Appendix 1: Association between pneum	ococcal vaccination and a	acute myocardial infarction
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	No. (%)		OR (95% CI)		
Ever received pneumococcal vaccination, age, yr	Cases	Controls	Unadjusted	Adjusted* (except for influenza vaccination)	Adjusted* (including for influenza vaccination)
All ages (≥ 40)	6 153 (35.4)	21 734 (34.7)	1.26 (1.20–1.32)	0.88 (0.84–0.93)	0.96 (0.91–1.02)
< 65	622 (11.7)	1 600 (7.5)	1.67 (1.51–1.84)	0.83 (0.73–0.95)	0.91 (0.79–1.05)
≥ 65	5 531 (51.8)	20 134 (48.7)	1.18 (1.12–1.24)	0.88 (0.83–0.93)	0.97 (0.91–1.03)

Note: CI = confidence interval, OR = odds ratio. \*Adjusted for asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, chronic heart disease, stroke or transient ischemic attack, diabetes, splenectomy, chronic liver disease, chronic renal failure, immunosuppression and HIV, hyperlipidemia, family history of acute myocardial infarction, peripheral vascular disease, hypertension, smoking status, treatment with acetylsalicylic acid, treatment with statins, treatment with antihypertensives, and general practice consultations.

Appendix to: Siriwardena AN, Gwini SM, Coupland CAC. Influenza vaccination, pneumococcal vaccination and risk of acute myocardial infarction: matched case–control study. CMAJ 2010. DOI:10.1503/cmaj.091891.