

## CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial\*

Section/Topic	ltem No	Checklist item	Reported on page No
Title and abstract			
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	Title
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	Abstract
Introduction			
Background and	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	Introduction
objectives	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	Introduction
Methods			
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	Introduction,
-			Randomization
			and treatment
			administration.
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	NA
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	Participants
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	Study site
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they	<b>`</b>
		were actually administered	Interventions
Outcomes	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they	Sample size
		were assessed	and outcomes,
			Follow-up visits
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	NĂ
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	Sample size
			and outcomes
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	NA
Randomisation:			
Sequence	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	Randomization
generation			and treatment
			administration

	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	Randomization
			and treatment
			administration
Allocation	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers),	Randomization
concealment		describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	and treatment
mechanism			administration
Implementation	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to	Randomization
		interventions	and treatment
			administration
Blinding	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those	Randomization
		assessing outcomes) and how	and treatment
			administration
	11b	If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions	Interventions
Statistical methods	12a	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	Statistical
			methods
	12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	Statistical
			methods
Results			
Participant flow (a	13a	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and	
diagram is strongly		were analysed for the primary outcome	Figure 1
recommended)	13b	For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons	Figure 1
Recruitment	14a	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	Follow up visits
	14b	Why the trial ended or was stopped	NA
Baseline data	15	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	Table 1
Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis	Participant flow,
		was by original assigned groups	Table 1-4
Outcomes and	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its	
estimation		precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	Table 1-4
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	NA
Ancillary analyses	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing	Table3, Figure
		pre-specified from exploratory	2-3
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	Adverse events

Discussion			
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	Discussion
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	Discussion
Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	Discussion
Other information			
Registration	23	Registration number and name of trial registry	Abstract
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	NA
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	Financial
			disclosure

\*We strongly recommend reading this statement in conjunction with the CONSORT 2010 Explanation and Elaboration for important clarifications on all the items. If relevant, we also recommend reading CONSORT extensions for cluster randomised trials, non-inferiority and equivalence trials, non-pharmacological treatments, herbal interventions, and pragmatic trials. Additional extensions are forthcoming: for those and for up to date references relevant to this checklist, see <u>www.consort-statement.org</u>.