

Supplemental Figure 1. COX-2 deficient mice have increased colonic inflammation following peritonitis-induced polymicrobial sepsis. $COX-2^{+/+}$ and $COX-2^{-/-}$ mice underwent CLP with a 19-g needle (1 hole). Colons were harvested 48 h following CLP. Representative H&E staining and immunostaining for CD45 in $COX-2^{+/+}$ (top) and $COX-2^{-/-}$ (bottom) mice following sham surgery (left) and CLP (right). Arrow indicates inflammatory infiltrate and arrowheads indicate cells staining positive for CD45 in $COX-2^{-/-}$ mice following CLP. Scale bar is 100 µm. Magnification 100×.



Supplemental Figure 2. COX-2 deficiency does not impair bacterial phagocytosis by peritoneal neutrophils. FITC-labeled *E. coli* or *S. aureus* was injected into the peritoneum of COX-2^{+/+} (n=4-5 per group) and COX-2^{-/-} mice (n=4-5 per group) in two independent experiments. Neutrophils were isolated after 24 h and phagocytosis assessed by flow cytometry. There was no difference in phagocytosis of either *E. coli* or *S. aureus* between COX-2^{+/+} and COX-2^{-/-} mice. Data represent median \pm IQR from two independent experiments.



Supplemental Figure 3. Selective inhibition of COX-2 does not lead to decreased cell viability in cytomix-stimulated intestinal epithelial cells. C2BBe1 cells were treated with vehicle or NS-398 and stimulated with cytomix (CM: IFN- γ 1000 U/ml, TNF- α 10 ng/ml, IL-1 β 1 ng/ml) in collagen-coated transwells. (A) Following 48 h, cells were incubated with 0.4% trypan blue, lysed with 1% SDS, and absorbance measured at 590 nm. Results were normalized to a positive control (KCN). (B) The amount of LDH released into the basolateral media was measured via a commercial *in vitro* toxicology assay kit (TOX7, Sigma). Data represent median ± IQR for at least two independent experiments performed in triplicate.

		Time after CLP		
	Cytokine	sham (n=6)	12 h (n=4)	24 h (n=4)
COX-2+/+	IFN-γ	ND	11.6 (7.8, 11.6)	9.2 (3.3, 14.2)
	IL-6	56 (11.7, 193)	2417 (2402, 4803) [‡]	1316 (661, 3304) [‡]
	KC	98 (62, 151)	13841 (186, 36101) ‡	43133 (15878, 109249) ‡
	IL-18	174 (146, 306)	278 (145, 333)	50 (46, 96) [‡]
	IL-1β	3.1 (3.1, 60)	3.1 (1.6, 3.1)	3.1 (3.1, 3.1)
	IL-10	1.6 (1.3, 6.3)	68 (34, 234) [‡]	12 (4.8, 25.2)
	IL-12p40	3.4 (0.4, 14)	107 (18, 190) [‡]	48 (15, 60)
	MIP2 (CXCL2)	ND	659 (537, 826) [‡]	99.7 (72, 336) [‡]
	TNF-α	ND	8.4 (3.1, 14.7)	7.3 (3.3, 15) [‡]
	Cytokine	sham (n=6)	12 h (n=6)	24 h (n=5)
COX-2 ^{-/-}	IFN-γ	ND	23.1 (8.5, 33.9) [‡]	33.8 (21.8, 187.9) * [‡]
	IL-6	86 (11, 326)	4588 (1375, 9460) [‡]	8170 (4931, 531774) * [‡]
	KC	129 (108, 247)	20854 (424, 50227) ‡	21703 (11094, 23399) ‡
	IL-18	231 (141, 356)	143 (67, 297)	143 (131, 253)
	IL-1β	ND	4 (3.1, 5.1)	42 (3.1, 77)
	IL-10	1.6 (1.4, 10.5)	276 (103, 333) [‡]	78 (64, 7196) * [‡]
	IL-12p40	3.4 (1.9, 16.8)	874 (437, 1487) * [‡]	1184 (196, 3474) * [‡]
	MIP2 (CXCL2)	ND	1262 (486, 7300) [‡]	1146 (655, 34042) * [‡]
	TNF-α	ND	54 (41, 106) * [‡]	44.4 (35, 215) * [‡]

Supplemental Table I. Circulating cytokine levels in COX-2^{+/+} and COX-2^{-/-} mice following CLP.

* p < 0.05 vs. COX-2^{+/+} CLP by the Mann-Whitney test [‡] p < 0.05 vs. sham by the Mann-Whitney test

ND – not detected

Data are presented as median (IQR)