Synthesis of Catechols from Phenols via Pd-Catalyzed Silanol-Directed C-H Oxygenation

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General Information

NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker Avance DRX-500 (500 MHz) or DPX-400 (400 MHz) instrument. LRMS and HRMS analyses were performed on Micromass 70 VSE mass spectrometer.GC/MS analysis was performed on a Hewlett Packard Model 6890 GC interfaced to a Hewlett Packard Model 5973 mass selective detector (15 m x 0.25 mm capillary column, HP-5MS). Column chromatography was carried out employing Silicycle Silica-P flash silica gel (40-63 μ m). Precoated silica gel plates F-254 were used for thin-layer analytical chromatography. All manipulations with transition metal catalysts were conducted in oven-dried glassware under inert atmosphere using a combination of glovebox and standard Schlenk techniques. Anhydrous solvents purchased from Aldrich were additionally purified on PureSolv PS-400-4 by Innovative Technology, Inc. purification system and/or stored over calcium hydride. All other starting materials were purchased from Strem Chemicals, Aldrich, Gelest Inc., or Alfa Aesar.

Part I. Preparation of Silanols. Method A: One-pot procedure.



To a solution of t-Bu₂SiBr₂¹ (665mg, 2.2 mmol) in dry DMF (3 ml) imidazole (300 mg, 4.4 mmol) in dry DMF (2 ml) was added at 0 °C under argon atmosphere and stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction mixture then was cooled down to 0 °C and solution of phenol (2.0 mmol) in dry DMF (2 ml) was added slowly. The reaction mixture was warmed up to RT and stirred overnight, then diluted with ether (20 ml) and treated with saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate (3 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for additional 30 min at RT. The aqueous layer was extracted with ether and the organic phase was washed with brine and water. The combined organic extracts dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: hexanes/AcOEt or hexanes/Et₂O) to give silanols.

Method B: Semi-one-pot procedure.



To a stirred mixture of imidazole (749 mg, 11 mmol) and THF (40 ml), di-*t*butylchlorosilane (938.6 mg, 5.25 mmol) was added at rt under argon atmosphere. To this mixture, phenol (5 mmol) in 10 mL of THF was added. The mixture was stirred until completion of the reaction by GC/MS. To this mixture, hexane (50 ml) was added and filtered. The filtrate was then evaporated by rotary evaporator under reduced pressure. To this crude mixture, 50 ml hexane was added filtered again, and evaporated to give the pure compound. To this compound, 25 ml DCM was added and NBS (981 mg, 1.1 equiv.) was added slowly. After monitoring by GC/MS, DMF (1.25 ml) and 1(N) aqueous NaOH (1.25 ml) was added and stirred at rt. Upon completion (judged by GC/MS), the mixture was evaporated by rotary evaporator under reduced pressure. Water (50 ml) was added and extracted with ether, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography to give the silanols.

¹ This compound was prepared according to a known procedure: Gnanadesikan, V.; Corey, E. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 8089–8093. To a solution of *t*-Bu₂SiH₂ (3.60 g, 25.0 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (150 ml) was added Br₂ (8.00 g, 50.0 mmol) at 0 °C under argon atmosphere. After stirring overnight at room temperature, the reaction mixture was evaporated to dryness. The crude product was purified by sublimation at 90 °C (~1.3 Torr). 6.76 g (22.4 mmol, 90%) *t*-Bu₂SiBr₂ was obtained as a waxy white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 1.20 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 26.0, 27.2.



1a: (Method B, 86%, eluent: 3% EtOAc in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.24 (dd, J = 8.6, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.02-7.00 (m, 2H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 1H), 1.09 (s, 18H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 155.7, 129.4, 121.2, 119.8, 27.4, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{14}H_{24}O_2Si$ [M]⁺: 252.15456. Found: 252.15375.



1a-d₁: (Method B, 86%, eluent: 3% EtOAc in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.17-7.32 (m, 2 H), 7.02 (d, *J*=7.70 Hz, 1 H), 6.88-6.98 (m, 1 H), 2.29 (s, 1 H), 1.10 (s, 18 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 155.7, 134.3, 129.4, 129.3, 121.2, 119.8, 27.4, 20.6



1b: (Method B, 83%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.16-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.37, 1.24 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 18H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 154.2, 130.9, 127.8, 126.6, 120.9, 118.4, 27.5, 20.7, 16.9.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{15}H_{26}O_2Si$ [M]⁺: 266.17021. Found: 266.16983.



1c: (Method A, 95%; Method B, 67%, eluent: 3% Et_2O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.12 (t, *J*=7.52 Hz, 1 H), 6.80 - 6.86 (m, 2 H), 6.77 (d, *J*=6.97 Hz, 1 H), 2.31 (s, 3 H), 2.24 (s, 1 H), 1.09 (s, 18 H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 155.6, 139.4, 129.1, 122.1, 120.5, 116.7, 27.4, 26.0, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{15}H_{26}O_2Si$ [M]⁺: 266.17021. Found: 266.17120.



1d: (Method B, 82%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 6.92 (d, *J*=9.17 Hz, 2 H), 6.77 (d, *J*=9.17 Hz, 2 H), 3.76 (s, 3 H), 2.27 (s, 1 H), 1.07 (s, 18 H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 154.0, 149.5, 120.2, 114.5, 55.7, 27.4, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{15}H_{26}O_3Si$ [M]⁺: 282.16513. Found: 282.16617.



1e: (Method B, 65%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 6.93 (d, *J*=8.44 Hz, 1 H), 6.76 (dd, *J*=8.07, 2.57 Hz, 1 H), 6.72 (d, *J*=2.20 Hz, 1 H), 2.63 -2.81 (m, 4 H), 2.28 (s, 1 H), 1.70 - 1.87 (m, 4 H), 1.10 (s, 18 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃) δ ppm 153.2, 138.1, 129.8, 119.7, 117.1, 29.6, 28.7, 27.4, 23.5, 23.2, 20.6. HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{18}H_{30}O_2Si$ [M]⁺: 306.20151. Found: 306.20234.



1f: (Method B, 68%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.07 (d, *J*=8.07 Hz, 1 H), 6.88 (d, *J*=1.83 Hz, 1 H), 6.78 (dd, *J*=8.07, 2.57 Hz, 1 H), 2.74 -2.94 (m, 4 H), 2.25 (s, 1 H), 1.94 - 2.13 (m, 2 H), 1.10 (s, 18 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 154.2, 145.6, 136.6, 124.6, 117.4, 115.7, 32.1, 27.4, 26.0, 25.8, 20.6. HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{17}H_{28}O_2Si$ [M]⁺: 292.18586. Found: 292.18685.



1g: (Method B, 76%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 6.98 (d, $\not=$ 8.07 Hz, 1 H), 6.79 (d, $\not=$ 2.20 Hz, 1 H), 6.74 (dd, $\not=$ 8.44, 2.57 Hz, 1 H), 2.21 -2.23 (m, 4 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H), 1.09 (s, 18 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 153.6, 137.6, 130.2, 129.1, 120.9, 116.8, 27.4, 20.6, 19.9, 18.8. HRMS (EI) calcd. for C₁₆H₂₈O₂Si [M]⁺: 280.18586. Found: 280.18684.



1h: (Method B, 81%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.24 (d, *J*=8.80 Hz, 2 H), 6.92 (d, *J*=8.80 Hz, 2 H), 2.23 (s, 1 H), 1.30 (s, 9 H), 1.09 (s, 18 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 153.2, 143.8, 126.1, 119.1, 34.1, 31.6, 27.4, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{18}H_{32}O_2Si$ [M]⁺: 308.21716. Found: 308.21783.



1i: (Method B, 74%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.63 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.2, 2H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.6, 2H), 7.38 (tt, J = 7.4, 1.6, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.9, 1H), 7.30 (t, J = 2.0, 1H), 7.23 (ddd, J = 7.7, 1.7, 1.0, 1H), 7.05 (ddd, J = 8.1, 2.4, 1.0, 1H), 2.41 (s, 1H), 1.16 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 156.1, 142.7, 141.0, 129.7, 128.7, 127.3, 127.2, 126.8, 120.2, 118.7, 27.5, 20.7.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{20}H_{28}O_2Si$ [M]⁺: 328.18586. Found: 328.18650.

1j: (Method B, 99%, eluent: 15% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.13 (d, *J*=8.80 Hz, 1 H), 6.80 (dd, *J*=8.44, 2.20 Hz, 1 H), 6.73 (d, *J*=2.20 Hz, 1 H), 2.78 -2.94 (m, 2 H), 2.50 (dd, *J*=18.89, 8.62 Hz, 1 H), 2.32 - 2.42 (m, 1 H), 2.20 - 2.30 (m, 1 H), 1.84 - 2.19 (m, 4 H), 1.32 - 1.71 (m, 6 H), 1.08 (s, 18 H), 0.91 (s, 3 H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 221.0, 153.6, 137.6, 132.5, 126.2, 119.7, 117.2, 50.5, 48.0, 44.1, 38.4, 35.9, 31.6, 29.5, 27.4, 26.6, 25.9, 21.6, 20.6, 13.9.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{26}H_{40}O_3Si$ [M]⁺: 428.27468. Found: 428.27393.

EtO₂C

1k: (Method B, 86%, eluent: 4% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.91, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.83, 2H), 4.33 (q, *J* = 7.12, 2H), 2.85 (s, 1H), 1.37 (t, *J* = 7.14, 3H), 1.07 (s, 18H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 166.6, 160.1, 131.5, 123.3, 119.5, 60.7, 27.3, 20.6, 14.3.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{17}H_{28}O_4Si$ [M]⁺: 324.17569. Found: 324.17490.



11: (Method B, 59%, eluent: 1% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.14 (t, *J*=8.07 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (t, *J*=2.20 Hz, 1 H), 6.94 (d, *J*=8.07 Hz, 1 H), 6.91 (dd, *J*=8.80, 1.83 Hz, 1 H), 2.37 (s, 1 H), 1.08 (s, 18 H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃) δ ppm 156.5, 134.5, 130.1, 121.5, 120.2, 118.1, 27.3, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{14}H_{23}O_2SiCl [M]^+$: 286.11559. Found: 286.11535.



1m: (Method B, 77%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.18 (d, J = 8.96 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.96 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 1H), 1.07 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 154.4, 129.3, 126.1, 121.0, 27.3, 20.6. HRMS (EI) calcd. for C₁₄H₂₃O₂SiCl [M]⁺: 286.11559. Found: 286.11510.





1n: (Method B, 79%, eluent: 3% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.95, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.95, 2H), 2.27 (s, 1H), 1.07 (s, 18H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 154.9, 132.2, 121.5, 113.5, 27.3, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{14}H_{23}O_2SiBr[M]^+$: 330.06507. Found: 330.06637.



10: (Method B, 74%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.39 (t, J = 1.87, 1H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 1H), 6.99 (dddd, J = 8.24, 2.26, 1.18, 0.54, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 7.73, 1H), 2.31 (s, 1H), 1.07 (s, 18H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 156.3, 130.6, 130.4, 128.9, 119.2, 94.1, 27.3, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{14}H_{23}O_2ISi$ [M]⁺: 378.05124. Found: 378.05026.



1p: (Method B, 66%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 6.57 - 7.16 (m, 4 H), 2.30 (s, 1 H), 1.08 (s, 18 H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 157.4 (d, *J*=238.6 Hz), 151.7, 120.7, 115.7 (d, *J*=22.2 Hz), 27.4, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{14}H_{23}O_2SiF$ [M]⁺: 270.14514. Found: 270.14621.



1q: (Method B, 89%, eluent: 10% EtOAc in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 9.93 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.46 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 2.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (br. s, 1H), 1.08 (s, 18H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 192.4, 156.5, 137.8, 130.0, 126.3, 123.3, 119.8, 27.3, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{15}H_{24}O_3Si$ [M]⁺: 280.14948. Found: 280.15054.



1r: (Method B, 93%, eluent: 10% EtOAc in hexanes)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.58 (t, J = 1.91 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dt, J = 7.54, 1.38 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.81 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (ddd, J = 8.12, 2.39, 1.17 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 18H);

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 198.6, 156.2, 138.4, 129.5,

124.9, 121.4, 119.2, 27.3, 26.7, 20.7. HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{16}H_{26}O_3Si$ [M]⁺: 294.16513. Found: 294.16595.



1s: (Method B, 57%, eluent: 2% Et₂O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.33 (t, J = 7.95 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.21 (m, 2H), 2.36 (s, 1H), 1.08 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 156.0, 131.8 (q, J = 31.44Hz), 129.9, 123.9 (q, J = 272.81 Hz), 123.1, 117.9 (d, J = 3.70Hz), 116.6 (d, J = 3.70 Hz), 27.3, 20.6. HRMS (EI) calcd. for C₁₅H₂₃O₂SiF₃ [M]⁺: 320.14195. Found: 320.14012.



,t-Bu

Si∼_{t-Bu} OH 1t: (Method B, 96%, eluent: 10% EtOAc in hexanes)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.50 (d, J = 8.89 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.85 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (s, 1H), 1.07 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 160.0, 133.9, 120.7, 119.3,

104.1, 27.2, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{15}H_{23}O_2NSi [M]^+$: 277.14981. Found: 277.14879.

1u: (Method A, 94%, eluent: 5% EtOAc in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 8.29 (m, 1H), 7.83 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (s, 1H), 1.17 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 151.9, 135.0, 127.7, 127.1, 126.1, 126.0, 125.1, 122.5, 120.8, 112.6, 27.5, 20.9.



1v: (Method A, 96%; Method B, 72%, eluent: 2% Et_2O in hexanes)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 7.78 (d, J = 8.15 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.85 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.23 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (td, J =7.53, 1.26 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 2.25 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (ddd, J = 8.12, 6.87, 1.23 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (dd, J = 8.81, 2.40 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 1H), 1.13 (s, 18H);

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CHCl₃): δ ppm 153.5, 134.7, 129.3, 129.2, 127.6, 126.7, 126.1, 123.7, 121.7, 114.5, 27.4, 20.7.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{18}H_{26}O_2Si$ [M]⁺: 302.17021. Found: 302.17005.

Calibration of GC:



The synthesis of 2,2-di-*tert*-butylbenzo[*d*][1,3,2]dioxasilole is based on a known procedure.² A two-neck flask equipped with a condenser was loaded with pyrocatechol (330 mg, 3 mmol) and flushed with argon. Anhydrous CH₃CN (20 ml) was added and followed by addition of dry Et₃N (0.8 mL, 5.74 mmol). Di-*tert*-butyldichlorosilane (0.7 ml, 3.3 mmol) was added via syringe and the reaction temperature was increased to 80 °C for 16 h. The volatile solvents were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was re-dissolved in chloroform (50 ml). The organic layer was washed with aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and brine, dried over potassium carbonate, and concentrated. The pure product was obtained by Kugelrohr distillation as white solids (328.6 mg, 44%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 6.91 (dd, *J* = 5.76, 3.48 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (dd, *J* = 5.81, 3.44 Hz, 2H), 1.11 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 149.8, 120.8, 113.0, 26.1, 21.6. HRMS (EI) calcd. for C₁₄H₂₂O₂Si [M]⁺: 250.13891. Found: 250.13848.



Table S1. Screening of reaction conditions.



		<u></u>			
Entry	Pd-cat	Oxidant	Solvent	GC yield	
				of 2a	2a'
1	$Pd(OAc)_2$ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	40 (67)	3
2	$[(Allyl)PdCl]_2(5\%)$	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	13 (81)	0
3	Pd(OTf) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	40 (78)	2
4	PdCl ₂ (15%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	45 (80)	3
5	Pd(CH ₃ CN) ₄ (BF ₄) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	29 (72)	0
6	$Pd(acac)_2$ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	10 (77)	0
7	$Pd(OPiv)_2$ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	50 (65)	3
8	$Pd(OPiv)_2$ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	<i>p</i> -xylene	44 (68)	4

² Cren-Olive, C.; Lebrun, S.; Rolando, C. J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1, 2002, 821.

9	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	o-xylene	35 (47)	2
10	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	mesitylene	43 (64)	3
11	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	DCE	19 (21)	10
12	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	C_6F_6	37 (45)	3
13	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (10%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	46 (72)	4
14	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhMe	43 (74)	2
		$+ Li_2CO_3$ (1.0 eq)			
15	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (2.0 eq)	PhMe	58 (79)	6
16	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (3.0 eq)	PhMe	47 (52)	6
17	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (4.0 eq)	PhMe	39 (41)	4
18	Pd(OPiv) ₂ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (1.5 eq)	PhCF ₃	47 (53)	14
19	$Pd(OPiv)_2$ (5%)	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (2.0 eq)	PhMe	7 (18)	0
		$+ H_2O (5.0 eq)$			
20	none	$PhI(OAc)_2$ (2.0 eq)	PhMe	NR	0
21	none	IBX (1.0 eq)	CDCl ₃	NR (rt)	0

Part II: Preparation of catechols from phenol-derived silanols.



General procedure: An oven dried 2.5 ml Wheaton V-vial, containing a stirring bar, was charged with phenol-derived silanols (0.2 mmol), Pd(OPiv)₂ (3.1 mg, 0.01 mmol), and $PhI(OAc)_2$ (0.4 mmol for **3b-j**; 0.3 mmol for **3k-v**) under N₂ atmosphere. 2 ml of dry toluene (3b-j) or α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (3k-v) was added via syringes and the reaction vessel was capped with pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 - 120°C for 15 - 20 h. The resulting mixture was cooled down to room temperature and filtered through a short layer of silica gel over celite plug with the aid of EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated under a reduced pressure. To the residue THF (1 ml) and TBAF (0.4 ml, 2 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 - 2 h. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was washed with water, extracted with diethyl ether, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on a silica gel (eluent: hexanes/EtOAc = 3/1 - 1/1) affording the corresponding catechol products. In case of **3d** and **3l-v**, upon completion of desilylation, Ac₂O (189 μ l) and pyridine (160 μ l) were added into the same pot. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The volatile was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on a silica gel (eluent: hexanes/EtOAc = 10/1 - 5/1) affording the corresponding bis-acetated catechols.



³ Chakraborti, A. K.; Shivani, J. Org. Chem. 2006, 71, 5785.

⁴ Lamande, L.; Boyer, D.; Munoz, A. J. Organomet.Chem. **1987**, 329, 1.



ОН

Me

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 6.76 (d, *J*=8.07 Hz, 1 H), 6.70

(d, *J*=1.47 Hz, 1 H), 6.61 (dd, *J*=8.07, 1.28 Hz, 1 H), 5.03 (br. s., 2 H), 2.25 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 143.3, 141.0, 131.0, 121.4, 116.2, 115.3, 20.7.



3d: 4-Methoxy-1,2-phenylene diacetate⁶

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.08 (d, *J*=8.99 Hz, 1 H), 6.78 (dd, *J*=8.99, 2.93 Hz, 1 H), 6.73 (d, *J*=2.75 Hz, 1 H), 3.78 (s, 3 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 2.27 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 168.7, 168.2, 157.7, 142.5, 135.6, 123.6, 111.9, 109.1, 55.7, 20.63, 20.58.

ОН

3e: 2,3-Dihydroxy-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalene⁷

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 6.57 (s, 2 H), 5.00 (br. s., 2 H), 2.59 - 2.69 (m, 4 H), 1.69 - 1.79 (m, 4 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 141.2, 129.6, 115.6, 28.7, 23.3.



3f: 5,6-Dihydroxyindan⁷

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ ppm 6.62 (s, 2 H), 2.73 (t, *J*=7.24 Hz, 4 H), 1.99 (s, 2 H) ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃OD) δ ppm 143.3, 134.6, 110.7, 32.0, 25.6.



3g: 4,5-Dimethylcatechol⁸

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 6.66 (s, 2 H), 4.95 (br. s., 2 H), 2.14 (s, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 141.0, 129.0, 116.9, 19.0.



3h: 4-*tert*-Butylpyrocatechol⁹

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 6.92 (d, *J*=2.02 Hz, 1 H), 6.76 - 6.85 (m, 2 H), 5.21 (s, 1 H), 5.10 (s, 1 H), 1.27 (s, 9 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 144.8, 143.0, 140.9, 117.7, 114.9, 113.0, 34.2, 31.5.

⁵ Chernyak, N.; Dudnik, A. S.; Huang, C.; Gevorgyan, V. J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2010**, 132, 8270.

⁶ Magdziak, D.; Rodriguez, A. A.; Van De Water, R. W.; Pettus, T. R. R. Org. Lett. **2002**, *4*, 285.

⁷ Ozaki, Y.; Oshio, I.; Ohsuga, Y.; Kaburagi, S.; Sung, Z.-Z.; Kim, S.-W. Chem. Pharm. Bull. **1991**, *39*, 1132.

⁸ Scharf, H.-D.; Kuesters, W. Chem. Ber. **1972**, 105, 564.

3i: 4-Phenylcatechol⁷

Рh OH ¹H NMH *J*=7.67 I

OH

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN) δ ppm 7.53 - 7.61 (m, 2 H), 7.41 (t, *J*=7.67 Hz, 2 H), 7.26 - 7.33 (m, 1 H), 7.12 (d, *J*=2.19 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (dd, *J*=8.26, 2.27 Hz, 1 H), 6.90 (d, *J*=8.18 Hz, 1 H), 6.80 (br. s., 2 H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₃CN) δ ppm 144.8, 144.3, 140.7, 133.4, 128.8, 126.7, 126.4, 118.8, 115.6, 113.9.

3j: 2-Hydroxyestrone¹⁰



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 6.81 (s, 1 H), 6.61 (s, 1 H), 5.31 (br. s., 2 H), 2.75 - 2.83 (m, 2 H), 2.51 (dd, *J*=19.35, 8.16 Hz, 1 H), 2.25 - 2.32 (m, 1 H), 2.11 - 2.25 (m, 2 H), 2.01 - 2.08 (m, 1 H), 1.91 - 2.01 (m, 2 H), 1.35 - 1.66 (m, 6 H), 0.91 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 221.6, 141.6, 141.5, 132.3, 129.0, 115.5, 112.5, 50.4, 48.1, 44.0, 38.3, 35.9, 31.6, 28.8, 26.6, 26.0, 21.6, 13.9.



3k: Ethyl 3,4-dihydroxybenzoate¹¹

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃CN) δ ppm 7.44 (s, 1 H), 7.45 (s, 1 H), 7.14 (br. s., 2 H), 6.88 (d, J=7.89 Hz, 1 H), 4.27 (q, J=7.15 Hz, 2 H), 1.33 (t, J=7.06 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 167.2, 148.8, 143.1, 123.8, 122.7, 116.7, 114.8, 61.2, 14.3. HRMS (EI) calcd. for C₉H₉O₄ [M-H]⁺: 181.05009. Found: 181.04980.



31(3m): 4-Chlorocatechol diacetate¹²

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.22 - 7.27 (m, 1 H), 7.22 (s, 1 H), 7.11 - 7.15 (m, 1 H), 2.291 (s, 3 H), 2.287 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 168.0, 167.8, 142.5, 140.9, 131.5, 126.7, 124.3, 124.0, 20.6. HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{10}H_9O_4Cl$ [M]⁺: 228.01894. Found: 228.01841.

Br OAc OAc

3n: 4-Bromocatechol diacetate¹³

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.34 - 7.42 (m, 2 H), 7.04 -

⁹ Kamitori, Y.; Hojo, M.; Masuda, R.; Izumi, T.; Tsukamoto, S. J. Org. Chem. **1984**, 49, 4161.

¹⁰ (a) Fishman, J.; Liang, J. S. *Tetrahedron* **1968**, *24*, 2199. (b) Gelbke, H. P.; Haupt, O.; Knuppen, R. *Steroids* **1973**, *21*, 205.

¹¹ (a) Yamabuki, K.; Isobe, Y.; Onimura, K.; Oishi, T. *Chem. Lett.* **2007**, *36*, 1196. (b) Sawai, Y.; Moon, J.-H.; Sakata, K.; Watanabe, N. J. Agric. Food Chem. **2005**, *53*, 3598.

¹² Willstätter, R.; Müller, F. Chem. Ber. **1911**, 44, 2171.

¹³ Ziegler Jr., C. B.; Heck, R. F. J. Org. Chem. **1978**, 43, 2949.

7.10 (m, 1 H), 2.29 (d, J=0.73 Hz, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 167.9, 167.8, 142.7, 141.5, 129.7, 126.8, 124.7, 118.7, 20.62, 20.58. HRMS (EI) calcd. for C₁₀H₉O₄Br [M]⁺: 271.96842. Found: 271.96904.

OAc 30: 4-Iodocatechol diacetate

OAc

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.57 (dd, *J*=8.48, 2.05 Hz, 1 H), 7.53 (d, *J*=2.05 Hz, 1 H), 6.94 (d, *J*=8.48 Hz, 1 H), 2.28 (s, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 167.9, 167.8, 142.7, 142.3, 135.7, 132.6, 125.1, 89.2, 20.64, 20.57. HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{10}H_9O_4I$ [M]⁺: 319.95459. Found: 319.95631.



3p: 4-Fluorocatechol diacetate

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.12 - 7.17 (m, 1 H), 6.94 - 6.99 (m, 2 H), 2.29 (s, 3 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 168.2, 167.8, 159.9 (d, *J*=246.9 Hz), 142.6 (d, *J*=11.1 Hz), 138.3, 124.0 (d, *J*=9.2 Hz), 113.3 (d, *J*=23.1 Hz), 111.3 (d, *J*=25.9 Hz), 20.6, 20.5.



3q: 3,4-Diacetoxybenzaldehyde¹⁴

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 9.96 (s, 1 H), 7.79 (dd, *J*=8.25, 2.02 Hz, 1 H), 7.74 (d, *J*=1.83 Hz, 1 H), 7.39 (d, *J*=8.25 Hz, 1 H), 2.33 (s, 6 H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 190.0, 167.9, 167.5, 147.0, 142.8, 134.8, 128.2, 124.4, 124.3, 20.7, 20.6.

HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{11}H_{10}O_5$ [M]⁺: 222.05282. Found: 222.05347.

MeOC

OAc

3r: 3,4-Diacetoxyacetophenone¹⁵

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.85 (dd, *J*=8.44, 2.02 Hz, 1 H), 7.78 (d, *J*=2.02 Hz, 1 H), 7.30 (d, *J*=8.44 Hz, 1 H), 2.58 (s, 3 H), 2.31 (d, *J*=2.02 Hz, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 196.0, 168.1, 167.7, 146.1, 142.3, 135.6, 126.9, 123.7, 123.7, 26.6, 20.7, 20.6. HRMS (EI) calcd. for C₁₂H₁₂O₅ [M]⁺: 236.06847. Found: 236.06881.

¹⁴ Corda, L.; Fadda, A. M.; Maccioni, A.; Maccioni, A. M.; Podda, G. *J. Heterocycl. Chem.* **1988**, 25, 311.

¹⁵ Birnbaum, L. S.; Powell, G. J. Org. Chem. **1939**, *4*, 139.



3s: 4-(Trifluoromethyl)-1,2-phenylene diacetate

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.53 (dd, *J*=8.44, 1.47 Hz, 1 H), 7.49 (d, *J*=2.02 Hz, 1 H), 7.34 (d, *J*=8.44 Hz, 1 H), 2.32 (s, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 167.7, 167.6, 144.9, 142.3, 129.0 (q, *J*=33.29 Hz), 124.1, 123.7 (d, *J*=3.7 Hz), 123.2 (q, *J*=271.88 Hz), 121.2 (d, *J*=3.7 Hz), 20.6, 20.5. HRMS (EI) calcd. for $C_{11}H_9O_4F_3$ [M]⁺: 262.04530. Found: 262.04627.

NC OAc

3t: 3,4-Diacetoxy-benzonitrile¹⁶

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.56 (dd, *J*=8.33, 1.90 Hz, 1 H), 7.53 (d, *J*=1.75 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (d, *J*=8.33 Hz, 1 H), 2.32 (s, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 167.6, 167.4, 146.1, 142.6, 130.7, 127.6, 124.8, 117.4, 110.5, 20.65, 20.55. HRMS (EI) calcd. for C₁₁H₉O₄N [M]⁺: 219.05316. Found: 219.05379.



3u: 1,2-Diacetoxy-naphthalene¹⁷

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.86 (t, *J*=8.62 Hz, 2 H), 7.78 (d, *J*=8.99 Hz, 1 H), 7.48 - 7.58 (m, 2 H), 7.35 (d, *J*=8.99 Hz, 1 H), 2.47 (s, 3 H), 2.35 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 168.5, 168.2, 139.2, 137.0, 132.3, 128.0, 127.7, 127.0, 126.7, 126.2, 121.7, 121.2, 20.8, 20.5.



3v: 2,3-Diacetoxy-naphthalene¹⁸

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.80 (dd, *J*=6.24, 3.30 Hz, 2 H), 7.67 (s, 2 H), 7.48 (dd, *J*=6.24, 3.30 Hz, 2 H), 2.35 (s, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 168.5, 141.0, 131.6, 127.5, 126.4, 120.9, 20.7.

¹⁶ Hoesch, K.; v. Zarzecki, T. Chem. Ber. **1917**, 50, 462.

¹⁷ Smith, J. G.; Chu, N. G. J. Org. Chem. **1981**, 46, 4083.

¹⁸ Chen, C.-L.; Hosterttler, F. D. *Tetrahedron* **1969**, *25*, 3223.

Part III: Mechanistic Studies

Determination of Intramolecular Kinetic Isotope Effect:

The KIE measurements were done as following. Two oven dried 2.5 ml Wheaton V-vial, containing a stirring bar, were charged with silanol **1a**- d_1 (0.2 mmol), Pd(OPiv)₂ (3.1 mg, 0.01 mmol), and PhI(OAc)₂ (0.4 mmol) under N₂ atmosphere. 2 ml of dry toluene was added via syringes and the reaction vessel was capped with pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for 16 h. The resulting mixture was cooled down to room temperature and filtered through a celite plug with the aid of EtOAc. To the residue THF (1 ml) and TBAF (0.4 ml, 2 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. Upon completion of desilylation, Ac₂O (189 µl) and pyridine (160 µl) were added into the same pot. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The volatile was removed under reduced pressure. The residues were purified by column chromatography on a silica gel. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) analyses of the isolated mixtures of **4a** and **4a**- d_1 showed an average of 28% hydrogen content at 7.18 – 7.21 ppm (72% ²H-incorporation). Based on these results, the kinetic isotope effect ($k_{\rm H}/k_{\rm D}$) was calculated to be 2.6.



Reaction monitoring:

An oven dried 2.5 ml Wheaton V-vial, containing a stirring bar, was charged with silanol 1c (53.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), Pd(OPiv)₂ (3.1 mg, 5 mol%), tetradecane (26 μ l, 0.1 mmol, internal standard), and PhI(OAc)₂ (129 mg, 0.4 mmol) under N₂ atmosphere. 2 ml of dry toluene was added via syringes and the reaction vessel was capped with pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C. Aliquots (~10 μ l) were removed from the reaction mixture periodically and analyzed by GC/MS. Both starting material and products were calibrated with internal standard.



Synthesis of acetoxylated product 5c

An oven dried 10 ml Wheaton V-vial, containing a stirring bar, was charged with silanol 1c (266 mg, 1.0 mmol), Pd(OPiv)₂ (15.5 mg, 5 mol%), and PhI(OAc)₂ (645 mg, 2.0 mmol) under N₂ atmosphere. 10 ml of dry toluene was added via syringes and the reaction vessel was capped with pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for 3 h. The reaction mixture was cooled down to rt, filtered through a celite plug, and concentrated to dryness. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography to afford the product 5c 142.4 mg (44%) along with the recovery of starting material 1c 74.4 mg (28%).

5c: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.02 (d, *J*=1.32 Hz, 1 H), 6.89 (d, *J*=8.18 Hz, 1 H), 6.73 (dd, *J*=8.04, 1.32 Hz, 1 H), 2.44 (br. s., 1 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 1.06 (s, 18 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 169.1, 147.0, 138.5, 136.7, 122.7, 122.0, 121.2, 27.2, 21.1, 20.8, 20.6.

Preparation of ¹⁸O-Labeled Silanol 6

To a solution of *t*-Bu₂SiBr₂ (333mg, 1.1 mmol) in dry DMF (3 mL) imidazole (150 mg, 2.2 mmol) in dry DMF (1 mL) was added at 0 °C under argon atmosphere and stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then cooled down to 0°C and a solution of *m*-cresol (1.0 mmol) in dry DMF (1 mL) was added slowly. The reaction mixture was warmed up to RT and stirred overnight, then treated with H₂¹⁸O (36 µL). The reaction mixture was stirred for additional 1 h at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by kugelrohr distillation (~1.3 Torr, 145-150°C) to give 160 mg pure product (60%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ppm 7.11 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79-6.81 (m, 2H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 1H), 1.08 (s, 18H).

GC/MS trace of oxygenation of ¹⁸O-labeled silanol 6



An oven dried 2.5 ml Wheaton V-vial, containing a stirring bar, was charged with ¹⁸O-labeled silanol **6** (26.8 mg, 0.1 mmol), Pd(OPiv)₂ (1.6 mg, 5 mol%), and PhI(OAc)₂ (65 mg, 0.2 mmol) under N₂ atmosphere. 1 ml of dry toluene was added via syringes and the reaction vessel was capped with pressure screw cap. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C. The reaction was monitored by GC/MS periodically. During the reaction, the acetoxylated product with ¹⁸O isotope was formed and gradually declined. The abundance of ¹⁸O in both starting material **6** and acetoxylated product **7** remained constant during the reaction. Cyclization product **2c** was formed with no ¹⁸O incorporation. The following three pages are the comparison of GC/MS spectra between ¹⁸O-labeled and normal starting materials and products.



S 19











S 23





S 25











S 30













S 36











