Supporting Information

Chlorotrimethylsilane activation of acylcyanamides for the synthesis of mono-*N*-acylguanidines.

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1.	<u>General Experimental Considerations:</u> p. 1	
2.	¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectra for compounds 9, 8a-k: p. 2	2-19

1. General Experimental Considerations:

Unless otherwise noted, materials were obtained from commercial sources and used without purification. All reactions requiring anhydrous conditions were performed under a positive pressure of nitrogen using flame-dried glassware. Disopropylamine, triethylamine, and *N*,*N*-disopropylethylamine were distilled from CaH₂ immediately prior to use. Dichloromethane tetrahydrofuran, diethylether, toluene, and dimethylformamide were degassed with argon and passed through a solvent purification system containing either alumina or molecular sieves. *P*-Anisidine was recrystallized from hexanes/chloroform and then hexanes/ethyl acetate prior to use.

Yields were calculated for material judged homogeneous by thin-layer chromatography and ¹H NMR. Thin-layer chromatography was performed on silica plates eluting with the solvents indicated, visualized by a 254 nm UV lamp, and stained with either an ethanolic solution of 12-molybdophosphoric acid, *p*-anisaldehyde, or KMnO₄. Flash column chromatography was performed with slurry-packed silica gel with solvents indicated in glass columns. ¹HNMR spectra were recorded at 300, 400, or 500 MHz as indicated. The chemical shifts (δ) of proton resonances are reported relative to CHCl₃, DMSO-*d*₅, HOD, or HD₂COD using the following format: chemical shift [multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, app = apparent), coupling constant(s) (*J* in Hz), integral].^{1,2} ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 75, 100, or 125 MHz. The chemical shifts of carbon resonances are reported relative to the deuterated solvent peak.¹ Infrared spectra were recorded on an IR spectrometer fitted with a SmartOrbit sample system. All absorptions are reported in cm⁻¹ relative to polystyrene. Mass spectra were obtained by ESI/APCI for LRMS or ESI/APCI-TOF for HRMS.

¹ Gottlieb, H. E.; Kotlyar, V.; Nudelman, A. J. Org. Chem. **1997**; 62(21); 7512-7515.

² Hoye, T.R.; Hansen, P.R.; Vyvyan, J.R. J. Org. Chem. **1994**; 59(15); 4096-4103.

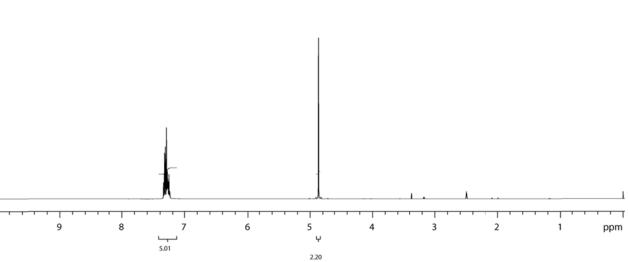
2. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra for compounds 9, 8a-k:

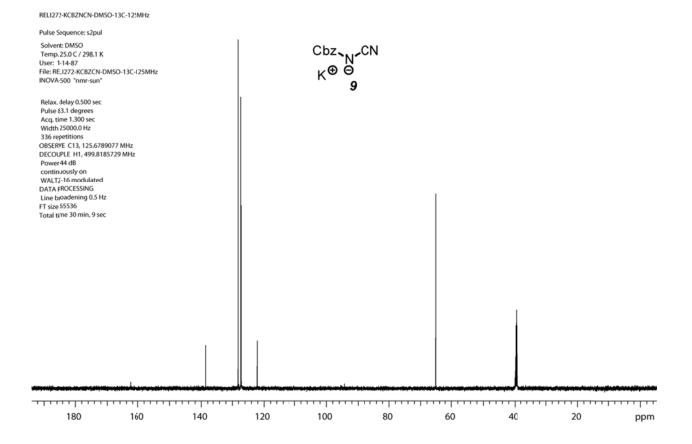
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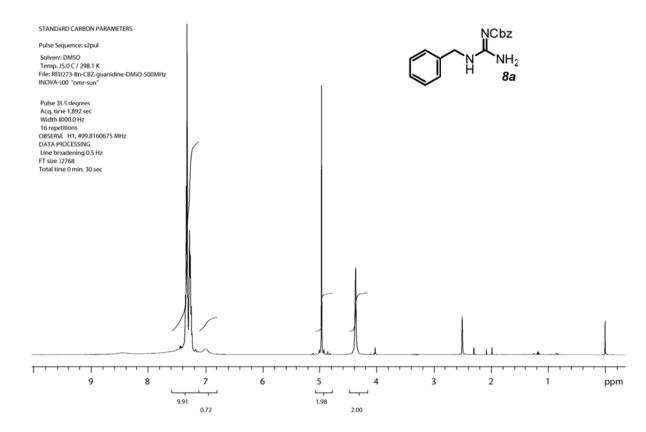
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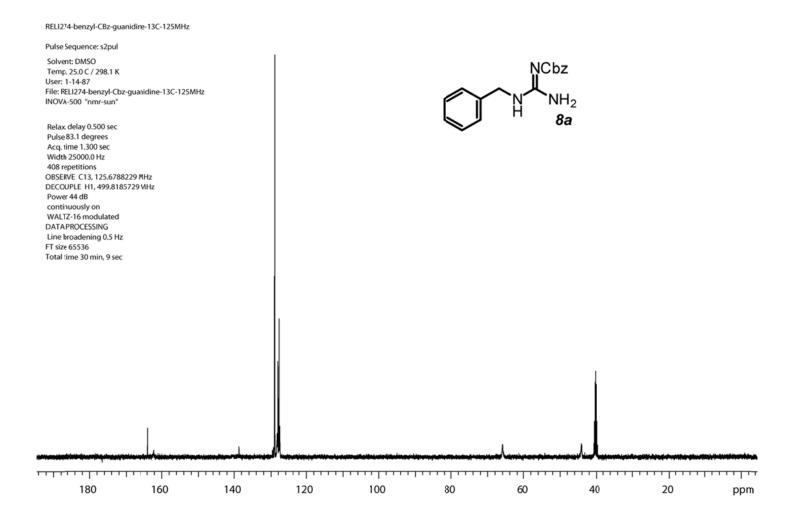
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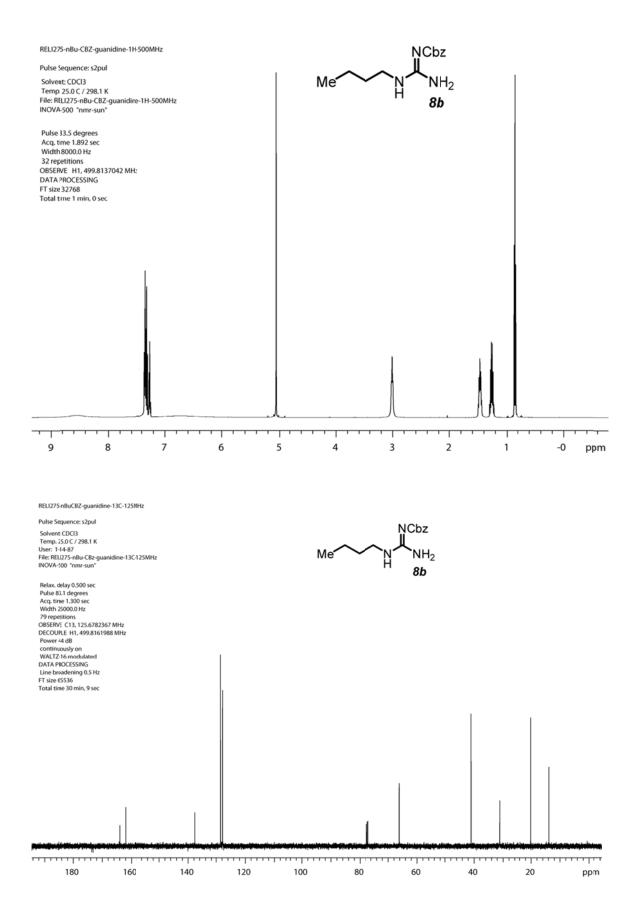


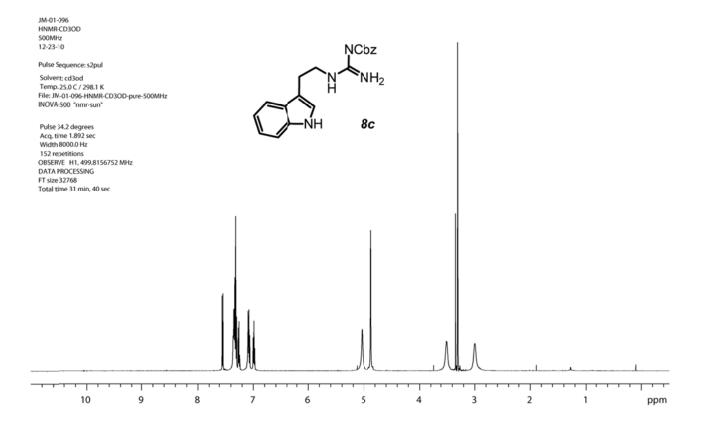












STANDARD CARBON PARAMETERS

