## Supplemental Table S1: AES induces proliferation of primary human CD34+ cells in the presence of NUP98-HOXA9

Week 4

	Control	AES	NUP98-HOXA9	NUP98-HOXA9 + AES
Primitive	0	0	$22 \pm 2$	$14 \pm 4$
Intermediate Myeloid	$20 \pm 9$	$13 \pm 8$	$51 \pm 3$	$52 \pm 14$
Mature Myeloid	$80 \pm 9$	$87 \pm 8$	$27 \pm 2$	$34 \pm 14$
Week 5				
Primitive	0	0	$12 \pm 3$	$14 \pm 3$
Intermediate Myeloid	$4 \pm 1$	$4\pm3$	$43 \pm 7$	$50 \pm 4$
Mature Myeloid	$96 \pm 1$	$96 \pm 3$	$46 \pm 10$	$37 \pm 6$
•				
Week 6				
Primitive	0	-	3 ± 1 **	25 ± 3 **
Intermediate Myeloid	$2 \pm 1$	-	$26 \pm 8$	$54 \pm 4$
Mature Myeloid	$98 \pm 1$	-	72 ± 9 *	21 ± 4 *

<sup>\*</sup> *P* < 0.05

Sorted primary human CD34+ cells from the liquid cultures were harvested at week 4, 5 and 6. Cytospin smears were prepared and stained with Giemsa. A 500 cell differential count was performed. Cells with blast and promyelocyte morphology were counted as primitive; those with myelocyte/metamyelocyte morphology as intermediate myeloid and those with band, segmented neutrophil, monocyte, and macrophage morphology as mature myeloid. Average percentages  $\pm$  standard deviations from 3 independent experiments are shown. In week 6, the AES samples were not counted due to insufficient cells. The P value was obtained by comparing NUP98-HOXA9 with and without AES using a paired two-tailed t-test.

<sup>\*\*</sup> *P* < 0.01

## Supplemental Table S2: AES counteracts the erythroid hyperplasia and shift to immaturity caused by NUP98-HOXA9

	Red	White	Mixed /Branched
Control	$16 \pm 6$	$84 \pm 6$	0
AES	$7 \pm 4$	$91 \pm 5$	$2 \pm 2$
NUP98-HOXA9	$36 \pm 6$	$66 \pm 11$	$5\pm2$
NUP98-HOXA9 + AES	$12 \pm 4*$	$80 \pm 7$	$8 \pm 3$

<sup>\*</sup> P = 0.05

Colonies from the CFC plates were counted under low magnification (40X). Red: Round erythroid colonies; White: Myeloid colonies; Mixed/Branched: Colonies with irregular contours with a mixed red/colorless and branched morphology. Average percentages  $\pm$  standard deviations from 3 independent experiments are shown. The P value was obtained by comparing NUP98-HOXA9 with and without AES using a paired two-tailed t-test.

## Supplemental Table S3: Non-specific and AES-specific shRNA sequences

Target	Company	Catalog no.	shRNA Sequence
Non-Specific	Origene	TR30015	GCACTACCAGAGCTAACTCAGATAGTACT
Human AES	Origene	TF306804 # FI327209	TACCACAGCCTCAAGCTCGAATGTGACAA
Human AES	Origene	TF306804 # FI327211	TCCTACGGCTTGAACATCGAGATGCACAA
Non-Specific	Open Biosystems	RHS4346	
Human AES	Open	RHS4430-	ACGAATTTCAGCTACTGCA
	Biosystems	100992629	
Human AES	Open	RHS4430-	CTCAAGCTCGAATGTGACA
	Biosystems	99614203	