

TABLE S1. PRIMERS USED FOR THE GENERATION OF RESPONSE REGULATOR NULL MUTANTS

Strain designation	Gene	Primer Name	Primer sequences 5' to 3' ^a
B4-007	<i>lisRK</i> ^b	KDBlisRKSoeA	CGG GGTACC TCTTAAAAACTTACTACTTGATCC
		KDBlisRKSoeB	TATTCTATTCA <u>TTGGCCTAACCC</u>
B2-078	<i>agrA</i>	KDBlisRKSoeC	<u>GGGTTAGGCCAAATGAATAGAATA</u> ATGCGTACATGACGACTAGCC
		KDBlisRKSoeD	CGC GGATCC ATTATCATCTGCTACAATCGGCAT
B2-080	<i>resD</i>	CRL01agrAsoeA	G GAATT CGCTCAAGAGTTGAAAATTGATGC
		CRL02agrAsoeB	<u>CGGTAGCATAAAATTATCCC</u>
B2-086	<i>lmo1022</i>	CRL03agrAsoeC	<u>GGGGATGAATTATGCTACCG</u> AGCTTGAGTTATAAAAGTGGCC
		CRL04agrAsoeD	CG GGATCC CACTACGCTTA<u>ATCCGATACGT</u>
B2-096	<i>lmo1060</i>	SRMresDSoeA	CGC GGATCC AAACGAAAGATAAAAGCCATTG
		SRMresDSoeB	<u>CACTCTAACTTGTCACTC</u>
C5-017	<i>lmo2010</i>	SRMresDSoeC	<u>GAGTGAACAAGTAGAGTG</u> GGATATAAAATTGAAGTTCCAG
		SRMresDSoeD	CGG GGTACC TGTCTTGATTAAATTATGGC
C5-019	<i>lmo2583</i>	BB7 lmo1022SoeA	GG GGTACCT GCCAATCGAAGTAGAATGGC
		BB8 lmo1022SoeB	TATCATTGCTTCCACGTC
B2-100	<i>phoP</i>	BB9 lmo1022SoeC	<u>GGACGTGAAAGCGAATGATA</u> GACCTAGTAGAAAAAAAGTAGCA
		BB10 lmo1022SoeD	GG AAGCTT GGCATGCTTATCATTGTCGC
C5-041	<i>virR</i>	BB11 lmo1060SoeA	GG GGTACC AACACCAGAAAAAACACGTG
		BB12 lmo1060SoeB	<u>GAGTATTTTTCCATATTGCC</u>
C5-036	<i>lmo1507</i>	BB13 lmo1060SoeC	<u>GGCAAATATGAAAAAAATACTC</u> AAAATTCAAACGATTAGAGGT
		BB14 lmo1060SoeD	G TCTAGA ATTITTTGTTCTGTTCCACC
C5-033	<i>degU</i>	YC10 lmo2010A	A GGATCC CCAAGGTTGCTCTGCAG
		YC11 lmo2010B	<u>ACCTTTGAGAATAAGGGCTC</u>
B2-104	<i>kdpE</i>	YC12 lmo2010C	<u>GAGCCCCATTCTCAAAGGT</u> TCTGGTTATACCGATATGGCTTAT
		YC13 lmo2010D	C GAATT CACCCACTCACTGTCAT
B2-105	<i>cheY</i>	YC6 lmo2583A	G GGATCC CGGCACTATGTTAGTCAGC
		YC7 lmo2583B	<u>CACAAGTTAACGATATGCCGATC</u>
B2-102	<i>cesR</i>	YC8 lmo2583C	<u>GATCGGCATATACTTAAACTGTG</u> CCCGTGAAAGAATTGAGCT
		YC9 lmo2583D	T GAATT CAAAGAAATCGTAGCAATTGACTCG
B2-104	<i>kdpE</i>	WS5 phoPA	GA GGTACC CACGGATTGAAATACCAACG
		WS6 phoPB	<u>TTTGGTTATAAAATGGAGAACG</u>
B2-105	<i>cheY</i>	WS7 phoPC	<u>GTTCTCCATTIATAACCGAA</u> AAGAATTITACCAACGTACTTCC
		WS8 phoPD	CT AAGCTT GCTTGTAGTTGGTGC
C5-036	<i>lmo1507</i>	YC41 lmo1745A	G GGATCC ACTTCAAATTAGTTACAGATGCTG
		YC42 lmo1745B	<u>TAATCACCAATCTCAAATCCC</u>
C5-033	<i>degU</i>	YC43 lmo1745C	<u>GGGATTGAGATTGGTAGTA</u> GCAGAAATTGGTTGAGCG
		YC44 lmo1745D	T GAATT CTCAACTAAAGCTCGACCT
B2-104	<i>kdpE</i>	YC35 lmo1507A	A GGATCC GCCGATTGAATGTAACCTGA
		YC36 lmo1507B	<u>CGCTTCATAACCCATTGCC</u>
B2-105	<i>cheY</i>	YC37 lmo1507C	<u>GGCAAAATGGGTATGAAGCG</u> CGTTACGCCAAAAATCGC
		YC38 lmo1507D	GTA GTCGAC GAGAAATCCTAGGTAAAGGCTGA
B2-102	<i>cesR</i>	YC29 lmo2515A	G GGATCC GTGTTTCCATCGCTATGGATG
		YC30 lmo2515B	<u>AATTCGCTTGATACCTCGC</u>
B2-104	<i>kdpE</i>	YC31 lmo2515C	<u>GCGAAGGTATCAAGCGAATT</u> GTAACGGCAATCAAGCACG
		YC32 lmo2515D	CAT GTCGAC CAATGGCTCGTTGCCAA
B2-105	<i>cheY</i>	WS1 lmo2678A	CT GGTACC CCATACGATTCTCCAGCGAG
		WS2 lmo2678B	<u>GTTGGGGTTGGATACCGG</u>
B2-102	<i>cesR</i>	WS3 lmo2678C	<u>CCGGTATCCAACCCAAAC</u> TAGCACAAAGCCGCTTGCTG
		WS4 lmo2678D	GT AAGCTT GACACTGATTGAGCAAGTGC
B2-104	<i>kdpE</i>	BB27 cheYSoeA	G TCTAGA CAACTAAAGCATCTGCTTC
		BB28 cheYSoeB	<u>ATTCTTAATCATCGTACGCAT</u>
B2-105	<i>cheY</i>	BB29 cheYSoeC	<u>ATGCGTACGATGATTAAGAAT</u> GACCGAGTTTAGAGGCG
		BB30 cheYSoeD	GG GGTACC AATTGAATGGCAATACGGTA
B2-102	<i>cesR</i>	BB3 cesRSoeA	GG GGTACC CTGTCATCGCAATTCTAACCGG
		BB4 cesRSoeB	<u>AGAAGTTGTCTACTCATGTCC</u>
B2-104	<i>kdpE</i>	BB5 cesRSoeC	<u>GGACAATGAGTATGACAACCTCT</u> TACAAAATTGAAATCTAAACTGG
		BB6 cesRSoeD	G TCTAGA GTTCCCGCATATTTCGATG

^aClamp sequences for SOE-A and SOE-D primers are bolded; restriction sites for SOE-A and SOE-D primers are italicized; overhangs complementary to SOE-B primers are underlined.

^bThis mutant includes an internal deletion of the *lisR* gene, which also removed a portion of the ribosome binding site of *lisK* sensory kinase gene.

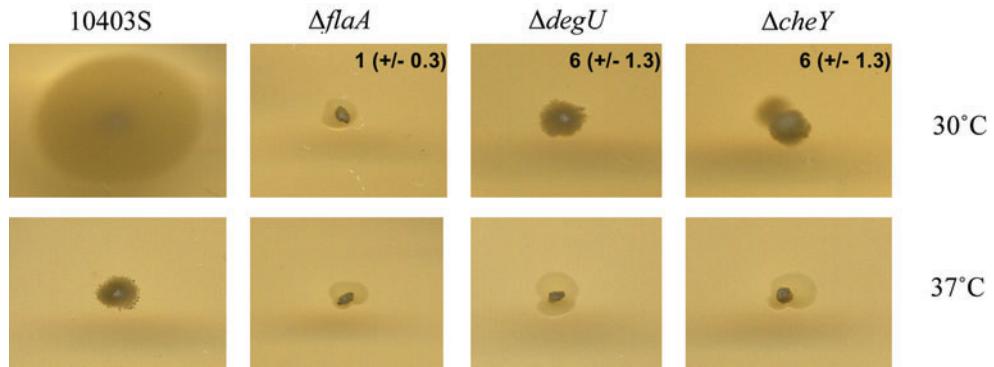


FIG S1. Swarming behavior of parent strain, $\Delta degU$, $\Delta cheY$, and $\Delta flaA$ strains grown at 24°C, 30°C, or 37°C. Three independent trials of the motility assays were performed and each strain was tested in triplicate in a given trial. Images show representative results. Pixel counts of the swarming areas were determined to quantitate swarming areas and relative swarming of the mutant strain was expressed relative to parent strain swarming (which was set at 100%). Relative swarming is shown for mutant strains grown at 30°C (values shown represent average \pm standard deviation). No detectable swarming was observed for the mutants at 37°C and hence no relative swarming values are shown.

TABLE S2. SUMMARY OF GENE DELETION EFFECTS ON TRANSCRIPTION LEVELS OF VARIOUS *LISTERIA MONOCYTOGENES* STRESS AND VIRULENCE GENES

Gene	<i>p</i> -Values for the effects of various gene deletion effects on <i>L. monocytogenes</i> gene transcription measured in stationary phase at:			37°C			
	30°C			37°C			
	<i>sigB</i> ^a	<i>prfA</i>	<i>sigB*prfA</i>		<i>sigB</i>	<i>prfA</i>	<i>sigB*prfA</i>
<i>inlA</i>	<0.0001 ^b	0.2961	0.3139		<0.0001 ^b	0.1282	0.0799
<i>flaA</i>	0.0003 ^b	0.7317	0.7263		0.4051	0.9589	0.4016
<i>plcA</i>	0.0475	0.6952	0.5122		0.2593	<0.0001 ^b	0.1808
<i>gadA</i>	<0.0001 ^b	0.9887	0.8895		<0.0001 ^b	0.6512	0.8698

^aThe variables listed in this column represent either a single gene deletions (e.g., “*sigB*”) or interactions between two gene deletions (e.g., “*sigB*prfA*”). The *p*-values for the single gene deletions measure the individual effect of deleting each respective gene. The “gene*gene” variable measures synergistic deletion effects by comparing the effect of deleting both genes to the effect of deleting either one gene or the other; significant values are marked with ^b(*p*-value ≤ 0.001). The actual data used for these analyses are presented in Figure 4.