

Supporting Information

Genome Mining in *Streptomyces*. Elucidation of the Role of Baeyer-Villiger Monooxygenases and Non-Heme Iron-Dependent Dehydrogenase/Oxygenases in the Final Steps of the Biosynthesis of Pentalenolactone and Neopentalenolactone[†]

Myung-Ji Seo,^{‡¶} Dongqing Zhu,^{‡¶} Saori Endo,[§] Haruo Ikeda,^{§} and David E. Cane^{‡*}*

[‡]Department of Chemistry, Box H, Brown University, Providence, RI 02912-9108, USA

[§]Laboratory of Microbial Engineering, Kitasato Institute for Life Sciences, Kitasato University, 1-15-1 Kitasato, Sagamihara, Minami-ku, Kanagawa 252-0373, Japan

[¶]These authors contributed equally to this work.

David_Cane@brown.edu, ikeda@ls.kitasato-u.ac.jp

Table S1. Strains, plasmids and cosmids used in this study.

Strain or plasmid	Relevant phenotype and/or characteristics	Source
<i>S. exfoliatus</i> strains		
UC5319	Wild-type, pentalenolactone producer	Upjohn Co (Pfizer) (1)
ZD20	<i>penD</i> in-frame deletion mutant	This work
<i>S. arenae</i> strains		
TÜ469	Wild-type, pentalenolactone producer	DSM 40734, DMSZ Braunschweig, DE (2)
ZD17	<i>pntD</i> mutant, Apra ⁺	This work
ZD18	<i>pntD</i> in-frame deletion mutant	This work
<i>S. avermitilis</i> strain		
SUKA16::pKU462- <i>ermEp-ptl_cluster-ΔptlE</i>	In-frame <i>ptlE</i> mutant	(3)
SUKA16::pKU462- <i>ermEp-ptl_cluster-ΔptlED</i>	In-frame <i>ptlED</i> mutant	(3)
SUKA16::pKU462- <i>ermEp-ptl_cluster-ΔptlED ermEp-penE</i>	Complementation with <i>penE</i>	This work
SUKA16::pKU462- <i>ermEp-ptl_cluster-ΔptlED ermEp-pntE</i>	Complementation with <i>pntE</i>	This work
SUKA16::pKU462- <i>ermEp-ptl_cluster-ΔptlED ermEp-penEpenD</i>	Complementation with <i>penE</i> and <i>penD</i>	This work
<i>E. coli</i> strains		
DH10B	<i>recA</i>	Gibco BRL
BL21(DE3)	<i>dcm, ompT, hsdS</i> (r _B ⁻ m _B ⁻), <i>gal</i>	Invitrogen
ET12567/pUZ8002	<i>dam, dcm, hsdS, cat, tet</i> ; pUZ8002: <i>tra, neo</i> , RP4	(4, 5)
BW25117/pIJ790	K12 derivative: <i>ΔaraBAD, ΔrhaBAD</i> ; pIJ790: λ-RED (<i>gam, bet, exo</i>), <i>cat, araC, rep101^{ts}</i>	(6, 7)

Plasmids	Relevant phenotype and/or characteristics	Source
pET-26b	Kan ⁺ , <i>ori</i> ^{f1} , <i>lacI</i> , <i>ori</i> ^{pBR322} , T7 promoter	Novagen
pET-28a	Kan ⁺ , <i>ori</i> ^{f1} , <i>lacI</i> , <i>ori</i> ^{pBR322} , T7 promoter	Novagen
pBluescriptII SK(+)	<i>bla</i> , <i>ori</i> ^{f1} , <i>lacZ</i> , <i>Plac</i> , <i>ori</i> ^{pUC}	(8, 9)
pHZ1357	pIJ101 derivative, <i>bla</i> , <i>tsr</i> , <i>cos</i> , <i>oriT</i> , <i>sti</i>	(10)
pSET152	<i>aac(3)IV</i> , <i>lacZ</i> , <i>rep</i> ^{pUC} , <i>oriT</i> , <i>att</i> ^{φC31}	(11)
pJTU1278	<i>pIJ101</i> derivative, <i>bla</i> , <i>tsr</i> , <i>oriT</i> , <i>sti</i>	(12)
pIJ773	<i>aac(3)IV</i> , <i>rep</i> ^{pUC} , <i>oriT</i>	(6)
pDQ7	ca. 6.2 kb BamHI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>pntM</i> , <i>pntH</i> , <i>pntG</i> , <i>pntF</i> , <i>pntE</i> and partial <i>pntD</i> from cosmid 21F7 inserted into BamHI site of pSET152	This work
pDQ9	ca. 2.2 kb BamHI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>orf - I</i> from cosmid 21F7 inserted into BamHI site of pSET152	This work
pDQ19	ca. 2.2 kb BamHI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>orf - I</i> from cosmid 1E2 inserted into BamHI site of pSET152, same as pDQ9	This work
pDQ20	ca. 3.1 kb BamHI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>orf - I</i> , <i>pntR</i> , <i>gapR</i> , and partial <i>pntM</i> from cosmid 1E2 inserted into BamHI site of pSET152	This work

Plasmids	Relevant phenotype and/or characteristics	Source
pDQ22	ca. 6.2 kb BamHI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>pntM</i> , <i>pntH</i> , <i>pntG</i> , <i>pntF</i> , <i>pntE</i> and partial <i>pntD</i> from cosmid 1E2 inserted into BamHI site of pSET152, same as pDQ7	This work
pDQ23	ca. 6.4 kb BamHI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>pntD</i> , <i>pntB</i> , <i>pntA</i> , <i>pntI</i> , <i>orf 1</i> and partial <i>orf 2</i> (<i>orf 2</i> , not shown) from cosmid 1E2 inserted into BamHI site of pSET152	This work
pDQ31	ca. 6.8 kb KpnI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>pntI</i> , <i>orf 1</i> , <i>orf 2</i> , <i>orf 3</i> , <i>orf 4</i> , and partial <i>orf 5</i> (<i>orf 2 – orf 5</i> , not shown) from cosmid 7D7 inserted into KpnI site of pBluescriptII SK(+)	This work
pDQ34	ca. 6.8 kb KpnI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>pntI</i> , <i>orf 1</i> , <i>orf 2</i> , <i>orf 3</i> , <i>orf 4</i> , and partial <i>orf 5</i> (<i>orf 2 – orf 5</i> , not shown) from cosmid 7D7 inserted into KpnI site of pBluescriptII SK(+)	This work
pDQ44	pJTU1278 digested with XbaI and SpeI, and self-ligated	This work
pDQ45	ca. 6412 bp KpnI DNA fragment harboring <i>pntD</i> from pDQ34 inserted into the KpnI site of pDQ44	This work
pDQ46	822 bp DNA fragment of <i>pntD</i> from 40 nt to 861 nt of pDQ45 replaced by ca. 1369 bp <i>oriT</i> and <i>aac(3)IV</i> using PCR targeting system	This work
pDQ47	pDQ46 digested with XbaI and self ligated to delete <i>oriT</i> and <i>aac(3)IV</i>	This work

Plasmids	Relevant phenotype and/or characteristics	Source
pDQ49	ca. 7 kb BamHI + HindIII DNA fragment harboring <i>penD</i> from p56 inserted into the corresponding site of pDQ44	This work
pDQ50	Internal 819 bp of <i>penD</i> from 40 nt to 858 nt on pDQ49 replaced by ca. 1369 bp <i>oriT</i> and <i>aac(3)IV</i> using PCR targeting system	This work
pDQ51	pDQ50 digested with XbaI and self ligated to delete <i>oriT</i> and <i>aac(3)IV</i>	This work
p56	ca. 6.9 kb PstI DNA fragment harboring partial <i>penG</i> , <i>penF</i> , <i>penE</i> , <i>penD</i> , <i>penB</i> , <i>penA</i> and partial <i>penI</i> inserted into PstI site of pBluescriptII SK(+)	This work
pKU464 <i>aac(3)IV::ermEp::penE</i>	<i>ermEp-penE</i>	This work
pKU464 <i>aac(3)IV::ermEp::pntE</i>	<i>ermEp-pntE</i>	This work
pKU464 <i>aac(3)IV::ermEp::penE-penD</i>	<i>ermEp-penED</i>	This work
pKU464 <i>aac(3)IV::ermEp::pntE-pntD</i>	<i>ermE-pntED</i>	This work
pKU464 <i>aac(IV)::ermEp::ptlE/pntE300</i>	<i>ermEp-ptlE/pntE300</i>	This work
pKU464 <i>aac(IV)::ermEp::ptlE/pntE600</i>	<i>ermEp-ptlE/pntE600</i>	This work
pKU464 <i>aac(IV)::ermEp::ptlE/pntE1200</i>	<i>ermEp-ptlE/pntE1200</i>	This work
pJexpress401-PenE_opt_alt2	<i>ori</i> ^{pUC} , Kan ⁺ , <i>lacI</i> , synthetic <i>penE</i>	DNA2.0, this work
pJexpress401-PntE_opt_alt2	<i>ori</i> ^{pUC} , Kan ⁺ , <i>lacI</i> , synthetic <i>pntE</i>	DNA2.0, this work
pJexpress401-PenD_opt_alt2	<i>ori</i> ^{pUC} , Kan ⁺ , <i>lacI</i> , synthetic <i>penD</i>	DNA2.0, this work
pJexpress401-PntD_opt_alt2	<i>ori</i> ^{pUC} , Kan ⁺ , <i>lacI</i> , synthetic <i>pntD</i>	DNA2.0, this work
pJ201-PtlD	<i>ori</i> ^{pUC} , Kan ⁺ , <i>lacI</i> , synthetic <i>ptlD</i>	DNA2.0, this work

Plasmids	Relevant phenotype and/or characteristics	Source
pET-28a-penE	Synthetic <i>penE</i> gene from pJexpress401:PenE_opt_alt2 digested with NdeI and XhoI and inserted into the corresponding site of pET28a	This work
pDQ58	Synthetic <i>pntE</i> gene from pJexpress401:PntE_opt_alt2 amplified with primer DQ75F/R, digested with NdeI and XhoI, and inserted into the corresponding site of pET-26b	This work
pET-28a-penD	Synthetic <i>penD</i> gene from pJexpress401-PenD_opt_alt2 digested with NdeI and XhoI and inserted into the corresponding site of pET-28a	This work
pET-28a-pntD	Synthetic <i>pntD</i> gene from pJexpress401-PntD_opt_alt2 digested with NdeI and XhoI and inserted into the corresponding site of pET-28a	This work
pET-28a-ptlD	Synthetic <i>ptlD</i> gene from pJ201-PtlD digested with NdeI and XhoI and inserted into the corresponding site of pET-28a	This work
1E2	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring <i>pnt</i> gene cluster	This work
7D7	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring <i>pnt</i> gene cluster	This work
12B2	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring <i>pnt</i> gene cluster	This work
21A5	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring <i>pnt</i> gene cluster	This work
21F7	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring <i>pnt</i> gene cluster	This work
27H6	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring <i>pnt</i> gene cluster	This work
G21	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring <i>pen</i> gene cluster	This work

Plasmids	Relevant phenotype and/or characteristics	Source
K5	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring partial <i>pen</i> gene cluster	This work
O34	pHZ1357 derivative, cosmid harboring partial <i>pen</i> gene cluster	This work

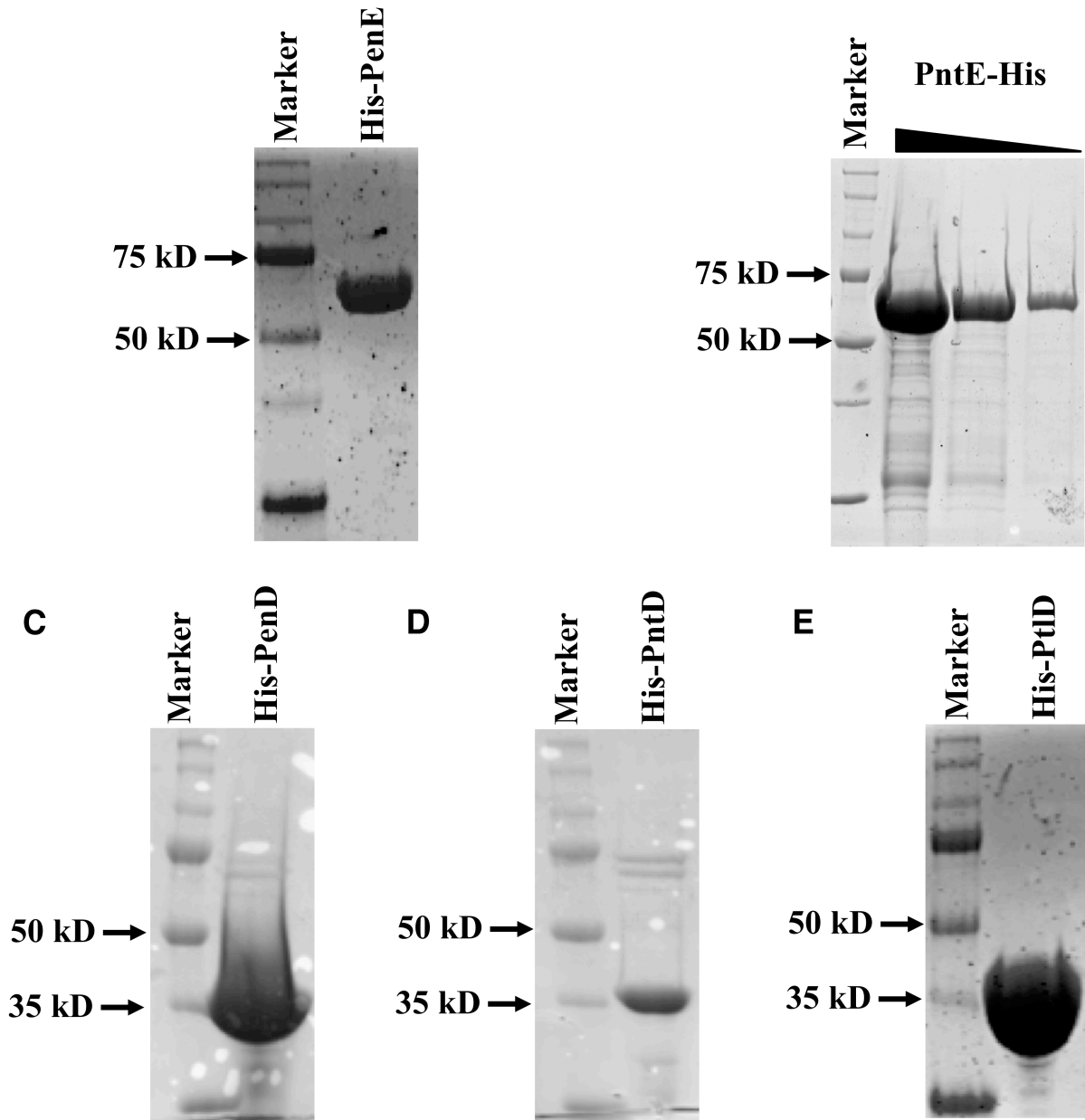


Figure S1. SDS PAGE of purified recombinant proteins. A. His₆-tag-PenE. B. PntE-His₆-tag; C. His₆-tag-PenD. D. His₆-tag-PntD. E. His₆-tag-PtID.

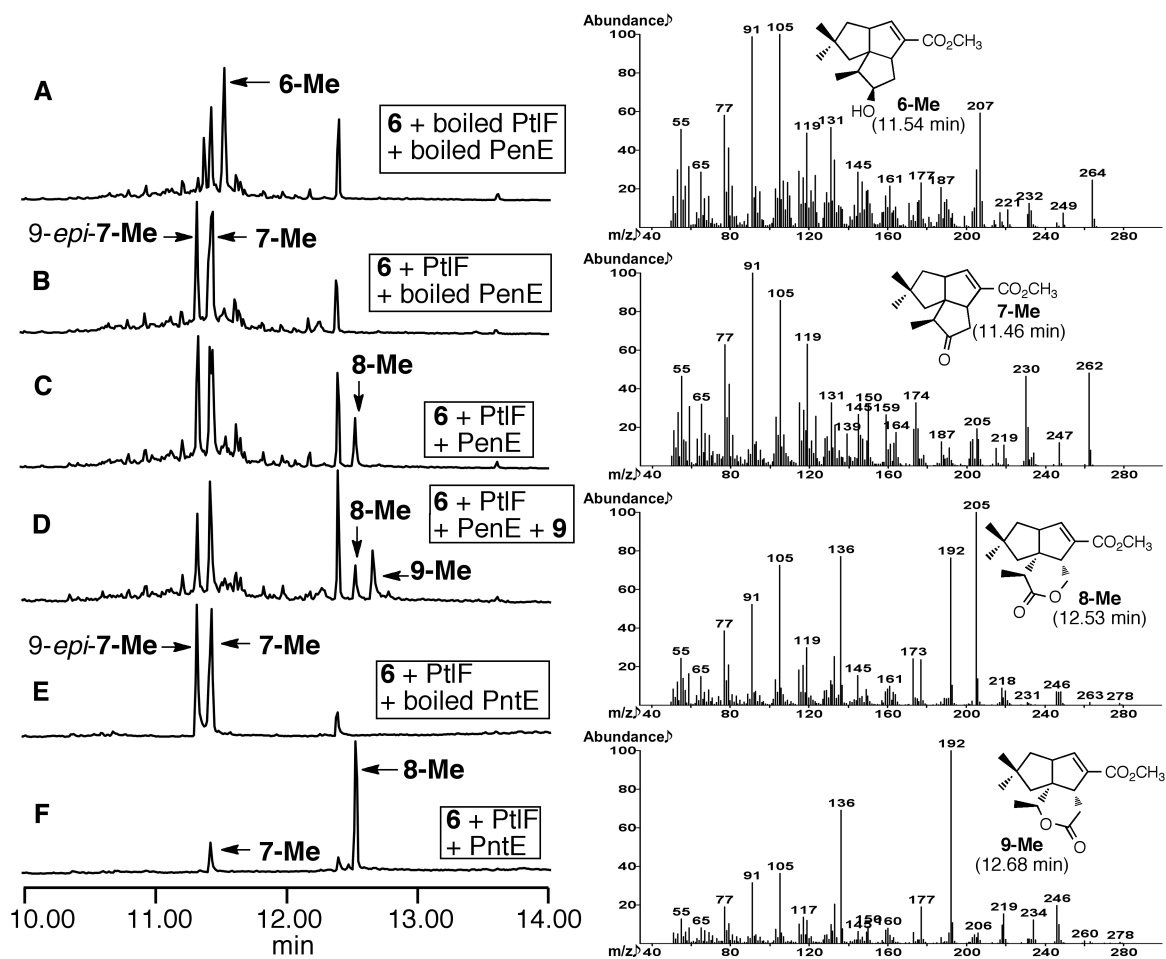


Figure S2. GC-MS analysis (Method 1) of incubations of recombinant PenE and PntE with 1-deoxy-11-oxopentalenic acid (**7**). A. Control incubation of **6** with boiled PtlF and boiled PenE. B. Control incubation of **6** with PtlF and boiled PenE. C. Incubation of **6** with PtlF and PenE. D. Incubation of **6** with PtlF and PenE with added reference **9**. E. Control incubation of **6** with PtlF and boiled PntE. F. Incubation of **6** with PtlF and PntE. Mass spectra of the individual components are given in right panel. For mass spectra of authentic **8-Me** and **9-Me**, see Figure S2 of supplemental ref. 3

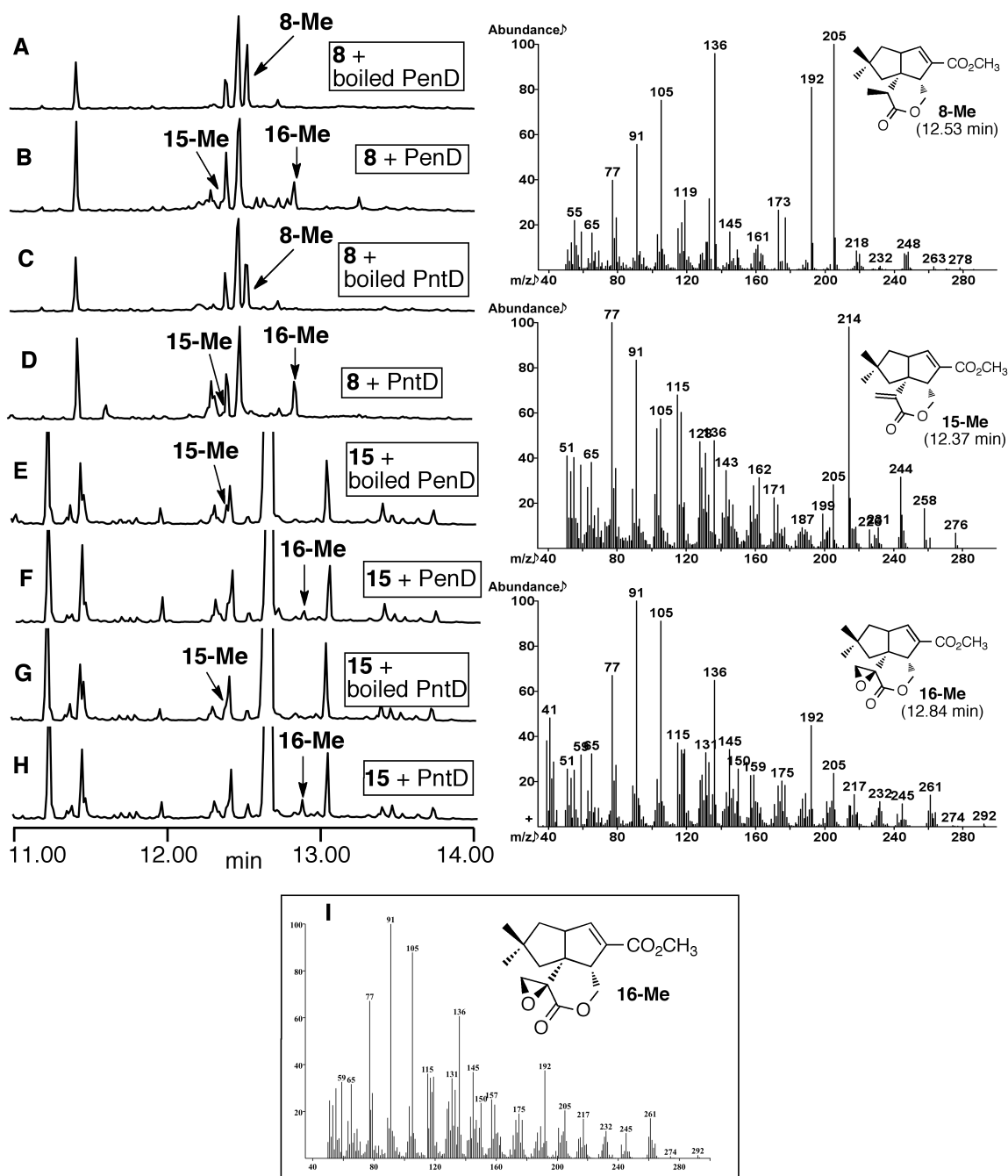


Figure S3. GC-MS analysis (Method 1) of incubations of recombinant PenD and PntD with pentalenolactone D (**8**) and with pentalenolactone E (**15**). A. Control incubation of **8** with boiled PenD. B. Incubation of **8** with PenD. C. Control incubation of **8** with boiled PntD. D. Incubation of **8** with PntD. E. Control incubation of **15** with boiled PenD. F. Incubation of **15** with PenD. G. Control incubation of **15** with boiled PntD. H. Incubation of **15** with PntD. I. MS of authentic reference **16-Me**.

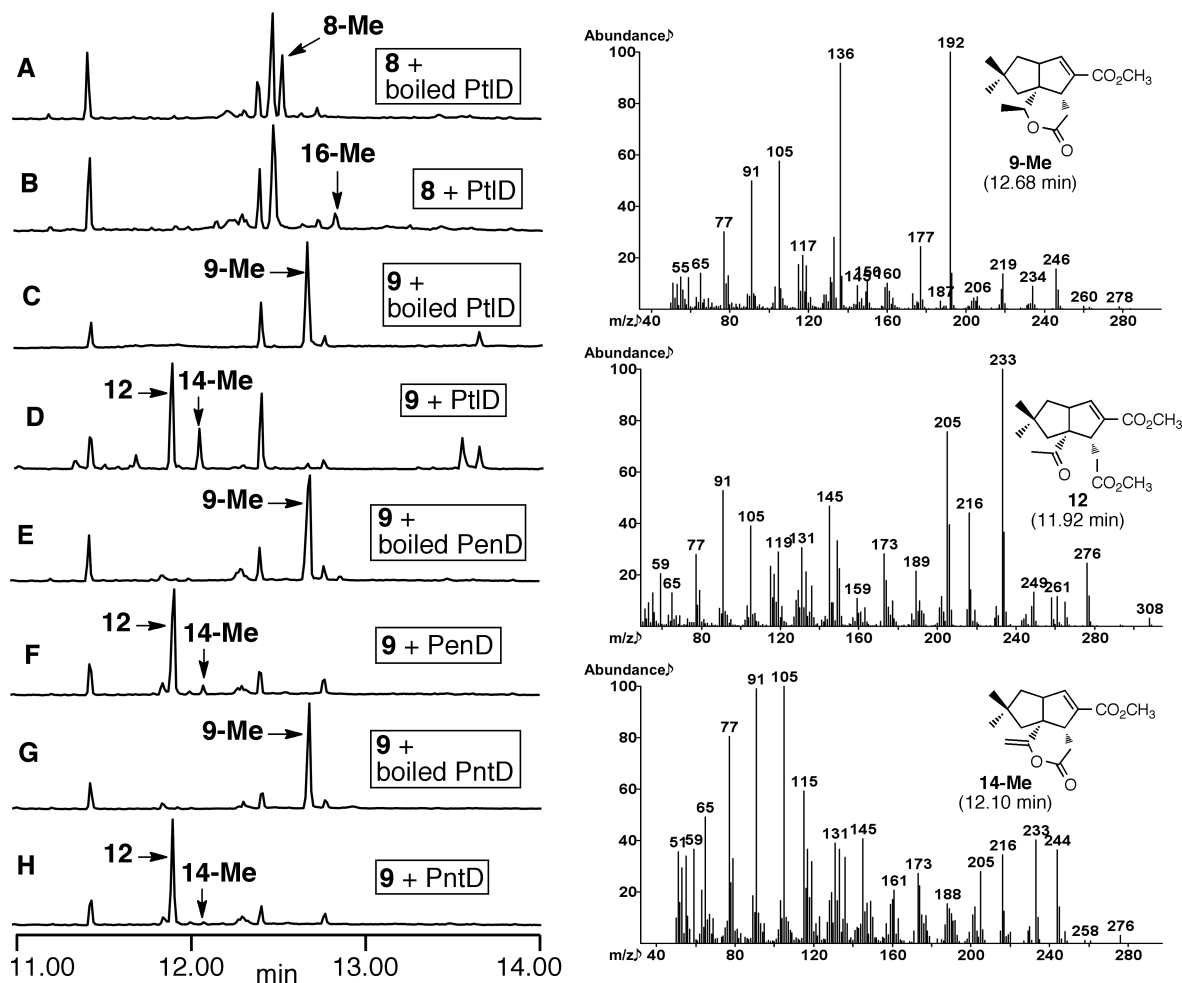


Figure S4. GC-MS analysis (Method 1) of incubations of recombinant PtID with pentalenolactone D (**8**) and PtID, PenD, and PntD with with neopentalenolactone D (**9**). A. Control incubation of **8** with boiled PtID. B. Incubation of **8** with PtID. C. Control incubation of **9** with boiled PtID. D. Incubation of **9** with PtID. E. Control incubation of **9** with boiled PenD. F. Incubation of **9** with PenD. G. Control incubation of **9** with boiled PntD. H. Incubation of **9** with PntD.

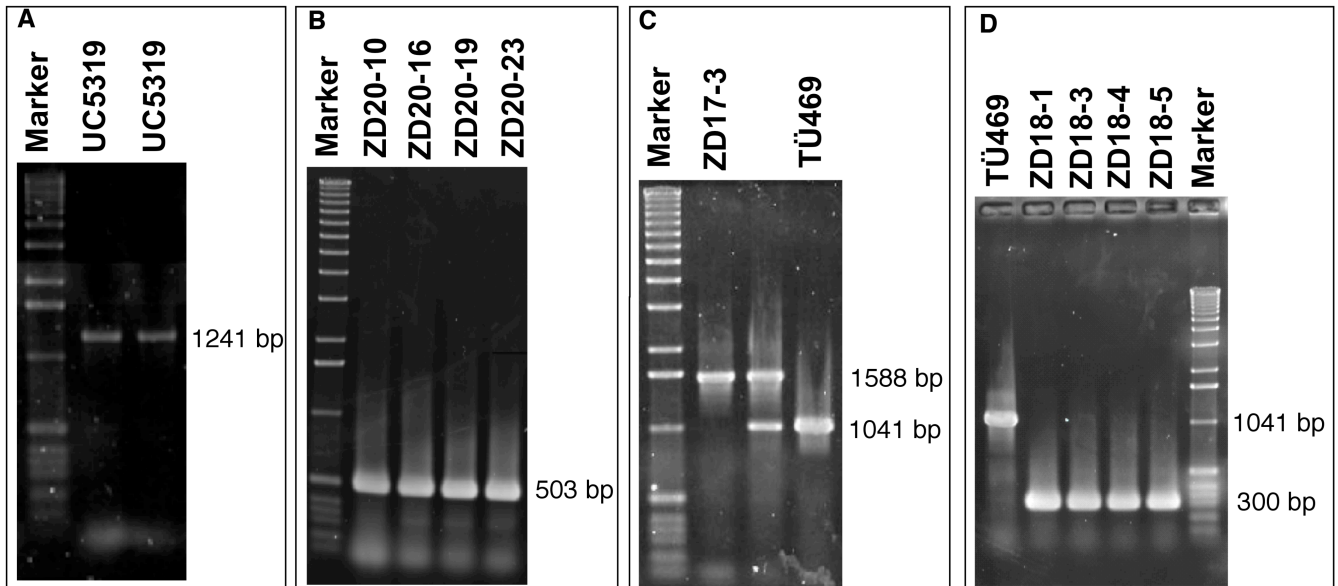


Figure S5. PCR analysis of wild-type and *penD* or *pntD* deletion mutants. A. *S. exfoliatus* UC5319, primer pair DQ81F/R. B. *S. exfoliatus* ZD20 ($\Delta penD$), primer pair DQ81F/R. C. *S. arenae* TÜ469 and ZD-17, primer pair DQ80F/R. D. *S. arenae* TÜ469 and ZD-18 ($\Delta pntD$), primer pair DQ80F/R.

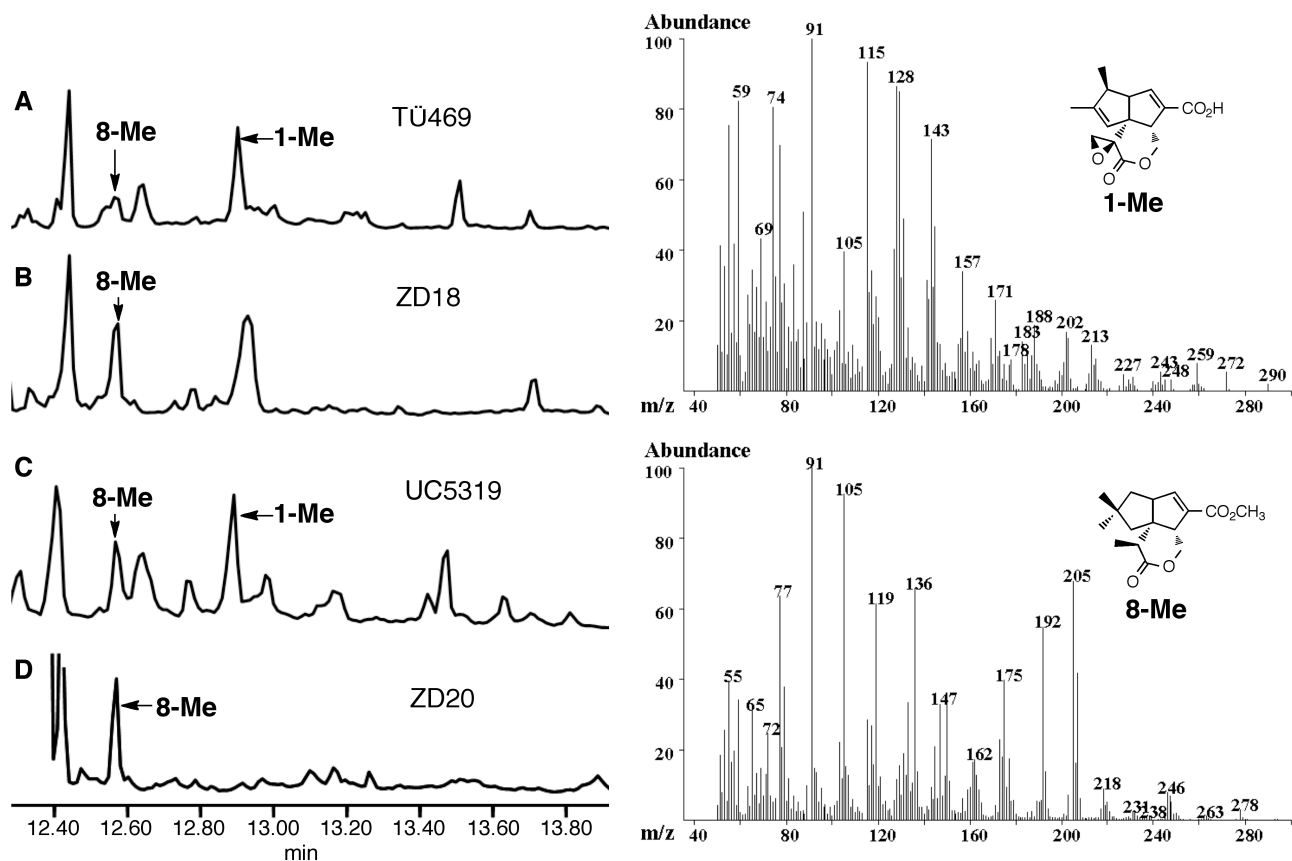


Figure S6. GC-MS analysis (Method 1) of ZD20 and ZD18 deletion mutants. A. Wild-type *S. arenae* TŪ469. B. *S. arenae* ZD18. C. Wild-type *S. exfoliatus* UC5319. D. *S. exfoliatus* ZD20. Under the growth conditions used for each strain, small quantities of the methyl esters of pentalenolactone E (**15-Me**) and pentalenolactone F (**16-Me**) can also be detected in the cultures of both wild-type strains on the shoulders of the peaks for **8-Me** (m/z 276, rel ret time **15-Me**, -0.16 min) and **1-Me** (m/z 292, rel ret time **16-Me**, -0.04 min), identical by comparison with the spectra of ret time of authentic samples.

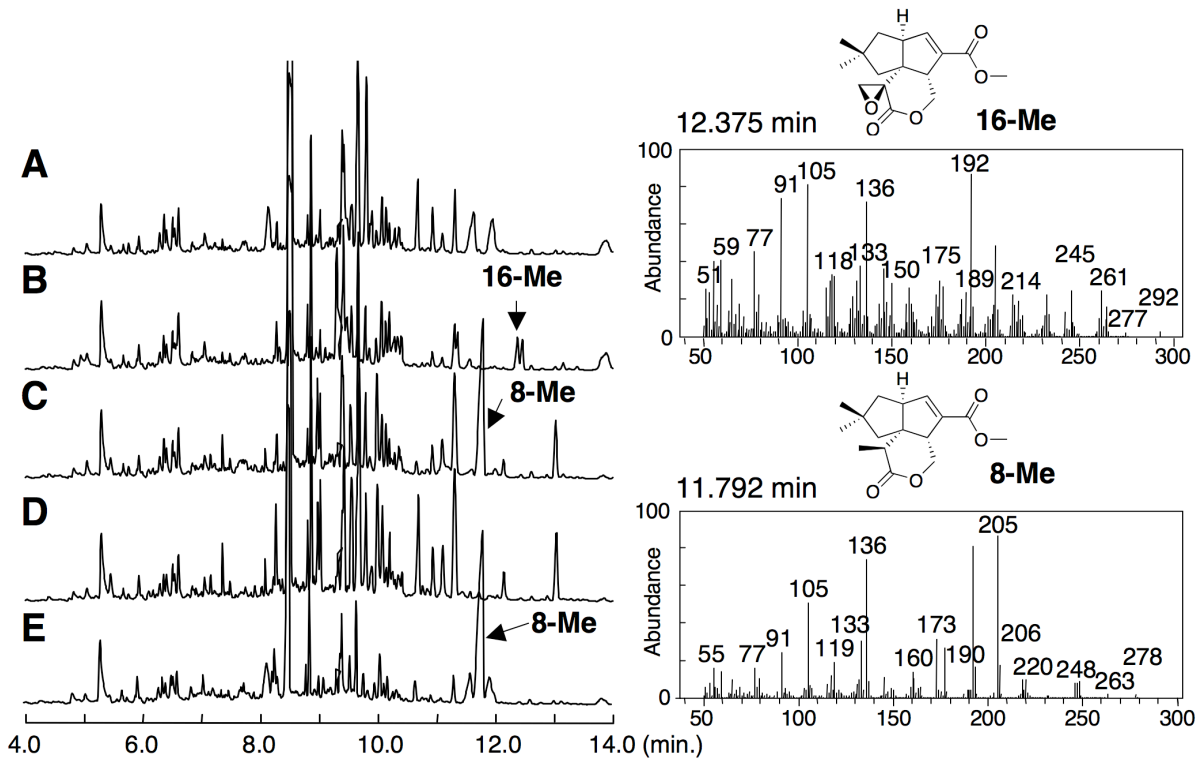


Figure S7. GC-MS analysis of *S. avermitilis* SUKA16 $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ double mutant and $\Delta ptlE$ mutant complementation experiments. A. $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ double mutant. B. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ mutant with *pntE* and *pntD*. C. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ mutant with *pntE*. D. $\Delta ptlE$ mutant. E. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE$ mutant with *pntE*.

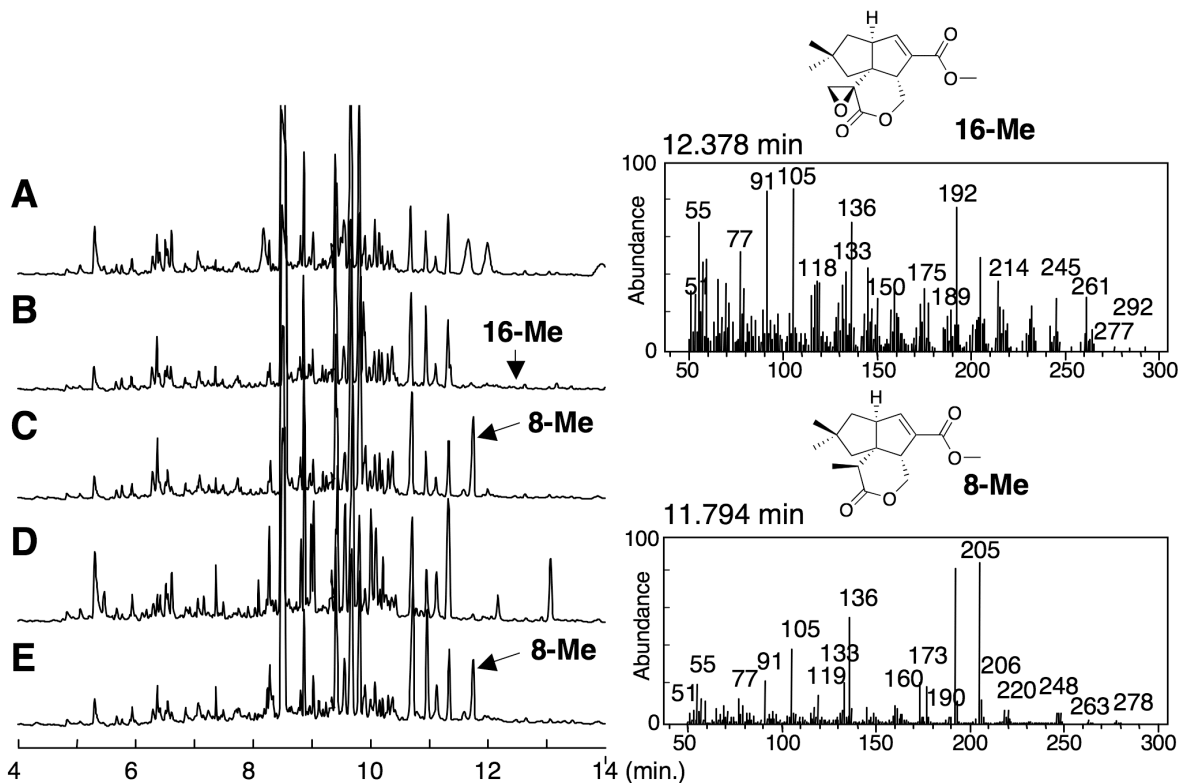


Figure S7-2. GC-MS analysis of *S. avermitilis* SUKA16 $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ double mutant and $\Delta ptlE$ mutant complementation experiments. A. $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ double mutant. B. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ mutant with *penE* and *penD*. C. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ mutant with *penE*. D. $\Delta ptlE$ mutant. E. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE$ mutant with *penE*.

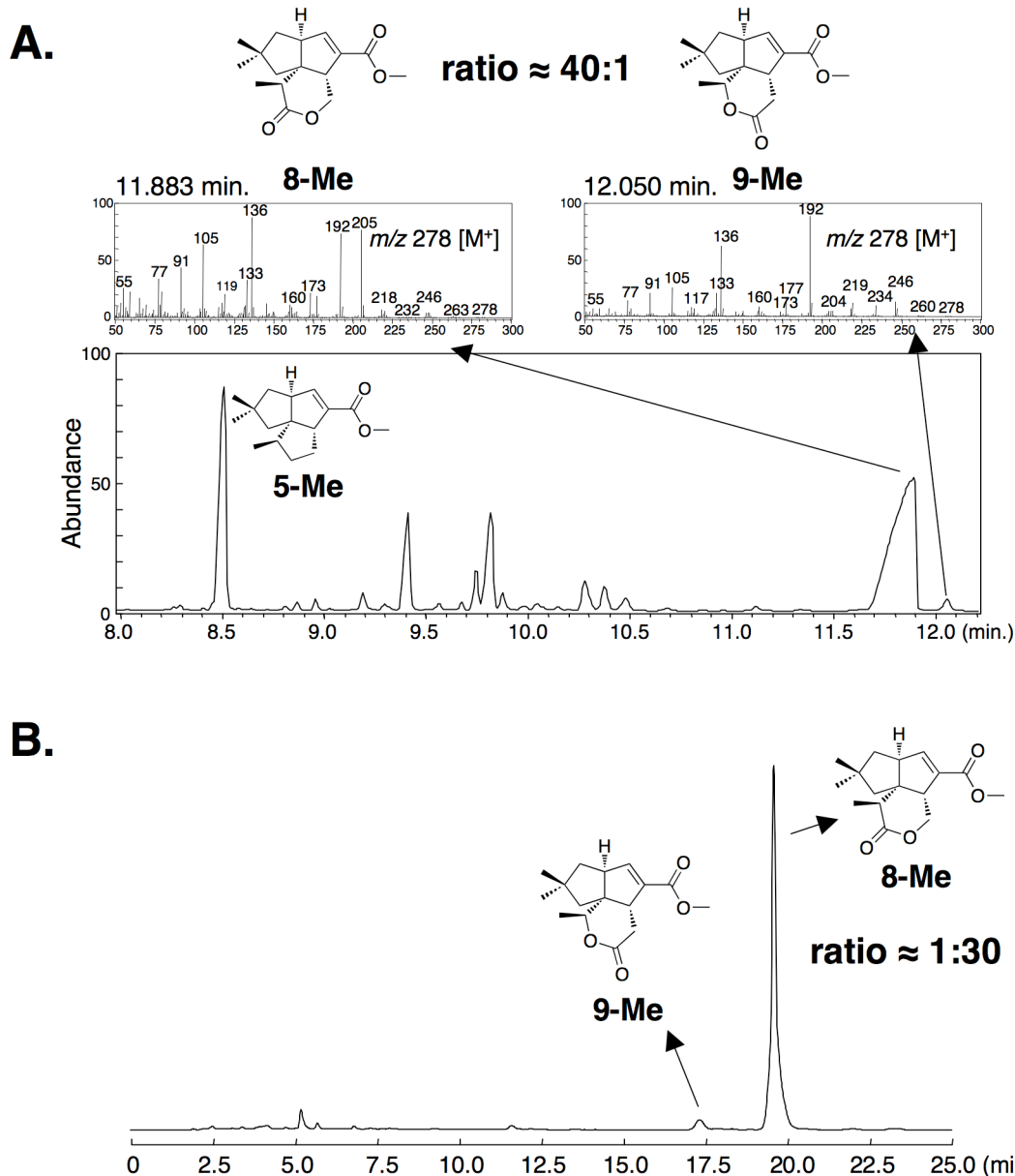


Figure S8. Analysis of methylated products of *S. avermitilis* SUKA16 Δ *ptlE* Δ *ptlD* mutant complemented with *pntE*, showing formation of both pentalenolactone D methyl ester (**8-Me**) and 2-3% neopentalenolactone D (**9-Me**). Products were identified by comparison with authentic samples. A. GC-MS analysis (GC-MS Method 2). B. LC-MS analysis, ODS-HPLC.

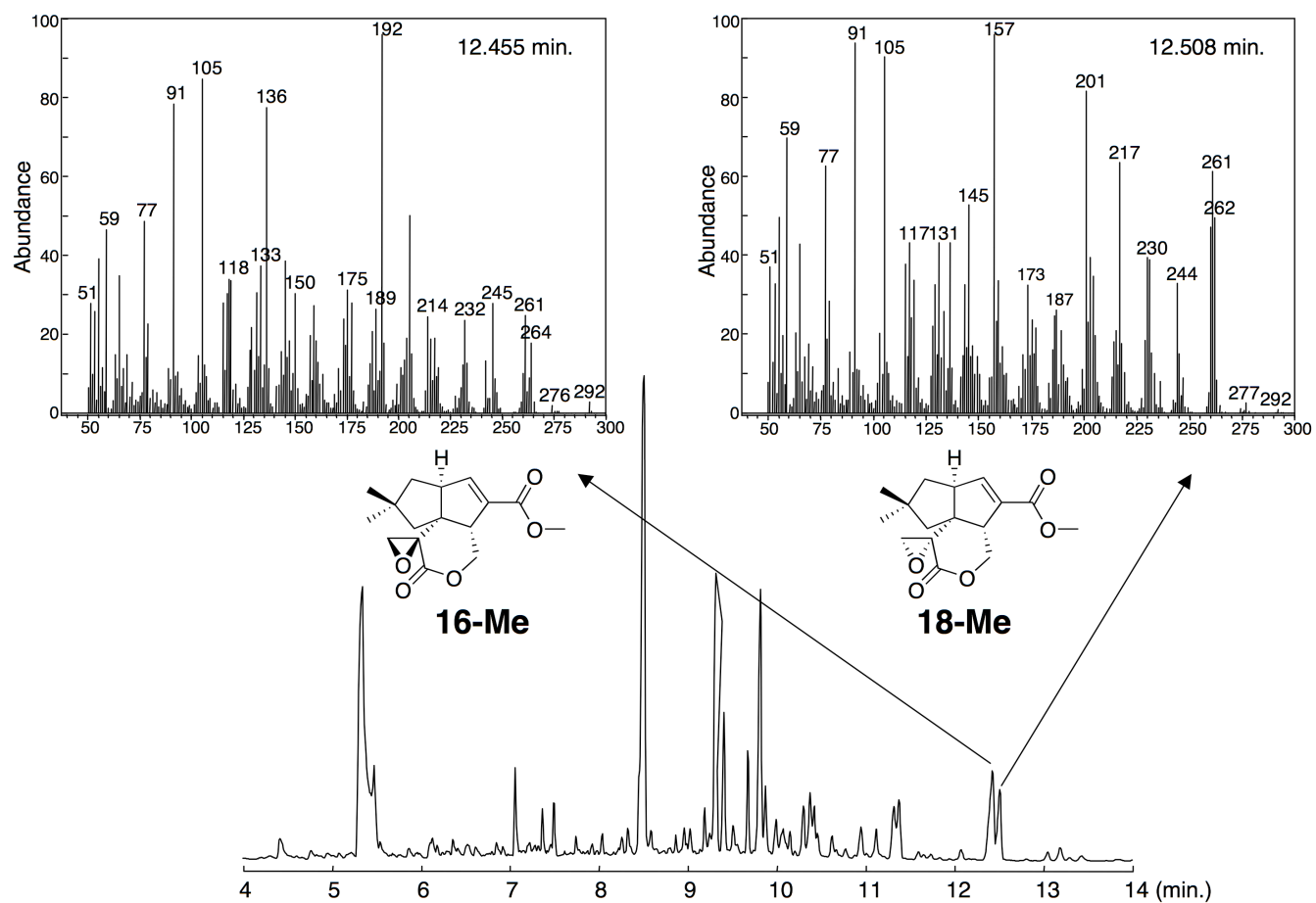


Figure S9. GC-MS analysis of methylated extract of *S. avermitilis* SUKA16 $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ carrying *pKU464aac(3)IV::ermEp::pntE-pntD* showing formation of both pentalenolactone F methyl ester (**16-Me**) and 9,10-*epi*-pentalenolactone F methyl ester (**18-Me**). Cf Panel B, Figure S7.

Pt1E MVDIEAVRAKYREERDKRVQADGGROYLSAQGEFAHYADDPHAKPIERAPVSDEVVDTIIGAGIGGLLLGARLREACAFDTIRLVDKAGD
PntE -MDLEAVREKYRQERDKRGV---RTYQFARGDFSRYPYTERREPLTDEVVAVVGAGIGLLTGARLREETGLERIRLIDEAGD
***** **:*:***** . * * *:*:*** **::: * * *:*:*****:::***** ***** :.: *:*:* **

pt1E-pntE300

Pt1E VGGTWYWNRFPGRLCDVESYVYMPLEELGRLPSEKYATGAEIFEHCQAIARTYDLYDEALLQTSVTELSWDEDSRRLVTRDRGDLVRS
PntE VGGTWYWNRFPGVRCDEVESYVYMPLEELIGTIPTKEYSTGPEIFAHLQRIAHRYGLYRDALFQTTVTELRWDEAAARWLVDTRGDLFRA
*****:::***** ***** * :* **:*:*** ** * * **:*:*.** :***:***:***** ** * .***** *****.*:

pt1E-pntE600

Pt1E RfvamaigslhrpkLPSIPGTEAFQGHSFHTSRWDFAYTGGDISGGLKLGDKRVGIVGTGATAVQCIPHLAESAAHLYVFQRTPTSTVSV
PntE RYVAMSIGLMHRPKLPGLPLETFAGHSFHTSRWDFGYTGGDSTGGTLGLDKRVGIVGTGSTTVQLAPHLAEWAERLYIFQRTPAAVDV
.:*:* * :*****.*:* *:* ***** ***** :*** * *****:*:***:*:* ***** * :***:*****:*:*:

Pt1E RNNRPTDPGWAAGLEPGWQRRMDNFHALTSGVDQDVLVDQGWTEITSKLAAILPKS-AADADPKDIGTAVELADFHKMEELRKRVDIAI
PntE RGNRPTPPGWADGLDAGWQRRMENFHALTSGIPQDEDLVQDRWTQTAEALATAILPTGDTGGDPKERALAAERADFRKMEELRARIDSV
*.**** * ** * .*****:*****: * ***** **:*:***: : : :.*****. *.* ** ***** *:*:

pt1E-pntE1200

Pt1E VHDKDTADALPKPYRFLCKRPCFHDGYLDYFNRPVNLVDTQGRGVERLTPTS SVVAGGREYPVDCLIFASQYEFSEFGVPYTNRTGFSIVG
PntE VTDATAAALPKPYRVYCKRPCFHDGYLQTFNRPVNLVDTQGGVERLTASGVVANGREYPVDCLIFATGQYEHFAVPYTERAGYDIVG
* * ** *****:*****:*:*****:*****.*:.*.*.*****:*****:*** **.******:*:.***

Pt1E RDGIRLSEKWAEGARTFHGLQVNGFPNCFILSKAQSLHVNVPYMLNEQSKHVAYILKAVQQRGRQVVEASATGEKEWVETILRLANRNL
PntE RGGVRLSEKWAQGAHTLHGLQVHGFNCFILSKVQAGRHVNIAYMLGEQTRHLAHIKCVVEERGRVVEASEAGEKEWVEEILRLASGDL
.:*****:*:*:*****:*****.*:* ***.***.*:*:***:*:*:*:*:***** :***** ***** .::

Pt1E DFTESCTPGLFNNEGNPRNVAAILNSSYGGGSVGFVNILKRWREADDLADLELREG
PntE DFLENCTPGLYNNEGDPGGLPLLNSSYGGGSVEFVNILRRWREAGDLAGLELR--
** *.******:***:* .:.*:***** *****:*****.*.*.*****

Figure S10. Alignment of amino acid sequences of Baeyer-Villiger monooxygenases, Pt1E and PntE. Underlined characters indicate characteristic motifs. Shaded boxes correspond to the junction regions for construction of Pt1E/PntE hybrid proteins.

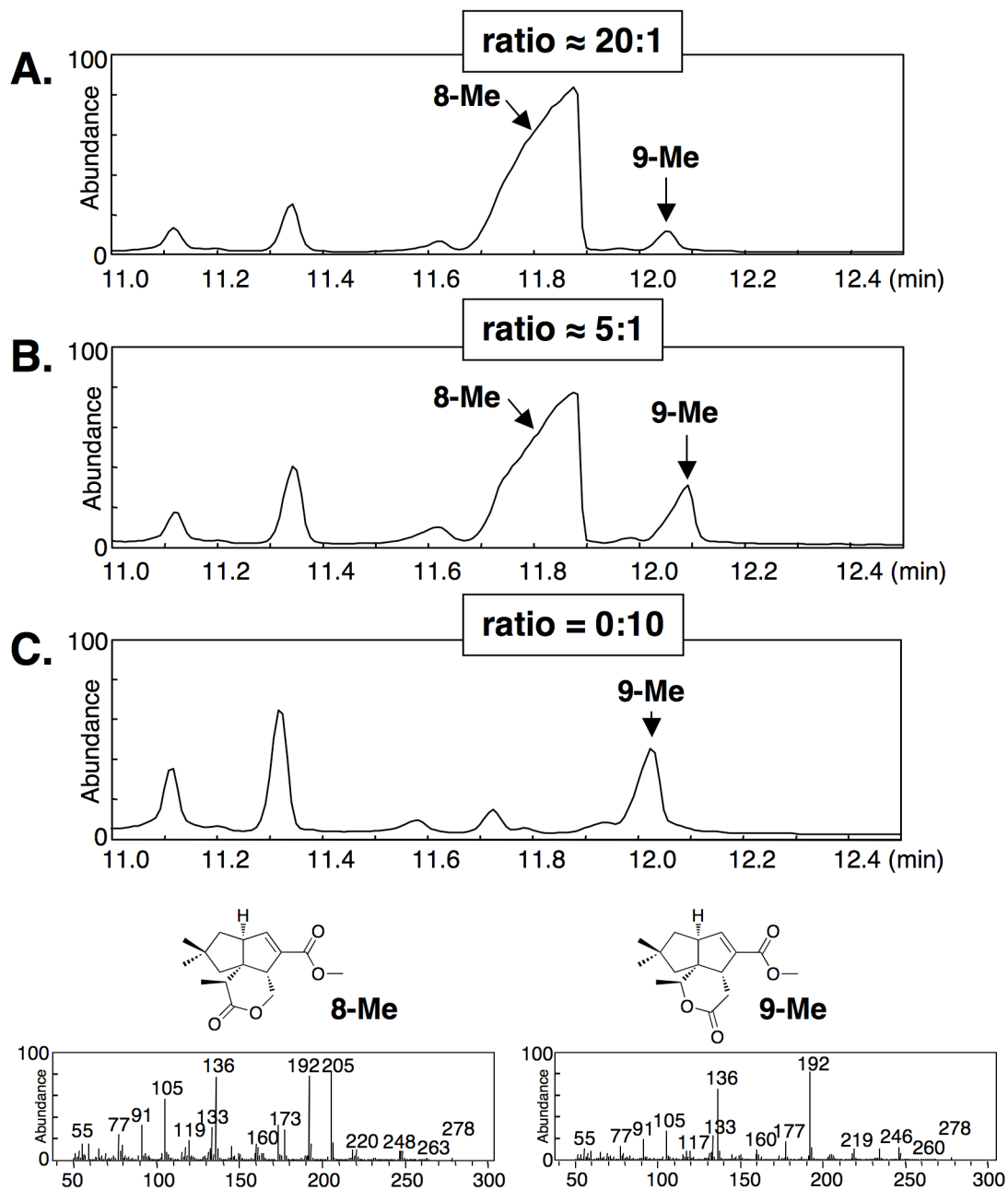


Figure S11. GC-MS analysis of *S. avermitilis* SUKA16 $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ double mutant complementation experiments. A. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ double mutant with pKU464aac(3)IV::ermEp::ptlE/pntE300. B. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ mutant with pKU464aac(3)IV::ermEp::ptlE/pntE600. C. Complementation of $\Delta ptlE \Delta ptlD$ mutant with pKU464aac(3)IV::ermEp::ptlE/pntE1200.

References

1. Martin, D. G., Slomp, G., Mizsak, S., Duchamp, D. J., and Chidester, C. G. (1970) The structure and absolute configuration of pentalenolactone (PA 132), *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 4901-4904.
2. Keller-Schierlein, W., Lemke, J., Nyfeler, R., and Zähler, H. (1972) Stoffwechselprodukte von Mikroorganismen. 105. Arenaemycin E, D, und C., *Arch. Mikrobiol.* 84, 301-316.
3. Jiang, J., Tetzlaff, C. N., Takamatsu, S., Iwatsuki, M., Komatsu, M., Ikeda, H., and Cane, D. E. (2009) Genome mining in *Streptomyces avermitilis*: A biochemical Baeyer-Villiger reaction and discovery of a new branch of the pentalenolactone family tree, *Biochemistry* 48, 6431-6440.
4. Paget, M. S., Chamberlin, L., Atrih, A., Foster, S. J., and Buttner, M. J. (1999) Evidence that the extracytoplasmic function sigma factor *sigmaE* is required for normal cell wall structure in *Streptomyces coelicolor* A3(2), *J. Bacteriol.* 181, 204-211.
5. Macneil, D. J., Gewain, K. M., Ruby, C. L., Dezeny, G., Gibbons, P. H., and Macneil, T. (1992) Analysis of *Streptomyces-Avermitilis* genes required for avermectin biosynthesis utilizing a novel integration vector, *Gene* 111, 61-68.
6. Gust, B., Challis, G. L., Fowler, K., Kieser, T., and Chater, K. F. (2003) PCR-targeted *Streptomyces* gene replacement identifies a protein domain needed for biosynthesis of the sesquiterpene soil odor geosmin, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U S A* 100, 1541-1546.
7. Datsenko, K. A., and Wanner, B. L. (2000) One-step inactivation of chromosomal genes in *Escherichia coli* K-12 using PCR products, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U S A* 97, 6640-6645.
8. Short, J. M., Fernandez, J. M., Sorge, J. A., and Huse, W. D. (1988) Lambda ZAP: a bacteriophage lambda expression vector with *in vivo* excision properties, *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16, 7583-7600.
9. Alting-Mees, M. A., and Short, J. M. (1989) pBluescript II: gene mapping vectors, *Nucl. Acids Res.* 17, 9494.
10. Sun, Y., Zhou, X., Liu, J., Bao, K., Zhang, G., Tu, G., Kieser, T., and Deng, Z. (2002) '*Streptomyces nanchangensis*', a producer of the insecticidal polyether antibiotic nanchangmycin and the antiparasitic macrolide meilingmycin, contains multiple polyketide gene clusters, *Microbiology* 148, 361-371.
11. Bierman, M., Logan, R., O'Brien, K., Seno, E. T., Rao, R. N., and Schonert, B. E. (1992) Plasmid cloning vectors for the conjugal transfer of DNA from *Escherichia coli* to *Streptomyces* spp, *Gene* 116, 43-49.
12. He, Y., Wang, Z., Bai, L., Liang, J., Zhou, X., and Deng, Z. (2010) Two pHZ1358-derivative vectors for efficient gene knockout in *Streptomyces*, *J. Microbiol. Biotechnol.* 20, 678-682.