Supporting information for: "Structure of Trifunctional THI20 from Yeast" by Jarrod B. French, Tadhg P. Begley and Steven E. Ealick

Figure Legends

Figure S1. Sequence alignment of several TenAs with the conserved cysteine residue in the active site (marked with a blue arrow). The species name and PDB code are given. Red boxes with white lettering represent absolutely conserved residues, while boxes with blue outlines and red lettering represent highly conserved residues.

Figure S2. Sequence alignment of several TenAs lacking the conserved cysteine residue in the active site (marked with a blue arrow). The species name and PDB code are given. Red boxes with white lettering represent absolutely conserved residues, while boxes with blue outlines and red lettering represent highly conserved residues.

Figure S3. Phylogenetic trees showing the relationship between A) TenA sequences from ten different organisms and B) the same organisms organized by taxonomy. The phylogenetic tree in A) was generated using ClustalW and the tree in B) was generated using the NCBI taxonomy browser. In both cases, those TenAs that contain a conserved cysteine residue are annotated with 'Cys', while those containing a pair of conserved glutamate residues are annotated with 'Glu'.

Figure S4. Sequence alignment of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* THI20, THI21 and THI22. A Thr to Ala mutation from THI20 to THI22 (indicated with a blue arrow) may contribute to the loss of HMP(P) kinase function in THI22. In the alignment, red boxes with white lettering represent absolutely conserved residues, while boxes with blue outlines and red lettering represent highly conserved residues.

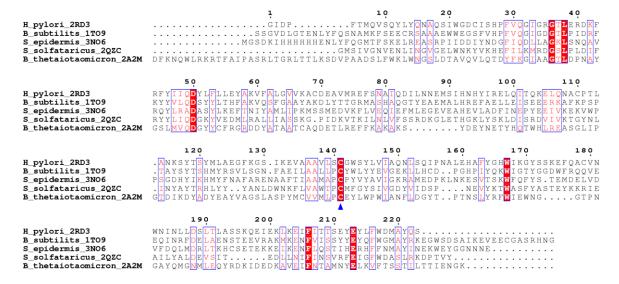


Figure S1.

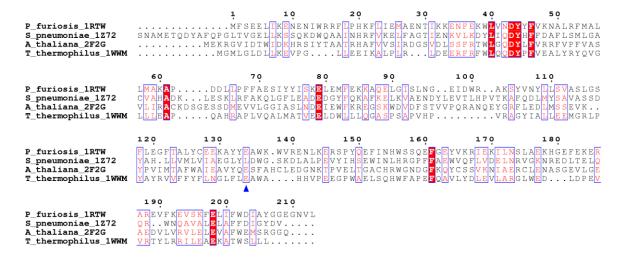


Figure S2.

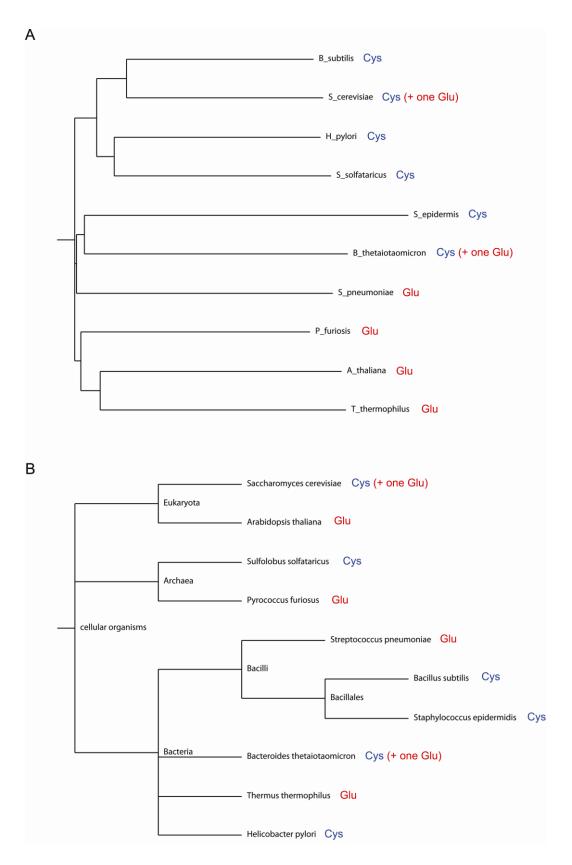


Figure S3.



Figure S4.