

## Supporting Information

In vitro activity of the arylomycin natural product antibiotics against *Staphylococcus epidermidis* and other coagulase-negative staphylococci

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Table S1. Primers used in this study

Primer Name	Sequence
CNS_551_F	gctcgacg TTAHTRTGYTTYCCRTTACRCC
CNS_rexB_R3_T72	ttgttaatacgactcactataggg GATTTNCCNGTMCCWGCTC
CNS_dnaJ_F	cgtcgcgt TGGCCAAAAGAGAYTATTATGA
CNS_dnaJ_R_T72	ttgttaatacgactcactataggg CGGAATTGTTACCHGTTGWGTACC

Primers for amplification of *dnaJ* are based on modification of those used previously (manuscript Ref. 27). Nucleotide degeneracies are indicated by the IUPAC labels. 5' extensions were added to increase annealing temperature or for sequencing and are presented in lower case lettering.

Table S2. Accession numbers of DNA sequences used in the phylogenetic analysis of CNS species

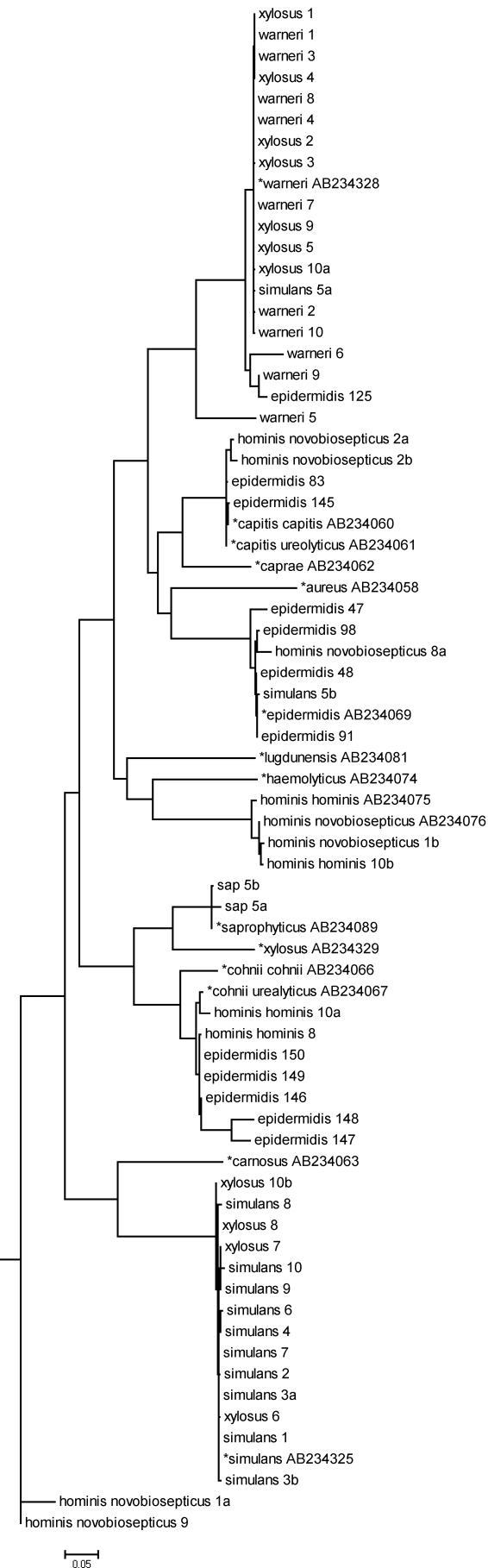
Species	<i>dnaJ</i>	<i>groEL</i>	<i>rpoB</i>	16S rDNA
<i>S. capitis</i>	AB234060	AF036322	AF325885	FJ357585
<i>S. caprae</i>	AB234062	AF053574	AF325868	AB009935
<i>S. cohnii</i>	AB234066	AF053582	AF325893	D83361
<i>S. epidermidis</i>	AB234069	AF029245	AF325872	CP000029
<i>S. haemolyticus</i>	AB234074	U92809	AF325888	D83367
<i>S. hominis</i>	AB234075	AF053572	AF325875	AY167805
<i>S. lugdunensis</i>	AB234081	AF053570	AF325870	AB009941
<i>S. saprophyticus</i>	AB234089	AF053578	AF325873	AP008934
<i>S. simulans</i>	AB234325	AF053584	AF325877	D83373
<i>S. warneri</i>	AB234328	AF053569	AF325887	L37603
<i>S. xylosus</i>	AB234329	AF053573	AF325883	D83374
<i>M. caseolyticus</i>	222150250	AF053577	222152109	D83359

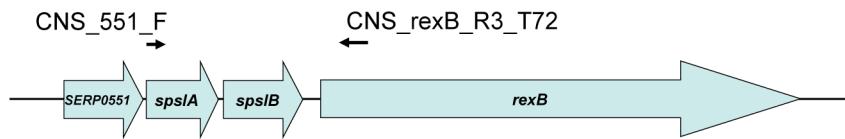
Table S3. Inventory of active SPase proteins within Staphylococci species. The amino acid regions corresponding to that between Ser<sup>29</sup> and catalytic Ser<sup>36</sup> in *S. epidermidis* is shown.

Species	Protein	GI#	Sequence
<i>S. epidermidis</i>	SpsIB	57866486	SYSIKGDS
<i>S. lugdunensis</i>	SpsIB	289551204	SYTIKGDS
<i>S. hominis</i>	SpsIB	228474322	SYTIKGDS
<i>S. haemolyticus</i>	SpsIB	70726986	SYTIKGDS
<i>S. simulans</i>	SpsIB		SYTVRGDS
<i>S. caprae</i>	SpsIB		PYTIKGDS
<i>S. cohnii</i>	SpsIB		SYTVKGDS
<i>S. capititis</i>	SpsIB	223042998	PYTIKGDS
<i>S. warneri</i>	SpsIB	239636508	PYTIKGDS
<i>S. saprophyticus</i>	SpsIB	73663119	PYTVKGDS
<i>S. xylosus</i>	SpsIB	94958269	SYTVKGDS
<i>S. aureus</i>	SpsIB	88194660	PYTIKGES
<i>S. carnosus</i>	SpsIB	224476066	SYTVRGDS
<i>S. epidermidis</i>	SpsI	57865986	SYTVKGAS
<i>S. lugdunensis</i>	SpsI	289551814	TYSVSGDS
<i>S. hominis</i>	SpsI	228474183	SYTVSGSS
<i>S. haemolyticus</i>	SpsI	70727661	SYTVSGSS
<i>S. simulans</i>	SpsI		- <sup>b</sup>
<i>S. caprae</i>	SpsI		- <sup>b</sup>
<i>S. cohnii</i>	SpsI		- <sup>b</sup>
<i>S. capititis</i>	SpsI	223043379	SYTVSGES
<i>S. warneri</i>	SpsI	239637342	SYTVSGES
<i>S. saprophyticus</i>	SpsI		- <sup>c</sup>
<i>S. xylosus</i>	SpsI		- <sup>c</sup>
<i>S. aureus</i>	SpsI		- <sup>c</sup>
<i>S. carnosus</i>	SpsI		- <sup>c</sup>

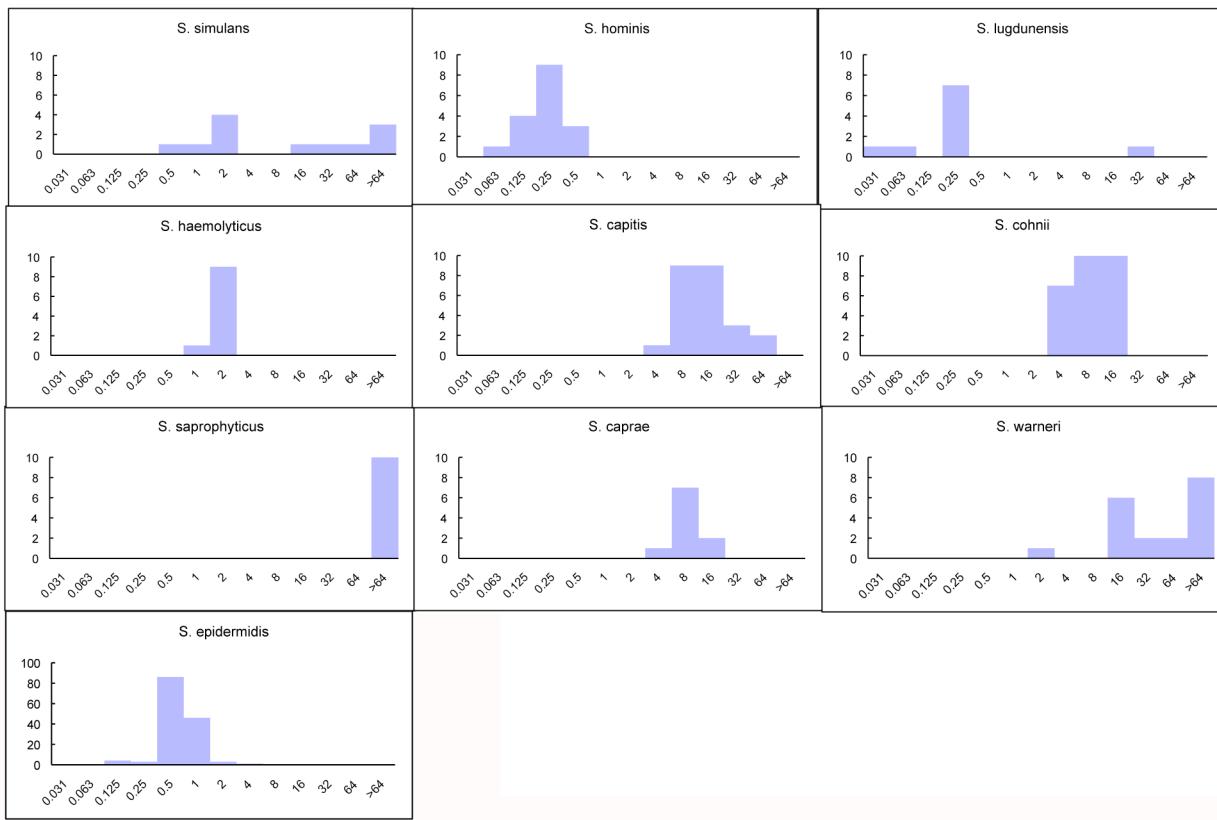
<sup>a</sup>Sequence determined in this study. <sup>b</sup>Unknown if protein is encoded by this species. <sup>c</sup>Protein not encoded by this species

**Figure S1.** Phylogenetic analysis of *dnaJ* genes used to confirm or reassess the speciation of select CNS isolates. The tree is rooted using *Macrococcus caseolyticus* as an outgroup.  
 \*Database sequences used as references to determine speciation.

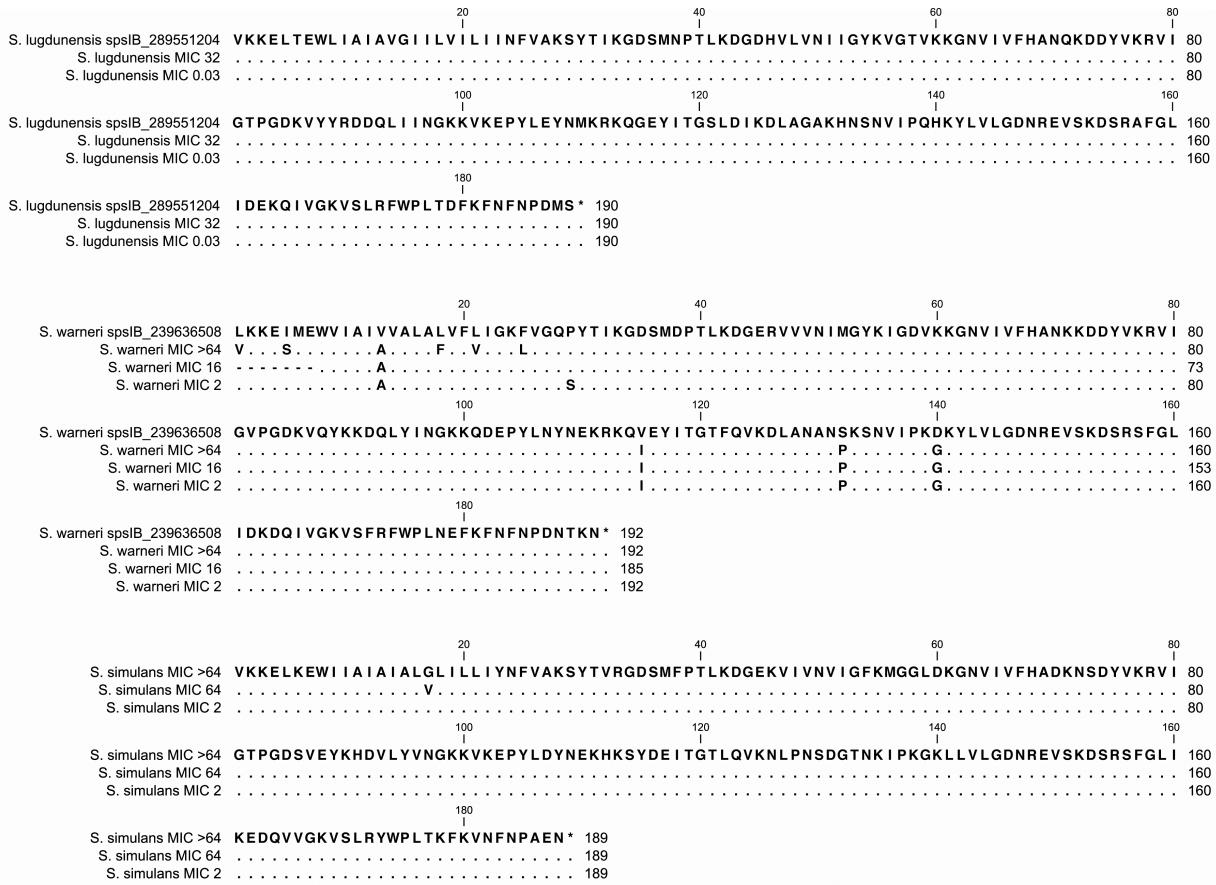




**Figure S2.** Diagram of the *S. epidermidis* genomic region that encodes SpsIB. The synteny of these genes is conserved in all of the examined CNS species. Location of the primers used to PCR amplify the *spsIB* gene are indicated. The CNS\_rexB\_R3\_T72 primer contains a tag allowing sequencing of the *spsIB* with T7 universal 2 primer.



**Figure S3.** Distribution of arylomycin sensitivities for the examined CNS species shown as the number of isolates (y-axes) observed at each MIC in  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  (x-axes).



**Figure S4.** Alignment of SPase proteins from representative CNS isolates displaying unusual sensitivities. Reference SPase sequences are included where available and are identified by their GI number. Identical amino acids are indicated by dots. MICs of the isolates whose SPase sequence are shown are listed in the sequence label.