Supplemental Table 1: Deacylation of Glx-tRNA^{Gln} in the presence or absence of ND-GluRS and/or GatDE.

	Glu-tRNA ^{GIn}	GIn-tRNA ^{GIn}
No enzyme	3.3 ± 0.2	3.1 ± 0.1
ND-GluRS	1.7 ± <0.1	1.9 ± 0.1
GatDE	4.6 ± 0.5	2.3 ± 0.1
ND-GluRS + GatDE	3.5 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.1

t_{1/2} (minutes)

Glx-tRNA^{Gln} (200 nM) indicated incubated at 65 °C with or without ND-GluRS (2 μ M) and/or GatDE (2 μ M) and aliquots quenched in 100 mM sodium citrate, pH 4.5, with 0.2 mg/mL of nuclease P1 as described in Materials and Methods.



Supplemental Figure 1 AF-labeled GatDE (20 nM) incubated with increasing concentrations of ND-GluRS (up to 2 μ M). Change in fluorescence anisotropy monitored as described in Materials and Methods.



Supplemental Figure 2 tRNA^{GIn} (10 μ M) aminoacylated as described in the Material and Methods by ND-GluRS (100 nM) alone (\triangle , black dashed line) or with either GatDE (2 μ M)(\blacklozenge , solid black line) or BSA (2 μ M)(\blacksquare , grey dashed line).



Supplemental Figure 3 [³²P] tRNA^{Glu} (5 nM) incubated at room temperature for 25 min with ND-GluRS (60 nM) (1), ND-GluRS (60 nM) and increasing concentrations of GatDE (7.8 nM to 2 μ M) (2-10), GatDE (2 μ M) (11), or no enzyme (12) as described in the Materials and Methods. Samples were spotted on a nitrocellulose membrane and visualized as described in the Materials and Methods.



Supplemental Figure 4 tRNA^{Glu} (80 nM) glutamylated by ND-GluRS (50 nM) alone or in the presence of either GatDE (1.8 μ M) or BSA (1.8 μ M) as described in the Materials and Methods. Activity relative to the GluRS alone. Errors bars represent standard deviations.