

Supplementary Materials

for

Structural basis for drug and substrate specificity exhibited by FIV encoding a chimeric FIV/HIV protease

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Table S1
Crystallographic statistics for 6s-98S FIV PR complexes

Complex	Darunavir	Lopinavir
PDB code	3OGP	3OGQ
Space group	P3 ₁	P3 ₁
Unit cell dimensions (Å)	81.17 81.17 33.59	81.79 81.79 33.94
PR dimers per asymmetric unit	1	1
Solvent content	51.9%	53.1%
Data		
Total observations > 0σ _F	76,944	78,492
Unique reflections > 0σ _F	27,120	21,978
Redundancy	2.8 (2.7)	3.6 (3.3)
Completeness	99.5% (97.1%)	93.5% (84.9%)
Resolution (last shell) (Å)	27.0 – 1.70 (1.79 – 1.70)	70.8 – 1.80 (1.90 – 1.80)
<I/ σ> all data (last shell)	12.8 (2.2)	10.9 (2.0)
Rmerge all data (last shell)	0.051 (0.346)	0.051 (0.401)
Refinement		
R-factor	0.185	0.225
Rfree	0.228	0.279
Reflections used	25,748	20,791
Test set	1,358 (5.0%)	1,186 (5.4%)
RMSD from ideality		
Bond lengths (Å)	0.009	0.012
Bond angles (deg.)	1.29	1.41
Ramachandran plot		
Favored regions	94.5%	94.1%
Allowed regions	99.1%	98.6%
Model		
Monomer A	Residues / Avg. B (Å ²)	Residues / Avg. B (Å ²)
Protein	112 (24.1)	112 (17.4)
Drug (occupancy 0.50)	1 (15.1)	1 (17.3)
Monomer B		
Protein	112 (24.1)	112 (17.3)
Drug (occupancy 0.50)	1 (14.9)	1 (16.8)
H ₂ O molecules	158 (26.9)	144 (22.0)
DMSO	1 (33.9)	2 (41.5)

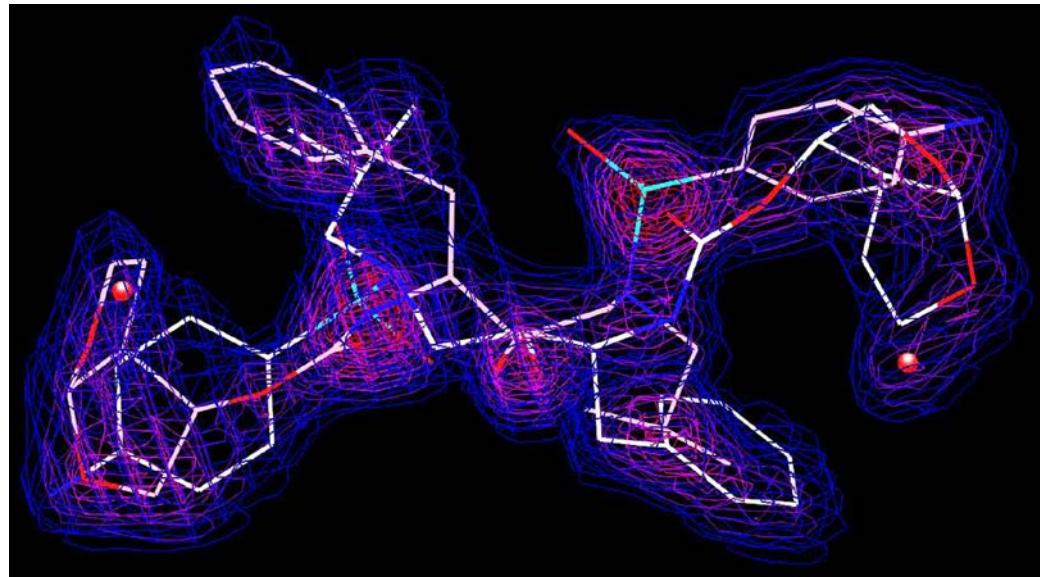


Figure S1

Unbiased, σ_A weighted $2|F_O|-|F_C|$ electron density at 1.7 Å resolution for darunavir in 6s-98S FIV PR contoured at 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5σ. The inhibitor is disordered about the local 2-fold axis of the PR dimer, with 0.5 occupancy in monomers A and B. Red spheres are H₂O molecules present at 0.5 occupancy.

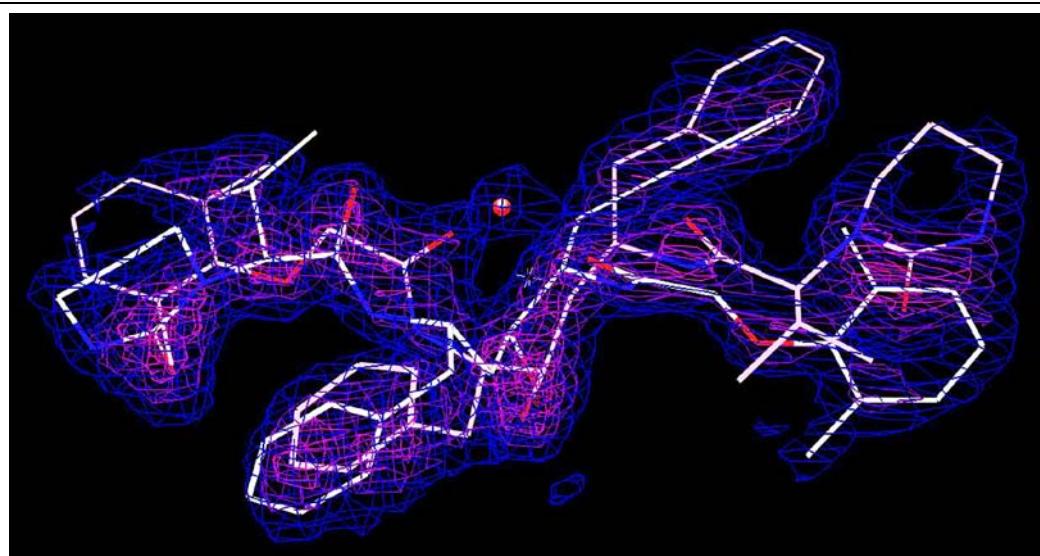


Figure S2

Unbiased, σ_A weighted $2|F_O|-|F_C|$ electron density at 1.8 Å resolution for lopinavir in 6s-98S FIV PR contoured at 1, 2, 3, and 4σ. The inhibitor is disordered about the local 2-fold axis of the PR dimer, with 0.5 occupancy in monomers A and B. The red sphere is a H₂O molecule (i.e. the 'flap' water, no. 202) present at 0.5 occupancy, which interacts with the amides of Ile59 in each flap.

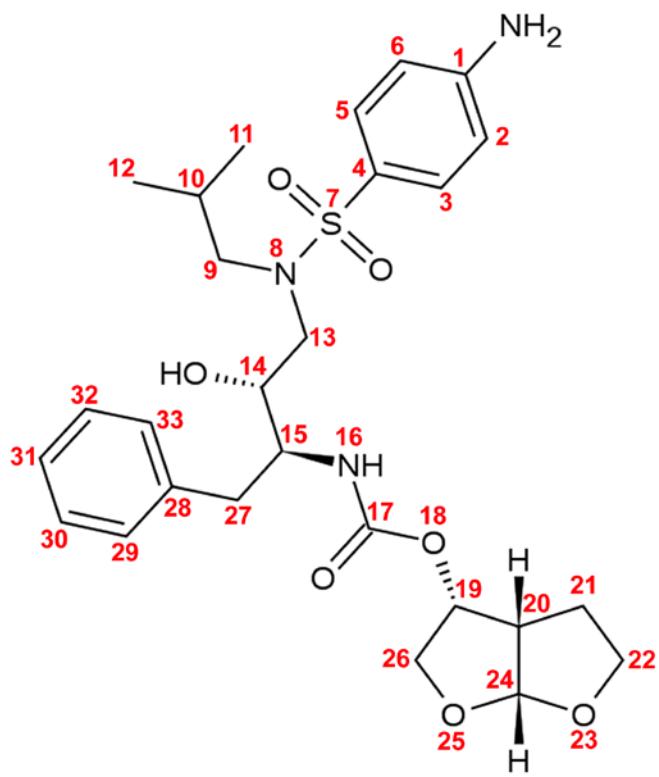


Figure S3
Atom numbering for darunavir (DRV)
as in Table S2

Table S2
Hydrogen bond and electrostatic interactions of DRV
with w.t. HIV PR (2IEN) and 6s-98S FIV PR for monomers A and B

DRV interaction ^A	w.t. HIV DRV ^a	w.t. HIV DRV ^b	6s-98S FIV ^c DRV ^a	6s-98S FIV DRV ^b
HB ^D with NH2 at 1	D30 O 3.3 Å 143°	D30 O 3.2 Å 143°	I35 ³⁰ O 3.2 Å 144°	I35 ³⁰ O 3.5 Å 162°
HB with NH2 at 1	D30 COO ⁻ 2.7 Å 132°	D30 COO ⁻ 2.8 Å 137°	(I35 ³⁰)	(I35 ³⁰)
HB with NH2 at 1				H ₂ O 434 3.1 Å 162°
HB with O at 7	H ₂ O 1068 ^F 2.4 Å 147°	H ₂ O 1068 2.4 Å 132°		V59I ⁵⁰ NH 3.0 Å 154°
HB with OH at 14	D25 COO ⁻ 2.8 Å 165°	D25 COO ⁻ 2.8 Å 166°	D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 2.9 Å 135°	D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 2.7 Å 161°
HB with NH at 16	G27 O 3.2 Å 156°	G27 O 3.2 Å 158°	G32 ²⁷ O 3.1 Å 163°	G32 ²⁷ O 3.0 Å 159°
Elec ^E with NH at 16	D25 COO ⁻ 4.4 Å 92°	D25 COO ⁻ 4.4 Å 90°	D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 5.2 Å 94°	D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 4.2 Å 90°
HB with O at 17	H ₂ O 1068 3.0 Å 165°	H ₂ O 1068 3.0 Å 179°		
Elec with O at 18	D29 NH 4.6 Å 136°	D29 NH 4.5 Å 135°	D34 ²⁹ NH 4.7 Å 127°	D34 ²⁹ NH 4.7 Å 127°
HB with O at 23	D29 NH 3.0 Å 157°	D29 NH 2.9 Å 159°	D34 ²⁹ NH 3.0 Å 173°	D34 ²⁹ NH 3.1 Å 163°
Elec with O at 23	D30 NH 4.5 Å 137°	D30 NH 4.5 Å 139°	I35 ³⁰ NH 4.7 Å 144°	I35 ³⁰ NH 4.5 Å 144°
Elec with O at 23	R8 side-chain 4.0 Å 118°	R8 side-chain 4.1 Å 128°	R13 ⁸ side-chain 4.4 Å 127°	R13 ⁸ side-chain 4.6 Å 139°
HB with O at 25	D30 NH 3.3 Å 158°	D30 NH 3.3 Å 164°	I35 ³⁰ NH 3.2 Å 178°	
HB with O at 25	D29 NH 3.1 Å 119°	D29 NH 3.0 Å 117°	D34 ²⁹ NH 3.1 Å 112°	D34 ²⁹ NH 3.2 Å 113°
Elec with O at 25			I35 ³⁰ NH 3.2 Å 175°	I35 ³⁰ NH 3.4 Å 173°

- A. DRV atom numbering as in Fig. S3
- B. Occupancy of DRV 0.55 and 0.45 in monomers A and B of the HIV complex, and 0.50 and 0.50 in monomers A and B of the 6s-98S PR complexes.
- C. For FIV 6s-98S residues, the number in the superscript is the corresponding HIV residue.
- D. HB – hydrogen bond: length in Angstroms; donor—H—acceptor angle in degrees.
- E. Elec – favorable electrostatic interaction; corresponding donor—H—acceptor angle in degrees.
- F. H₂O 1068 is the ‘flap water’.

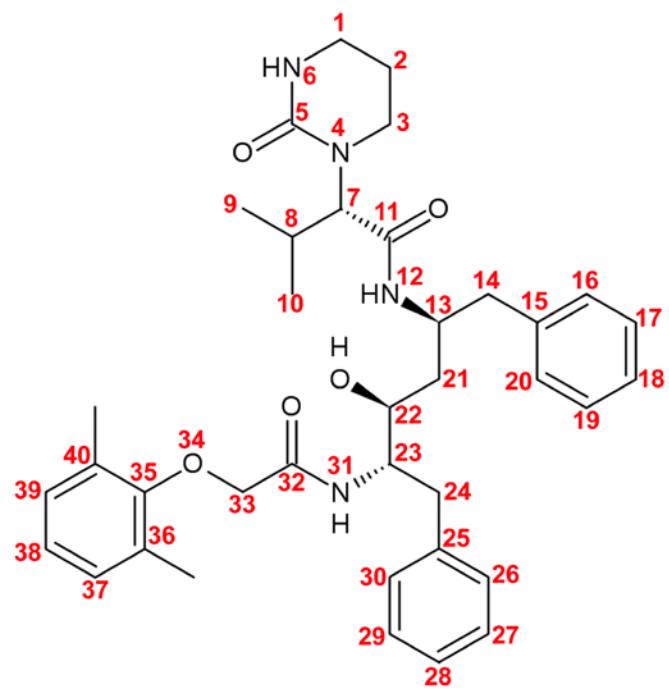


Figure S4
Atom numbering for lopinavir (LPV)
as in Table S3

Table S3
**Hydrogen bond and electrostatic interactions of LPV
with w.t. HIV PR (1MUI) and 6s-98S FIV PR for monomers A and B**

LPV interaction ^A	w.t. HIV LPVa ^B	w.t. HIV LPVb	6s-98S FIV ^C LPVa	6s-98S FIV LPVb
HB ^D with O at 5	D29 NH 2.6 Å 159°	D29 NH 2.7 Å 165°	D34 ²⁹ COO ⁻ 3.2 Å 166°	D34 ²⁹ COO ⁻ 2.8 Å 162°
HB with O at 5			H ₂ O 404 3.1 Å 132°	
HB with NH at 6	D29 COO ⁻ 3.2 Å 171°	D29 COO ⁻ 2.4 Å 159°		
Elec ^E with NH at 6			D34 ²⁹ COO ⁻ 3.4 Å 137°	D34 ²⁹ COO ⁻ 3.0 Å 92°
HB with O at 11			H ₂ O 202 ^F 3.0 Å 118°	H ₂ O 202 3.4 Å 130°
HB with NH at 12	G27 O 3.3 Å 152°	G27 O 2.9 Å 149°		G32 ²⁷ O 2.9 Å 159°
Elec with NH at 12	D25 COO ⁻ 4.8 Å 105°	D25 COO ⁻ 4.4 Å 111°	G32 ²⁷ O 3.7 Å 114°	D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 4.9 Å 94°
HB with OH at 22	D25 COO ⁻ 2.6 Å 174°	D25 COO ⁻ 2.8 Å 172°		
Elec with OH at 22			D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 2.9 Å 93°	D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 2.8 Å 105°
Elec with OH at 22			G32 ²⁷ O 3.9 Å 139°	G32 ²⁷ O 3.4 Å 125°
HB with NH at 31			G32 ²⁷ O 3.5 Å 158°	G32 ²⁷ O 2.9 Å 144°
Elec with NH at 31	G27 O 3.7 Å 132°	G27 O 4.0 Å 130°		
Elec with NH at 31	D25 COO ⁻ 4.1 Å 126°	D25 COO ⁻ 4.4 Å 118°	D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 4.3 Å 100°	D30 ²⁵ COO ⁻ 4.2 Å 98°
Elec with O at 32	I50 NH 3.7 Å 110°	I50 NH 3.6 Å 142°	I59 ⁵⁰ NH 4.3 Å 149°	I59 ⁵⁰ NH 4.9 Å 156°

- A. LPV atom numbering as in Fig. S4
- B. Occupancy of LPV 0.5 in monomers A and B of both w.t. HIV and 6s-98S PR complexes.
- C. For FIV 6s-98S residues, the number in the superscript is the corresponding HIV residue.
- D. HB – hydrogen bond: length in Angstroms; donor—H—acceptor angle in degrees.
- E. Elec – favorable electrostatic interaction; corresponding donor—H—acceptor angle in degrees.
- F. H₂O 202 is the ‘flap water’; no H₂O sites included in PDB deposition 1MUI.

Table S4
Hydrophobic contacts¹ of DRV and LPV with w.t. HIV PR² and 6s-98S FIV PR

w.t. HIV residue	6s-98S FIV residue	w.t. HIV / 6s-98S FIV			
		DRV ^a ³	DRVb	LPV ^a ⁴	LPVb
L23	L28	H / F	HH / F	/ F	/ FFFF
G27	G32	H /	H / F		
A28	A33	HH / FFF	HH / FF	/ FFFFF	H / FFF
D29	D34	H /	H /	/ FFF	
D30	I35			H / FF	HHH / FF
V32	I37V	HH /	H / F	H / F	H /
I47	M56	/ FFFF	/ F	/ F	HH / FFF
G48	I57			H / FF	/ FF
G49	G58	HHH / FFFF	HHH / F	H /	H / FF
I50	V59I	HH / FF	HH / FF	HH / FFF	HHH / FF
P81	I98S	H /	HHH /	HHHHH /	HHHHHHHHHHHH /
V82	Q99V	HHHH / F	H / F	/	HH / F
I84	L101	HH / FFF	HH / FFF	HH / FF	HHH / FF

1. Hydrophobic packing interactions measured by RCSB PDB Ligand Explorer 3.8 using C-C distances less than or equal to 3.9 Å. H = hydrophobic packing contact present with HIV PR. F = hydrophobic packing contact present with 6s-98S FIV PR. F = hydrophobic packing contact present with one of the 6 mutated residues in 6s-98S FIV PR.
2. HIV PR structures with DRV bound (PDB 2IEN) and with LPV bound (PDB 1MUI).
3. Occupancy of DRV 0.55 and 0.45 in monomers A and B of the HIV complex, and 0.50 and 0.50 in monomers A and B of the 6s-98S PR complexes.
4. Occupancy of LPV 0.5 in monomers A and B of both w.t. HIV and 6s-98S PR complexes.