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Supplemental Data

To Identify Associations with Rare Variants,

Just WHaIT: *Weighted Haplotype and Imputation-Based Tests*

Yun Li, Andrea E. Byrnes, and Mingyao Li

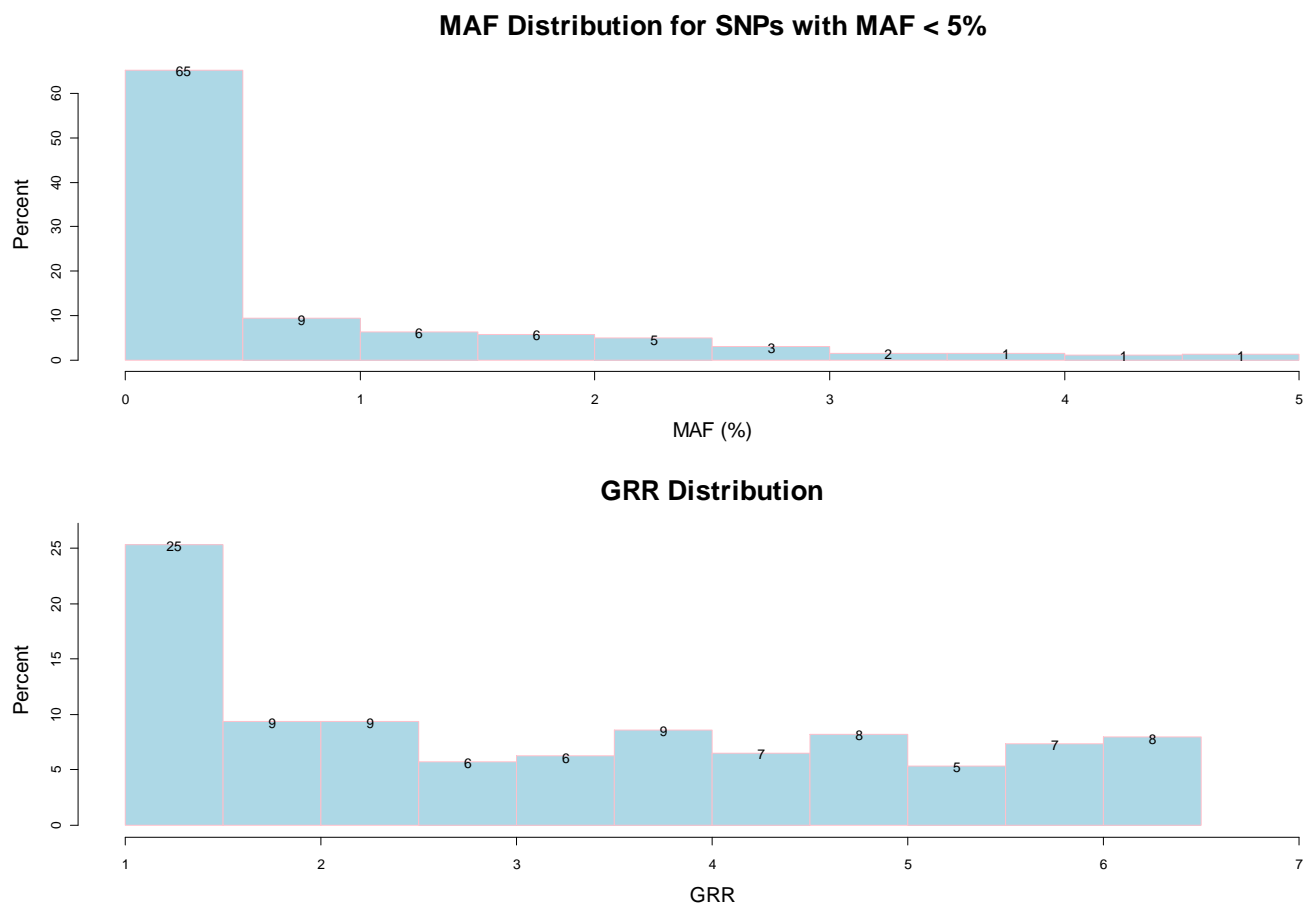


Figure S1. MAF and GRR Distribution for Simulated Rare Variants (MAF < 5%)

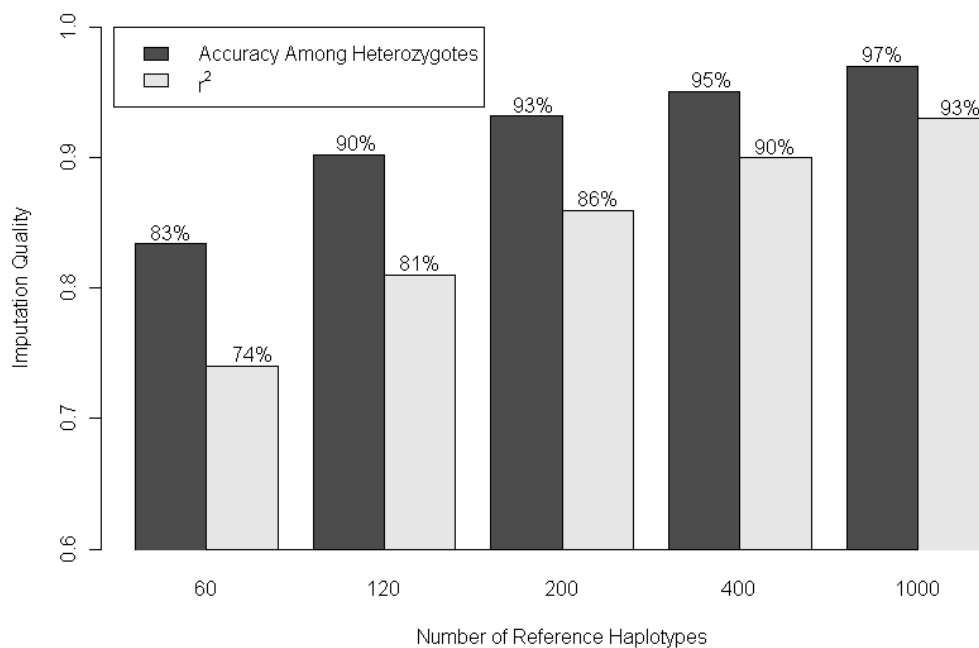


Figure S2. Imputation Quality for Rare Variants (FUSION Data)

We constructed a set of 1,000 reference haplotypes encompassing both common ($MAF \geq 5\%$) and rare ($MAF < 5\%$) SNPs using 500 FUSION individuals. We masked and imputed genotypes at rare ($MAF < 5\%$) SNPs for an independent set of 500 FUSION individuals using a subset of 60, 120, 200, 400, or the full set of 1,000 haplotypes. We calculated two measures of imputation quality by comparing imputed genotypes with their mask experimental counterparts: allelic accuracy among the heterozygous genotypes, and r^2 . r^2 is defined as the squared correlation between imputed genotype dosages (ranging from 0 to 2) and the experimental dosages (taking values 0, 1, or 2).