Offspring ¹	Mother	Father	CERVUS Parentage Confidence Level ²	KINSHIP Relatedness (R) (Father-Offspring) ³	KINSHIP Parent- Offspring⁴
Ch-088	Ch-086	Ch-081	95%	0.36	*
Ch-118	Ch-089	Ch-020	95%	0.40	*
Ch-101	Ch-099	Ch-085	95%	0.61	*
Ch-071	Ch-099	[<i>Ch-085</i>] ^{5,6}	[95%]	0.52	*
Ch-091	Ch-099	Ch-085	95%	0.74	***
Ch-093	Ch-024	Evered	80%	0.24	*
Ch-110	Ch-093	Ch-081	NS ⁷	0.06	*
Ch-100	Ch-064	[<i>Ch-085</i>] ^{5,8}	[most likely]	0.39	*

¹The most recent community of residence of the Offspring, Mother, and Father chimpanzee is coded by color (Kalande, orange; Kasekela, brown; Mitumba, blue). Females are in bold while males are in non-bold italics. ²CERVUS Parentage Confidence Level, the relaxed confidence level from CERVUS (80%) and the strict confidence level (95%); most likely, the individual is the strongest

candidate parent but did not fit the confidence level criteria; NS, not significant. ³KINSHIP Relatedness (R) (Father-Offspring), dyadic relatedness value for the Father and Offspring from KINSHIP. Values should be roughly 0.5 for parent-offspring;

however, values can vary considerably when examining small numbers of genetic regions. ⁴KINSHIP Parent-Offspring, significance from KINSHIP for the relationship between father and offspring; asterisks indicate p-value: *** P < 0.001; * P < 0.05.

⁵There were no microsatellite allelic mismatches for the offspring/mother/father triad unless enclosed in brackets. In those cases, the confidence value, also in brackets, only ⁶When Ch-099 is included as the mother of Ch-071, no male lacks mismatches with the genotypes of Ch-099 and Ch-071. ⁷When Ch-093 was included as the mother of Ch-110, Ch-085 scored as the "most likely" father, but had one mismatch with the proposed mother-offspring pair. Ch-081 was

the only male that lacked mismatches with the mother-offspring pair. ⁸When Ch-064 is included as the mother of Ch-100, no male lacks mismatches with the genotypes of Ch-064 and Ch-100.