# Supporting Information

# Trifluoroacetic Anhydride-Catalyzed Oxidation of Isonitriles by DMSO: A Rapid, Convenient Synthesis of Isocyanates

Hoang V. Le and Bruce Ganem\*

Department of Chemistry and Chemical Biology

Baker Laboratory, Cornell University

Ithaca, NY 14853-1301

#### **General Procedures:**

 $^{1}$ H NMR spectra were taken on a Varian Inova-400 spectrometer using CDCl<sub>3</sub> with 0.05% v/v TMS or DMSO-d6 as solvents, recorded in δ (ppm), and referenced to TMS (0.00 ppm) or DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (2.50 ppm).  $^{13}$ C NMR spectra were taken on a Varian Inova-400 spectrometer using CDCl<sub>3</sub> with 0.05% v/v TMS as solvent, recorded in δ (ppm), and referenced to CDCl<sub>3</sub> (77.16 ppm for  $^{13}$ C NMR). IR spectra were obtained using a Thermo Nicolet Avatar 370DTGS FT-IR spectrometer and recorded in wavenumbers (cm $^{-1}$ ). Melting points were measured using a Thomas Hoover Uni-melt Capillary Melting Point Apparatus. Mass spectra were measured at the Life Sciences Core Laboratories Center using ABI/MDS Sciex 4000 Q Trap. Chemicals were obtained from Aldrich, Acros, Aensar, or Fluka and used as received unless specified.

### Reduction of Dibenzyl Sulfoxide to Dibenzylsulfide [538-74-9]

Dibenzyl sulfoxide (115 mg, 0.5 mmol, recrystallized from ethanol) was dissolved in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (0.5 mL) and t-butyl isonitrile (74  $\mu$ L, 0.65 mmol) under  $N_2$  in a 25 mL RBF. After cooling the solution to 0 °C, TFAA (91 $\mu$ L, 0.65 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting solution was stirred vigorously at 0 °C for 5 min, then warmed to rt and stirred for 5 min. The solution was then concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a white paste, which was purified by flash column chromatography (1:15 ethyl acetate:hexane,  $R_f$ =0.35) to afford the desired sulfide (94 mg, 88%) as a white solid.

Representative Procedure for the Catalytic Oxidation of Isonitriles to Isocyanates: Oxidation

### of t-Butyl Isonitrile and Trapping with t-Butylamine.

A solution of *t*-butyl isonitrile (113  $\mu$ L, 1 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL) and dry DMSO (78  $\mu$ L, 1.1 mmol) under N<sub>2</sub> in a 25 mL RBF was cooled to -60 °C, then TFAA (7  $\mu$ L, 0.05 mmol) was added. The resulting solution was stirred vigorously at -60 °C for 5 min, then warmed to rt and stirred for 5 min. After recooling the solution to -60 °C, *t*-butylamine (315  $\mu$ L, 3 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting solution was stirred at rt for 2 h, then concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a white solid. Water (3 mL) was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 5 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2 mL), dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford di-*t*-butylurea (165 mg, 96%) as a white solid, m.p. 252 – 254 °C (sealed capillary tube) (lit. 240 °C).

### *N-n-butyl-N'-tert-butylurea* [25347-96-0]

Yield: 95%, m.p. 73-76 °C (lit. 271-72 °C).

#### *N-tert-butyl-N'-4-methoxyphenylurea*

Yield: 61%, m.p. = 129 - 130.5 °C (lit.  $^3 128 - 130$  °C).

#### N-tert-butyl-N'-2-morpholinoethylurea

Yield: 67%. IR (neat) 3350(s), 2961(s), 2926(m), 2856(m), 2811(m), 1638(s), 1558(s). ESI-MS (CH<sub>3</sub>OH) 230 (M+H).

Representative Procedure for the Catalytic Oxidation of Isonitriles with Direct Isolation of the Isocyanate: Ethyl Isocyanatoacetate [2949-22-6]

A solution of ethyl isocyanoacetate (115  $\mu$ L, 1 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL) and dry DMSO (78  $\mu$ L, 1.1 mmol) under N<sub>2</sub> in a 25 mL RBF was cooled to -60 °C, then TFAA (7  $\mu$ L, 0.05 mmol) was added. The resulting solution was stirred vigorously at -60 °C for 5 min, then warmed to rt and stirred for 5 min. Solvent was removed using a rotary evaporator and the residue concentrated *in vacuo* (0.2 Torr, 1-2 min) to afford ethyl isocyanatoacetate (122 mg,

95%) as a brown oil whose IR and <sup>1</sup>H NMR matched those in the Aldrich Spectral Library. IR (neat) 3349(m), 2986(m), 2254(s), 1747(s).

# Cyclohexyl isocyanate [3173-53-3]

Yield: 94%. IR and <sup>1</sup>H-NMR matched those in the Aldrich Spectral Library. IR (neat) 2937(s), 2858(m), 2263(s).

<sup>1.</sup> Baumgarter, H. E., Smith, H. L., and Staklis, A. J. Org. Chem. 1975, 40, 3554.

<sup>2.</sup> Linke, S., Tisue, G. T., and Lwowski, W. J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1967, 89, 6308.

<sup>3.</sup> Groszek, G. Org. Proc. Res. Dev., 2002, 6, 759.





















