228)	98,735 (4,540)	120,002 (6,841)	158,931 (10,007)	144,730 (9,260)
Completeness (%)	97.2 (93.1)	79.6 (36.6)	98.3 (85.0)	99.5 (94.6)	94.6 (91.1)
$R_{\text{merge}}$	0.096 (0.413)	0.114 (0.390)	0.101 (0.516)	0.079 (0.463)	0.078 (0.299)
Multiplicity	6.8 (6.3)	2.6 (1.3)	9.6 (4.4)	5.2 (3.4)	3.3 (2.6)
$I/\sigma(I)$	17.9 (4.35)	6.91 (1.60)	21.9 (2.47)	18.9 (2.55)	12.7 (3.50)
<b>SAD phasing</b>					
Figure of merit, centric/acentric	-	0.100/0.176	-	-	-
Phasing power	-	0.373	-	-	-

Refinement					
Resolution range (Å)	35–2.10 (2.15–2.10)	-	35–2.30 (2.31–2.25)	35–2.10 (2.10–2.05)	35–2.10 (2.10–2.05)
<sup>a</sup> R <sub>work</sub>	0.240 (0.251)	-	0.214 (0.281)	0.230 (0.282)	0.248 (0.285)
<sup>b</sup> R <sub>free</sub>	0.266 (0.292)	-	0.244 (0.314)	0.269 (0.329)	0.285 (0.324)
R.m.s. deviations from ideal values					
Bond lengths (Å)/bond	0.013/0.838	-	0.006/1.187	0.003/0.989	0.006/1.169
angles (°)					
Ramachandran plot					
Favored (%)	96.8	-	97.0	97.9	97.9
Allowed (%)	99.7	-	99.8	100.0	99.9
Outliers	4	-	3	0	2

$${}^a R_{\text{work}} = \frac{\sum_{hkl} \left| |F_{\text{obs}}| - k |F_{\text{calc}}| \right|}{\sum_{hkl} |F_{\text{obs}}|}, k: \text{scaling factor}$$

$${}^b R_{\text{free}} = \frac{\sum_{hkl} \left| |F_{\text{obs}}| - k |F_{\text{calc}}| \right|}{\sum_{hkl} |F_{\text{obs}}|}, \text{ where all reflections belong to a test set of randomly selected data.}$$

Values in parentheses are for the outer resolution shell.

## SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE LEGENDS

Fig. S1. Initial electron density maps around the  $\beta$  subunit and CN-Cbl. *A*, SAD phasing only. *B*, MR only. *C*, Combined phases, SAD+MR. A schematic model after refinement is superimposed for each panel.

Fig. S2. Overall structure of diol dehydratase and comparison with EAL.

*A*, Overall model of diol dehydratase. One  $\alpha\beta\gamma$  unit is shown in a ribbon model and the other in a surface model. Color codes for each subunit:  $\alpha$  subunit, pink/sky blue;  $\beta$  subunit, green/khaki;  $\gamma$  subunit cyan/orange. *B*, Superimposed overall models of EAL (transparent surface model) and diol dehydratase (ribbon model/ $C\alpha$ -trace). The  $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_2$  dimer of diol dehydratase and  $(\alpha\beta)_6$  hexamer of EAL were superimposed on their  $\alpha$  subunit (A chain). The  $\alpha\beta\gamma$  unit of diol dehydratase that was used for superimposition is shown in a ribbon model and the other in a  $C\alpha$ -trace model. The  $(\alpha\beta)_2$  dimer of EAL that was used for superimposition is not shown to clarify the view. *C*, Ribbon presentation of the  $\alpha\beta\gamma$  unit of diol dehydratase.

Fig. S3. A surface model viewing the solvent-exposed site of the cobalamin molecule of the EAL/AdePeCbl/EA complex. AdePeCbl is shown as a ball-and-stick model. Color codes: pink,  $\alpha$ -subunit and cobalamin; green,  $\beta$ -subunit.

Fig. S4. Sigma-A weighted  $F_o-F_c$  electron density map at the adenine-ring binding site of the EAL/AdePeCbl/EA complex after the first refinement without the AdePe-group contoured at  $3\sigma$  level. A schematic of the final model for the AdePeCbl/EA complex is shown.

Fig. S5. Sigma-A weighted  $F_o-F_c$  electron density maps of EAL contoured at  $3\sigma$  level for substrates after the first refinement without substrate. *A*, The CN-Cbl/EA complex. *B*, The CN-Cbl/PA complex.

Fig. S6. The hydrogen bond network around Gln $\alpha$ 162.

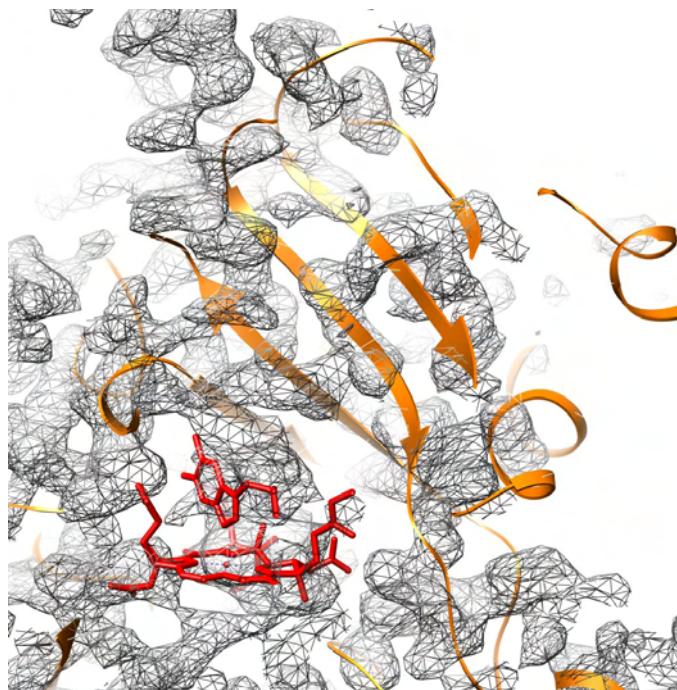


Fig. S1A

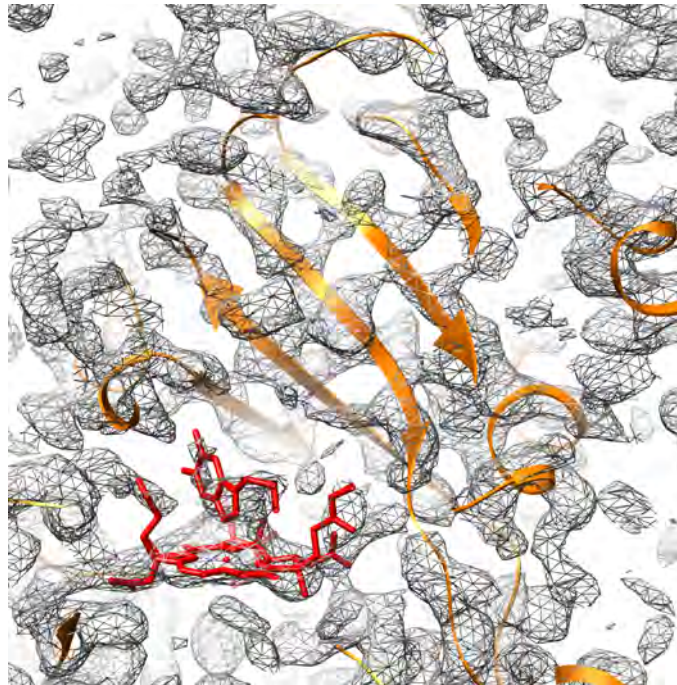


Fig. S1B

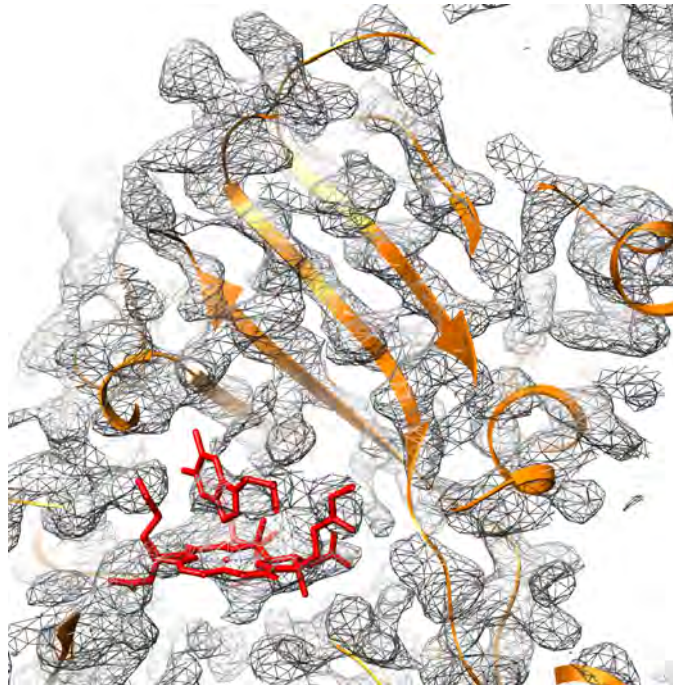


Fig. S1C

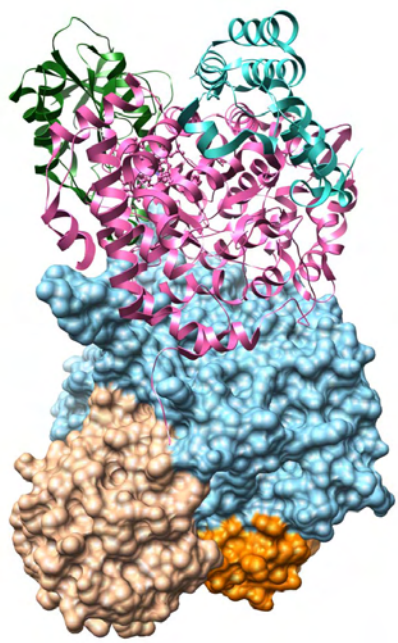


Fig. S2A



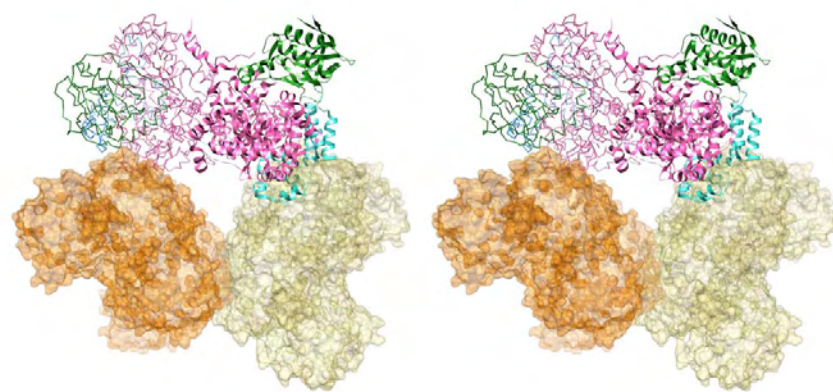


Fig. S2B

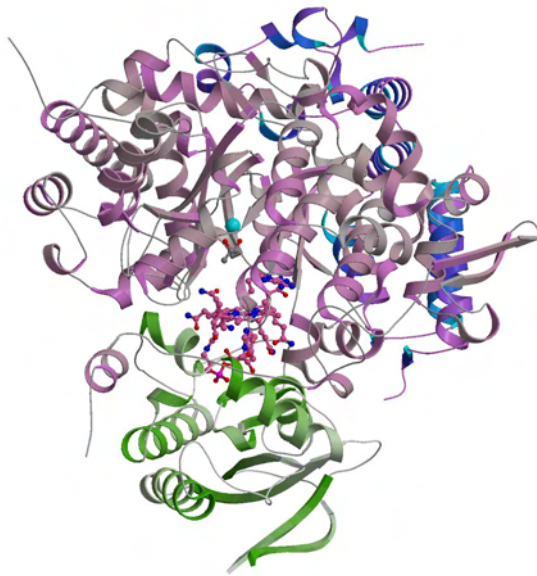


Fig. S2C

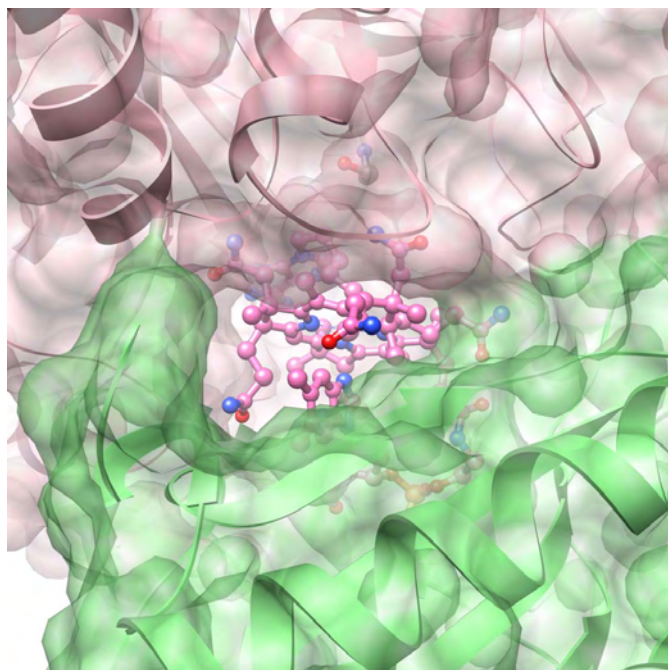


Fig. S3

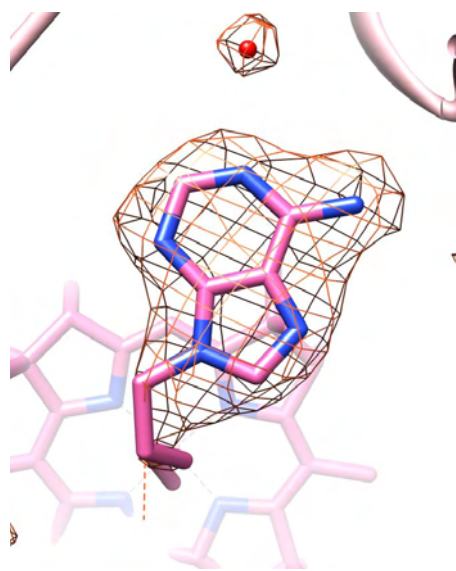


Fig. S4

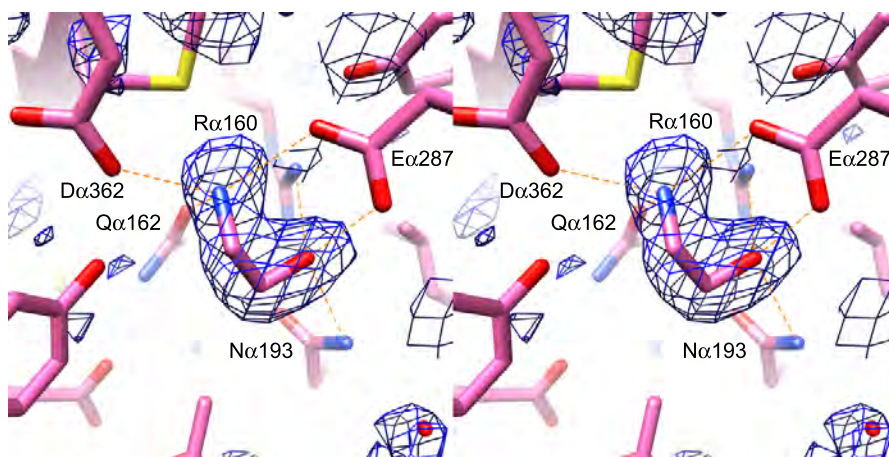


Fig. S5A

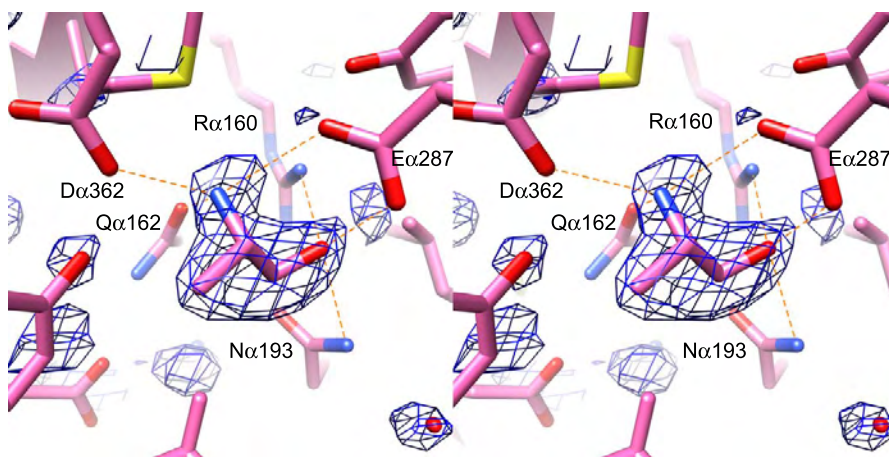


Fig. S5B

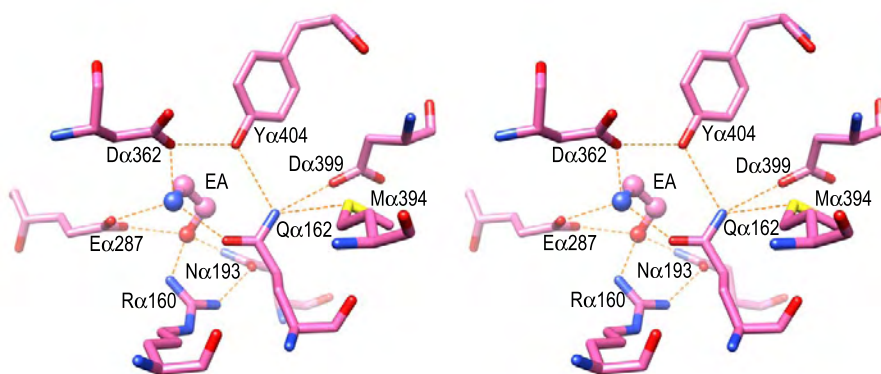


Fig. S6