Nickel-Catalyzed Synthesis of Acrylamides from Alpha Olefins and Isocyanates

Kristin D. Schleicher and Timothy F. Jamison* Department of Chemistry, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139

Supporting Information

Experimental Procedures and Spectroscopic Data for Compounds **1a** through **19**. Pages S-1 to S-16

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General Information.

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were performed under an oxygen-free atmosphere of argon or nitrogen with rigid exclusion of moisture from reagents and glassware. Toluene and dichloromethane were distilled from calcium hydride. Bis(1,5-cyclooctadienyl)nickel(0) (Ni(cod)₂) and *N*,*N*'-bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)imidazol-2-ylidene (IPr) were purchased from Strem Chemicals, Inc., stored under nitrogen atmosphere and used without further purification. All isocyanates were purchased from Aldrich Chemical Co. They were filtered to remove solid material and degassed with argon before use. Oct-1-ene, imidazole, and trifluoroacetic acid were purchased from Avocado Organics and used without further purification. Allylbenzene, vinylcyclohexane, 4-methylpent-1-ene, hex-5-en-2-one, hex-5-en-1-ol, and benzoyl chloride were purchased from Aldrich Chemical Co. and used without further purification. (*R*)- β -citronellene and triethylamine were purchased from Fluka and used without further purification. *Tert*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride was purchased from Alfa Aesar and used without further purification.

Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using EM Science silica gel 60 F_{254} plates. The developed chromatogram was visualized by UV lamp (254 nm) or stained with aqueous potassium permanganate (KMnO₄). Liquid chromatography was performed using a forced flow (flash chromatography) of the indicated solvent system on Silicycle silica gel (230-400 mesh). ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on Varian 500 MHz spectrometers in CDCl₃. Chemical shifts in ¹H NMR spectra are reported in parts per million (ppm) on the δ scale from an internal standard of residual chloroform (7.27 ppm). Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet and br = broad), coupling constant in hertz (Hz), and integration. Chemical shifts of ¹³C NMR spectra are reported in ppm from the central peak of CDCl₃ (77.23 ppm) on the δ scale. Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer 2000 FT-IR. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained on a Bruker Daltonics APEXII 3 Fourier Transform Mass Spectrometer by Ms. Li Li of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Department of Chemistry Instrumentation Facility. Specific rotations ($[\alpha]_D$) were measured on a Perkin-Elmer 241 polarimeter at 589 nm where applicable.

Preparation of Alkene Reagents.

>^{Si}o~

Tert-butyl(hex-5-enyloxy)dimethylsilane.

In a 250 mL flask equipped with stir bar, hex-5-en-1-ol (1.89 mL, 15.8 mmol, 1.05 equiv) was dissolved in 150 mL dichloromethane. Imidazole (2.04 g, 30.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added, followed by *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (2.26 g, 15.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv). The cloudy white solution was stirred at room temperature under argon for 72 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organics were washed with brine, dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting colorless liquid was purified via column chromatography, using 90:10 hexane:ethyl acetate as the eluent, to afford the title compound as a colorless liquid (2.84 g, 88% yield). Spectral data were in agreement with literature values.¹

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 5.82 (ddt, $J_d = 10$, 17 Hz, $J_t = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.01 (dq, $J_d = 17$ Hz, $J_q = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 4.94 (dq, $J_d = 10$ Hz, $J_q = 1$ Hz, 1H); 3.62 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H); 2.07 (q, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 1.54 (m, 2H); 1.44 (m, 2H); 0.90 (s, 9H); 0.06 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 139.2, 114.6, 63.3, 33.8, 32.5, 26.2, 25.4, 18.6, -5.1. IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3079, 2955, 2930, 2859, 1472, 1255, 1103, 910, 836, 775.



Hex-5-enyl benzoate.

In a 100 mL flask equipped with stir bar, triethylamine (5.0 mL, 36.0 mmol, 3.6 equiv) was added to a solution of hex-5-en-1-ol (1.2 mL, 10.0 mmol, 1 equiv) in 40 mL dichloromethane. Benzoyl chloride (1.4 mL, 12.0 mmol, 1.2 equiv) was added slowly via syringe. The solution became cloudy and the reaction flask became warm to the touch. The reaction was left to stir at room temperature under argon for 18 hours, after which it was quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organics were washed with brine, dried with sodium sulfate, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via column chromatography, using 80:20 hexane:ethyl acetate as the eluent, to afford the title compound as a colorless liquid (1.86 g, 91% yield).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 8.06 (m, 2H); 7.57 (t, J = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H); 7.45 (t, J = 8 Hz, 2H); (ddt, $J_d = 10$, 17 Hz, $J_t = 6.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.05 (dq, $J_d = 17$ Hz, $J_q = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 4.99 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H); 4.34 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H); 2.14 (qt, $J_q = 7$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.80 (m, 2H); 1.57 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 166.9, 138.6, 133.0, 130.7, 129.7, 128.5, 115.1, 65.1, 33.5, 28.4, 25.5.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3074, 2938, 2861, 1721, 1452, 1315, 1274, 1176, 1114, 1070, 1027, 913, 711.

Alkene-Isocyanate Coupling Reactions.

General Procedure for Alkene–Isocyanate Coupling Reactions.

A 5 mL, side-necked sealable tube equipped with stir bar was brought into the glove box, along with a screw-cap and a rubber septum. In the box, $Ni(cod)_2$ (13.8 mg, 0.05 mmol, 0.1 equiv) and IPr (19.5 mg, 0.05 mmol, 0.1 equiv) were added. The tube was capped and fitted with the rubber septum over the side neck. Outside the box, the reaction tube was put on an argon line, and 0.25 mL freshly distilled toluene was added via syringe, followed by alkene (0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), then isocyanate (1.0 mmol, 2 equiv), then 0.25 mL more toluene to wash the reagents into the bottom of the tube. The reaction tube was sealed, the argon line removed, and the reaction set to stir at 60°C for 18-24 h. After this time, the reaction was opened to air and let stir for 15 min. It was diluted with ether and filtered through a plug of silica. The crude product was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography on silica, using 2:1 hexane:ethyl acetate as the eluent unless otherwise noted.



N-cyclohexyl-2-methyleneoctanamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, 1-octene (78 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above afforded **1a** in 79% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 5.63 (br d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H); 5.52 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H); 5.22 (q, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H); 3.82 (m, 1H); 2.29 (td, $J_t = 8$ Hz, $J_d = 0.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.95 (m, 2H); 1.72 (dt, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_t = 4$ Hz, 2H); 1.63 (dt, $J_d = 13$ Hz, $J_t = 4$ Hz, 1H); 1.47-1.25 (m, 10H); 1.17 (m, 3H); 0.88 (t, J = 7 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 168.4, 146.5, 116.7, 48.3, 33.3, 32.6, 31.8, 29.1, 28.2, 25.7, 25.0, 22.8, 14.3.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3300, 2937, 2854, 1647, 1609, 1531, 1451, 1345, 1250, 1216, 1152, 1106, 929, 892, 727, 699.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₅H₂₇NO, 238.2165; found, 238.2165.



(E)-N-cyclohexylnon-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, 1-octene (78 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above afforded **1b** in 14% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 6.82 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 7$ Hz, 1H); 5.72 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.29 (br d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H); 3.84 (m, 1H); 2.16 (m, 2H); 1.95 (m, 2H); 1.71 (dt, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_t = 4$ Hz, 2H); 1.63 (dm, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_m = 4$ Hz, 1H); 1.47-1.23 (m, 10H); 1.15 (m, 3H); 0.89 (t, J = 7 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 165.3, 144.8, 124.0, 48.2, 33.5, 32.2, 31.9, 29.1, 28.5, 25.8, 25.1, 22.8, 14.3.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3291, 3074, 2926, 2853, 1667, 1626, 1548, 1447, 1372, 1349, 1250, 1153, 985, 892, 726, 674.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{15}H_{27}NO$, 238.2165; found, 238.2166.



N-tert-butyl-2-methyleneoctanamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, 1-octene (78 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that 80:20 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Two successive rounds of column chromatography were needed for optimal purity, affording **2a** in 71% isolated yield as a pale yellow oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, δ): 5.61 (br, 1H); 5.45 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H); 5.16 (q, J = 1 Hz, 1H); 2.26 (t, J = 8 Hz, 2H); 1.42 (m, 2H); 1.37 (s, 9H); 1.34-1.24 (m, 6H); 0.87 (t, J = 7 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 168.9, 147.5, 116.1, 51.4, 32.7, 31.9, 29.2, 29.0, 28.3, 22.8, 14.3.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁼¹): 3323, 2960, 2928, 2859, 1655, 1623, 1531, 1452, 1392, 1364, 1240, 1225, 916.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₃H₂₅NO, 212.2009; found, 212.2015.



(E)-N-tert-butylnon-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, 1-octene (78 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) was carried out in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that 80:20 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Two successive rounds of column chromatography were needed for optimal purity, affording **2b** in 17% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 6.78 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 7$ Hz, 1H); 5.69 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.29 (br, 1H); 2.15 (qd, $J_q = 7.5$ Hz, $J_d = 1.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.42 (m, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H); 1.38 (s, 9H); 1.34-1.22 (m, 6H); 0.88 (t, J = 7 Hz).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 165.6, 144.3, 124.7, 51.4, 32.1, 31.9, 29.1, 28.5, 22.8, 14.3. IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3274, 3075, 2959, 2928, 2857, 1666, 1629, 1553, 1453, 1364, 1227, 981.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₃H₂₅NO, 212.2009; found, 212.2006.



N,2-dicyclohexylprop-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, vinylcyclohexane (68 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **3a** in 72% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 5.60 (br d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H); 5.35 (s, 1H); 5.10 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H); 3.82 (m, 1H); 2.44 (t, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H); 1.95 (m, 2H); 1.84-1.67 (m, 7H); 1.62 (dm, $J_d = 13$ Hz, $J_m = 4$ Hz, 1H); 1.37 (m, 4H); 1.14 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 169.5, 152.8, 113.1, 48.3, 39.8, 33.4, 32.0, 26.6, 26.4, 25.8, 25.1.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3292, 2920, 2852, 1649, 1610, 1534, 1447, 1244, 1200, 1152, 1093, 916, 892.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{15}H_{25}NO$, 236.2009; found, 236.2011.



N-tert-butyl-2-cyclohexylprop-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, vinylcyclohexane (68 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that 90:10 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification, afforded **4a** in 91% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 5.59 (br, 1H); 5.29 (s, 1H); 5.05 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H); 2.41 (t, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H); 1.77 (m, 4H); 1.68 (m, 1H); 1.37 (s, 9H); 1.31 (tt, J = 3.5, 13 Hz, 2H); 1.15 (tt, J = 3.5, 13 Hz, 1H); 1.08 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 170.0, 153.5, 112.7, 51.4, 39.7, 32.0, 28.9, 26.6, 26.4. IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3305, 2934, 2855, 1652, 1613, 1531, 1448, 1359, 1230, 914, 892. HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₃H₂₃NO, 210.1852; found, 210.1850.



N-cyclohexyl-4-methyl-2-methylenepentanamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, 4-methylpent-1-ene (63 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **5a** in 74% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , δ): 5.63 (br, 1H); 5.53 (s, 1H); 5.18 (d, J = 1 Hz, 1H); 3.81 (m, 1H); 2.18 (dd, J = 1, 7 Hz, 2H); 1.94 (m, 2H); 1.75 (m, J = 7 Hz, 1H); 1.70 (m, 2H); 1.62 (m, 1H); 1.38 (qt, $J_q = 12.5$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.16 (m, 3H); 0.89 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 168.5, 145.6, 117.9, 48.3, 42.2, 33.3, 27.3, 25.7, 25.0, 22.5. IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3293, 3086, 2935, 2855, 1648, 1612, 1536, 1449, 1247, 1152, 918, 727, 688.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₃H₂₃NO, 210.1852; found, 210.1851.



(E)-N-cyclohexyl-5-methylhex-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, 4-methylpent-1-ene (63 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **5b** in 5% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ):

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 165.1, 143.6, 125.1, 48.3, 41.6, 33.5, 28.1, 25.8, 25.1, 22.6. IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3293, 2925, 2853, 1666, 1624, 1550, 1444, 1366, 1246, 1207, 985. HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₃H₂₃NO, 210.1852; found, 210.1853.

N-tert-butyl-4-methyl-2-methylenepentanamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, 4-methylpent-1-ene (63 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that 80:20 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Mixed fractions were subjected to a second round of chromatographic purification using 90:10 hexane:ethyl acetate as the eluent, affording **6a** in 71% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, δ): 5.60 (br, 1H); 5.47 (d, J = 1 Hz, 1H); 5.15 (d, J = 1 Hz, 1H); 2.17 (dd, J = 1, 7 Hz, 2H); 1.76 (m, J = 7 Hz, 1H); 1.38 (s, 9H); 0.89 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 169.0, 146.5, 117.3, 51.4, 42.2, 28.9, 27.3, 22.6.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3299, 2959, 2921, 2870, 1650, 1618, 1537, 1450, 1364, 1253, 1229, 921, 676.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₁H₂₁NO, 184.1696; found, 184.1702.



(*E*)-*N*-*tert*-butyl-5-methylhex-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, 4-methylpent-1-ene (63 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that 80:20 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification, afforded **6b** in 10% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 6.77 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 7.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.68 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.26 (br, 1H); 2.04 (td, $J_t = 7$ Hz, $J_d = 1.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.73 (m, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H); 1.39 (s, 9H); 0.92 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 165.5, 143.0, 125.8, 51.4, 41.5, 29.1, 28.1, 22.6.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3266, 3078, 2953, 2924, 1666, 1626, 1556, 1449, 1389, 1359, 1337, 1270, 1252, 1229, 986, 891, 669.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{11}H_{21}NO$, 184.1696; found, 184.1697.



2-benzyl-N-cyclohexylprop-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, allylbenzene (66 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **7a** in 65% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); 7.22 (m, 3H); 5.72 (s, 1H); 5.56 (br d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H); 5.22 (d, *J* = 1 Hz, 1H); 3.77 (m, 1H); 3.66 (s, 2H); 1.82 (m, 2H); 1.59 (m, 3H); 1.33 (m, 2H); 1.13 (m, 1H); 1.04 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 167.4, 144.9, 138.6, 129.1, 128.8, 126.7, 119.5, 48.3, 39.0, 33.0, 25.7, 24.8.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3303, 3062, 2926, 2851, 1648, 1611, 1537, 1449, 1343, 1241, 1150, 1088, 925, 891, 742, 700.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{16}H_{21}NO$, 244.1696; found, 244.1697.



The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, allylbenzene (66 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **7b** in 8% isolated yield as a white solid.

(E)-N-cyclohexyl-4-phenylbut-2-enamide.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); 7.24 (m, 1H); 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); 6.99 (dt, *J*_d = 15 Hz, *J*_t = 6.5 Hz, 1H); 5.66 (dt, *J*_d = 15 Hz, *J*_t = 1.5 Hz, 1H); 5.26 (br d, *J* = 7 Hz, 1H); 3.83 (m, 1H); 3.50 (dd, *J* = 1.5, 6.5 Hz, 2H); 1.93 (m, 2H); 1.70 (dt, *J*_d = 14 Hz, *J*_t = 4 Hz, 2H); 1.62 (m, 1H); 1.38 (m, 2H); 1.14 (m, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 164.9, 142.9, 138.4, 129.1, 128.8, 126.7, 125.2, 48.3, 38.4, 33.4, 25.8, 25.1.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3289, 2934, 2853, 1665, 1624, 1547, 1446, 1351, 980, 697. HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₆H₂₁NO, 244.1696; found, 244.1694.



(E)-N-cyclohexyl-4-phenylbut-3-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, allylbenzene (66 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **7c** in 22% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 7.40 (m, 2H); 7.34 (m, 2H); 7.27 (m, 1H); 6.54 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H); 6.30 (dt, $J_d = 16$ Hz, $J_t = 7.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.47 (br, 1H); 3.79 (m, 1H); 3.14 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 2H); 1.92 (m, 2H); 1.70 (dt, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.61 (m, 1H); 1.37 (m, 2H); 1.12 (m, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 169.8, 136.9, 134.7, 128.8, 128.0, 126.5, 122.8, 48.5, 41.3, 33.4, 25.7, 25.1.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3290, 3064, 2933, 2853, 1636, 1545, 1447, 1347, 1248, 1180, 962, 690.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{16}H_{21}NO$, 244.1696; found, 244.1696.



2-benzyl-N-tert-butylprop2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, allylbenzene (66 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **8a** in 83% isolated yield as a colorless oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 7.31 (m, 2H); 7.22 (m, 3H); 5.66 (d, J = 1 Hz, 1H); 5.52 (br, 1H); 5.17 (q, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H); 3.64 (s, 1H); 1.29 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 167.9, 145.8, 138.7, 129.1, 128.8, 118.9, 51.4, 39.1, 28.8.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3325, 3063, 3029, 2969, 2925, 1655, 1622, 1530, 1453, 1392, 1365, 1299, 1224, 1075, 1031, 922, 743, 701.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₄H₁₉NO, 218.1539; found, 218.1539.

(E)-N-tert-butyl-4-phenylbut-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, allylbenzene (66 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **8b** and **8c** as a mixture in 6% combined yield. The yield of **8b** was determined to be 1% by integration of the ¹H NMR spectrum.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ) identifying peaks: 6.96 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 6.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.61 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 3.49 (dd, J = 1.5 Hz, 6.5 Hz, 2H).



(*E*)-*N*-*tert*-butyl-4-phenylbut-3-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, allylbenzene (66 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that two 1 mL portions of toluene were used for the reaction, afforded **8b** and **8c** as a mixture in 6% combined yield. The yield of **8c** was determined to be 5% by integration of the ¹H NMR spectrum.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ) identifying peaks: 6.51 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H); 6.30 (dt, $J_d = 16$ Hz, $J_t = 7.5$ Hz, 1H); 3.09 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 2H).



(*R*)-*N*-cyclohexyl-3,7-dimethyl-2-methyleneoct-6-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, *R*)-(-)- β -citronellene (91 µL, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 µL, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that 75:25 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification, affording **9a** in 86% isolated yield as a colorless oil that slowly crashed out to a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ):5.62 (br d, J = 7 Hz, 1H); 5.45 (s, 1H); 5.15 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H); 5.10 (tm, $J_t = 7$ Hz, $J_m = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 3.82 (m, 1H); 2.64 (m, J = 7 Hz, 1H); 1.96 (m, 4H); 1.72 (dt, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_t = 4$ Hz, 2H); 1.68 (d, J = 1 Hz, 3H); 1.63 (dt, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_t = 4$ Hz, 1H); 1.59 (s, 3H); 1.55 (m, 1H); 1.38 (m, 2H); 2.33 (m, 1H); 1.16 (m, 3H); 1.08 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 169.2, 152.3, 131.9, 124.5, 114.3, 48.3, 35.8, 35.1, 33.4, 26.0, 25.9, 25.8, 25.1, 19.4, 17.9.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3289, 2931, 2854, 1647, 1609, 1534, 1449, 1377, 1242, 1151, 917, 892.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{17}H_{29}NO$, 264.2322; found, 264.2315. $[\alpha]_D$ (*c* 0.019, 22°C, CHCl₃): -5.6°



(R)-N-tert-butyl-3,7-dimethyl-2-methyleneoct-6-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, (R)-(-)- β -citronellene (91 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that 80:20 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Two successive rounds of column chromatography were needed for optimal purity, affording **10a** in 82% isolated yield as a pale yellow oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 5.59 (br, 1H); 5.38 (s, 1H); 5.10 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H); 5.09 (tm, $J_t = 7$ Hz, $J_m = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 2.62 (sextet, J = 7 Hz, 1H); 1.97 (m, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 1.67 (d, J = 1 Hz, 3H); 1.59 (s, 3H); 1.54 (m, 1H); 1.38 (s, 9H); 1.31 (m, 1H); 1.07 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 169.8, 153.1, 131.8, 124.6, 113.7, 51.4, 35.7, 35.1, 28.9, 25.9, 19.4, 17.9.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3325, 2966, 2927, 1653, 1620, 1528, 1452, 1392, 1365, 1296, 1223, 920.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + Na]^+$ calculated for C₁₅H₁₇NO, 260.1985; found, 260.1985. $[\alpha]_D$ (*c* 0.010, 22°C, CHCl₃): -4.7°



5-(cyclohexylcarbamoyl)hex-5-enyl benzoate.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, hex-5-enyl benzoate (102 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that 1:1 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Two successive rounds of column chromatography were needed for optimal purity, affording **11a** in 74% isolated yield as a colorless oil that slowly crystallized to a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, δ): 8.04 (dd, J = 1.5, 8 Hz, 2H); 7.56 (tt, J = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H); 7.44 (t, J = 8 Hz, 2H); 5.66 (br d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H); 5.54 (s, 1H); 5.26 (s, 1H); 4.34 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H); 3.81 (m, 1H); 2.40 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H); 1.93 (m, 2H); 1.81 (m, 2H); 1.70 (m, 2H); 1.63 (m, 3H); 1.38 (qt, $J_q = 12.5$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.16 (m, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 168.1, 166.8, 146.0, 133.1, 130.5, 129.7, 128.5, 117.0, 64.9, 48.4, 33.3, 32.3, 28.5, 25.7, 25.0, 24.8.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3309, 3063, 2932, 2855, 1720, 1653, 1611, 1530, 1451, 1315, 1275, 1117, 925, 712.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{20}H_{27}NO_3$, 330.2064; found, 330.2065.



(E)-7-(cyclohexylamino)-7-oxohept-5-enyl benzoate.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, hex-5-enyl benzoate (102 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that 1:1 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Two successive rounds of column chromatography were needed for optimal purity, affording **11b** in 13% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 8.05 (dd, J = 1.5, 8.5 Hz, 2H); 7.57 (tt, J = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H); 7.45 (t, J = 8 Hz, 2H); 6.83 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, Jt = 7 Hz, 1H); 5.76 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.27 (br d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H); 4.34 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H); 3.84 (m, 1H); 2.26 (qd, $J_q = 7.5$ Hz, $J_d = 1.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.95 (m, 2H); 1.81 (m, 2H); 1.72 (dt, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.63 (m, 3H); 1.39 (qt, $J_q = 13$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.15 (m, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 166.8, 165.0, 143.7, 133.1, 130.5, 129.8, 128.6, 124.6, 64.8, 48.3, 33.4, 31.7, 28.4, 25.8, 25.1, 25.0.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3288, 3069, 2927, 2853, 1720, 1667, 1625, 1545, 1449, 1349, 1315, 1276, 1111, 1070, 982, 708.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{20}H_{27}NO_3$, 330.2064; found, 330.2061.



5-(tert-butylcarbamoyl)hex-5-enyl benzoate.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, hex-5-enyl benzoate (102 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that a gradient from 2:1 hexane:ethyl acetate to 1:1 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Two successive rounds of column chromatography were needed for optimal purity, affording **12a** in 72% isolated yield as a colorless oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 8.04 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H); 7.56 (tt, *J* = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H); 7.44 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H); 5.63 (br, 1H); 5.47 (s, 1H); 5.22 (d, *J* = 0.5 Hz, 1H); 4.34 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H); 2.37 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); 1.81 (m, 2H); 1.62 (m, 2H); 1.38 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 168.7, 166.8, 147.0, 133.1, 130.6, 129.7, 128.5, 116.4, 65.0, 51.5, 32.4, 28.9, 28.6, 24.8.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3328, 2964, 1719, 1659, 1623, 1525, 1452, 1275, 1117, 712. HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + Na]^+$ calculated for $C_{18}H_{25}NO_3$, 326.1727; found, 326.1723.



(*E*)-7-(*tert*-butylamino)-7-oxohept-5-enyl benzoate.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, hex-5-enyl benzoate (102 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that a gradient from 2:1 hexane:ethyl acetate to 1:1 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. A second round of column chromatography using 2:1 benzene:ethyl acetate as the eluent was needed for optimal purity, affording **12b** in 12% isolated yield as a colorless oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 8.05 (m, 2H); 7.57 (m, 1H); 7.46 (m, 2H); 6.79 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 7$ Hz, 1H); 5.72 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.25 (br, 1H); 4.33 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H); 2.25 (qd, $J_q = 7$ Hz, $J_d = 1.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.81 (m, 2H); 1.62 (m, 2H); 1.39 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 166.9, 165.4, 143.3, 133.1, 130.6, 129.8, 128.6, 125.4, 64.8, 51.5, 31.6, 29.1, 28.4, 25.0.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3296, 3070, 2964, 2929, 1719, 1669, 1631, 1545, 1452, 1274, 1115, 712.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{18}H_{25}NO_3$, 304.1907; found, 304.1911.



N-cyclohexyl-2-methylene-5-oxohexanamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, hex-5-en-2-one (58 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that 2:1 ethyl acetate:hexane was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification, afforded **13a** in 24% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 5.85 (br, 1H); 5.58 (s, 1H); 5.28 (s, 1H); 3.81 (m, 1H); 2.68 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 2.58 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 2.16 (s, 3H); 1.94 (m, 2H); 1.73 (dt, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_t = 4$ Hz, 2H); 1.63 (dt, $J_d = 13$ Hz, $J_t = 4$ Hz, 1H); 1.39 (qt, $J_q = 13.5$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.18 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 208.4, 167.7, 144.8, 118.2, 48.5, 42.6, 33.3, 30.2, 26.7, 25.7, 25.1.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3296, 2933, 2856, 1711, 1648, 1611, 1529, 926. HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{13}H_{21}NO_2$, 224.1645; found, 224.1639.



N-tert-butyl-2-methylene-5-oxohexanamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, hex-5-en-2-one (58 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that 2:1 ethyl acetate:hexane was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification, afforded **14a** in 70% isolated yield as a pale yellow oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, δ): 5.81 (br, 1H); 5.50 (s, 1H); 5.22 (s, 1H); 2.65 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 2.53 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 2.14 (s, 3H); 1.37 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 208.3, 168.3, 145.7, 117.5, 51.5, 42.5, 30.1, 28.9, 26.8.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3337, 2969, 2929, 1715, 1662, 1625, 1527, 1453, 1364, 1225, 1162, 928, 733.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + Na]^+$ calculated for $C_{11}H_{10}NO_2$, 220.1308; found, 220.1308.



(E)-N-tert-butyl-6-oxohept-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, hex-5-en-2-one (58 μ L, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above, with the exception that 2:1 ethyl acetate:hexane was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification, afforded **14b** in 2% isolated yield as a colorless oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 6.72 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 7$ Hz, 1H); 5.72 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.26 (br, 1H); 2.58 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 2.44 (qd, $J_q = 7$ Hz, $J_d = 1.5$ Hz, 2H); 2.16 (s, 3H); 1.38 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 207.5, 165.2, 141.8, 125.9, 51.5, 42.1, 30.2, 29.0, 25.9.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3297, 2966, 2922, 1717, 1670, 1631, 1542, 1455, 1363, 1225, 1161, 979.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + Na]^+$ calculated for $C_{11}H_{19}NO_2$, 220.1308; found, 220.1306.



6-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-N-cyclohexyl-2-methylenehexanamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, *tert*-butyl(hex-5-enyloxy)dimethylsilane (107 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above afforded **15a** in 68% isolated yield as a pale yellow oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 5.64 (br d, J = 7 Hz, 1H); 5.54 (s, 1H); 5.23 (d, J = 1 Hz, 1H); 3.82 (m, 1H); 3.62 (t, J = 6 Hz, 2H); 2.32 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 1.95 (m, 2H); 1.72 (dt, $J_d = 14$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.63 (m, 1H); 1.53 (m, 4H); 1.39 (qt, $J_q = 12$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.17 (m, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H); 0.05 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 168.3, 146.2, 116.9, 63.2, 48.3, 33.3, 32.5, 32.3, 26.2, 25.7, 25.0, 24.6, 18.5, -5.1.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3306, 2932, 2857, 1651, 1612, 1531, 1256, 1105, 836, 776, 734. HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₉H₃₇NO₂Si, 340.2666; found, 340.2674.



(E)-7-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-N-cyclohexylhept-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, *tert*-butyl(hex-5-enyloxy)dimethylsilane (107 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv), and cyclohexyl isocyanate (128 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene following the general procedure above afforded **15b** in 17% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 6.81 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 7$ Hz, 1H); 5.73 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.35 (br d, J = 8 Hz, 1H); 3.83 (m, 1H); 3.61 (t, J = 6 Hz, 2H); 2.19 (qd, $J_q = 7$ Hz, $J_d = 1.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.71 (dt, $J_d = 14$, 3.5 Hz, 2H); 1.63 (m, 1H); 1.52 (m, 4H); 1.38 (qt, $J_q = 12$ Hz, $J_t = 3.5$, 2H); 1.15 (m, 3H); 0.89 (s, 9H); 0.05 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 165.2, 144.4, 124.2, 63.0, 48.2, 33.4, 32.5, 32.0, 26.2, 25.8, 25.1, 24.8, 18.6, -5.1. IR (NaCl, thin film): 3288, 3246, 3068, 2929, 2855, 1667, 1625, 1550, 1255, 1102, 835, 774.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{19}H_{37}NO_2Si$, 340.2666; found, 340.2677.



N-tert-butyl-6-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-2-methylenehexanamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, *tert*-butyl(hex-5-enyloxy)dimethylsilane (107 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that 80:20 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Two successive rounds of column chromatography were needed for optimal purity, affording **16a** in 65% isolated yield as a colorless oil.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, δ): 5.61 (br, 1H); 5.46 (s, 1H); 5.18 (d, J = 1 Hz, 1H); 3.61 (t, J = 6 Hz, 2H); 2.29 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 1.51 (m, 4H); 1.38 (s, 9H); 0.88 (s, 9H); 0.04 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 168.8, 147.2, 116.3, 63.2, 51.4, 32.6, 32.4, 28.9, 26.1, 24.6, 18.6, -5.1.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3324, 2957, 2930, 2859, 1656, 1624, 1530, 1255, 1105, 836, 775. HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{17}H_{35}NO_2Si$, 314.2510; found, 314.2519.



(E)-N-tert-butyl-7-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)hept-2-enamide.

The reaction of Ni(cod)₂, IPr, *tert*-butyl(hex-5-enyloxy)dimethylsilane (107 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv) and *tert*-butyl isocyanate (117 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene was carried out following the general procedure above, with the exception that 80:20 hexane:ethyl acetate was used as the eluent for chromatographic purification. Two successive rounds of column chromatography were needed for optimal purity, affording **16b** in 9% isolated yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 6.77 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 7$ Hz, 1H); 5.69 (dt, $J_d = 15$ Hz, $J_t = 1.5$ Hz, 1H); 5.27 (br, 1H); 3.60 (t, J = 6 Hz, 2H); 2.17 (qd, $J_q = 8.5$ Hz, $J_d = 1.5$ Hz, 2H); 1.51 (m, 4H); 1.38 (s, 9H); 0.89 (s, 9H); 0.04 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 165.6, 143.9, 124.9, 63.1, 51.4, 32.5, 31.9, 29.1, 26.2, 24.8, 18.6, -5.1.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3263, 3070, 2927, 2856, 1665, 1628, 1555, 1361, 1250, 1099, 833, 773.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{17}H_{35}NO_2Si$, 314.2510; found, 314.2518.

Deprotection of Selected N-tert-butyl Amides.



2-methyleneoctanamide.

Compound **2a** (42.5 mg, 0.20 mmol) was dissolved in approximately 2 mL neat trifluoroacetic acid and was transferred to a 5 mL, side-necked sealable tube equipped with stir bar. The reaction was sealed and heated at reflux for 18 hours. The reaction was allowed to cool to room temperature, and the trifluoroacetic acid was carefully removed under reduced pressure. The yellow residue was purified via column chromatography, using 1:1 hexane: ethyl acetate as the eluent, to afford **17** in 69% yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 5.82 (br, 2H); 5.69 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H); 5.35 (m, 1H); 2.30 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); 1.47 (m, 2H); 1.36-1.25 (m, 6H); 0.88 (t, J = 7 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 171.1, 144.8, 118.9, 32.4, 31.8, 29.1, 28.2, 22.8, 14.3.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3358, 3184, 2956, 2928, 2857, 1665, 1628, 1602, 1468, 1435, 1265, 1115, 926, 740.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M+H]^+$ calculated for C₀H₁₇NO, 156.1383; found, 156.1386.



5-carbamoylhex-5-enyl benzoate.

Compound 12a (25.9 mg, 0.085 mmol) was dissolved in approximately 2 mL neat trifluoroacetic acid and was transferred to a 5 mL, side-necked sealable tube equipped with stir bar. The reaction was sealed and heated at reflux for 24 hours. The reaction tube was allowed to cool to room temperature. Its contents were dropped slowly into 40 mL saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate. The product was extracted in 6 x 30 mL diethyl ether. The combined organics were dried with sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography was performed, eluting first with 2:1 ethyl acetate:hexane, and then neat ethyl acetate, to afford 18 in 81% yield as a white solid.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 8.05 (m, 2H); 7.57 (tt, *J* = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H); 7.45 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H); 5.9-5.4 (br, 2H); 5.71 (s, 1H); 5.40 (t, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H); 4.35 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H); 2.42 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); 1.83 (m, 2H); 1.66 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 170.6, 166.9, 144.2, 133.1, 130.5, 129.7, 128.6, 119.3, 64.9, 32.1, 28.5, 24.8.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3367, 3182, 2944, 2920, 2869, 1716, 1663, 1603, 1471, 1450, 1436, 1410, 1318, 1279, 1120, 1072, 931, 824, 710.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M+H]^+$ calculated for $C_{14}H_{17}NO_3$, 248.1281; found, 248.1278.

2-benzylprop-2-enamide.

Compound **8a** (25.3 mg, 0.116 mmol) was dissolved in approximately 2 mL neat trifluoroacetic acid and was transferred to a 5 mL, side-necked sealable tube equipped with stir bar. The reaction was sealed and heated at reflux for 16 hours. The reaction tube was allowed to cool to room temperature. Its contents were dropped slowly into 40 mL saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate. The product was extracted in 6 x 25 mL diethyl ether. The combined organics were dried with sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column

chromatography was performed with ethyl acetate as the eluent, affording **19** in 70% yield as a white solid. Spectral data were in agreement with literature values.²

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 7.35-7.2 (m, 5H); 5.87 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H); 5.64 (br, 2H); 5.34 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H); 3.67 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 170.1, 143.4, 138.4, 129.1, 128.9, 126.9, 121.6, 38.7.

IR (NaCl, thin film, cm⁻¹): 3362, 3192, 3029, 1666, 1592, 1455, 1409, 1345, 1183, 1107, 950, 742, 699.

HRMS-ESI (m / z): $[M+H]^+$ calculated for $C_{10}H_{11}NO$, 162.0913; found, 162.0920.

References:

(1) Myers, A. G.; Lanman, B. A. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2002, 124, 12969.

(2) Muller, J.-C.; Fleury, J.-P. Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr. 1970, 2, 738.














































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