Supplemental table 1 QTLs for liver weight in $(A/J \times SM.A-T2dm2sa)F2$ mice after 11 weeks feeding of a high-fat diet.

Phenotype	Nearest Marker	Position (Mb)	LOD ^a	QTL	% b	Phenotype based on genotype ^c		
					%0 -	SM/SM	SM/A	A/A
Liver	D11Mit242	63.2	8.7**	Livq3sa	15	4.63 ± 0.71 (69)	4.24 ± 0.59 (129)	3.92 ± 0.53 (57)
(g/100g bw)	D13Mit53	113.1	2.1		4	4.24 ± 0.71 (57)	$4.18 \pm 0.62 \ (128)$	$4.48 \pm 0.66 (70)$
	D15Mit52	22.4	6.3**	Livq4sa	6	4.09 ± 0.56 (72)	$4.17 \pm 0.61 \ (112)$	4.62 ± 0.71 (71)
	D17Mit68	47.7	3.5		6	4.01 ± 0.61 (68)	$4.40 \pm 0.69 $ (120)	$4.31 \pm 0.60 (67)$

^{**} Highly significant level; the other LOD scores without asterisks denote suggestive level linkage.

^a The maximum LOD scores, exceeding suggestive threshold level. Suggestive, significant, or highly significant thresholds derived from free model permutation for each trait were as follows: for liver weight (2.1, 3.6, 5.1).

^b Percentage of phenotypic variance explained by the QTL.

^c Phenotype based on genotype at the nearest marker. Data are expressed means \pm SD for genotypes. The number of mice of each genotype is indicated in parentheses. The higher mean of SM/SM or A/A were written by bold-faced letter.