

Supplemental Information

SUPPLEMENTAL TABLE 6 Crude Associations With Food Sensitization

	OR (95% CI) or β (95% CI)	<i>P</i>
Associations with food sensitization		
Preterm birth	0.81 (0.61–1.06)	.13
Prenatal smoke exposure	0.74 (0.48–1.14)	.18
Maternal postnatal smoking	0.78 (0.5–1.10)	.16
Maternal atopy	1.17 (0.90–1.51)	.23
Cesarean delivery	1.10 (0.82–1.39)	.62
Firstborn child	1.29 (1.01–1.66)	.04
Male	1.57 (1.22–2.01)	<.0001
Exclusive breastfeeding	1.42 (0.85–2.39)	.18
Mother's highest level of education		
Some college	1.00	
High school	1.07 (0.80–1.45)	.63
Less than high school	1.11 (0.82–1.52)	.50
Annual household income		
At least \$30 000	1.00	
Less than \$30 000	1.03 (0.78–1.38)	.82
Unknown	1.34 (0.94–1.89)	.10
Self-identified race		
White	1.00	
Black	2.19 (1.19–4.03)	.01
Hispanic	1.87 (0.98–3.56)	.06
Other	2.06 (1.02–4.15)	.04
Mother's age	0.002 (–0.003 to 0.006) ^a	.45
Child's age	0.004 (–0.009 to 0.017) ^a	.54
Crude associations with African ancestry		
Food sensitization across sample (all races)	1.07 (1.02–1.11)	.003
No. of food sensitizations across sample (all races)	0.05 (0.03–0.07) ^a	<.0001

All ancestry analyses included estimates of individual global ancestry with variables for African and Asian ancestry, assuming 3 ancestral populations.

^a Values shown are β (95% CI).