SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Biologically Active Isoforms of CobB Sirtuin Deacetylase in Salmonella enterica and Erwinia amylovora

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Running title: bacterial sirtuins isoforms

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SUPPLEMENTAL FIGURES

Figure S1. *S. enterica* synthesizes two isoforms of CobB. A. Western blot analysis performed using rabbit α CobB antiserum on whole-cell lysates of wild type and Δ cobB strains grown on NB or minimal medium supplemented with glucose, glycerol, citrate, or acetate (50 mM) to mid-log phase. Purified SeCobB_L (31.1 kDa) and SeCobB_S (26.2 kDa) proteins were included as molecular weight standards.

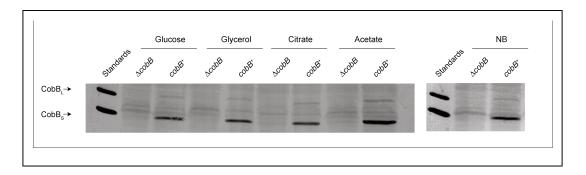


Figure S2. SeCobB_L and SeCobB_s are synthesized from the pCobB_L and pCobB_s plasmids when cells are grown on glycerol + dicyanocobinamide + DMB. Western blot analysis of *S. enterica cobB* strains overproducing CobB_L, CobB_s, or CobB_{L/S} during growth on glycerol (22 mM), dicyanocobinamide (15 nM), and DMB (125 μ M). CobB_L (CobB^{M37A,M38A}, encoded by *cobB1372*); CobB_s (CobB^{M1A}, encoded by *cobB1373*).

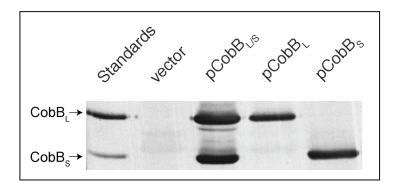


Figure S3. Gel filtration analysis of SeCobB_L and **SeCobB**_S. Samples were applied to a HiPrep 26/60 Sephacryl S-100 High Resolution gel filtration column using isocratic elution with sodium phosphate (50 mMM, pH 7.4) containing 150 mM NaCl. Calibration was performed with Bio-Rad gel filtration standards supplemented with BSA and DNasel with linear regression to build the standard curve. Micration of SeCobB_L and SeCobB_S through the matrix was analyzed and the retention time was consistent with an apparent mass of monomeric enzyme states.

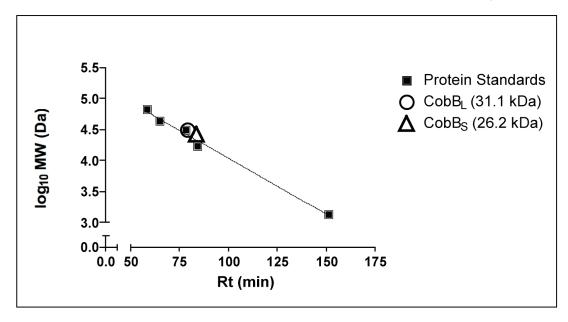


Figure S4. Helical wheel projection of CobB_L **N-terminal residues.** Residues 6-28 (N-FHRLSRFRKNKRLLRERLRQRIF-C) of the CobB_L N-terminus were subjected to helical wheel analysis using the DNAStar Protean program (Madison, WI).

