Supplementary Table S2; Muntner et al, AJKD, "Development and Validation of a Self-Assessment Tool for Albuminuria: Results From the Reasons for Geographic and Racial Differences in Stroke (REGARDS) Study"

		Positive test result	Sensitivity	Specificity	Predictive value	
	C-statistic				Positive	Negative
Self-assessment tool $\ge 10\%$	0.714	36%	66%	68%	23%	93%
Sub-groups						
History of hypertension						
No	0.714	17%	45%	85%	25%	94%
Yes	0.685	63%	84%	41%	22%	93%
History of diabetes mellitus						
No	0.683	28%	53%	75%	19%	93%
Yes	0.600	98%	100%	2%	31%	100%
Estimated GFR, ml/min/1.73 m <sup>2</sup>						
≥ 60	0.703	30%	58%	73%	20%	94%
< 60	0.651	76%	91%	29%	30%	90%

**Table S2.** Test characteristics of the self-assessment tool for albuminuria and self-report of diabetes and hypertension in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 1999-2004 – external validation.

Positive test result is defined as a probability of albuminuria  $\geq$  10% for the self-assessment tool.