Supplemental Figures for Peelle JE, Eason RJ, Schmitter S, Schwarzbauer C, Davis MH (2010) Evaluating an acoustically quiet EPI sequence for use in fMRI studies of speech and auditory processing. *NeuroImage*. doi:10.1016/j.neuroimage.2010.05.015

Fig. S1. Mean BOLD sensitivity maps for the Standard sequence overlaid on a template brain. Axial slices are shown from -35 mm to 60 mm. Blue regions around orbital frontal and inferior temporal cortex indicate regions of low sensitivity.

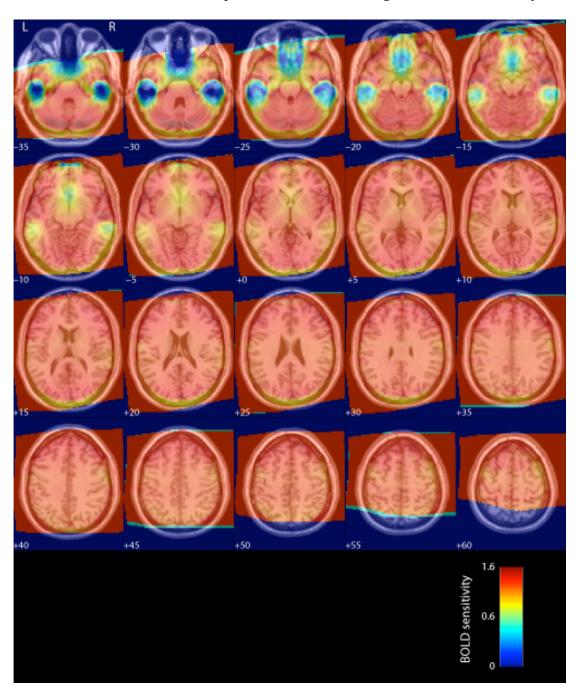


Fig. S2. Mean BOLD sensitivity maps for the Quiet sequence overlaid on a template brain. Axial slices are shown from -35 mm to 60 mm. Blue regions around orbital frontal and inferior temporal cortex indicate regions of low sensitivity.

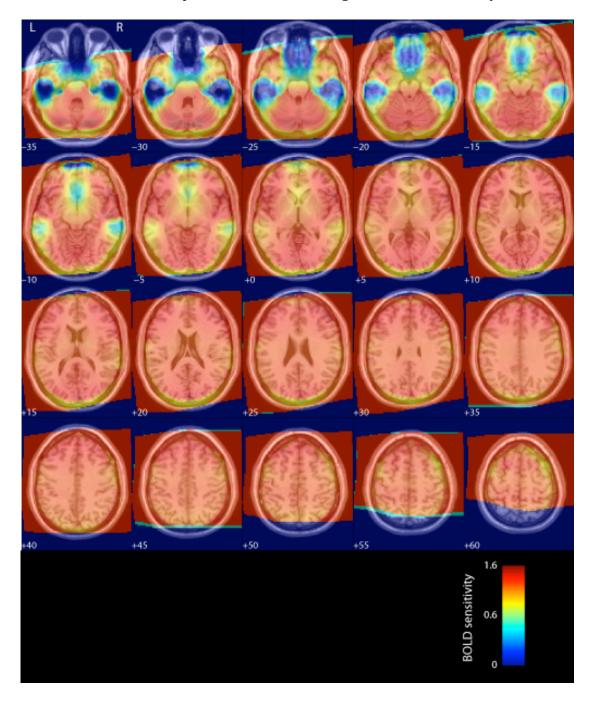


Fig. S3. Absolute difference in BOLD sensitivity for the Quiet compared to the Standard sequence overlaid on a template brain. Axial slices are shown from -35 mm to 60 mm. Cool colors indicate regions where the Quiet sequence is less sensitive than the Standard sequence.

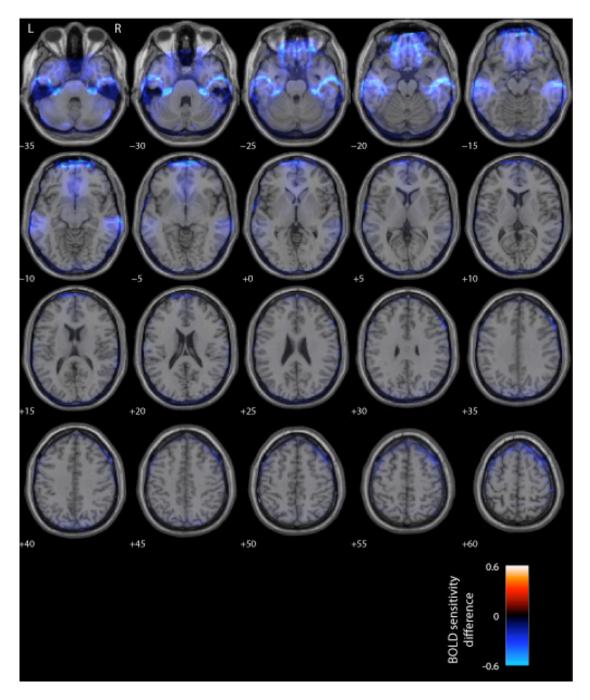


Fig. S4. SPM{t} map showing voxels in which the BOLD sensitivity for the Quiet sequence was significantly lower than that of the Standard sequence, using a cluster-defining threshold of p < .0001 (uncorrected) and a cluster extent of 50 voxels; all of the resulting clusters are whole-brain corrected for family wise error based on cluster extent, p < .001. Axial slices of a template brain are shown from -35 mm to 60 mm.

