

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

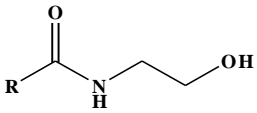
N-Acylethanolamines as Novel Alcohol Dehydrogenase 5 Substrates

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Table S1.
Longer Acyl Chain NAEs as ADH3 Substrates^a

Substrate		Relative Rates
<i>N</i> -Decanoylethanolamine	R = CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₈	1.0
<i>N</i> -Lauroylethanolamine	R = CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₁₀	0.57
<i>N</i> -Myristoylethanolamine	R = CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₁₂	0.061
<i>N</i> -Oleoylethanolamine	R = CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₇ HC=CH(CH) ₇	0.28
<i>N</i> -Linoleoylethanolamine	R = CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₇ HC=CHCH ₂ HC=CH(CH) ₄	0.26
<i>N</i> -Arachidonoylethanolamine	R = CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₃ HC=CHCH ₂ HC=CHCH ₂ HC=CHCH ₂ HC=CH(CH) ₄	0.24

^aThe substrate concentration was fixed at 55 μM for all NAE substrates included in Table S1. The initial rate obtained using 55 mM *N*-decanoylethanolamine was 0.091 units/mg.

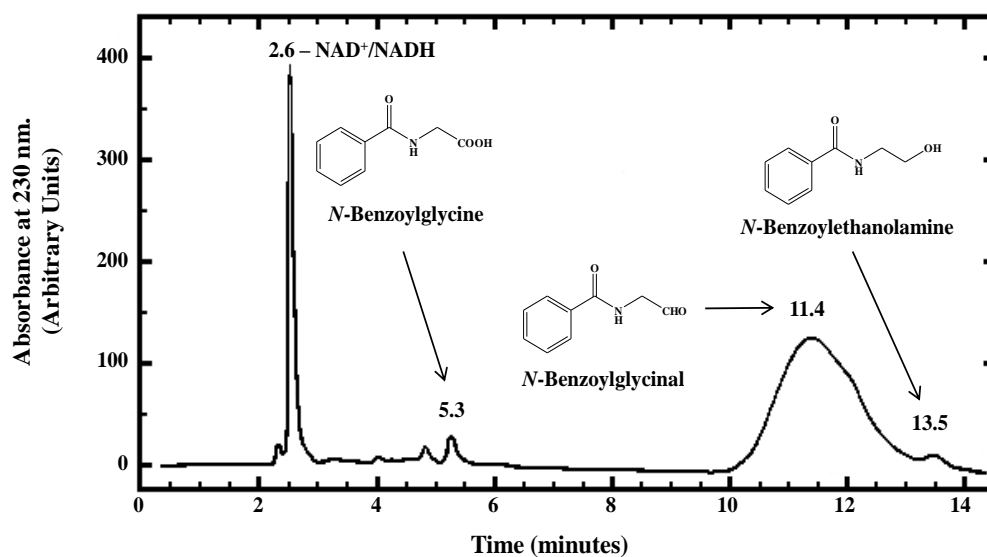


Figure S1. HPLC Analysis of Non-enzymatic *N*-benzoylglycinal Dismutation. *N*-Benzoylglycinal (4 mM) was incubated with 100 mM sodium pyrophosphate (pH 9.5) and 2.5 mM NAD⁺ at 37 °C. The sample was analyzed after 30 min of incubation time.