Supplemental information

Kabuta et al.

Title: Aberrant interaction between Parkinson's disease-associated mutant UCH-L1 and the lysosomal receptor for chaperone-mediated autophagy

Experimental Procedures

Plasmids. The expression plasmids pCI-neo-hLAMP-2A, containing human WT LAMP-2A, and pCI-neo-hLAMP-2A Δ C, containing LAMP-2A in which C-terminal cytosolic region was substituted by HA tag, were constructed using the pCI-neo mammalian expression vector.

siRNA preparation and transfection. A double-stranded short interfering RNA (siRNA) targeting LAMP-2 was purchased from RNAi Co., Ltd. (Tokyo, Japan). Sequences targeted by Ltd): (RNAi siRNA selected using siDirect Co.. sense (5'were CUUAUAUGUGCAACAAAGAGC-3') and antisense (5' -UCUUUGUUGCACAUAUAAGAA-3'). EGFP siRNA (1) was used as a control. Cells were transfected with siRNA using X-tremeGENE siRNA Transfection Reagent (Roche Diagnostics).

REFERENCES

1. Kabuta, T., Suzuki, Y., and Wada, K. (2006) J. Biol. Chem. 281, 30524-30533

FIGURE LEGENDS

Figure S1 (**A**) Cytosolic and lysosomal fractions were prepared and immunoblotted with anti-LAMP-2 and β -tubulin antibodies. (**B**, **C**) Specificity of the anti-LAMP-2A antibody. COS-7 cells were transfected with the indicated constructs (control: empty vector) (B). Cell lysates were prepared and immunoblotted using anti-LAMP-2A, LAMP-2 and β -actin antibodies (B). COS-7 cells were transfected with the indicated siRNAs (C). Cell lysates were prepared and analyzed by immunoblotting using anti-LAMP-2A, LAMP-2 and β -actin antibodies (C).

Figure S2 (**A**) Lysates of COS-7 cells transfected with the indicated constructs (Control: empty vector) were immunoprecipitated with anti-FLAG antibody, and analyzed by immunoblotting. (**B**) COS-7 cells were transfected with the indicated constructs. Cell lysates were prepared and immunoblotted with anti- α -synuclein, UCH-L1 and β -actin antibodies.





