

Figure S1

Figure S1: Effects of ethanol on lethality, developmental delay and lifespan

A. Developmental ethanol exposure causes fewer animals surviving to pupariation and eclosion (Dunnett's, N=6, *p<0.001). B. Total duration of larval development is prolonged by ethanol-rearing conditions. Developmental stages of an equal number of control and ethanol-reared larvae were determined by morphology of mouth hooks and anterior spiracles. Different colored bars indicate when 50% of the animals have transitioned to the next stage. Larvae were staged 24 hours after egg laying (AED). The duration of metamorphosis was not modified by ethanol-rearing conditions (data not shown). C. Lifespan was not significantly altered by developmental ethanol exposure (N=7).