

The nucleotide sequence of mitochondrial maxicircle genes of *Crithidia fasciculata*

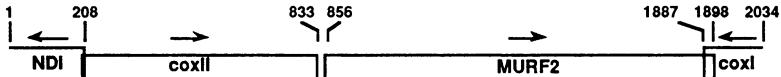
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We are studying the recently discovered RNA-editing process, operative in mitochondria from trypanosomatids such as *Trypanosoma brucei*, *Crithidia fasciculata* and *Leishmania tarentolae* (reviewed in Ref.1). Via this process, RNA sequences are altered by insertion and/or deletion of U residues. Our approach is a systematic comparison of maxicircle gene- and cDNA sequences of *C. fasciculata*. For this purpose, the nucleotide sequence of a 2034 nucleotide EcoRI-HindIII fragment of the maxicircle has been determined. The nucleotide sequence and the gene map of the fragment are shown in the figure. The position of the genes is inferred from the high degree of similarity at the nucleotide- and the amino acid level, with respect to the homologous genes in *T. brucei* and *L. tarentolae*. A number of translational defects appear to be encoded in the sequence shown: the NDI and MURF2 genes do not encode initiator AUG codons, whereas the coxII gene is frameshifted. The MURF2 gene, which is a frameshift gene in *L. tarentolae*, is continuous in *C. fasciculata*.



1 AAGCTTATTA CAAAATAAC AAATTATAA ATAATTTGA CGCCATTCGGT GATAGGTGAG AGCACACAA AAAAAGAACAA AGCAGGTCT ATTCTGATTAA GAAACAGGCC
 11 TAAATCGT CGCTCACAGA GACTTACAA ACCGGTTAG ACAGAACAA CTAAATGTC AACGATCAA ATTATATAA TGCTAGATT TAACAAAGTG CGCTTTATTA
 221 TATCGTTTTG AATGATTTG CCTTATGATG CAGTTATGTI TTATTTATCT TTGTTGTTG TTGTTGTTG ATGAATTTG TCCTCATTTT TTACTGGTA
 331 TCTAAATAAA ATATGTTTA TGTTACAG GATTATACAG CCTCAAMTT TATTGATGCA TATTGATTTA CCATTGGTGG TATGTTGTC TTATGTTAT TATTACGCT
 441 ATGCTTCTTGT TATCTTCTT GTTTGTTAA TTGTTGTTG TTGTTGTTG TTGTTGTTG TTGTTGTTG TTGTTGTTG TTGTTGTTG TTGTTGTTG ACCACCAATT
 551 TTGTTGTTG TTATGTTG AGTGTATTT TTATGTTG
 661 GCTGTTGTTG TTATCCTAC TTITGTTGTTG TTACGTTGAG TTACGTTGAG AGAGACCTG GAGCTGTTG TTGAGATTTG TTGAGATTTG TTGAGATTTG
 771 GGTCAATGCA GTGAAATTAG TGGGTTCTA CATGGATTAA TGCTCTATAG TTTTGTGTTA ATATAGGT GAAATCTAA AAAAAGGGG AAAGGAGAC TGAGTCGAT
 881 TTGTGTTGTTG TTGTGTTGTTG AAAGTTGAA TTGTGTTGTTG TTGTGTTGTTG TTGTGTTGTTG TTGTGTTGTTG TTGTGTTGTTG TTGTGTTGTTG TTGTGTTGTTG
 991 TTGTGTTGTTG
 1101 TATATTTATG ATATTTATG ATATTTATG TTATCTGTT TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG
 1211 ATTTGTTGAT TTATGTTATC TTTCAGGCA CCTAACAACT TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG TTGTGTTG
 1321 TTGTGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG TTATGTTGTTG
 1431 TTATGTTGTTG
 1541 TTGTGTTGTTG
 1651 TTGTGTTGTTG
 1761 TTGTGTTGTTG
 1871 CGTGACTCAA CTTTTATCCG TTATATATAA AAAAAGAACAA GTCAAAAAAA AAAAAGAACAA AGCATAGAT CAAAAATAG TAATCAAGTA
 1981 CAATATGGCC AAGTCATACA AGAAAGAGT AACACACCAT AACACAGGG ATT

Acknowledgements

Part of this sequence (about 900 nucleotides) has been published in a preliminary form which contained one error (underlined in the figure) (Ref 2).

References

1. Benne, R. (1989) *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* **1007**, 131-139
2. Benne, R., van den Burg, J., Brakenhoff, J., De Vries, B.F., Nederlof, P., Sloof, P. and Voogd, A. (1985) in: *Achievements and Perspectives of Mitochondrial Research, Vol. II Biogenesis*, eds. Quagliariello, E., Slater, E.C., Palmieri, F., Saccone, C. and Kroon, A.M. (Elsevier, Amsterdam), pp 325-336