# Synthesis of Heterocycles via Pd-Ligand Controlled Cyclization of 2-Chloro-*N*-(2-vinyl)aniline: Preparation of Carbazoles, Indoles, Dibenzazepines and Acridines

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Supporting Information

### **General Reagent Information**

All reagents were used as received unless otherwise noted. 1,4-Dioxane was purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company in Sure-Seal bottle. Anhydrous toluene was purchased from J. T. Baker in CYCLE-TAINER® solvent delivery kegs. The solvent was further purified by passing it through two packed columns of neutral alumina under argon. Flash column chromatography was performed using a Biotage SP4 Flash Purification System using KP-Sil flash cartridges. Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> and Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub> were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used as received. 2-Bromostyrene 97.0% (Alfa Aesar, used as received). Derivates of 2-bromostyrene (1-bromo-4-methoxy-2-vinylbenzene and 4-bromo-2-methoxy-5-vinylphenol) that not commercially available, were prepared based on literature procedure.<sup>1</sup> Ligands L2-3, L8 and L10-11 were purchased from Strem Chemicals, Inc., Ligands L4-6 were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used as received. All amines were purchased from Alfa Aesar and Sigma-Aldrich and used as received, sodium *tert*-butoxide was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used as received.

### S1. General Experimental Details.

All reactions requiring a dry and inert atmosphere were performed in glassware flamedried or dried overnight in a 110 °C oven, sealed with septa and flushed with Argon. 1,4-Dioxane was purged with argon before use. Infrared spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer Model 2000 FT-IR. <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>19</sup>F and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were obtained in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 25 °C on a Bruker AVANCE spectrometer at the following frequencies: 400 MHz (<sup>1</sup>H), 100 MHz (<sup>13</sup>C) and 282 MHz (<sup>19</sup>F). All <sup>1</sup>H NMR experiments are reported in ppm downfield of TMS and were measured relative to the signals for chloroform (7.27 ppm). All <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were reported in ppm relative to residual chloroform (77 ppm). Gas chromatographic analyses were preformed on Hewlett-Packard 6890 gas chromatography instrument with a FID detector using HP 10m x 0.10 mm capillary column.

## **General Procedure 1:**

### Synthesis of diarylamine intermediates (Table 2)

Generally, 0.025 mmol (13.5 mg) of BrettPhos<sup>2</sup>, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu and 1.2 mmol of the appropriate substituted 2-chloroaniline (if solid) were mixed in ovendried schlenk tube and degassed. Flask was refilled with argon (repeated 3-5 times) and 1.0 mmol (182 mg, 130  $\mu$ L) of 2-Bromostyrene in degassed dioxane (1 mL) was added under an argon atmosphere (liquid amines were added with 2-bromostyrene in the same manner). The tube was then placed in a preheated oil bath at 110°C, and mixture was stirred until completion of the reaction (followed by GC analysis). After cooled down to room temperature, the solution was quenched with water (5 mL) and diluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL). Organic layer was dried on Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and filtered. After concentration under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was purified, either by silica gel chromatography, or by Biotage SP4 technique, eluting with hexanes/ethyl acetate mixtures to afford desired intermediate. Products were characterized by analysis of their characteristic IR, MS, and NMR spectra.

## **General Procedure 2:**

### A. Synthesis of dibenzazepines from diarylamine intermediates:



Typically, unless otherwise noted, 0.0225 mmol (8.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of  $Pd_2(dba)_3$ , 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaO*t*Bu and 1.0 mmol of the appropriate diarylamine intermediate (if solid)

were mixed in oven-dried schlenk tube and degassed. Flask was refilled with argon (repeated 3-5 times) and degassed dioxane (1 mL) was added under an argon atmosphere (liquid intermediates were added with dioxane in same manner). The tube was then

placed in a preheated oil bath at 110°C, and mixture was stirred until completion of the reaction (followed by GC analysis). After cooled down to room temperature, the solution was quenched with water (5 mL) and diluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL). Organic layer was separated and dried on Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, then filtered. After concentration under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was purified, either by silica gel chromatography, or by Biotage SP4 technique, eluting with hexanes/ethyl acetate mixtures to afford pure dibenzazepines, as yellow/orange solids. Products were characterized either by direct comparison with authentic samples, obtained by synthetic routes described in the literature,<sup>3</sup> or by analysis of their characteristic IR, MS, and NMR spectra.

### **General Procedure 3:**

### Synthesis of 9-methylacridines (Table 3)

Me N R

Generally, 0.075 mmol (21.8 mg) of tri-*tert*-butylphosphonium tetrafluoroborate, 0.025 mmol (22.9 mg) of  $Pd_2(dba)_3$ , 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaOtBu and 1.0 mmol of the appropriate diarylamine

intermediate (if solid) were mixed in oven-dried schlenk tube and degassed. Flask was refilled with argon (repeated 3-5 times) and degassed toluene (1 mL) was added under an argon atmosphere (liquid intermediates were added with toluene in same manner). Reaction mixture was then placed in a preheated oil bath at 110°C, and mixture was stirred until completion of the reaction (followed by GC analysis). After cooled down to room temperature, the solution was quenched with water (5 mL) and diluted with ethyl acetate (15 mL). Organic layer was separated and dried on Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, then filtered. After concentration under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was purified, either by silica gel chromatography, or by Biotage SP4 technique, eluting with hexanes/ethyl acetate mixtures to afford desired light yellow acridines. Products were characterized by analysis of their characteristic IR, MS, and NMR spectra.

### **General Procedure 4:**

### Synthesis of vinyl-9H-carbazoles (Table 3)

R

Generally, 0.06 mmol (23.9 mg) of racemic-2-di-*t*-butylphosphino-1,1'binaphthyl, 0.02 mmol (18.3 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaO*t*Bu and 1.0 mmol of the appropriate diarylamine intermediate

were mixed in oven-dried schlenk tube and degassed. Tube was refilled with argon (repeated 3-5 times) and degassed dioxane (1 mL) was added under an argon atmosphere. Reaction mixture was then placed in a preheated oil bath at 110°C, and mixture was stirred until completion of the reaction (followed by GC analysis). After cooled down to room temperature, the solution was quenched with water (5 mL) and diluted with ethyl acetate (15 mL). Organic layer was dried on Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and filtered. After concentration under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was purified, either by silica gel chromatography, or by Biotage SP4 technique, eluting with hexanes/ethyl acetate or hexanes/diethyl ether mixtures to afford desired white carbazole. Products were characterized by analysis of their characteristic IR, MS, and NMR spectra.

### **General Procedure 5:**

### Synthesis of 2-chlorophenyl-1H-indoles (Table 4)



Generally, 0.10 mmol (22.4 mg) of  $Pd(OAc)_2$ , 1.5 mmol (272.5 mg) of  $Cu(OAc)_2$  and 1.0 mmol of the appropriate diarylamine intermediate were mixed in schlenk tube. DMF (3 mL) and acetic acid (1 mL) were added.

Reaction mixture was then placed in a preheated oil bath at 110°C, and mixture was stirred until completion of the reaction (followed by GC analysis). After cooled down to room temperature, the solution was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (5 mL), water (10 mL) and diluted with ethyl acetate (15 mL). Organic layer was dried on Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and filtered. After concentration under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was purified, either by silica gel chromatography, or by Biotage SP4 technique, eluting with hexanes/ethyl acetate mixtures to afford desired *N*-arylindole. Products were characterized by analysis of their characteristic IR, MS, and NMR spectra.

### **General Procedure 6:**

A. One-pot synthesis of dibenzazepines (Table 1):



Typically, unless otherwise noted, 0.0225 mmol (8.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu and 1.2 mmol of the appropriate substituted 2-chloroaniline (if solid) were mixed in oven-dried schlenk tube and degassed. Flask was refilled with argon (repeated 3-5 times) and 1.0 mmol (182 mg, 130  $\mu$ L) of 2-Bromostyrene in degassed dioxane (1 mL) was added under an argon atmosphere (liquid amines were added with 2-bromostyrene in same manner). The tube was then placed in a preheated oil bath at 110°C, and mixture was stirred until completion of the reaction (followed by GC analysis).

### B. One-pot synthesis of dibenzazepinones (Table 1):



0.08 mmol (31.4 mg) of DavePhos, 0.025 mmol (22.9 mg) of  $Pd_2(dba)_3$ , 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu, 1.2 mmol of the appropriate substituted 2-chloroaniline and 1.0 mmol (229 mg) of 4-bromo-2-methoxy-5-vinylphenol were mixed in oven-dried schlenk tube and degassed. Tube was refilled with argon (repeated 3-5 times) and 1 mL of dry 1,4-dioxane was added under an argon atmosphere. The flask was then placed in a preheated oil bath at 120°C, and mixture was stirred until completion of the reaction (followed by GC analysis).

<u>Continue for A. and B</u>. After cooled down to room temperature, the solution was quenched with water (5 mL) and diluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL). Organic layer was dried on  $Na_2SO_4$  and filtered. After concentration under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was purified, either by silica gel chromatography, or by Biotage SP4 technique,

eluting with hexanes/ethyl acetate mixtures to afford pure dibenzazepines or dibenzazepinones, as yellow/orange or red solids respectively. Products were characterized either by direct comparison with authentic samples, obtained by synthetic routes described in the literature,<sup>3</sup> or by analysis of their characteristic IR, MS, and NMR spectra.

### **General Procedure 7:**

### **Preparation of substituted 2-bromostyrenes:**

To a suspension of 13.2g (37 mmol) CH<sub>3</sub>PPh<sub>3</sub>Br in 50 mL THF (oven-dried and degassed flask) was added a solution of 4.14g (37 mmol) KO*t*-Bu in 50 ml THF in 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour at 0 °C and to yellow suspension was added an aldehyde (23 mmol) in 20 ml of dry THF under an argon atmosphere. The ice bath was removed and mixture stirred for 20 hours. Saturated ammonium chloride (60 mL) was added and mixture was stirred for additional 10 minutes. Resultant mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL × 3). The combined organic layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes mixtures) to afford **8** and **9**.

### Experimental data for compounds described in Table 2

## 2-Chloro-N-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (7)

According to *General Procedure 1*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (153.6 mg) 2chloroaniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 0.025 mol (13.5 mg) of BrettPhos, 0.0075 mol% (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 1 hour. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (100% hexanes) to provide a pure adduct as colorless oil (203 mg, 91%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.56-7.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.36 (dd,  $J_1 = 8.0$  Hz,  $J_2 = 1.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.09 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.85-6.92(dd,  $J_1 = 17.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 10.8$  Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.74-6.78 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (s, 1H), 5.71-5.76 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.31-5.34 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 141.35, 138.42, 132.51, 132.31, 129.56, 128.72, 127.49, 126.97, 124.44, 123.21, 120.72, 119.74, 116.40, 115.10 ppm. **IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>)**: 3401, 3064, 1591, 1501, 1455, 1315, 1034, 743. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClN: C, 73.20; H, 5.27. Found: C, 73.47; H, 5.52.

### 2-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline



According to General Procedure 1, a solution of 1.2 mmol (234 mg) of 2chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)aniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, , 0.025 mol (13.5 mg) of BrettPhos, 0.0075 mol% (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and

3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 4 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (15/85% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as a light yellow oil (193 mg, 65%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 7.58-7.60 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.281-7.323 (t, J = 7.6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19-7.25 (m 2H), 7.00 (s, 2H), 6.95-6.97 (dd,  $J_1 = 8.0 J_2 = 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.77-6.84 (dd,  $J_1 = 17.6, J_2 = 11.2, 1$ H), 6.10 (s, 1H), 5.71-5.76 (d, J = 18.8, 1H), 5.30-5.33 (d, J = 12, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) Due to the complexity of the spectra all the peaks are listing without take into consideration C-F couplings, 5: 142.04, 137.05, 133.18, 132.22, 130.21, 129.84, 129.00, 127.21, 125.67, 125.14, 124.23, 123.30, 122.43, 116.86, 115.67, 115.63, 110.82, 110.79 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: -113.654. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3410, 1587, 1511, 1436, 1334, 1274, 1170, 1127, 1080, 767. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>: C, 60.52; H, 3.72; N, 4.70. Found: C, 60.76; H, 3.62; N, 4.64.

**2-Chloro-5-fluoro-N-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline** Following *General Procedure 1*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (175.2 mg) of 2chloro-5-fluoroaniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg, 130 µL) of 2-bromostyrene, 0.025 mol (13.5 mg) of BrettPhos, 0.0075 mol% (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 4 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (5/95% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as light yellow oil (166 mg, 67%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.56-7.58 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.30 (m, 4H), 6.79-6.86 (dd,  $J_1 = 17.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 11.2$  Hz, 1H), 6.40-6.45 (m, 2H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 5.66-5.75 (d, J = 18.8 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 162.43 (d, J = 243 Hz, 1C), 143.01 (d, J = 11 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 11 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 11 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 11 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 11 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 11 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1C), 137.32, 131.17, 132.21, 130.12 (d, J = 10 Hz, 12 J = 10 Hz, 1C), 128.90, 127.00, 125.54, 124.54, 116.69, 114.88, 105.96 (d, J = 23 Hz, 1C), 101.45 (d, J = 28 Hz, 1C) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz)  $\delta$ : -63.218. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3404, 1611, 1507, 1438, 1303, 1164, 768. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClFN: C, 67.89; H. 4.48; N. Found: C, 68.00; H, 4.46.

## 2-chloro-N-(2-vinylphenyl)pyridin-3-amine

According to *General Procedure 1*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (194.4 mg) of  $\frac{1}{N}$ 2-amino-3-chloropyridine, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 0.025 mol (13.5 mg) of BrettPhos, 0.0075 mol% (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 4 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (100% hexanes) to provide a pure adduct as light yellow oil (209 mg, 91%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.58 (d, J = 8.0, 1H), 7.23-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.16-7.20 (m, 2H), 6.97-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.75-6.83 (dd,  $J_1 = 17.6, J_2 =$ 11.2 Hz, 2H), 5.98 (s, 1H), 5.70-5.74 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.26-5.29 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 138.74, 138.68, 137.86, 136.89, 133.21, 132.14, 128.93, 127.07, 125.67, 124.27, 123.16, 120.90, 116.86 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3393, 1581, 153, 1479, 1451, 1318, 1056, 767. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClN: C, 67.68; H, 4.81; N, 12.14. Found: C, 67.62; H, 4.75.

**2-Chloro-4-methyl-***N***-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline** Following *General Procedure 1*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (169.2 mg) of 2-chloro-4-methylaniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 0.025 mol (13.5 mg) of BrettPhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 4 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (100% hexanes) to provide a pure adduct as colorless oil (240 mg, 99%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.52-7.54 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.26 (m, 3H), 7.05-7.11 (m, 1H), 6.84-6.92 (m, 3H), 5.83 (s, 1H), 5.70-5.75 (dd,  $J_1 = 17.6, J_2$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.31-5.33 (dd,  $J_1$  = 11.2,  $J_2$  = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 139.15, 138.59, 132.61, 131.46, 129.95, 128.68, 128.09, 127.05, 123.68, 121.93, 121.18, 116.34, 115.98, 20.38 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3406, 1612, 1600, 1513, 1457, 1312, 1049, 995, 914, 810, 761. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN: C, 73.92; H, 5.79. Found: C, 73.99; H, 5.77.



### 2-Chloro-5-methyl-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 2)

Following *General Procedure 1*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (169.2 mg) of 2chloro-5-methylaniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 0.025 mol (13.5 mg) of BrettPhos, 0.0075 mol% (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol

(288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 4 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (2/98% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as white powder (177 mg, 73%), mp. 35-36 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.55-7.57 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.27 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.20-7.22 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10-7.16 (m, 1H), 6.84-6.91 (dd,  $J_1 = 17.6, J_2 = 11.2$  Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.56-6.58 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.91 (s, 1H), 5.70-5.75 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.30-5.33 (d, J = 12, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 140.87, 138.57, 137.54, 132.56, 132.19, 129.18, 128.70, 126.97, 124.26, 123.13, 120.70, 117.87, 116.34, 115.71, 21.35 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3341, 1420, 1384, 818, 748. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN: C, 73.92; H, 5.79; N, 5.75. Found: C, 74.09; H, 5.73; N, 5.79.

### 4-Amino-5-chloro-2,6-dimethyl-N-(2-vinylphenyl)pyrimidine



According to *General Procedure 1*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (188.8 mg) of 4-amino-5-chloro-2,6-dimethylpyrimidine, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of

2-bromostyrene, , 0.025 mol (13.5 mg) of BrettPhos, 0.0075 mol% (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 4 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (15/85% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as white solid (142 mg, 55%), mp. 69-70 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.98-8.00 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43-7.45 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.31 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11-7.15 (m, 2H), 6.80-6.85 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 19.0 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 5.68-5.72 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.39-5.41 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 164.46, 161.47, 155.51, 135.12, 132.28, 130.94, 128.30, 127.08, 124.86, 123.43, 118.20, 111.20, 25.66, 22.13 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3191, 1564, 1490, 1416, 1057, 769. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>: C, 64.74; H, 5.43. Found: C, 64.96; H, 5.59.

### Experimental data for compounds described in Table 1

### 5*H*-Dibenz[*b*,*f*]azepine (1)

According to *General Procedure 1A*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (153.6 mg) 2-chloroaniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of  $Pd_2(dba)_3$  and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 6 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (100% hexanes) to provide a pure adduct as yellow powder (193 mg, 99%), mp. 197-199 °C (lit.<sup>3b</sup> m.p. 195-196 °C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 6.85-7.7.01 (dd,  $J_1 = 9.2$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.005-7.028 (dd,  $J_1 = 9.2$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.4$  Hz, 1H), 6.79-6.85 (m, 4H), 6.46-6.48 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 6.30 (s, 2H), 4.82 (s, 1H), ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 148.39, 132.16, 130.53, 129.77, 129.49, 123.06, 119.36 ppm. **IR** (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3361, 1580, 1434, 933, 756.

### 3-Methyl-5*H*-dibenz[*b*,*f*]azepine

According to General Procedure 2A, a solution of 1.2 mmol (169.2 mg) of 2-chloro-5-methylaniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2bromostyrene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 6 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (2/98% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as orange crystal needles (188 mg, 91%), mp. 219-221 °C (*lit.*<sup>3b</sup> m.p. 213-215 °C). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.96-7.01 (dt,  $J_1 = 8.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 6.77-6.83 (m, 2H), 6.71-6.73 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.60-6.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.44-6.46(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (s, 1H), 6.21-6.24(d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.25-6.28(d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H)1H), 4.85 (s, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 148.24, 139.71, 132.03, 131.15, 130.49, 130.44, 129.85, 129.30, 126.88, 123.70, 122.96, 120.12, 119.25, 20.89 ppm. **IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>)**: 3345, 1384, 819, 748.

### 3-Fluoro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepine



According to *General Procedure 2A*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (175.2 mg) of 2-chloro-5-fluoroaniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-

bromostyrene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (5/95% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as yellow crystal plates (193 mg, 92%), mp. 186-188 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.99-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.81-6.82 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 6.74-6.77 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43-6.50 (m, 2H), 6.02-6.21 (m, 3H), 4.89 (s 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 165.21, 162.74, 150.00-150.09 (*J* = 9 Hz, 1C), 147.36, 131.77-131.86 (*J* = 9), 131.18, 130.56, 129.64, 129.53, 125.78-125.82 (*J* = 4 Hz, 1C), 123.44, 119.40, 109.28-109.49 (*J* = 21, 1C), 106.45-106.69 (J = 24, 1C) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : -114.249. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3365, 1590, 1524, 1423, 1271, 851, 750.

### 3-(Trifluoromethyl)-5*H*-dibenz[*b*,*f*]azepine



According to *General Procedure 1*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (243.4 mg) of 2-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)aniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-

bromostyrene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (5/95% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as orange plates (232 mg, 89%), mp. 177-179 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.02, 7.07 (m, 2H), 6.88-6.90 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81-6.86 (m, 2H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 6.47-6.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.33-6.36 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 6.24-6.27 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (s, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) Due to the complexity of the spectra all the peaks are listing without take into consideration C-F couplings,  $\delta$ : 148.67, 147.74, 134.26, 133.29, 131.72, 131.39, 131.07, 130.89, 130.82, 130.75, 130.06, 129.33, 125.22, 123.55, 122.52, 119.81, 119.81, 119.77, 119.73, 119.54, 115.93, 115.89, 115.85 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : -63.461. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3333, 1583, 1424, 1335, 1169, 1122, 1078, 844, 757. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N: C, 68.96; H, 3.86. Found: C, 68.69; H, 3.81.

### Me N N H M Me

### 2,4-Dimethyl-11*H*-benzo[*b*]pyrimido[5,4-*f*]azepine

According to *General Procedure 2B*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (188.8 mg) of 4-amino-5-chloro-2,6-dimethylpyrimidine, 1.0 mmol (182 mg)

of 2-bromostyrene, 8 mol% (31.4 mg) of DavePhos, 2.5 mol% (22.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 2 mL of dioxane was heated at 120°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (25/75% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as orange crystals (162 mg, 73%), mp. 138-140 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.93-6.97 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.75-6.78 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.71-6.75 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.33-6.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06-6.09 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 6.95-6.98 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.36, 166.28, 164.14, 144.10, 133.01, 131.31, 130.20, 128.14, 125.31, 123.85, 119.65, 115.00, 25.17, 21.90 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3254, 1580, 1543, 1485, 1422, 1397, 1256, 804, 752.

### 11*H*-Benzo[*b*]pyrido[3,2-*f*]azepine

Following *General Procedure 2A*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (194.4 mg) of 3-amino-2-chloropyridine, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (100% hexanes) to provide a pure adduct as orange solid (172 mg, 89%), mp. 182-185 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.02-8.04 (dd,  $J_1$ = 4.8 Hz,  $J_2$ = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00-7.04 (dt,  $J_1$ = 8.6 Hz,  $J_2$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.81-6.92 (m, 3H), 6.71-6.74 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41-6.48 (m, 3H), 4.75 (s, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 149.26, 147.88, 144.61, 143.66, 135.03, 133.31, 131.19, 130.04, 129.19, 125.88, 123.58, 123.52, 119.28 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3266, 1611, 1448, 1437, 1390, 1284, 1110, 802, 762, 749. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>: C, 80.39; H, 5.19. Found: C, 80.01; H, 5.29.



### 7-Fluoro-2-methoxy-5*H*-dibenzo[*b*,*f*]azepine

According to General Procedure 2A, a solution of 1.2 mmol (175.2 mg) of 2-chloro-5-fluoroaniline, 1.0 mmol (212 mg) of 2-

bromo-4-methoxy-1-vinylbenzene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (10/90%) EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as orange solid (197 mg, 82%), mp. 145-147 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.77-6.81 (dd,  $J_1 = 14.8$ ,  $J_2 = 6.4$  Hz, 1H),  $6.57-6.60 \text{ (dd, } J_1 = 8.4, J_2 = 2.8, 1 \text{H}), 6.45-6.52 \text{ (dt, } J_1 = 8.4 \text{ Hz}, J_2 = 2.4, 1 \text{H}), 6.42-6.43$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.41-6.42 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.22-6.32 (m, 3H), 4.81 (s, 1H), 3.69(s, 3H), ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) Due to the complexity of the spectra all the peaks are listing without take into consideration C-F couplings, δ: 165.21, 162.75, 156.04, 150.81, 150.72, 140.44, 131.91, 131.87, 131.81, 130.91, 130.83, 130.81, 125.72, 125.69, 120.36, 115.55, 114.36, 109.38, 109.17, 106.57, 106.33, 55.54. ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: -114.053. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3361, 1613, 1519, 1396, 1270, 1220, 1145, 1037, 811. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>FNO: C, 74.67; H, 5.01.Found: C, 74.45; H, 5.04.



### 11*H*-Benzo[*b*]pyrido[4,3-*f*]azepine

According to *General Procedure 2A*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (194.4 mg) of 3-amino-4-chloropyridine, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaOtBu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (100% hexanes) to provide a pure adduct as orange solid (187 mg, 97%), mp. 126-127 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.97-7.99 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 6.99-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.78-6.82 (m, 2H), 6.64-6.66 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.46-6.48(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36-6.39(d, J = 11.6, 1H), 6.09-6.12(d, J = 12, 1H), 5.07(s, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 148.38, 144.75, 144.01, 140.02, 137.00, 136.88, 131.43, 129.57, 128.90, 123.52, 123.38, 123.43, 119.60 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-</sup> <sup>1</sup>): 3281, 3217, 3029, 1593, 1474, 1307, 1282, 839, 760. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ClN: C, 73.85; H, 4.43; N, 6.15. Found: C, 73.57; H, 4.56; N, 5.95.



MeO

Me

### 4-Chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepine

According to *General Procedure 2A*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (194.4 mg) of 2,6-dichloroaniline, 1.0 mmol (182 mg) of 2-bromostyrene, 2.25 mmol

(9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (100% hexanes) to provide a pure adduct as orange solid (181 mg, 80%), mp. 56-57 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.14-7.16 (dd,  $J_1 = 7.2$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.0$  Hz 1H), 7.07-7.12 (m, 1H), 6.86-6.91 (m, 2H), 6.73-6.78 (m, 2H), 6.65-6.67 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38-6.41(d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.31-6.34(d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (s, 1H), ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 147.50, 144.24, 132.97, 131.60, 131.52, 130.41, 129.81, 129.76, 129.13, 129.05, 123.58, 123.41, 123.16, 120.61 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3353, 3049, 3025, 1610, 1457, 1432, 1263, 1138, 924, 801, 702. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ClN: C, 73.85; H, 4.43; N, 6.15. Found: C, 73.57; H, 4.56; N, 5.95.

### 2-Methoxy-7-methyl-5*H*-dibenzo[*b*,*f*]azepine

According to *General Procedure 2A*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (169.2 mg) of 2-chloro-5-methylaniline, 1.0 mmol (212 mg) of 2-

bromo-4-methoxy-1-vinylbenzene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (35/65% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as yellow crystalline powder (218 mg, 92%), mp. 187-189 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.75-6.77 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62-6.64 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.56-6.59 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 8.4 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.42-6.44 (m, 2H), 6.34 (s, 2H), 4.79 (s, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 155.76, 148.91, 141.31, 139.75, 132.70, 131.09, 130.73, 130.47, 126.79, 123.59, 120.14, 120.02, 115.36, 114.26, 55.55, 20.93 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3357, 1502, 1271, 1037, 860, 839, 807. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO: C, 80.98; H, 6.37. Found: C, 80.64; H, 6.43.

### 8-Methoxy-11*H*-benzo[*b*]pyrido[4,3-*f*]azepine



MeO

According to *General Procedure 2A*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (194.4 mg) of 3-amino-4-chloropyridine, 1.0 mmol (212 mg) of 2-bromo-4-

methoxy-1-vinylbenzene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (60/40% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as orange viscose oil (175 mg, 94%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.02-8.03 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 6.71-6.72 (d, *J* = 4.8, 2H), 6.62-6.65 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 11.2, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 2.8, 1H), 6.43-6.49 (m, 3H), 6.23-6.26 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 155.98, 144.58, 141.27, 140.08, 136.68, 136.47, 130.27, 130.12, 123.51, 120.54, 116.43, 115.21, 55.58 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3278, 3208, 1584, 1504, 1477, 1400, 1271, 1241, 1041, 840.

### 6-Chloro-2-methoxy-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepine

According to *General Procedure 2A*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (194.4 mg) of 2,6-dichloroaniline, 1.0 mmol (212 mg) of 2-bromo-4-

methoxy-1-vinylbenzene, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (10/90% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as yellow twinkle powder (226 mg, 88%), mp. 98-100 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.13-7.16 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 6.72-6.80 (m, 2H), 6.60-6.66 (m, 2H), 6.46-6.48 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (s, 2H), 5.70 (s, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 156.12, 144.86, 140.46, 132.54, 132.18, 131.36, 130.98, 129.09, 129.02, 123.38, 122.97, 121.49, 115.32, 114.67 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3359, 1455, 1418, 1384, 1255, 1038, 796, 711. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClNO: C, 69.91; H, 4.69; Cl, 13.76. Found: C, 69.78; H, 4.59.



### 6-chloro-3-methoxy-2H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-one

According to *General Procedure 2B*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (194.4 mg) of 2,6-dichloroaniline, 1.0 mmol (228 mg) of 4-bromo-2-

methoxy-5-vinylphenol, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 120°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (60/40% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as red powder (177 mg, 65%), mp. 157-159 °C. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)**  $\delta$ : 7.74-7.79 (dd,  $J_1 = 6.4$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.7.45 (m, 2H), 7.05-7.08 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.92-6.95 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 6.72(s, 1H), 4.00 (s, 3H), ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 180.01, 157.91, 154.54, 142.05, 140.01, 138.11, 135.96, 133.38, 132.16, 131.70, 131.16, 130.76, 126.46, 115.16, 56.34. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 2964, 2920, 2848, 1629, 1609, 1589, 1468, 1237, 1209, 1162, 882. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub>: C, 66.31; H, 3.71. Found: C, 65.96; H, 3.82.



### 6-chloro-3-methoxy-2*H*-dibenzo[*b*,*f*]azepin-2-one

According to *General Procedure 2B*, a solution of 1.2 mmol (169.2 mg) of 2-chloro-5-methylaniline, 1.0 mmol (228 mg) of

4-bromo-2-methoxy-5-vinylphenol, 2.25 mmol (9.8 mg) of DavePhos, 0.0075 mmol (6.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub> and 3.0 mmol (288 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 120°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (30/70% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as red powder (210 mg, 83%), mp. 141-143 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.47 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.36 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 9.6 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.11 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.89-6.91 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 2.2.49 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 179.83, 157.60, 154.48, 146.26, 141.42, 138.91, 136.59, 136.36, 132.22, 131.98, 130.77, 129.45, 125.69, 115.81, 56.13, 21.24 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3402, 2361, 2338, 1591, 1496, 1457, 1315, 1049, 1034, 743.

### Experimental data for acridines described in Table 3

### 3-Fluoro-9-methylacridine

According to General Procedure 5, a solution of 0.10 mmol (29 mg) of tri-tert-butylphosphonium tetrafluoroborate, 0.025 mmol (22.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaOtBu and 1.0 mmol (247 mg) of 2-chloro-5-fluoro-N-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1) in 1 mL of dry toluene was heated at 100°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (15/85% diethyl ether/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as yellow solid (165 mg, 78%), m.p 132-133 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 **MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>**)  $\delta$ : 8.16-8.19 (m, 2H), 8.12-8.14 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.52 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.33 (dt,  $J_1 = 8.0$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 3.05 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) Due to the complexity of the spectra all the peaks are listing without take into consideration C-F couplings, δ: 164.46, 161.95, 149.30, 149.17, 149.08, 142.87, 130.32, 129.88, 127.21, 125.37, 125.05, 124.62, 122.91, 117.35, 117.08, 112.26, 112.07, 13.89 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz) δ: -109.15. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1618, 1569, 1528, 1459, 1439, 1274, 1154, 977, 850, 746. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FN: C, 79.60; H, 4.77. Found: C, 79.44; H, 5.01.



Me

### 9-Methy-3-(trifluoromethyl)lacridine

According to *General Procedure 5*, a solution of 0.10 mmol (29 mg) of tri-tert-butylphosphonium tetrafluoroborate, 0.025 mmol (22.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaOtBu and 1.0 mmol (261 mg) of 2-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1) in 1 mL of dry toluene was heated at 100°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (15/85% diethyl ether/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as light yellow needles (208 mg, 80%), m.p 117-119 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.44 (s, 1H), 8.18-8.20 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.11-8.13 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.10-8.13 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.75 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.57 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.57 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) Due to the complexity of the spectra all the peaks are listing without take into consideration C-F couplings, δ: 149.04, 146.76, 142.59, 131.53, 131.20, 130.88, 130.48, 130.33, 128.36, 128.31, 128.27, 128.22, 128.06, 126.46, 126.10, 126.06, 126.02, 125.35, 124.48, 122.64, 120.34, 120.31, 119.93, 13.64 ppm, <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 **MHz**) δ: -63.65. **IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>)**: 1557, 1521, 1421, 1349, 1319, 1270, 1238, 1157, 1114, 943, 898, 811, 755, 665. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N: C, 68.96; H, 3.86. Found: C, 68.80; H, 3.76.

### **2,9-Dimethylacridine (Table 3)**



Me

According to *General Procedure 5*, a solution of 0.10 mmol (29 mg) of tri-*tert*-butylphosphonium tetrafluoroborate, 0.025 mmol (22.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaOtBu and 1.0 mmol (243 mg) of 2-chloro-4methyl-N-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1) in 1 mL of dry toluene was heated at 100°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (40/60% diethyl diethylether/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as light yellow solid (203 mg, 98%), m.p 89-90 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.14-8.16 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.11-8.13 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05-8.08 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.69 (t, J = 8.2Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.55 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.48 (t, J = 7.8 Hz 1H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 147.88, 147.29, 140.91, 135.02, 13016, 129.86, 29.22, 125.58, 122.46, 125.22, 124.44, 122.75, 22.22, 13.48 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1718, 1635, 1560, 1516, 1447, 1416, 1148, 819, 752. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N: C, 86.92; H, 6.32. Found: C, 86.54; H, 6.27.

### **3,9-Dimethylacridine**

According to *General Procedure 5*, a solution of 0.10 mmol (29 mg) Me of tri-*tert*-butylphosphonium tetrafluoroborate, 0.025 mmol (22.9 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaOtBu and 1.0 mmol (243 mg) of 2-chloro-5methyl-N-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1) in 1 mL of dry toluene was heated at 100°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (25/75% diethyl ether/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as light yellow solid (186 mg, 90%), m.p 81-83°C. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)**  $\delta$ : 8.12-8.14 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.04-8.06 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.95 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.64-7.67 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.42 (t, J =6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21-7.24 (d, J = 9.2 Hz 1H), 2.90 (s, 3H), 2.51 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 148.51, 148.23, 141.89, 139.95, 129.86, 129.51, 128.25, 128.03, 125.07, 124.81, 124.45, 124.09, 123.73, 21.89, 13.42 ppm. **IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>)**: 1636, 1616, 1561, 1515, 1442, 1384, 1017, 878, 805, 752, 647, 602. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N: C, 86.92; H, 6.32. Found: C, 86.87; H6.38.

Me
9-Methylacridine
According to *General Procedure 5*, a solution of 0.10 mmol (29 mg) of Pd<sub>2</sub>(dba)<sub>3</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaOtBu and 1.0 mmol (229 mg) of 2-chloro-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1) in 1 mL of dry toluene was heated at 100°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (25/75% diethyl ether/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as yellow solid (168 mg, 77%), m.p 114-116 °C (lit.<sup>5</sup> m.p. 117-119 °C) <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.14-8.18 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.68-7.72 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.74-7.50 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.2 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 148.39, 142.26, 130.19, 129.75, 125.50, 125.37, 124.54, 13.61 ppm.

### Experimental data for vinylcarbazoles described in Table 3

### 7-Methyl-1-vinyl-9H-carbazole

According to *General Procedure 3*, a solution of 1.0 mmol (243 mg) of 2-chloro-5-methyl-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1), 0.06 mmol (23.9 mg) of racemic-2-di-*t*-butylphosphino-1,1'-binaphthyl, 0.03 mmol (6.7 mg) of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (5/95% diethyl ether/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as white solid (178 mg, 86%), mp. 182-184 °C. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)**  $\delta$ : 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.95 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.91-7.93 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.43 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.21 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00-7.07- (m, 2H), 5.83-5.87 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.46-5.49 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C **NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)**  $\delta$ : 140.02, 137.25, 136.22, 133.27, 124.08, 123.33, 121.31, 121.16, 121.01, 120.07, 119.59, 119.57, 115.38, 110.96, 22.11 ppm. **IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>)**: 3412, 1412, 1334, 990, 905, 821, 794, 742, 561. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N: C, 86.92; H, 6.32. Found: C, 86.65; H, 6.30.

### 7-Fluoro-1-vinyl-9H-carbazole



According to *General Procedure 3*, a solution of 1.0 mmol (247 mg) of 2-chloro-5-fluoro-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1), 0.06 mmol (23.9

mg) of racemic-2-di-*t*-butylphosphino-1,1'-binaphthyl, 0.03 mmol (6.7 mg) of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (5/95% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as white powder (162 mg, 78%), mp. 98-100 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.98 (dd,  $J_1$ = 8.8 Hz,  $J_2$  = 5.6, 1H), 7.91-7.93 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43-7.45 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.24 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11-7.14 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99-7.06 (dd,  $J_1$ = 17.6 Hz,  $J_2$  = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 6.93-6.98 (dt,  $J_1$  = 10.8 Hz,  $J_2$  = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83-5.88 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.49-5.51 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) Due to the complexity of the spectra all the peaks are listing without take into consideration C-F couplings,  $\delta$ : 163.25, 160.85, 140.09, 139.96, 137.63, 133.21, 132.95, 126.02, 123.89, 123.53, 123.49, 121.38, 121.28, 121.19, 120.42, 120.15, 119.89, 119.76, 119.69, 119.45, 115.86, 115.57, 110.81, 108.11, 107.87, 97.75, 97.49 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : -115.66. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3437, 1625, 1599, 1497, 1413, 1339, 1139, 1116, 848, 797. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FN: C, 80.60; H, 4.77. Found: C, 80.33; H, 4.87.

### 7-(Trifluoromethyl)-1-vinyl-9H-carbazole



According to *General Procedure 3*, a solution of 1.0 mmol (247 mg) of 2-chloro-5-fluoro-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1), 0.06 mmol

(23.9 mg) of racemic-2-di-*t*-butylphosphino-1,1'-binaphthyl, 0.03 mmol (6.7 mg) of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (5/95% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as white powder (232 mg, 89%), mp. 93-94 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.11-8.13 (d, *J*= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.00-8.02 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.52 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.48 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.00-7.07 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub>= 17.6 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 5.85-5.89 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.51-5.54 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) Due to the complexity of the spectra all the peaks are listing without take into consideration C-F couplings,  $\delta$ :

138.56, 138.14, 132.80, 127.96, 127.64, 126.03, 125.06, 122.98, 121.58, 120.70, 120.39, 120.36, 116.51, 116.48, 116.22, 108.16, 118.11, 29.73 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: -61.41. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3415, 2919, 2854, 2355, 2330, 1503, 1331, 1244, 1164, 1108, 1054, 801, 755.

### 6-Methyl-1-vinyl-9H-carbazole

According to *General Procedure 3*, a solution of 1.0 mmol (243 mg) of 2-chloro-4-methyl-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1), 0.06 mmol (23.9 mg) of racemic-2-di-*t*-butylphosphino-1,1'-binaphthyl, 0.03 mmol (6.7 mg) of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (5/95% diethyl ether/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as white solid (188 mg, 91%), mp. 129-130 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.97-7.99 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.48 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.36 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.00-7.07 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub>= 17.6 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 5.85-5.90 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.48-5.51 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 137.79, 137.62, 133.30, 129.09, 127.39, 123.89, 123.74, 123.64, 121.08, 120.36, 119.83, 119.49, 115.39, 110.50, 21.52 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3420, 1455, 1410, 1334, 985, 895, 801, 752. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N: C, 86.92; H, 6.32. Found: C, 86.66; H, 6.50.

### 1-Vinyl-9*H*-carbazole

According to *General Procedure 3*, a solution of 1.0 mmol (229 mg) of 2chloro-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (7), 0.06 mmol (23.9 mg) of racemic-2-di-

*t*-butylphosphino-1,1'-binaphthyl, 0.03 mmol (6.7 mg) of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, 1.5 mmol (144 mg) of NaO*t*Bu in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at 110°C for 24 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (2/98% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as white solid (181 mg, 94%), mp. 82-83 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.06-8.08 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99-8.01 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.18-7.27 (m, 2H), 6.99-7.08 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub>= 18.00 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 5.85-5.89 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.48-5.51 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 139.53, 137.26, 133.22, 126.03, 123.97, 123.89, 123.46, 121.13, 120.44, 119.90, 199.77, 119.71, 115.57,

110.82 ppm. **IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>)**: 3415, 1619, 1596, 1457, 1414, 1339, 1324, 1228, 984, 908, 753. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N: C, 87.01; H, 5.74. Found: C, 86.61; H, 5.70.

### Experimental data for compounds described in Table 4

### 1-(2-Chlorophenyl)-1*H*-indole (Table 4)

CI According to *General Procedure 4*, a solution of 1.0 mmol (229 mg) of 2chloro-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1), 0.10 mmol (22.4 mg) of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, 1.5 mmol (272.5 mg) of Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub> in 1 mL of acetic acid and 3 mL of DMF was heated at 110°C for 12 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (5/95% EtOAc/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as light yellow oil (222 mg, 98%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.67-7.69 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub>= 6.4 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.25 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 3H), 6.69-6.70 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 136.92, 136.77, 131.85, 130.85, 129.45, 129.09, 128.79, 128.49, 127.69, 122.32, 121.00, 120.35, 110.62, 103.28 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3072, 1588, 1514, 1489, 1455, 1331, 1308, 1232, 1212, 739. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ClN: C, 73.85; H, 4.43. Found: C, 74.06; H, 4.50.

### 1-(5-Chloro-4-methylphenyl)-1*H*-indole

Cl According to *General Procedure 4*, a solution of 1.0 mmol (259 mg) of 2-chloro-4-methyl-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)aniline (Table 1), 0.10 mmol (22.4 mg) of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, 1.5 mmol (272.5 mg) of Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub> in 1 mL of acetic acid and 3 mL of DMF was heated at 110°C for 12 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (15/85% dichloromethane/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as yellow oil (210 mg, 87%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 7.65-7.68 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub>= 6.8 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.39 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.30 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09-7.20 (m, 5H), 7.66-7.67 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 139.54, 136.88, 134.22, 131.47, 131.12, 129.08, 128.89, 128.39, 122.19, 120.93, 120.20, 110.60, 103.00, 21.00 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3052, 2922, 1515, 1504, 1457, 1332, 1235, 1212, 1135, 1052, 740. Anal. Calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClN: C, 74.53; H, 5.00. Found: C, 74.93; H, 5.40.



### 1-(5-Chloro-2,6-dimethylpyrimidine-4-yl)-1*H*-indole (Table 4)

According to *General Procedure 4*, a solution of 1.0 mmol (259 mg) of 2-chloro-2,6-dimethyl-*N*-(2-vinylphenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine (Table 1), 0.10 mmol (22.4 mg) of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, 1.5 mmol (272.5 mg) of Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub> in

1 mL of acetic acid and 3 mL of DMF was heated at 110°C for 12 hours. The crude was purified using Biotage SP4 (50/50% dichloromethane/hexanes mixture) to provide a pure adduct as yellow oil (234 mg, 91%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.74-7.76 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.64 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.63 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.69-7.70 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (s, 1H), 2.68 (s, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 167.94, 165.18, 154.45, 135.66, 129.67, 127.21, 123.30, 121.97, 121.07, 118.86, 113.50, 25.34, 23.26 ppm. IR (KBr disc, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 2918, 2850, 1550, 1523, 1454, 1399, 1366, 1123, 1063, 741.

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cHANNEL f2 ========= waltz16 90.00 usec 0.00 dB 16.10 dB 16.10 dB 19.00 dB 400.1316005 MHz F2 - Acquisition Parameters Date\_\_\_\_\_20100326 Time 20100326 19.11 INSTRUM 5 mm QNP 1H/13 PULPROG 5 299930 TD 299930 TD 299930 TD 205336 SOLVENT CDC13 NS NS NS 23980.814 Hz 0.365918 Hz 0.365918 Hz 4597.6 sec 20.850 usec 20.850 usec 26.20 usec 26.2 usec 1.8999999 sec 1.8999999 sec AANNEL f1 ======= 13C 0.38 usec 0.00 dB 100.6228298 MHz - Processing parameters 32768 32768 MHz EM 0 1.00 Hz 1.40 MHZ Ľ Parameters 526-1 2 1 CHANNEL fl Data CPDPRG2 CPDPRG2 NUC2 PCPD2 PL2 PL12 PL12 PL13 SF02 Current I NAME EXPNO PROCNO Ľ I) F2 -ST SF SF WDW SSB CB GB CB PL1 SF01 mdd 0 20 40 60 21.97 -50'LL -80 LE·LL -22.101 -100 19.101 19.201 80.901 £6.⊅11-69'9II -Contraction of the second second - 124.55 120 122,54 127,02 128,89 7130,07 128,89 7130,07 7132,28 7132,20 7132,54 140 in the second second second second 143.00 160 والمالعة فالمراملة 180  $\overline{O}$ 200 ΣI

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======= CHANNEL f2 ======== CPDPRG2 waltz16 NUC2 90.00 usec PCPD2 90.00 dB PL12 16.10 dB PL13 19.00 dB PL13 SF02 400.1316005 MHz F2 - Acquisition Parameters Date\_ 20100610 Time 7.19 TNSTRUM spect PROBHD 5 mm QNP 1H/13 PULPROG 29936 SOLVENT 05536 SOLVENT 0.365918 Hz NS 23980.814 Hz CDC13 NS 23980.814 Hz CDC13 NS 0.365918 Hz 0.365918 Hz 0.365918 Hz CDC13 NS 0.365918 Hz 23980.814 Hz 0.365918 Hz 1.3664756 sec 1824.6 20.850 usec 294.2 K 294.2 K 294.2 K 294.3 sec 0.0300000 sec 1.8999998 sec 13C 9.38 usec 0.00 dB 100.6228298 MHz ======= CHANNEL fl ======== NUC1 13C Pl 9.38 usec PL1 100.6228298 MHz SF01 100.6228298 MHz MHZ - Processing parameters 32768 100.6127690 MHz W ĽΗ t Data Parameters 690 2 1 Ľ 1.00 1.40 Current 1 NAME EXPNO PROCNO F2 -SI SF WDW SSB LB LB CB 11 mdd 0 20 40 60 LL 9L 60.LL TH.LL 80 100 mqq ALC: NO 86.5II 81.121 89.221 60.821 99.221 19.221 99.121 19.221 120 120 140 125 160 130 180 135 200 ō MANANA ANA Έ




SI-37

















































| FIL Data Parameters<br>642 d<br>00 1<br>1   | - Acquisition Parameters<br>- Acquisition Parameters<br>20100405<br>16.12<br>16.12<br>TRUM 5 mm QNP 1H/13<br>PROG 55536<br>65536<br>7ENT CDC13<br>184<br>23980.814 Hz<br>CDC13<br>184<br>23980.814 Hz<br>13664756 sec<br>1.3664756 sec<br>1.3664756 sec<br>0.365918 Hz<br>1.824.6 sec<br>0.3600000 sec<br>CA 1.8999998 sec | <pre>cHANNEL f1 ======== 13C 9.38 usec 0.00 dB 1 100.6228298 MHz</pre> | EFICAL F2 ===================================    | - Processing parameters<br>32768<br>100.6127690 MHz<br>EM<br>1.00 Hz | 1.40 |
|---|--|--|--|--|------|
| Curi<br>Curi<br>Expr  | 72 - F2<br>Date<br>FROST<br>FTD<br>FTD<br>SWH<br>AQ<br>DS<br>SWH<br>AQ<br>DS<br>DS<br>CD<br>AQ<br>DS<br>DS<br>CD<br>AQ<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS<br>DS   | PL1<br>SF0   | CPDI<br>CPDI<br>PCPI<br>PL1<br>PL1<br>SF0<br>SF0 | F2<br>S1<br>WDW<br>S5<br>LB<br>CB                                    | ppm  |
|   |  |  |  |  | 0    |
|   |  |  |  |  | 20   |
|   |  |  |  |  | 40   |
| 85.22   |  | -  | 6  |  | 60   |
| 94. 94<br>80 LL<br>04 LL  |  |  |  |  | 80   |
|   | uudd   |  |  |  | 100  |
| IZ:SII       \$\$100000000000000000000000000000000000   | 120  |  |  |  | 120  |
| 130 - 27<br>130 - 08<br>130 - 08<br>130 - 08<br>130 - 20<br>130 - | 125  |  |  |  | 140  |
| 86'SST  | 130  |  |  |  | 160  |
|   | 135  |  |  |  | 180  |
| ZI  | 140  |  |  |  | 200  |
| МеО   | 145  |  |  |  |      |











F2 - Acquisition Parameters Date\_ 20100413 Time 20100413 INSTRUM spect PROBHD 5 mm QNP 1H/13 PULPROG 5536 55536 55536 55536 55536 50LVENT 2431 NS 244 SWH 23980.814 Hz SWH 23980.814 Hz = CHANNEL f2 ======= waltz16 1H 90.00 usec 0.00 dB 16.10 dB 19.00 dB 19.00 dB 23980.814 Hz 0.365918 Hz 1.3664756 sec 3251 usec 20.850 usec 6.00 usec 2.0000000 sec 1.8999999 sec usec dB MHz 2 - Processing parameters I 32768 F 100.6127690 MHz DW EM SB 1.00 Hz B 1.00 Hz B 2.00 C 2.00 ZHM 13C 9.38 u 0.00 d 100.6228298 M 2 Data Parameters 631-C 2 -£1 CHANNEL CPDPRG2 Current I NAME EXPNO PROCNO AQ RG DW DE TE D1 d11 DELTA TD0 PCPD2 PL2 PL12 PL13 SF02 PL1 PL1 SF01 NUC2 11 F2 -SI SF MDW SSB SSB LB LB CGB mdd 0 20 - 51.24 40 £1.95 ----60 £L'9L \$0'LL \$2'2L 80 mdd 100 120 81°STI -120 21 225.69 55.621 2120.77 - 135.25 - 136.36 130 140 92-921 16-302 20-100 160 140 180 £8'64T -150 ¶e 200 ő MeO










| 1.00 Hz<br>0<br>1.40   | ppm pg  | - 0 | - 50 | - 64 | - 09  | - 8            | - 100 | 120                        | - 140            | 160    | 180 | 200    |     |
|--|---|-----|------|------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------------------|------------------|--------|-----|--------|-----|
| <ul> <li>Processing parameters<br/>32768<br/>100.6127690 MHz<br/>EM</li> </ul>   | F2<br>S1<br>SF<br>SF                          |     |      |      |       |                |       |                            |                  |        |     |        | Ŧ   |
| ===== CHANNEL f2 ========<br>PRG2 waltz16<br>D2 90.00 usec<br>0.00 dB<br>16.10 dB<br>3 400.1316005 MHz                           | CPD<br>CPD<br>PCP<br>PLL<br>PLL<br>SFO<br>SFO |     |      |      |       |                |       |                            |                  |        |     |        |     |
| ===== CHANNEL f1 ========<br>13C<br>9.38 usec<br>0.00 dB<br>1 100.6228298 MHz  | PL1<br>SF0                                    |     |      |      |       |                |       | -                          |                  |        |     |        |     |
| 20.850 usec<br>6.00 usec<br>295.2 K<br>2.00000000 sec<br>0.03000000 sec<br>1.89999998 sec<br>1                                   | DDE<br>DE<br>D1<br>DEL<br>DEL                 |     |      |      |       |                |       |                            |                  |        |     |        |     |
| VENT CDC13<br>87<br>87<br>23980.814 Hz<br>0.365918 Hz<br>1.3664756 sec   | SOLV<br>NS<br>NS<br>SWH<br>FIDI<br>AQ         |     |      |      |       |                |       |                            |                  |        |     |        |     |
| - Acquisition Parameters<br>- Acquisition Parameters<br>e 20100223<br>8.16<br>8.16<br>spect<br>BHD 5 mm QNP 1H/13<br>PROG 290930 | F2<br>Dat<br>Time<br>PULU                     |     |      |      |       |                |       |                            |                  |        |     |        |     |
| Kent Data Parameters<br>620<br>NO<br>20<br>1   | CULT<br>NAMI<br>PROOF                         |     |      |      | 26.23 | 90°2L<br>20°2L |       | 96 111<br>89 911<br>89 911 | LÞ-0ET<br>LO-SET | 16.941 |     | а<br>Д | МеО |
|  |   |     |      |      |       |                |       |                            |                  |        |     |        |     |























| 55 0 Hz 0 Hz 0 1.00 Hz 0 1.40 Hz 0 Hz  |   |  | )2 (                           | 14                  | 09<br>                             | <br>80             | 100                       | 120  |                                      | 160                                      | 180   | 200                      |
|--|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|
| 2 - Processing parameters<br>1 32768<br>7 100.6127690 MHz<br>500 EM  | F2<br>SI<br>SF<br>SF  | بريا هدام يعراز والمحاطية والمحاطي | بالعبواني مريد حمامة مواهما وا | فالقامعينا والمعامل | والمعادية والمساوية والمحادية والم | in hereichen eine  | موسطية إيديسو وشرابلته حف | the second s | and addition                         | ), î î î î î î î î î î î î î î î î î î î | الع المحاطية بالمحاطية والمحاطية والمحاطية والمحاطية المحاطية والمحاطية والمحاصية والمحاصية والمحاصية والمحاص | اللباه المرامية والمرابع |
| ETRICE CHANNEL f2 ========<br>PDPRG2 waltz16<br>JC2 000 usec<br>0.000 dB<br>11<br>0.000 dB<br>12<br>12<br>16.10 dB<br>13<br>19.00 dB<br>13<br>19.00 dB<br>13<br>10.1316005 MHz | S F L L   |  |                                |                     |                                    |                    |                           |  |                                      |  |   |                          |
| ====== CHANNEL f1 ========<br>JC1 13C 9.38 usec<br>L 9.38 usec<br>C1 100.6228298 MHz   | P D U<br>P L P<br>S F<br>S F  |  |                                |                     |                                    |                    |                           |  |                                      |  |   |                          |
| 2 - Acquisition Parameters<br>ate  | Z G H H T G H S N U S F A S U G H U G G H U G G H U G G F U G G F U G G G H U G H U G G H U G G H U G H U G G H U G H U G G H U G H U G G H U G H U G H U G G H U |  |                                |                     |                                    |                    |                           |  |                                      |  |   |                          |
| BRANCE Parameters<br>AME 9-methylacridine<br>ANO 3<br>ACONO 1  | NAU<br>PRX  | 19.51  |                                |                     | 84.94                              | 60 · LL<br>TV · LL |                           | ÞS · ÞZI<br>25 · 521<br>25 · 521   | 52.521<br>61.021<br>92.241<br>62.841 |  |   |                          |























======= CHANNEL f2 ======== CPDPRG2 waltz16 NUC2 11 PCPD2 90.00 usec PL2 0.00 dB PL12 16.10 dB PL13 19.00 dB PL13 400.1316005 MHz 23980.814 Hz 0.365918 Hz 1.3664756 sec 1824.6 usec 6.00 usec 6.00 usec 0.0300000 sec 1.89999998 sec 2 - Processing parameters 11 32768 127690 MHz 100.6127690 MHz 100.6127690 MHz 100 Hz 1.00 Hz ====== CHANNEL fl ======= NUC1 13C Pl 9.38 usec PL1 100.6228298 MHz SF01 100.6228298 MHz K Current Data Parameters NAME 658 EXPNO 2 PROCNO 11 TD SOLVENT NN SMH SWH FIDRES AQ DW DDE DDE D1 D1 DELTA TD0 n F2 -ST SF WDW WDW SF EB CB PC d11 mdd 0 mdd 20 --- 21.52 40 138 09 8L'9L 0T'LL Zb'LL 80 فأنت مؤفولا بالأرار الاختر التاجير وعارر إلالي أزلال أزامه أولا ومادرا فارتما فراسا والأكما الألماني 100 120 ppm 05'0TT - 

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